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THE

Statutes at Large,

FROM THE

Second to the Eighth Year of Queen Anne.

BY

DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Esq;

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THE

Statutes at Large,

FROM THE

Second to the Eighth Year of Queen ANNE.

To which is prefixed,

A TABLE containing the TITLES of all the STATUTES during that Period.

VOL. XI.

By DANBY PICKERING, of Gray's-Inn, Efq. Reader of the Law Lecture to that Honourable Society.

CAMBRIDGE,

Printed by JOSEPH BENTHAM, Printer to the UNIVERSITY; for CHARLES BATHURST, at the Cross-Keys, opposite St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, London. 1764.

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Containing the Titles of all such Acts as are extant in print, from the Second to the Eighth Year of Queen ANNE.

Anno 2 & 3 Anna.

Cap. 1. POR granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and four.

Cap. 2. For granting an aid to her Majefty, by continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry,

for one year.

Cap. 3. For granting an aid to her Majesty, for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, by felling annuities at several rates, and for such respective terms or e-states as are therein mentioned.

Cap. 4. For the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, and wills, that shall be made of any honours, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the west riding of the county of York, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and four.

Cap. 5. To repeal a Proviso in an act of the fourth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, which prevents the citizens of the city of York from disposing of their personal estates by their wills, as others inhabiting within the province of York by that act may do.

Cap. 6. For the increase of seamen, and better encouragement of navigation, and security of the coal

trade.

Cap. 7. For enlarging the term of years granted by an act passed in the session of parliament, held in the eleventh and twelfth years of King William III. for the repair of Dover harbour,

Vol. XI.

Cap. 8. For the erecting a workhouse in the city of *Worcester*, and for setting the poor on work there.

Cap. 9. For granting to her Majesty an additional subsidy of tunnage and poundage for three years; and for laying a surther duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize; and for ascertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the East Indies.

Cap. 10. To enlarge the time for the purchasers of the forfeited estates in *Ireland*, to make the payments

of their purchase money.

Cap. 11. For the making more effectual her Majesty's gracious intentions for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by enabling her Majesty to grant in perpetuity the revenues of the first fruits and tenths; and also for enabling any other persons to make grants for the same purpose.

Cap. 12. For the raifing the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and four, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced

be not repaid.

Cap. 13. For prolonging the time by an act of parliament made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, for importing thrown filk of the growth of Sicily from Legborn.

Cap. 14. For the better fecuring and regulating the duties upon falt.

Cap. 15. For the better and more regular paying and affigning the annuities, after the rate of three pounds per cent. per annum, payable to several bankers, and other patentees.

tentees, or those claiming under them.

Cap. 16. For the discharging out of prison such insolvent debtors as shall serve, or procure a person to serve, in her Majesty's fleet or army.

Cap. 17. For the better charging feveral accountants with interest monies by them received, and to be received.

Cap. 18. For the further explanation and regulation of privilege of parliament in relation to persons in publick offices.

Cap. 19. For raising recruits for the land forces, and marines, and for dispensing with part of the act for the encouragement and increase of shipping and navigation, during the present war.

Cap. 20. For punishing mutiny, de-

Cap. 20. For punishing mutiny, defertion, and false musters, and for better paying of the army and quarters, and for satisfying divers arrears, and for a further continuance of the powers of the five commisfioners for examining and determining the accounts of the army.

Private AEIs.

Anno 2 & 3 Annæ.

2. An act for naturalizing Elizabeth Cholmondeley, wife of George Cholmondeley, esq;

 An act to enable the guardian of the earl of Warwick and Holland, during his minority, to make leases of several messuages in or near West Smithfield.

3. An act for fettling and confirming feveral exchanges with Ralph earl Montague, of several lands and common of Simon Motton, and others, lying in Geddington, in the county of Northampton, for several lands of the said earl's, lying near to the same, and for confirming several agreements relating to the said exchanges.

4. An act for confirming the execution of a certain agreement made Werke, and Charles lord Offulfione and the lady Mary his wife, touching certain manors, lands, and tenements, in the counties of Northumberland, Middlesex, and city of London, and also between Lourence earl of Rochester, and the said lord Grey, concerning other manors, lands, and tenements, in the said county of Northumberland, county palatine of Durham, and town of

between Ralph lord Grey, baron of

5. An act for vesting several estates in the counties of Cornwall, and Devon, and several leasehold estates, in trustees, to be sold for raising portions for the younger children of George lord Carteret, deceased, and for laying out the overplus of the money raised by such sales, in

Berwick upon Tweed.

purchase of other lands.

6. An act for fale of the estate of Henry lord viscount Dillon in the kingdom of Ireland, for payment of his debts, and for settling an equivalent in other part of his estate on the viscountess his wife, for her jointure.

 An act to enable Sir George Wheeler, knight, and doctor in divinity, to make leases of some houses and ground in Chanon Row in Westminster.

8. An act to enable Sir John Aftley, baronet, to make a jointure upon his marriage, during his minority, and to enable him to buy in any rent-charge, or other incumbrance upon his estate.

9. An act for confirming and better execution of articles, and the agreements therein contained, for the disposition and division of the estate of the late lord Jermyn, among his

coheirs.

10. An act for supplying the defect of the execution of a power in Sir John Ivory, knight, deceased, for making provision for his younger children.

11. An

- ping, baronet, to fell the manor of lekford in the county of Bucks, for payment of a debt charged thereon, and laying out the surplus money in purchase of other lands, to be settled to the same uses.
- 12. An act to discharge the governor and company for making hollow sword-blades in *England*, of the sum of eighteen thousand eight hundred sixty sour pounds, seven shillings, and one halfpenny, by mistake overcharged in the purchase-money, for several forfeited and other estates and interests in *Ireland*, purchased by them.

13. An act for vefting several estates of Sir Charles Bicker staffe, knight, in trustees, to be sold for payment of debts, and making provision for

his wife and daughter.

14. An act for fale of certain lands in Charwelton, in the county of Northampton, of William Adams, clerk, for payment of debts, and of portions to his younger brothers and fifters, and fettling other lands of greater value upon his wife and children in lieu thereof.

- 15. An act for vesting the estate of Thomas Leigh, late of Ridge in the county of Chester, esq; deceased, in trustees, for the payment of his debts, perfecting his purchases, and better effecting the purposes in his will.
- 16. An act for the making void certain uses, estates, and trusts, limited in the marriage settlement of Henry Audley, esq; of certain manors and lands contained in that settlement, and settling other manors and lands of better value, to and for the same uses, estates, and trusts.
- 17. An act to enable Robert Cawdron, efq; to fettle part of his estate (which he has improved) for raising portions for his younger children.
- 18. An act for vesting lands in Esex,

- devised by Sir Robert Kemp, knight, deceased, to the children, and grand children of Elizabeth Outlaw, one of his sisters and co-heirs, in trustees, to be sold for the benefit of the devisees.
- 19. An act for the vesting of nine messuages in the parish of St. Giles in the Fields, in the county of Middlesex, being the estate of William Jarmin and Mary his wife, in trustees, to be sold, and for settling in lieu thereof a messuage, and certain lands in Whipsnade, Tottrenhoe, and Studham, in the county of Bedsord.

20. An act to enable John Jenkins, esq; to sell lands in the counties of Durham and Northumberland, for payment of debts charged there-

upon.

21. An act for vesting in trustees part of the estate of Thomas Harlackenden Bowes, esq; for payment of the debts and legacies wherewith the said estate is charged, and for preferving the residue clear of charges for the benefit of Toomas Bawes, esq; an infant.

22. An act to enable Arabella Foot to lay out monies belonging to ber fon Topham Foot, in purchases of lands

for his benefit.

23. An act to enable the lord high treasurer of England, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with John Farrer, esq; for a debt due from him as surety for John Mason, gent, late receiver general for the county of Cambridge and isle of Ely.

24. An act for the vesting the manor of Michael Church, in the county of Radnor, and other lands in the county of Salop, of Mary Bowdler, and William Bowdler, gent. in certain trustees, for payment of the debts, and making provision for the younger children of the said William Bowdler.

25. An act for fettling the manor of Greech in the county of somerfat, in 2 2 trustees,

trustees, to enable them to renew leases for the maintenance of the younger sons of William Keyt, esq; deceased, during their minority.

26. An act for sale of some part of the estate of John Holden, gent. and Robert Holden, his son, for payment of their debts, and for disposing of younger children apprentices.

27. An act for naturalizing Isaac

Kops.

28. An act for naturalizing Rene Rance, Matthew Decker, and others.

29. An act for naturalizing Henry Boisrond de St. Leger, Peter la Grange,

Lewis Wadden, and others.

30. An act to vest the manor of Hanflop, and Cassiletbrop, and all other
the lands and hereditaments of Sir
Peter Tyrrel baronet, and Thomas
Tyrrel, esq; his son, in the county
of Bucks, in trustees, to sell part
thereof for payment of debts, and
to settle other lands and hereditaments there, being of an equal value, in lieu of lands to be sold.

31. An act to enable Sir John Cowper knight, and Anthony Henley eq; to make a partition, and grant building leases of several messuages and tenements in Lincoln's Inn Fields, in the parishes of St. Giles in the Fields, and St. Clement Danes, in the county of Middlesex.

32. An act to vest part of the estate of Sir Christopher Phillipson knight, in trustees, to be sold for payment

of debts, and for charging part thereof with maintenance for a

daughter who is a lunatick.

33. An act for vesting the manor of Yeovilton, in the county of Somerfet, and other lands therein mentioned, of William Cary esq; in
trustees, for discharging incumbrances, and making provision for
his younger children, and settling
other lands in the county of Devon
in lieu thereof.

34. An act for vesting divers manors and lands of Matthew Hollworthy

efq; in trustees, to be fold, and purchasing other manors or lands of equal value, and limiting the manors or lands to be purchased to the same uses, as the lands to be sold are limited.

35. An act for enabling Bernard Cotton efq; to fell some part of his estate for payment of his debts, and for confirming several conveyances already made of several other parcels of his estate by himself and trustees, to several purchasers there-

36. An act to charge the estate of Ambrose Andrews gent, with monies for payment of debts, and for supplying some desects in the settlement of the said estate, for making a jointure and leases upon the

faid estate.

37. An act to establish and confirm a partition and agreement of and touching the estate of Sir Thomas Style, late of Wateringbury, in the

county of Kent, baronet.

38. An act for fettling the estate of Dr. Thomas Lamplugh, deceased, purfuant to his marriage articles and settlement prepared for that purpose, and for provision for his

younger children.

39. An act for the better vesting in Giles Frampton esq; the manor and farm of Moorton alias Moreton, and Hurst, in the county of Dorset, in possession, and for the better securing the same, and the other manors, farms, messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, late of William Frampton esq; deceased, to him the said Giles Frampton, and such as are entitled in remainder after him, upon the death of Tregonwell Frampton esq;

40. An act to enable George Evelyn to raife portions for his brothers and fifters, according to his father's

will.

41. An act for sale of part of the eflate of James Yorr gent, deceased,

tor

for payment of his debts, and for fettling other part thereof to the

uses therein mentioned.

42. An act to subject the estate of Robert Coke of Trusty, in the county of Derby esq; and William Coke, his son and heir apparent, to the payment of the said Robert Coke's debts, and to make provision for the wise, and younger children of the said William Coke.

43. An act for the setting aside a voluntary settlement made by Mary Fermour, widow, and for ratifying a partition made of the manors of Mersbam and Pett, and divers lands in the county of Sussex, between her and Bartholemew Walmesley esq; and others.

44. An act for the improvement of the estate of John Brisco in the

county of Cumberland.

45. An act for making good the provision intended for captain James Ruch, out of the forfeited estates in Ireland, and for restoring to the bishoprick of Cloyne in the said kingdom the manor and lands of Donomore.

- 46. An act for setting aside voluntary settlements made by John Hawe gent. of estates in the counties of Stafford and Warwick, and settling some part of his estate upon the said John Hawe, and his son, and for making provision for the maintenance of his son and daughter, and raising a portion for such daughter, and selling the residue for payment of his debts.
- 47. An act for fale of the estate of John Digby esq; deceased in the county of Buckingham, and dividing the money between Sir John Conway baronet, and Richard Mossyn esq; and for settling the estate of Sir John Conway, in the county of Flint, and making provision for his son and daughter, according to an agreement for that purpose.

48. An act for the further recompening of John Baker gent, and his family, for the service of col. Baker at Londonderry in Ireland, and for stating the accounts of the late receivers of the rents and profits of the forseited estates in Ireland.

49. An act, that the ships, the Golden Scar and Bull, being taken as prize, and condemned, may have freedom of trading as English ships.

50. An act to naturalize Daniel Barbier, John Kerron du Chesne, and

others.

51. An act for naturalizing Henry de Hant, George Chabet, and others.

Anno 3 & 4 Anna.

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to her Majesty, by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and sive.

Cap. 2. For raifing monies by fale of feveral annuities, for carrying on

the present war.

Cap. 3. For continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry,

for one year.

Cap. 4. For continuing duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, and upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon muslins; and for granting new duties upon several of the said commodities, and alfo upon callicoes, china ware, and drugs.

Cap. 5. For granting to her Majesty a further subsidy on wines and mer-

chandizes imported.

Cap. 6. For the better enabling her Majesty to grant the honour and manor of Woodstock, with the hundred of Wootson, to the duke of Marlborough, and his heirs, in consideration of the eminant services by him performed to her Majesty and the publick.

Cap. 7. For the effectual securing the kingdom of *England* from the apparent dangers that may arise from several acts lately passed in the par-

liament of Scotland.

Cap. 8.

Cap. 8. To permit the exportation of *Irifb* linen cloth to the plantations, and to prohibit the importation of

Scotch linen into Ireland,

Cap. o. For giving like remedy upon promiffory notes, as is now used upon bills of exchange, and for the better payment of inland bills of exchange.

Cap, 10. For encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America.

Cap. 11. For the better recruiting her Majesty's land forces, and the marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and five.

Cap. 12. For the relief of the creditors of Thomas Pitkin, a bankrupt, and for the apprehending of him, and the discovery of the effects of the faid Thomas Pitkin, and his accomplices.

Cap. 13. For prohibiting all trade and

commerce with France.

Cap. 14. To prevent all traiterous correspondence with her Majesty's enemies.

Cap. 15. For the relief of Fulk Emes gent. and others, who had elapted their times, either for paying their money, or naming their nominees, for purchasing annuities; and also for relief of Sir John Mead knight and baronet, who had elapsed his time for paying part of his purchasemoney for a forfeited estate in Ireland, and also for relief of Dorothy Ireland, and others, in respect of feveral tickets for payment of annuities, and of feveral million lottery, and malt lottery tickets, and Exchequer bills, and debentures to the army, which have been burnt or loft.

Cap. 16. For punishing mutiny and desertion, and false musters; and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Cap. 17. For raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and five, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

Cap. 18. For making perpetual an act for the more easy recovery of small tithes; and also an act for the more easy obtaining partition of lands in coparcenary, joint-tenancy, and tenancy in common; and also for making more effectual and amending several acts relating to the return of jurors.

Private AEts.

Anno 2 & 4 Annæ.

1. An act for settling the right of several parcels of land, and other tenements, and of certain fishings, and tithes of fishings, in the society of the governor and affiftants, London, of the new plantation in Ulfter, within the realm of Ireland, and their successors; and for settling a rent charge of 250 l. per annum upon the lord bishop of Derry, and his fucceffors for ever.

2. An act for naturalizing Thomas Levingston, viscount Teviott in the

kingdom of Scotland.

3. An act for naturalizing Louise Marie Cresset, the wife of Fames Cres-

/et, elq;

4. An act to enable Thomas Pile, esqu and Elizabeth Freke, to make leases for lives of the estate of Thomas Freke of Iwerne Courtney, esq; deceased, as also the son of George Pitt, esq; so to do, when entitled, and in actual possession of the premisses; and that he may be enabled to make a jointure upon any woman he shall marry, out of the fame; and for establishing a school in Iwerne Courtney, and augmenting the vicarage of Corne Abbas, in the county of Dorfet.

5. An act to enable Agnes Hacche, ·· widow, and other trustees, to make leases, and sell lands, in the county of Deven, for the payment of the debts and legacies of Robert Hacche, esq; deceased; and for the maintenance and advancement of his

daughters portions.

6, An act for confirming an agree-

ment between the executors of Mofes Gould, esq; deceased, and his relict, for payment of the debts and maintenance of the younger children of the faid Moles Gould, and for settling other part of his cstate.

7. An act for fale of the estate of Daniel Drake, gent. deceased, for the provision of his widow and children, according to his will.

8. An act for naturalizing Heary Bow-

q. An act for verting in trustees certain manors and lands of William duke of Devenshire, and William Cavendifu, commonly called marquis of Hartington, to enable them to mortgage the same for payment of debts, and subject thereunto to fettle the same to the like uses, as the fame are now fettled.

10. An act to enable the right honourable John lord Powlet, and Bridget, lady Powlet, his wife, with the confent of their trustees, to sell their shares and interest of and in certain manors and lands in the county, of Kent, and to purchase other lands or hereditaments of the like value, to be lettled to the fame uses.

11. An act to vest the estate of Charles. lord Howard, baron of Escrick, in truftees, to fell the same for pay-

ment of his debts.

12. An act for sale of several estates in England and Ireland, for payment of the debts of Charles late earl of

Burlington, and Cork.

13. An act for confirming an agreement made by certain articles by and between John earl of Kildare, Richard lord Bellew, both of the kingdom of Ireland, and Frances his lady, Charlotte countels of Newburgh of the kingdom of Scotland, and William Rowley, esq; and for felling part of the estate of the said earl of Kildare, for the purposes therein mentioned.

14. An act for confirmation of an a-

greement made between Thomas late lord bishop of Carlifle, and Thomas Cook, ela; for velting the rectory of Melborne in the county of Derby, in the said Thomas Cook and his heirs, upon augmentation of the rents to the bishoprick of Carlifle. and of the stipend to the vicar of Melberne.

15. An act for fale of several manors and lands in the counties of Hereford, Radnor, and Brecon, for payment of the debts of Richard and Thomas Williams late of Cabalva in the county of Radner, esquires, de-

ceased.

16. An act for vesting in trustees all the estate of Baldwin Malett, esq; and William Malett, his son and heir apparent, for payment of the debts of the faid Baldwin Malett to her Majesty, as he was receiver general for the county of Somerset, and city and county of the city of Bristol, and for settling the residue on the faid William Malett, his heirs and affigns for ever, as by agreement between the faid Baldwin Malett and William Malett.

17. An act to impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Richard Cobb, esq; as one of the sureties of Thomas Cobb, gent. deceased, receiver general for the county of Southampton, and Ifle of Wight.

18. An act to impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with John. Drake, John Hunton, and Edmund Cocke, as sureties for Augustine Briggs, receiver general for the county of Norfolk and city of Norwich.

19. An act to impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Sir Michael Biddulph, baronet, as he was one of the sureties for Morgan Whitley, esq; receiver general for the counties of Chester and North Wales.

20. An act for fettling of the tithes of certain lands in Franction, in the county of Warwick, upon Simon Biddulph, elg; and his heirs, and for fettling a rent-charge in lieu thereof, upon the present rector there, and his successors for ever.

21. An act for the augmentation of the vicarage of Gainsborough, in the

county of Lincoln.

22. An act to empower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Thomas Whitley, esq; as he was one of the fureties for Morgan Whitley, elq; late receiver general for the counties of Chester and North Wales.

23. An act for sale of the estate of Ambrose Scudamore, esq; deceased, for payment of the mortgage-money and debts thereupon, and placing out the overplus money to

the uses therein mentioned.

24. An act for fale of certain lands and tenements in Heston in the county of Middlesex, late the estate of Matthew Lister and his wife, and Timothy Whitfield and his wife, for the purposes therein mentioned.

25. An act to enable James Lockart, elg; and his wife, to fell certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments in the county of Essex, late of Sir Thomas Luckin, baronet, deceased, for payment of their debts, and to purchase other lands with the overplus of the money, to be fettled to like uses.

26. An act for raising money by a mortgage of a plantation in the Barbadoes, to pay the debts of Ro-

bert Hooper.

27. An act for fale of part of the estate of Edward Baines, gent. for difcharge of a mortgage thereupon, and making provision for daughters.

28. An act for severing and disuniting the church or chapel of Horne, from the church or chapel of Blech-

ingley, in the county of Surrey.

29. An act to enable trustees to raise money to pay the debts of Mark Delves, esq; deceased.

30. An act for fale of feveral lands and hereditaments of Thomas Goddard of Rudlow, in the county of Wilts, esq; deceased, for payment of his debts, and for fettling the overplus upon Ambrose Goddard, for the purposes therein mentioned.

31. An act for fale of several lands and hereditaments of George Nodes, esq; in the county of Hertford, for payment of his debts, and the debts of George Nedes, elq; his father,

deceased, charged thereupon. 32. An act to enable Joseph Hinxman of North Hinton, in the county of Southampton, esq; to sell some estates in Andover, in the faid county; and for the lettling other estates in Christ Church Twyneham in the said county, of a better value, to the fame ules.

33. An act for fale of feveral lands in the counties of Durham and Northumberland, late of Patricius Crow, esq; deceased, for the raising the portions charged thereupon for

his younger children.

24. An act for vesting an estate mortgaged in fee by Thomas Burr, to Anthony Tomkins (now an infant) in trustees, to reconvey the same to the faid Thomas Burr, or as he shall appoint, upon payment of all the monies due on the faid mortgage.

35. An act for confirming and making good the last will and testament of Hugh Nanney, esq; deceased.

36. An act to impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with John Molon, gent. who was receiver general for the county, university, and town of Cambridge, and Ifte of Ely; and also with John Pickering, filkman, one of the faid John Mason's fureties, as he was fuch receiver.

37. An act for fale of the estate of Charles Bludworth, elg; decealed, for payment of his debts.

38. An act for vefting the estate late of Thomas Guy, gent. deceased, for

payment of his debts.

39. An act to enable John Proctor, of Rock in the county of Northumberland, esq; to fell or otherwise dispose of his lands in Shawdon, Shawdon Woodbowse, and Crawley, upon fettling lands of like value in the faid county, in lieu thereof.

Ao. An act-for fale of part of the estate of John Sands, esq; in the county of Surrey, for payment of his debts, and raising a portion for

his daughter.

A1. An act for sale of the estate of Richard Ball, in Little Appleby and Great Appleby, in the counties of Derby and Leicester, and for laying out to much of the money as will purchase another estate of equal value, to be fettled to the fame uses, and the relidue in making provision for younger children.

42. An act to enable Edmund Waller, efq; to charge his estate (not settled on his wife in jointure) with a fum of money for payment of his debts.

43. An act for raising money for payment of the debts of Themas Hatcher, elq; by fale or mortgage of some part of his estate, and for the better execution of several powers in his marriage settlement.

44. An act to enable John Green, of Gavellaces in the county of South*ampton*, clerk, to fell fome estates in *Hackleston*, in the county of Wilts; and for the fettling other estates in Gavellacre, in the county of Southampton, of a better value, to the fame uses.

45. An act to naturalize Margarita Cecilia Cadogan, wife of brigadier general Cadogan, Gilbert Alfleck, and John Herman Louis.

46. An act for enabling truftees to make leafes of part of the manor of Dingley, and lands there, for payment of the debts of James Griffin, elq; and raising portions for younger children

47. An act for the Better explanation of the fettlement of the estate of William Trafford, gent. and Clare his wife, and William their eldest fon, and for making more effectual a provision for younger children. according to agreements between them.

48. An act for vefting the equity of redemption of the manor and capital message of Latthford, with the appurtenances, and divers freehold meffuages, farms, and lands, in Latchford and Hafely, in the county of Oxon, late the effate of William Lenthall, esq; deceased, in trustees, to be fold for discharging of incumbrances thereupon.

49. An act to enable William Cavendiff, esq; to make a settlement in jointure upon any wife he shall marry, and for the better raising the portions charged upon his estate, and for confirming infranchifements of several copyhold estates made by his father, within the manor of Develridge in the counties of Stafford and Derby.

so. An act to enable Sir George Warburton, baronet, to fell the manor or lordship of Pulford in the county of Chester, to perform an agreement made upon his marriage for payment of feveral portions charged upon his estate; and allo to pay some debts which his father had power to charge.

51. An act for fale of several fands and chattel estates, in the county of Drum, and city and county of Exon, of Joseph Price, for payment of his debts and legacies charged upon his estate, and for a provision for himself, his wife, and family.

52. An act to naturalize Andrew Girordot, alias Devermenoux, Fran-

cis Buzelin, and others.

53. An act to make some alterations and amendments in an act of parliament obtained the last session by Sir Peter Tyras, and Thomas Tyrrill his son, in order to enable them to sell several lands in Hanstop, and Castletbrop, in the county of Bucks, which were settled upon the marriage of the said Thomas Tyrrill and Dorothy his wife, and to settle other lands in lieu thereof.

54. An act for sale of part of the eflate of Baptiss May, esq; deceased, for reimbursing Charles May, esq; his nephew, such monies as he has expended for discharging the debts, legacies, and funeral expences of

the said Baptist May.

55. An act for fale of the estate of Thomas Holdford, esq; in Plumbly, and essewhere, in the county of Chester, consisting chiefly in reversions, to raise money for payment of his debts, and purchasing an estate in possession, to be settled to the same uses as the other estate was settled.

56. An act for confirming a leafe heretofore made, of certain messuages and lands in Epsom, by Sir Joseph Sheldon, and Sir James Edwards, to Humprey Bean, and agreed to be signed to Sir Thomas Cooke, knight, and for enabling a lease of other lands adjoining to the same, to be made to him.

57. An act for vesting in trustees the estate late of Sir Thomas Worsopp, knight, and John Worsopp, esq; his son deceased, in Finsbury-Fields or Moor-Fields, in the parish of Shore-ditch, in the county of Middlesex, to be sold for the payment of debts and legacies, and the overplus of the money remaining, to be laid out for the purchasing of messurages, lands, tenements, or hereditaments of inheritance in the kingdom of Ireland, to be settled as in the act is particularly mentioned.

58. An act to empower the lord high

treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Thomas Kenyon, executor of Luke Lloyd, esq; as he was one of the sureties of Morgan Whitley, esq; as he was receiver general for the counties of Chester and North Wales.

59. An act for vefting the estate of Joseph Grainge, and Elizabeth his wife, in trustees, to be sold, and to dispose of part of the money arising by such sale for the maintenance of the said Elizabeth, pursuant to their marriage settlement, and to apply the residue to the payment of the debts of the said Joseph

Grainge.

60. An act to enable trustees to sell fuch part of the estate of Richard. Lister, esq; and Frances Pate Lister, his wife, sole daughter and heir of Sir Thomas Smith, baronet, decealed, in the county of Chester, and city of Chefter, as remains unfold, in order to raife money for the payment of the debts of the said Sir Thomas Smith, and for portions for younger children of the faid Frances Pate Lister; and for applying the overplus in the purchase of other lands, to be fettled to the same uses as they are now settled; and likewife for confirming fuch leafes and fales as have been made towards discharge of the said debts.

61. An act to empower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Michael Wicks, esq; late receiver general of the plantation duties in the port of

London.

Anno 4 Anna.

Cap. 1. For exhibiting a bill in this present parliament for naturalizing the most excellent princes Saphia, electres and dutchess dowager of Hanover, and the issue of her body.

Cap. 2. For granting an aid to her

Ma-

Majesty by a land tax to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and six.

Cap. 3. To repeal several clauses in the statute made in the third and fourth years of her present Majesty's reign, for securing the kingdom of England from several acts lately passed in the parliament of Scotland.

Cap. 4. For the naturalization of the most excellent princess Sophia, electress and dutchess dowager of Hanover, and the iffue of her body.

C2p. 5. For continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix.

- Cap. 6. For continuing an additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm, and cinders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raifing a further supply to her Majefty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, and other ples therein mentioned.
 - Cap. 7. For making the town of New Ress, in the county of Wexford in the kingdom of Ireland, a port for the exporting of wool from Ireland into this kingdom.

Cap. 8. For the better fecurity of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of England in the protestant line.

Cap. o. For repairing the highways between Barnhill and Hatton Heath, in the county of Chefter.

Cap. 10. For the better recruiting her Majesty's army and marines.

Cap. 11. For continuing an act made in the fession held in the third and fourth years of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for punishing mutiny and defertion, and false musters, and for the better payment of the army and quarters.

Cap. 12. For laying further duties on low wines, and for preventing the damage to her Majesty's revenue by importation of foreign cut whalebone, and for making some provisions as to the stampt duties, and the duties on births, burials, and marriages, and the falt duties. and touching million lottery tickets, and for enabling her Majesty to dispose the effects of William Kidd. a notorious pirate, to the use of Greenwich hospital, and for appropriating the publick monies granted in this: leffion of parliament.

Cap. 12. For the better ordering and governing the watermen and lightermen upon the river of Thames.

Cap. 14. For the better collecting charity money on briefs, by letters patent, and preventing abuses in relation to fuch charities.

Cap. 15. For making the river Stower navigable, from the town of Maningtree in the county of Effer, to the town of Sudbury in the county of Suffelk.

Cap. 16. For the amendment of the law, and the better advancement

of justice.

Cap. 17. To prevent frauds frequently committed by bankrupts.

Cap. 18. For enlarging the pier and harbour of Parton in the county of Cumberland.

Cap. 19. For the encouragement and increase of seamen, and for the bet-- ter and speedier manning her Majesty's fleet.

Cap. 20. For the better enabling the master, wardens, and assistants of Trinity House, to rebuild the lighthouse on the Edystone rock.

Cap. 21. For the increase and better prefervation of falmon, and other fish, in the rivers within the counties of Southampton and Wilts.

Cap. 22. To impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to iffue out of the monies arising by the coinage duty, any

lum

. fum not exceeding five hundred pounds, over and above the fum of three thousand pounds yearly, for the use of the mint.

Cap. 23. For raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for an account to be made of trophy monies.

Cap. 24. To enlarge the time for registring unsatisfied debentures upon the forfeited estates in Ireland, and for renewing of other debentures, which have been loft, burnt,

or destroyed.

Cap, 25. For the paying and clearing the feveral regiments commanded by lieutenant general Stewart, colonel Hill, and brigadier Holt, and for supplying the defect of the muster rolls of those and several other regiments.

Cap. 26. For making effectual a grant of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of the town and lands of Sea Town to the archbishoprick of Dublin, and for restoring the same to the said see.

Cap. 27. For the impropriate tithes of the parish of Saint Bridget alias

Bride's London.

Private AEts.

Anno 4. Annæ.

1. An act for fale of the estate late of Thomas Chute, esq; in the county of Warwick, and laying out the monies arifing thereby, in the purchase of other lands and hereditaments in the county of Norfolk, to be fettled to the same uses as the Warwickshire estate stands settled.

2. An act for naturalizing William

Barnet, esq;

q. An act for naturalizing Peter Silvestre, doctor of physick.

A. An act for naturalizing Adelaids

dutchess of Shrewsbury.

s. An act for exchanging the parsonage house, and certain glebe lands belonging to the rectory of Watton at Stone in the county of Hertford, for a certain other house and lands of greater value, lying in Watton at Stene aforesaid, of and belonging to Philip Boteler, esa:

6. An act to enable Sir Thomas Cave. batonet to fell certain lands in the county of Northampton, to raile money to pay his brothers and fifters portions, and fettle other lands in the faid county of Northampton, and county of Leicester, of better value, to the same uses.

7. An act for confirming an agreement made upon the marriage of Charles Owen, esq; and Dorothy his wife, of Nash in the county of

Pembroke.

8. An act for fale of part of the estate of James Hamilton, esq; 2 minor, for payment of his debts, and for raifing portions for younger children, and for making fee farms, and leafes for lives, during his minority.

9. An act for supplying a defect (by the death of a trustee) in the appointment of provisions for the younger children of Henry Smalman, elg; deceased, and for making the faid provision more effectual for

fuch younger children.

10. An act to enable John Edwards, gentleman, to fell certain lands in the county of Norfelk, for payment

of debts.

11. An act to permit the making up of clothes with buttons of cloth, for exportation, for cloathing the army of the allies, notwithstanding the act against cloth buttons.

12. An act for the relief of Sir Stephen Evence, knight, and Henry

Cornifb, efq;

13. An act for relief of John Afgill, esq; in relation to his purchase of part of the forfeited estates in Ireland.

14. An act for naturalizing William Lewis Legrand.

15. An

- 15. An act for the relief of colonel Samuel Venner.
- 16. An act for naturalizing Facob Pecbillis and others.
- 17. An act for enabling Fames duke of Ormend, and Charles east of Arran, to lettle fee farm rents in the county of Tipparary in the kingdom of Ireland, pursuant to an agreement upon the marriage of the faid earl of Arran, and for making good feveral grants made by the faid earl in fee farm.
- 18. An act for vefting the inheritance of a messuage and gardens in Acton, in the county of Middlesex, purchased by the right honourable Evelyn earl of Kingfton upon Hall, in truftees, for the faid earl and his heirs.
- 19. An act for making the exemplification of the will of Edward late earl of Conway, under the seal of the court of Chancery, in the kingdom of Ireland, and the depositions relating to the fame, evidence on hearings in equity and trial at law.
- 20. An act to enable Scrope lord vifcount *Howe* of the kingdom of Ireland, to make a certain provision for his daughters by his first wife, that which was intended, being, as expressed in marriage settlement, uncertain and contingent.

21. An act to enlarge the power of Richard lord Bulkeley, viscount Castells in the kingdom of Ireland, of leafing his estate in Cheshire, for performance and fatisfaction of the trusts upon the faid estate.

22. An act for fale of part of the estate of Henry lord Colerane, baron of Colerane in the kingdom of Ireland, and supplying the want of inrollment of a deed concerning other part of his estate.

fect of a common recovery, fuffered by Philip Smith, esq; viscount Strangford of the kingdom of Ireland, and George Smith, esq; his eldest son, and of the deed which declared the uses of the said recovery.

24. An act for fale of the manor of Temple Dionisley, alias Dinsley, and other lands in the county of Hertford, for the payment of the debts of Sir Edvin Sadlier, baronet, and other purpoles.

25. An act to enable Sir John Humble, baronet, and his trustees, to fettle feveral mefluages, lands, and hereditaments, lying in the counties of Lincoln, Surrey, and Kent, purfuant to the articles and agreements made upon his marriage with dame Sargh his now wife.

26. An act for velting the estate of Richard Bold, esq; in trustees, to be leased, fold, or mortgaged, for raising the portions, debts, and monies to which the fame is liable.

27. An act for vesting certain terms for forty years, in trustees, which were granted by John Abington, esq; deceased, and to impower them to grant, renew, and fill up leales, according to the usage of the manor therein mentioned, and for raising portions for the younger children of the faid John Abington.

28. An act for vesting the equity of redemption of the lands and tenements lying in the county of Leicester, late the estate of John Digby, esq; deceased, in trustees, to the intent that the same may be sold for the discharging of the mortgages and other incumbrances thereon.

29. An act to impower Thomas Carey, and George Hatley of London, merchants, to import the remainder of a quantity of French wines from Copenhagen, contracted for before the first day of Fanuary, one thoufand seven hundred and four.

23. An act for the supplying the de- ' 30. An act to enable trustees to make provision for payment of debts of William Huggessen, elq; and for raifing portions for his younger lans, and for making good the intended

let-

· fettlement upon the marriage of William Huggessen the younger, gent.

31. An act for sale of lands in the counties of Southampton and Dorset, late the estate of Thomas Deane, esq, deceased, for payment of the debts and legacies charged thereupon, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

32. An act for augmenting the number of canons residentiary, in the cathedral church of *Lischfield*, and for improving the deanry and prebends of the said cathedral.

 An act for relief of non commiffion officers and private foldiers of the lord *Drogbeda*'s and colonel

· Coot's regiments.

34. An act for fale of the manor and estate of and in Hetbersedge and Dore in the county of Derby, the estate of Christopher Pegg, esq; and mortgaging part of his manor and estate of and in Beauchiff and Strawberry Lee in the same county, for raising money for payment of debts and incumbrances thereon, and for making provision for his family.

35. An act to enable William Gomeldon, esq; to sell a farm in Kent, to discharge an incumbrance upon the fame, and to apply the residue of the monies arising by such sale, in payment of the said William Gomel-

don's debts.

36. An act for vefting a mortgage of Humpbry Courtney, efq; deceased, in trustees, to be sold to discharge the mortgages, debts and incumbrances on the said estate.

 An act for vefting, in truftees, the eftate of Morris Goulfton, efq., for the raising his fifters portions, and

payment of debts, and other pur-

poles therein mentioned.

38. An act for vesting certain messuages and lands in the counties of Devon and Cornwal, of Nicholas Row, esq; in trustees, to be sold, and applying the greatest part of the

purchase-money to the uses of his marriage settlement, and the residue for payment of debts.

39. An act for the relief of colonel

John Rice.

40. An act for the removing all doubts touching the faving clause of one act of parliament, intituled, An act for vesting divers manors and lands of Matthew Holworthy, esq, in trustees, to be fold, and purchasing other manors or lands of equal value, and limiting the manors or lands to be purchased to the same uses, as the lands to be sold are limited.

41. An act for fale of the manor of Barwick Hall, and other lands in the county of Effex, the estate of William Forbes, esq; and for purchasing other lands to be settled to

the same uses.

42. An act to vest certain lands and tenements in the counties of Kent, the estate of Richard Thornhill, esq; in trustees, to be sold for the payment of debts, and his sisters portions charged thereupon, and for securing the residue of the purchase money, to the uses of his marriage settlement.

43. An act to enable John Brett Fisher, esq; and Judith his wife, to sell lands for the payment of his debts, and making provision for his wife and children, in case they shall

have any.

44. An act to enable John Williams, an infant, notwithstanding his infancy, to renew a lease of the parfonage of Bugden, held under one of the prebendaries of the cathedral church of Lincoln; and also for settling the prebend of Bugden, as an augmentation for the vicar of Bugden, and vesting the ecclesiastical jurisdiction of the parish of Bugden in the bishop of Lincoln.

45. An act for the fale of lands in the county of *Lincoln*, late the estate of *John Stanbope*, esq. deceased, for

payment of his debts.

46. An

46. An act for taking the estate in law, for a mortgage made by John Sands, esq; which is descended to the daughters and coheirs of John Pargiter, deceased (who are infants) they being only trustees for Henry Raper, merchant.

47. An act to impower the lord high treasurer of England, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Thomas Thomkins and John Chagneau, and their securities, for the debts owing by them respectively to her Majesty.

48. An act to enable trustees to sell several houses and lands in and near Portsmouth, late the estate of Elizabeth Hicks, for payment of a debt and interest charged thereupon, and for laying out the residue of the money in other lands, to be settled to the same uses.

49. An act for vefting the freehold and copyhold estate of *Thomas Gow*er, gent. deceased, in trustees, to be fold for payment of debts, and settling the remainder for the benefit

of his daughters.

50. An act for verting the estate of Valentine Crome of Maiden Early in the county of Berks, gent. in trustees, to be sold for payment of his father's debts, and making a provision for himself and brother.

51. An act for the fale of lands, late of John Ballet, gent. deceased, for the more speedy payment of his debts, and raising portions for his

younger children.

52. An act for the more effectual affuring of part of the lands of inheritance of William and Thomas Lambard in the county of Kent, pursuant
to a deed of settlement; and for affuring (in lieu of other part thereof) other lands of inheritance
therein also mentioned, and for
better provision for younger children.

53. An act for vesting the capital messuage and other lands and tene-

ments of Foulke Wynne, in the county of Denbigh, gent. and Meredith Wynne his son, in trustees, to the intent that part thereof may be sold for payment of his debts, and the residue settled pursuant to marriage articles.

54. An act for vesting the estates of Christopher Reve the elder, clerk, deceased, and of Christopher Reve, clerk, his only son, also deceased, in certain trustees, to be sold for the payment of their several debts and legacies, and for making some provision for Dorothy the widow of the said Christopher Reve the son, and for Christopher Reve his only child, an infant.

55. An act for vesting the estate of Arthur Vaughan of Tretherwen, in the county of Montgomery, an infant, in trustees, to be fold for payment of such debts and incumbrances, to which the same, or the said infant, in respect thereof, is liable.

56. An act for verting the effate of Elizabeth Hore, in the county of Bucks, in trustees, to be fold, and the monies arising thereby, to be applied for the payment of debts charged thereon.

57. An act for fale of the manor of Estevening, and other lands and hereditaments in Swinsbead, in the county of Lincoln, late the estate of Christopher Fairfax, gent. deceased, for payment of his debts, and benefit of his children.

58. An act for veiling part of the real estate of Ralph Baldwin, gent. in trustees, for a provision for his

younger children.

59. An act for fettling and fecuring part of the estates of Robert Barry, clerk, and Anne his wife, for the benefit of the said Anne and her children, and sale of other part of the estate of the said Robert Barry, for payment of his debts.

60. An act for yesting the sum of

two

two thousand pounds in trustees, to be applied to and for the payment of the debts of Yohn Holworthy, gent. pursuant to an agreement with his creditors.

61. An act for the sale of an advowfon in Suffex, late the estate of Michael Serecold, clerk, deceased for payment of his debts, and making provision for his widow and

child.

62. An act for sale of the estate of John Viccory, deceased, in Rockbear, in the county of Devon, for payment of his debts charged thereupon, and for maintenance of his widow and children.

63. An act to impower the lord high treasurer of England, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Francis Clyes, as surety for William Pennock, late of Exon, merchant, in six several bonds, for duties on tobacco, which the said William Pennock had at the port of Falmouth, in December, one thousand seven hundred and orfe.

64. An act to rectify a mistake in, and explain an act passed in the last session, to empower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with Richard Cobb, esq; as one of the sureties for Thomas Cobb, gent. receiver general for the county of Southampton and Isle of Wight.

65. An act to make the ship L'Amazone, taken and condemned as a prize, and sold in the island of

Barbadoes free.

66. An act for naturalizing Paul, Frances, and Katharine Kilfly.

67. An act for naturalizing of Vincent de Laymerie, and others.

Anno 5 Annæ.

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to her Majesty, by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and seven. Cap. 2. For continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven.

Cap. 3. For the fettling the honours and dignities of John duke of Marlborough upon his posterity, and annexing the honour and manor of Woodstock, and house of Bleinheim, to go along with the said

honours.

Cap. 4. For fettling upon John duke of Marlborough and his posterity, a pension of five thousand pounds per annum, for the more honourable support of their dignities, in like manner as his honours and dignities, and the honour and manor of Woodstock, and house of Bleinheim, are already limited and settled.

Cap. 5. For securing the church of England as by law oftablished.

Cap. 6. For repealing a clause in an act, intituled, An act for the better apprehending, prosecuting, and punishing felons that commit burglaries, house-breaking, or robberies in shops, warehouses, coach-houses, or stables, or that steal borses.

Cap. 7. For regulating and ascertaining the duties to be paid by the unfreemen importers of coals into the port and borough of Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk.

Cap. 8. For an union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland.

Cap. 9. For rendring more effectual an act passed in the sirst year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better preventing escapes out of the Queen's Bench and Fleet prisons.

Cap. 10. For repairing the highway between *Hockliffe* and *Woborne*, in

the county of Bedford.

Cap. 11. For continuing the acts formerly made for repairing of the highways in the county of *Hertford*.

Cap. 12. For the enlarging the pass-

age

age leading to New Palace Yard

through the Gatehouse, Westminster. Cap. 13. For continuing the duties upon houses, to secure a yearly fund for circulating Exchequer bills, whereby a sum not exceeding sisteen hundred thousand pounds is intended to be raised, for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions.

Cap. 14. For the better preservation

of the game.

Cap. 15. For the better recruiting her Majesty's land forces and the marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seven.

Cap. 16. For continuing an act made in the third and fourth years of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act, for punishing mutiny and desertion, and false musters, and for the better payment of the army and quarters.

Cap. 17. To repeal all the laws prohibiting the importation of foreign

lace made with thread.

Cap. 18. For involments of bargains and fales within the West Riding of the county of York, in the register office there lately provided; and for making the said register more effectual.

Cap. 19. For continuing the duties. on low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stamp'd vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on fweets, and the one third fublidy of tonnage and poundage, and for fettling and establishing a fund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies, and otherwife, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and feven, and other uses therein expreffed.

Cap. 20. For the better encouragement of the royal luftring company. Vol. XI.

Cap. 21. For repairing the highway between Fornbill in the county of Bedford, and the town of Stony-Stratford in the county of Bucking-bam.

Cap. 22. To explain and amend an act of the last session of parliament for preventing frauds frequently

committed by bankrupts.

Cap. 13. To subject the estate of Thomas Brerewood to the creditors of Thomas Pitkin, notwithstanding any agreement or composition made by the creditors of the said Thomas Pitkin.

Cap. 24. For discharging small livings from their first fruits and tenths,

and all atrears thereof.

Cap. 25. For making the acts more effectual for appropriating the forfeited impropriations in *Ireland*, for the building of churches, and augmenting poor vicarages there.

Cap. 26. For repairing the highways between Shepherds-Shord and the Devizes, and between the top of Aphlington Hill and Rowd Ford in

the county of Wilts.

Cap. 27. For continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for making provisions therein mentioned, to raise money by way of loan for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions; and for ascertaining the wine measure.

Cap. 28. For raifing the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for an account to be made of trophy money.

Cap. 29. For ease of her Majesty's subjects in relation to the duties upon salt, and for making the like allowances upon the exportation of white herrings, sless, oatmeal, and grain called beer alias bigg, as are to be made upon exportation of the like from Scotland.

Cap. 30. For the better securing her

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· Majesty's purchase of Cotton House in Westminster.

Cap. 31. For the encouraging the discovery and apprehending of house-breakers.

Cap. 32. For the continuing the laws for the punishment of vagrants, and for making such laws more effectual.

Cap. 33. For obliging John Rice to account for debentures granted to him in the last session of parliament.

Cap. 34. For continuing the laws therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in *Smithfield*, and for fupprefing of piracy.

Private Atts.

Anno 5 Anna.

1. An act for naturalizing Maria Margaret Lady North and Grey.

An act to enable Henry Grey, fecond fon of Richard Nevill, efq; to change his name from Nevill to Grey, according to the will of Ralph lord Grey deceased.

3. An act to make the ship called the Neptune privateer (a foreign-built ship, late bought as a wreck) a

free ship.

4. An act to make the ship Vigilantia of Stad upon the river of Elbe in Germany (lately a wreck) a free ship.

5. An act for naturalizing John Tigh.

6. An act to enable the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, to compound with Benjamin Nicholl, citizen and late merchant of London, and his sureties, for the debt owing by him to her Majesty.

7. An act for the relief of Sir John Mead, of the kingdom of Ireland,

knight and baronet.

 An act for empowering the barons of the court of Exchequer in *Ire*land, to grant a commission to some persons in *England*, to administer to Thomas Maule, esq; remembrancer of the said court, the usual oaths for the due execution of his office, and to enable him to take the oaths, and subscribe the declaration, in the court of Chancery in England, instead of those requisite to be taken and subscribed by the laws of England and Ireland, in order to qualify him to execute the said office.

9. An act for naturalizing Philip Van-

den Enden, merchant.

 An act for making the ship Supply a free ship.

11. An act to enable the right honourable Henry earl of Thomond, an infant, to make a fettlement of his estate upon his marriage (notwithstanding his infancy) and for other the purposes in the said act mentioned.

12. An act for making more effectual a fettlement made by William lord bishop of Oxford, for the be-

nefit of his children.

13. An act for discharging several lands in the county of Worcester, from the sum of two thousand pounds, given by the will of dame Elizabeth Rich, widow, deceased, for charitable uses, and charging the same upon other lands in the county of Berks.

14. An act for fupplying the defect of an appointment for the provision of the younger children of John Canhom, esq, deceased, pursuant to his marriage settlement, and for settling an estate in Totteridge, in lieu of thirteen hundred pounds, the remainder of a sum of money agreed to be laid out in a purchase.

15. An act for fale of fome part of the estate of Henry Darrel, esq, deceased, and leasing or mortgaging other part thereof, to raise money to pay his debts charged thereupon, and for making provision for his widow

and younger children.

16. An act for veiling part of the

eftate of William Fitch, esq; lying in the county of Dorset, in trustees, to be fold for the payment of his sisters portions, and other debts, and for preserving the residue free from all power of waste, and for settling certain tithes in the Isle of Wight to the same uses.

17. An act for enabling Agnes Lee, widow, to renew certain leafes for lives, belonging to Richard Lee, her

fon, who is an infant.

28. An act for fettling the estate of Daniel Thomas, gent. for the benefit of his wife and children.

19. An act for sale of certain houses near Aldgate in London, late the estate of William Williams, deceased, and for purchasing lands in lieu thereof.

20. An act to empower the lord high treasurer of England, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Nathaniel Rich, esq; late receiver general for the county of Essex.

21. An act for the relief of John Baker, his mother, brother, and fifters, widow and children of col.

Henry Baker, deceased.

22. An act for making the ship Prince

(foreign built) a free ship.

23. An act for discharging divers manors and lands of *Henry* duke of *Beaufort*, from the portions of his daughters and younger children by his present dutchess, and for charging other manors and lands of the faid duke of greater value with the like portions.

24. An act to enable Henry Pye, esq;

to make a jointure.

25. An act for sale of part of the estate of William Potts, for discharging his brothers and sisters portions, and his debts, and for confirming his marriage settlement, as to the residue of his estate, discharged of such portions.

26. An act for vesting lands in Chelfea, in the county of Middlesex, purchased of Charles lord Cheney viscount Newhaven in Scotland, in the Queen's majesty, for the accommodation of Chelsea College, and other lands, in John lord Vaughan earl of Carbury in Ireland, and his heirs.

27. An act for confirming and establishing the partitions made between William Pierrepoint, esq; (since deceased) and the honourable Charles Egerton, esq; and others of several manors and lands in the counties of Suffolk, Kent, and Surrey, and to enable William and Samuel Pierrepoint, infants, to make partition of land in other counties, and to sell the same, and purchase other lands to be settled to the same uses, and for rectifying a mistake in the marriage settlement of William Peck, esq;

28. An act for vefting in truftees, a meffuage and lands in Ratcliffe Culey, in the county of Leicefter, to be fold, upon the fettling of another estate of as great or greater value, to the same uses as the lands

to be fold are fettled.

29. An act for relief of Alexander Pendarvis, esq; in relation to five thousand pounds, and interest provided for him out of lands in Ireland.

 An act for the better support and maintenance of the minister of Tettenball, in the county of Stafford.

for the time being.

31. An act to vest certain mills and lands in *Downton*, in the county of Wilts (the estate of William Eyre a lunatick) in trustees, to be sold, and for applying part of the monies arising by the sale thereof for payment of the debts of the said lunatick, and making some provision for Ambrose Eyre, his eldest son and heir, and for applying the residue of such monies in purchasing of other lands, to be settled to the same uses as the said premisses to be sold are now settled.

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32. An act to enable trustees to sell feveral lands at Colegreene within the manor of Hertingfordbury, in the county of Hertford, and the manor of the rectory of Hertingfordbury aforesaid, late the estate of Anne Winwood, deceased, for payment of a debt of six hundred pounds and interest, due upon mortgage and bond, or specialty; and for laying out the residue of the money arising by such sale in the purchase of other lands or tenements, to be settled to the same uses as the said lands are now settled.

33. An act for vefting a manfion house, and lands thereunto adjoining, in the county of *Middlesex*, the estate of *William Hyde*, merchant, in trustees, to be forthwith fold for the better maintenance and present provision for his children.

34. An act to vest several lands and hereditaments in the county of York, in Robert Hitch, esq; and his heirs, and to settle other lands and hereditaments in the said county in lieu thereof, and as an exchange thereof, to the same uses.

35. An act for rectifying a mistake, and for supplying the defects in an act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, for sale of the estate late of Edward Baines, for discharge of a mortgage thereupon, and for making provision for his daughters.

36. An act for sale of the estate in the county of Montgomery, late part of the estate of Gilbert Charlton, esq; deceased, and for purchasing other estate or estates in the counties of Nottingham, Leicester, or Lincoln, to be settled to the like uses as the estate in the county of Montgomery was settled.

37. An act for the fale of certain lands contained in the marriage fettlement of Daniel King and Jane his wife, and for purchasing other lands of the same or greater value, to be settled to the same uses; also

for giving liberty to Jane Nicholl, widow, and the executors of Sir William Pritchard, to pay two fums of four thousand pounds, and two thousand pounds, mentioned in the said settlement, in the life-time of the said Jane Nicholl.

38. An act for sale of part of the estate of John Weedon of Souldern, in the county of Oxon, esq; for payment of his father's debts and legacies, and portions to his younger children, and for settling the rest of his estate to the uses of the father's

voluntary fettlement.

39. An act to enable Thomas Clarke, an infant, to make a lease of a house in St. Mary Axe in London, to Sir

Jeffery Jefferys, knight.

40. An act for encouraging the rebuilding the antient parish church of *Humberstone*, in the county of *Lincoln*, and settling a rent charge of greater value on the bishop of *Lincoln* and his successors, in lieu of the rectory of *Humberstone*, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

41. An act for vefting the reversion in fee of certain manors and lands, in the county of *Kent*, late the estate of *Mountague Drake*, esq; deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of his debts and legacies.

42. An act for the better discovery of the estate of John Aynsworth late

of London, merchant.

43. An act to enable the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with John Crosse, merchant, and his sureties, for the debt owing by him to her Majesty.

44. An act to enable the trustees of William Elson, an infant, to sell part of his estate for payment of his father's debts on specialties.

45. An act to enable the lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with John Pye, gent, and

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his furcties, for the debt by him and them owing to her Majesty.

46. An act for the relief of Elizabeth Wansford, and Elizabeth Foulke.

47. An act for naturalizing John Thomeur, and others.

48. An act to naturalize Henry Van Holte, and others.

Anno 6 Anna.

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight.

Cap. 2. For repealing and declaring the determination of two acts passed in the parliament of Scotland, the one, intituled, All for the security of the kingdom; the other, All anent peace and war.

Cap. 3. For better securing the duties

of East India goods.

Cap. 4. For charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred

and eight.

Cap. 5. For raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses, by fale of annuities charged on a fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several surplusses, and by granting further terms in the duties on low wines, and on hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, the stampt duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on sweets, and one of the branches of excise, and by making other provision in this act mentioned,

Cap. 6. For rendering the union of the two kingdoms more entire and

complete,

Cap. 7. For the security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line.

Cap. 8. For encouraging the dreffing and dying of woollen cloths within this kingdom, by laying a duty upon broad cloth exported white.

Cap. 9. For the exportation of white

woollen cloth.

Cap. 10. For the better recruiting her Majesty's land forces, and the marines, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and

eight.

Cap. 11. For continuing one half part of the subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles II. and for settling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum, to be sold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year 1708. and other uses therein expressed.

Cap. 12. To explain the act of the last session of parliament, for the ease of her Majesty's subjects in relation to allowances out of the duties upon salt carried coastwise, and also an act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, in relation to certain salt-works near the sea-side and bay of Holybead in the county

of Anglesea.

Cap. 13. For the better fecuring the trade of this kingdom by cruifers and convoys.

Cap. 14. For the better security of her Majesty's person and govern-

ment.

Cap. 15. To impower her Majesty to secure and detain such persons as her Majesty shall suspect are confpiring against her person or government.

Cap. 16. For repealing the act of the first year of King James I. intib 2 tuled,

tuled, An act for the well garbling of spices; and for granting an equivalent to the city of London,

by admitting brokers.

Cap. 17. For affuring to the English company trading to the East Indies, on account of the united stock, a longer time in the fund and trade therein mentioned, and for raising thereby the sum of 1,200,000l. for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions.

Cap. 18. For the more effectual difcovery of the death of persons pretended to be alive, to the prejudice of those who claim estates after

their deaths.

Cap. 19. For continuing the half subsidies therein mentioned, with several impositions and other duties, to raise money by way of loan, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for charging of prize goods and seizures, and for taking off the drawbacks of foreign cordage, and to obviate the clandestine importation of wrought filks.

Cap. 20. For continuing an act made in the third year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for punishing mutiny and defertion and false musters, and for the better payment

of the army and quarters.

Cap. 21. For the avoiding of doubts and questions touching the statutes of divers cathedral and collegiate

churches.

Cap. 22. For continuing feveral duties therein mentioned, upon coffee, chocolate, spices, pictures, and muslins, and additional duties upon several of the said commodities, and certain duties upon callicoes, china wares, and drugs; and for continuing the duties called the two third subsidies of tonnage and poundage; for preserving the publick credit; and for ascertaining the duties of coals exported for foreign

parts; and for securing the credit of the bank of England; and for passing several accounts of taxes raised in the county of Monmouth; and for promoting the consumption of such tobacco as shall have paid her Majesty's duties.

Cap. 23. To make further provision for electing and summoning sixteen peers of Scotland, to sit in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain; and for trying peers for offences committed in Scotland; and for the further regulating of votes in elections of members to serve in parliament.

Cap. 24. For the further directing the payment of the equivalent mo-

ney

Cap. 25. To enable her Majesty to make leases and copies of offices, lands, and hereditaments, parcel of her dutchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the same.

Cap. 26. For fettling and establishing a court of Exchequer in the north part of Great Britain, called Scot-

land.

Cap. 27. To enlarge the time for returning the certificates of all ecclefiaftical livings, not exceeding the yearly value of fifty pounds; as also for discharging all livings of that value from the payment of first fruits; and for allowing time to archbishops and bishops, and other dignitaries, for payment of their first-fruits.

Cap. 28. For continuing the act for afcertaining the tithes of hemp and

flax.

Cap. 29. To repeal a clause in an act of the seventh year of the reign of his late Majesty, (for amending and repairing the highways) which enjoins waggoners, and others to draw with a pole between the wheel horses or with double shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with six horses, or other beasts, except up hills.

Cap. 30.

Cap. 30. For ascertaining the rates of foreign coins in her Majesty's plantations in America.

Cap. 31. For the better preventing michiefs that may happen by fire.

Cap. 32. For regulating the qualifications of the elections of the governor, directors, and voters of the governor and company of the bank of *England*.

Cap. 33. For the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and fix

months longer.

Cap. 34. For limiting a time to perlons to come in and make their claim to any of the forfeited effates and other interests in *Ireland*, fold by the trustees for sale of those estates to the governor and company for making hollow sword blades in *England*, and divers other purchasers.

Cap. 35. For the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, wills, and other incumbrances that shall be made of, or that may affect any honours, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the east riding of the county of York, or the town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, after the 29th day of September, 1708, and for the rendring the register in the west riding more compleat.

Cap. 36. For raising the militia of this kingdom for the year 1708. altho' the month's pay formerly advanced

be not repaid,

Cap. 37. For the encouragement of the trade to America.

Private Alts.

Anno 6 Anna.

 An act for repairing, amending, and enlarging the highways between the town of Kingsdown Hill and the city of Bath, and also several other highways leading to and through the said city; and for cleanfing, paving, and lightting the streets, and regulating the chairmen there.

2. An act for vefting in Ralph Freeman, the younger, esq; and his heirs, divers manors and lands in the county of Esfex, comprized in his marriage settlement, he having settled other manors and lands in the county of Hertford, of greater value, to like uses in lieu thereos.

3. An act for naturalizing Katharine Clarke, daughter of Sir William

Clarke, batt. deceased.

4. An act for naturalizing Marces des

5. An act for making good to William Thompson, esq; the benefit intended to be granted to his ancestors, and their heirs, by certain letters patents of King Charles II. in lieu of the castle of Scarborough, and other things by them surrendered to and now enjoyed by the crown.

6. An act for creeding a workhouse in the town and borough of Plymouth in the county of Devon, and for setting the poor on work, and main-

taining them there.

7. An act for enlarging the term in an act made in the leventh year of his late Majesty's reign, for repairing the highways between the city of London and town of Harwish in the county of Essex.

8. An act for repairing the harbour and key of Watchet in the county

of Somerset.

An act for the more effectual making and keeping the river Tone navigable from Bridgewater to Taunton in the county of Somerfet.

10. An act for settling the estate of John now earl of Exeter, pursuant to agreements made on the marriage of the same earl with Elizabeth countess of Exeter his now wise, subject to such alterations as are mentioned herein.

 An act to supply a defect in an act of parliament made in the first b 4 year

year of the reign of her present Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An att for raising 1500 l. by mortgage of lands in the county of Dorset, for payment of debts, and for a further provision and maintenance of the younger children of Philip Caldecot, esq;

22. An act to make the ship Ambuscade (a French privateer taken by her Majesty's ship the Dover, and condemned and sold as a prize) a free

thip.

• 13. An act for erecting a harbour and key at East Tarbet, in the shire of

Argyle.

14. An act for the betteramendment of that way which leads from Chevil through Calne to Studley bridge in the county of Wilts.

 An act for repairing the highways from OldStratford in the county of Northampton, to Dunchurch in the county of Warwick.

 An act for the reversal of the attainder of Sir Henry Band, bart. in

Ireland.

17. An act for making effectual the provision intended by William Bromley, late of Holt Cafile in the county of Worcester, elq; for Derotby Bromley his youngest daughter.

ley his youngest daughter.

18. An act for felling the estate of Thomas Stephens, esq; in the counties of Chester and Stafford, and for settling of another estate of as great or greater value, in the county of Gleucester, to the same uses.

19. An act for vefting in Roger Tuckfield, esq; several lands purchased for him by Sir William Davye, bart.

deceased.

20. An act for making two large fly boats (Russia built) one called the Thomas and Henry, the other the Richard and Jane, free ships to trade to Russia.

21. An act for naturalizing Peter Des Maixeax, Francis Heilman, John Risteau, Peter Bouvot, and others.

22. An act to enable the right honourable the counters of Birdon, together with the right honourable Henry earl of Bindon, her now hufband, to make leases of the manor and town of Carlowe in the county of Catherlagh, and Queen's County in the kingdom of Ireland, and for the evidencing of the settlements made by Henry late earl of Thomond.

23. An act for vefting the equity of redemption of the manor and capital messuage of Great Haseley, with the appurtenances, and divers messuages, farms, and lands in Haseley and Latchford in the county of Oxford, late the estate of William Lenthall, esq, deceased (in trustees) to be sold for discharging of

incumbrances thereupon.

24. An act for vefting several messurages, houses, lands, and tenements, in the county of Dublin, in the kingdom of Ireland, formerly the estate of Thomas Boyd, esq; in a trustee, to be sold for the payment of the debts of Letice late countess of Kilmarnock, deceased, and for raising portions for the younger children of the said countess.

25. An act to vest the estate of Edward Cheek, esq; deceased, in Somersetsbire, remaining unsold at his death, in trustees, to be sold to satisfy the demands of the lady Russel, his mother, and Essex Cheek his sister, and to vest the remainder of the monies arising by sale of the said estate, in the purchase of other lands, to be settled on Edward Cheek, an infant, and his heirs.

26. An act to enable Sir William Wyndham of Orchard Wyndham in the county of Somerfet, bart to make a marriage settlement, and for other purposes therein mentioned, during his minority.

27. An act for explaining and amending a proviso and power for enabling Sir *John Wentworth*, bart, and his brothers, to make a wife a

jointure.

bank, bart. to make a jointure and fettlement upon such woman as he shall marry, as if he were of full age.

Swinden, and several messuages, lands, and hereditaments in the county of York, late part of the estate of Christopher Lister, esq; and after of Thomas Lister, esq; both deceased, for payment of the legacies and debts of the said Christopher Lister, and a mortgage of the said Thomas Lister.

30. An act to impower the lord high treasurer of *Great Britain*, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with *Richard Parke*, citizen and late merchant of *London*, for a debt due to her Majesty.

31. An act for the sale of a piece of ground, late of John Killingworth, esq; deceased, on which stood several old and decayed tenements, and applying the purchase-money for the benefit of his wife and daughters.

32. An act for vacating the fettlement made upon the marriage of *Henry Mayne*, and for making a reasonable provision for the maintenance of his only son (who is an ideot) during his life.

33. An act for fale of part of the eftate of James Hamilton, esq; de-

ceased.

34. An act for the relief of col. Richard Sutton, and other Aids de Camp.

35. An act for the relief of capt. James Roch.

36. An act for the relief of lieutenant colonel John Savery.

37. An act for naturalizing John Afficek, esq and Mary Dutry.

38. An act for naturalizing Peter Dybordieu, and others.

Anno 7 Anne.

Cap. r. For granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1709.

Cap. 2. For the speedy and effectual recruiting her Majesty's land forces and marines, for the service of the year 1709.

Cap. 3. For charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the

year 1709.

Cap. 4. For punishing mutiny and defertion and false musters, and for the bester payment of the army and quarters.

Cap. 5. For naturalizing foreign pro-

testants.

Cap. 6. For explaining and making more effectual that part of an act passed in the fifth year of her prefent Majesty's reign, concerning the buying and selling of cattle in Smithsield, and for giving leave for bringing up calves dead to London, as formerly.

Cap. 7. For enlarging the capital flock of the bank of England, and for raising a further supply to her

Majesty, for the year 1709.

Cap. 8. For continuing feveral impofitions and duties, to raise money by way of loan; and for exporting British copper and brass wire duty free; and for circulating a further fum in Exchequer bills, in case a new contract be made in that behalf: and concerning the oaths to be administred in relation to Italian thrown filks; and touching oils and plantation goods of foreigners, taken or to be taken as prize; and concerning drugs of America, to be imported from her Majesty's plantations; and for appropriating the monics given in this fession of parliament; and for making out debentures for two transport ships in this act named; and to allow a further time for registring certain debentures; and for relief of persons who have lost such tickets, Exchequer bills, debentures, tallies,

or orders, as in this act are men-

Cap. o. For giving the commissioners of sewers for thecity of London, the same powers as the commissioners of sewers for counties have; and to oblige collectors for the sewers to account.

Cap. 10. For rendring more effectual the laws concerning commissions

of fewers.

Cap. 11. For ascertaining and directing the payment of the allowances to be made for or upon the exportation from Scotland of fish, beef, and pork, cured with foreign salt imported before 1 May 1707. and for disposing such salt still remaining in the hands of her Majesty's subjects there, and for ascertaining and securing the allowances for fish and slesh exported and to be exported from Scotland, for the suture.

Cap. 12. For preserving the privileges of ambassadors, and other publick ministers of foreign princes and states.

Cap. 13. For the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York.

Cap. 14. For the better preservation of parochial libraries in that part of Great Britain called England.

Cap. 15. For altering Whitfuntide and Lammas terms for the court of Exchequer in Scotland.

Cap. 16. To prevent the laying of wagers relating to the publick.

Cap. 17. For making more effectual an act made in the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, for the better preventing of mischiefs that may happen by fire.

Cap. 18. To preserve the rights of

patrons to advowsons.

Cap. ro. To enable infants who are feifed or possessed of estates in see, in trust, or by way of mortgage, to make conveyances of such estates.

Cap. 20. For the publick registring of deeds, conveyances, and wills, and other incumbrances which shall be made of, or that may affect any honours, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the county of Middlesex, after the 29th of September, 1709.

Cap. 21. For improving the union of

the two kingdoms.

Cap. 22. For the Queen's most gracious, general, and free pardon.

Cap. 23. For raising the militia for the year 1709, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not re-

paid.

Cap. 24. For continuing the former act for the encouragement of coinage, and to encourage the bringing foreign coins, and British or foreign plate, to be coined, and for making provision for the mints in Scotland, and for the profecuting offences concerning the coin in England.

Cap. 25. For making perpetual an act for the better preventing the counterfeiting the current coin of this kingdom; as also an act for giving like remedy upon promissory notes, as is used upon bills of exchange, and for the better payment of inland bills of exchange; and also for continuing several acts made in the fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign, for preventing frauds

Cap. 26. For appointing commissioners to treat and agree for such lands, tenements, and hereditaments as shall be judged proper to be purchased for the better fortifying Portsmouth, Chatham, and Harwich,

committed by bankrupts.

Private AEts.

Anno 7 Anne.

 An act for continuing an act made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the rebuilding and repairing of the piers of the

the town and port of Whitby in the county of York.

2. An act for naturalizing Charlotta

Christiana lady Duffus.

3. An act to enable Edward Sainthill (late *Edward Yard*) efq; to change his firname from Tard to Sainthill, according to the will of Samuel

Sainthill, esq; deceased.

4. An act for continuing an act made in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majesty King William, intituled, An act for repairing the highways between Wymondham and Attleborough in the county of Norfolk, and for including therein the road leading from Wymondham to Hethersett, over the commons belonging to the faid

An act for preserving and enlarging the harbour of Whitehaven, in

the county of Cumberland.

6. An act for building a church or chapel in the town of Manchester in

the county of Lancaster.

- 7. An act to enable Anne Crewe (late Offley) widow, and John Crewe (late Offley) her fon and heir apparent, to change their firnames from Offley to Crew, according to the fettlement of John Crew, esq; deceased.
- 8. An act for vefting in truffees the reversion of several lands and tenements expectant on leafes for lives, the estate of Hugh Stafford of Pynes in the county of Devon, esq; to be fold for payment of debts, and by discharging his power of leasing, to fecure other lands to come into poffellion to his fon in lieu thereof.
- 9. An act to enable William Collins. clerk, Thomas Parrat, and William Day, gent, to dispose of certain lands, for the payment of the debts of John Granger, and for making provision for the widow and younger children of Nicholas Granger, his late father, deceased.

10. An act for further enabling George

Penne, efq; to fell lands for payment of his debts, by enlarging a trust for that purpose contained in a former act, intituled, An act to enable George Penne, esq; to sell lands for the payment of his debts, and other purposes therein mentioned.

11. An act for naturalizing Lewis de Roffet, Peter Brozet, and others.

12. An act for repairing and improving of Morrison's Haven, and the fort there, in the shire of East Le-

thian, alias Hadington.

13. An act for building a parish church, and parfonage house, and making a new church-yard, and a new parish in Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, to be called

the parish of St. Philip.

14. An act for vefting in John duke of Newcafile and his heirs, certain lands belonging to the vicarage of Walefby, in the county of Nottingham, in the lieu of an annual rent of 10 l. per An. payable to the vicar of the faid vicarage, and his fucceffors for ever.

15. An act to vest the estates which came to the right honourable Other earl of *Plymouth*, by his mother, in trustees, to be fold for raising money to pay off the debts charged upon his paternal estate, and to en-

able him to cut coppices.

16. An act for the explaining and making more effectual an act made Anno prime Annæ Reginæ, intituled, An act giving further time to John lord bishop of Chichester, and his successors, to make leases of certain houses and ground in and near Chancery Lane, belonging to the bishoprick of Chichester.

17. An act to explain a clause in a flatute made in the 27th year of the reign of King Henry VIII. enabling tenants in tail in possession, to make jointures to wives, and enlarging the same, so as Richard lord Wil*laughby de Broke*, and others, tenants in tail in possession, may

make

A TABLE of the STATUTES.

make jointures to the wives of their eldest sons or grandsons.

18. An act for vesting some part of the estate in the county of Lincoln, included in the marriage fettlement of the right honourable William Powlett, elq; commonly called lord William Powlett, in trustees, to be fold for the raising money to difcharge an incumbrance fallen on the fame, by virtue of a decree of the high court of Chancery; and to confirm an agreement made by the faid lord William Powlett, with the right honourable the countess dowager of *Bridgwater*, and the executor of the late duke of Bolton, decealed, relating to fuch incumbrance.

19. An act for vesting the barony of Wem, and manors of Wem and Loppington, and several lands and tenements in the county of Salop, and the manors of Dolby and Broughton, and lands thereto belonging in the county of Leicester, and the manor of Fulmer, and several lands and tenements in the county of Bucks, late the estate of George late lord Jesseries, deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of debts and portions, and other purposes therein mentioned.

20, An act to enable the honourable William Cecil, esq; with others, to fell lands for the payment of several debts charged upon his estate by the right honourable John late earl of Exeter, deceased, his late father.

21. An act for vesting in trustees the fourth part of a fourth part (being the share of Sir Roger Braidsbaigh, part. of the estate of the late countess of Oxford, to be sold to pay portions and debts, and with the remainder of the money arising by such sale, to purchase other lands to be settled to the same uses as his paternal estate is by his marriage settlement.

22. An act to reverse the outlawry and attainder of Christopher lord baron of Slane in Ireland,

23. An act for vefting divers manofs, meffuages, lands, and tenements of John Lacy, efq; in the counties of Effex, Cambridge, and Middlefex, in trustees, to be fold for payment of his debts, making provision for his children unprovided for, and other purposes therein mentioned.

24. An act for vefting the fite, capital meffuage, or farm of the manor of South Stoke, and lands thereunto belonging, in the county of Somerfet, late the estate of John Gay, gent. deceased, in trustees, to be sold for the speedier payment of his debts, and better performance of the trusts therein mentioned.

25. An act to empower the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury, to compound with the sureties of Samuel Pacey, deceased, late receiver general for the county of Suffolk.

26. An act to enable the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with William Mallett, esq; for the debt of his father, for whom he was surety while receiver general of the county of Somerset, and city of Brisol.

27. An act for better establishing certain charities of John Pierrepont.

28. An act for veiting the effate of Gideon Haydon, eqq deceased, lying in the county of Devon, in trustees, to be sold for the payment of the debts wherewith it stands incumbred, and settling the overplus to the uses in his marriage settlement limited and declared.

29. An act for the better performance of the will of Stephen Harvey, efq; deceased, and making provision for his children.

30. An act for the reversal of the outlawry of Eleanor Baget, the wife of John Baget.

31. An act to enable William How of Somerton Early, in the county of Somerfet, esq; to sell the manor and farm

A TABLE of the STATUTES.

farm of Gunvile-Eastbury, alias Tarrant-Gunvile, in the county of Dorset, and several messuages, lands,
tenements and hereditaments in
Gunvile-Eastbury, alias Tarrant-Gunvile aforesaid, and to settle other
lands and hereditaments of greater
value to the same uses to which the
said manor and premisses in Gunvile-Eastbury, alias. Tarrant-Gunvile,
now stand limited, or lieu thereof.

32. An act to enable John Elye, esq; to raise monies out of his estate to pay his debts, and for settling the residue thereof, together with the estate of Elizabeth his wise, to the uses intended by his marriage settle-

ment.

33. An act for fale of certain lands and annuities late the effate of John Coldham, of Tootin Graveney, efq; deceased, for raising of portions for his grand children, according to his will.

34. An act to make the ships, the Barclay Castle, and James, of Mon-

trofe, free ships.

35. An act for the payment of the debts of Sir John Bolles, bart. a lunatick.

36. An act to enable Thomas Bulkley, gent. to fell part of the estate comprized in his marriage settlement, to pay off debts which were precedent to, and do affect the said settlement.

37. An act for the relief of the non-commission officers and soldiers of the respective companies of the three regiments of col. Thomas Handasyde, col. John Livesay, and lieutenant general Erle, and of the four independent companies at New York in America.

38. An act for annexing the rectory or parsonage of Hasely in the coun-

ty of Oxon, to the deanary of the King's free chapel of St. George within his castle of Windfor, and for vesting the advowson of the rectory and parochial church of St. Mary, alias North Church Barkhamfead, in the county of Hertford, in the dean and canons of the King's free chapel of St. George within his castle of Windfor, in lieu thereof.

 An act to enable James Stopford, esq; to sell lands in the county of Nottingham, for payment of debts

and portions.

40. An act for confirming a term of five hundred years, created by Richard Minsbul, esq; and his trustees, for securing the payment of 8000 l. and interest.

41. An act for the relief of the earl of Clanriccard (lately called lord Bophin) of the kingdom of Ireland, in relation to his estate, and for the more effectual selling or settling the estate of the said earl to protestants.

42. An act to explain an act made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to oblige Edward Whitaker to account for fuch sums of publick money, as bath been received by

bim.

43. An act to enable Anthony Stafford, gent. to fell or mortgage some part of his lands and hereditaments in the counties of Derby and Chester, for the payment of his father's debts and his own, and the better settling and securing the rest for the benefit of his wife and family.

44. An act for vesting the equity of redemption of the manor of Back-well, in the county of Somerset, in trustees, to be sold pursuant to the will of Caroletta Nettles, deceased,

and a decree in chancery.



STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno secundo & tertio ANNÆ Reginæ.

T the parliament begun at Westminster the twentieth day of August, Anno Dom. 1702. in the first year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. And from thence continued by several prorogations and adjournments to the ninth day of November, 1703, being the second session of this present is a shore parliament.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in EXP.

the year one thousand seven hundred and four.

4 t. in the

CAP. II.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, by continuing the duties upon EXP. malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for one year.

CAP. III.

An all for granting an aid to ber Majesty, for carrying on the war, and other ber Majesty's occasions, by selling annuities at several rates, and for such respective terms or estates as are therein mentioned.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the 12 W. 3. C. 12.

Veign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third, of blessed memory, intituled, An act for appropriating three thousand seven hundred pounds weekly, out of certain branches of excise, for publick uses, and for making a provision for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary occations, it was (amongst other things) enasted, That from and after See 1 Geo. 1. the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred, stat. 1. C. 1. for and during the term of five years from thence next ensuing, the full, clear, and entire weekly sum of three thousand seven hundred pounds, of lawful English money, out of all the monies arising by the 12Car. 2. C. 23. bereditary rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of. Vol. XI.



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King

King Charles the Second, and by the duties of excise payable during the said late King William's life, and by every or any of them, all those duties of excise should so long continue; and if the said duties of excise, payable during his said late Majesty's life, should bappen to determine before the end of the faid term of five years, then out of the monies arising entirely by the said bereditary duties of excise, for and during all the residue which should be then to come and unexpired of the faid term of five years, should be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer by weekly payments, and in such manner and form as in the said act are particularly mentioned, for the purposes in the said act expressed: and it is thereby further endited, That in lieu and discharge of certain perpetual annual payments, and of all arrears thereof granted by his late majesty King Charles the Second to the respective patentees therein named, the said hereditary revenue of excise should, from and after the twenty sixth day of December, one thousand seven bundred and sive, be and stand charged for ever with the payment of annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to be paid as by the faid act is directed, and subject to such power of redemption as in the said act is expressed:

1 Annæ, stat. 1. ć. 7.

II. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the first year of your Majesty's ringn, intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That the duties of excife which had been granted to his said late majesty King Charles the Second, during bis life, and afterwards to King William and Queen Mary, during their lives, and the life of the survivor of them (except as therein is excepted) and a certain duty upon vinegar, shall be levied and paid to your Majesty, during your life (which God preferve) and the same, together with the said hereditary duties of excise, are thereby subjected to the said weekly payment of three thousand seven hundred pounds, in the manner therein mentioned, during the said term of five years; and it was thereby further declared, That from and after the expiration of the said term of five years, so much money as, together with the faid payments after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, should make up the sum of three thousand seven hundred pounds for every week, during your Majesty's life, should and might be taken out of the said hereditary duties of excife, and out of the said duties of excise granted for your Majesty's life, and either or any of them, and the faid payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, being deducted out of the hereditary part thereof, the refidue of the said three thousand seven bundred pounds a week should be applied and disposed of, to and for the publick use and service, as by the said several acts (relation being thereunto respectively 'had' may more fully appear.

III. Now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of England in parliament assembled, being desirous by the most easy means that are possible to raise the money which is necessary for carrying on the present war, and supplying your Majesty's important occasions, do cheerfully and unanimously grant unto your Majesty a further aid to arise by contributions for annuities to be purchased in the manner and

form

form herein after mentioned; and do humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the five and twentieth day of December, in the Aid-granted year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, the said from 25 Defull, clear, and entire weekly fum of three thousand seven hun-comber, 1705. dred pounds, out of all the monies arising by the said hereditary duties of excise, and by the said duties of excise payable during her Majesty's life, and by every and any of them, according to the tenor and direction of the act of parliament above recited in that behalf, and from and after her Majesty's decease, then the like full, clear, and entire weekly fum of three thousand seven hundred pounds of lawful English money, out of all the monies to arise by the said hereditary duties of excise, and every or any of them, from time to time for ever, shall be brought and paid by the commissioners, farmers, receiver and receivers general for the time being of the faid several duties of excise (who are hereby required and enjoined to bring and pay the same accordingly) into the receipt of the Exchequer distinctly and separately from all other monies whatfoever, that are or shall be payable by them into the faid receipt, the faid weekly fum or payment of three thousand seven hundred pounds, to be brought and paid into the faid receipt upon Wednesday, in every week, if it be not an holiday, and if it be, then upon the next day that is not an holiday, for the purposes in this act expressed; and in case in any week or weeks the whole receipt of the monies of the faid several branches or duties of excise hereby charged as aforefaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the weekly payment or payments hereby directed for such particular week or weeks, that then and so often the deficiency and deficiencies thereof thall be supplied and made good out of the whole receipt of the faid particular branches of excise, and every or any of them, arising in the next week or weeks, when the receipt or receipts shall be sufficient to bear the same.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Moniesarifing faid, That the commissioners of excise for the time being, at by the faid their head office in London, shall from time to time separate and branches of keep apart all the monies arising by the said particular branches excise to be of excise herein before mentioned, as the same shall from time and paid to time arise or be paid into the said office of excise by the re-weekly into ceivers or collectors of the fame, or by any other person or per- the Exchefons whatfoever, and skall out of the monies so arising make the quer. faid weekly payments into the Exchequer, for the uses in this

act mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted, That if the said commissioners Penalty on of excile for the time being shall refuse or neglect to pay or nonpayment. cause to be paid into the Exchequer the said weekly sums hereby appointed, or shall divert or misapply any part of the monies which should make good the same, then they and every of them

so offending shall forfeit their several offices and places, and be incapable to serve the Queen, her heirs or successors, in any office or place of trust or profit, and shall be liable for every such offence to pay double the value of the money so diverted or misapplied, to any person or persons who will inform or sue for the fame, by action of debt, or of the case, bill, suit or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminfter, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Comptrollerof excise to keep a distinct account of the monies.

VI. And be it enacted, That the comptroller of the excise for the time being shall keep a perfect and distinct account, in a book or books fairly written, of all the monies which shall arise by the said particular branches of excise, out of which the said weekly payments are to be made as aforesaid, as the same shall from time to time arise or be raised (to which books all persons concerned shall at all reasonable times have free access, without fee or charge) and fuch comptroller in default thereof shall forfeit his office or place, and be rendred incapable as aforesaid, and shall also forfeit and lose the sum of two hundred pounds for every such default, to any person or persons who will inform or fue for the same as is before mentioned.

Monies to be entred apart.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be provided and kept in the office of the auditor of the receipt of the Exchequer one book, in which all the monies which ought to be paid in weekly as aforefaid, for or upon account of the faid weekly fums out of the faid particular branches of excife, and which shall be brought to the said receipt, shall be entred apart and distinct from all other monies paid into the faid receipt on any other account whatfoever.

Annual fums

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That out of the mohow to be paid. ney of the faid hereditary duties of excise, arising in or by such weekly payments at the Exchequer as aforefaid, the faid annual fums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum. prescribed by the said act, made in the parliament holden in the twelfth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, shall be satisfied and paid according to the directions therein contained, and subject to the power of redemption therein mentioned; and also out of all the monies of the said several branches of excise, arising in or by the said weekly payments, the several annuities to be purchased in pursuance of this act, shall be paid and satisfied, from and after the said five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sive, for and during the then residue and remainder of the several and respective terms and estates. which by virtue of this act shall be purchased of and in such annuities respectively; and that all the rest and residue of the monies arifing by the said weekly payments, and which at the end of every year, reckoning the first year to begin from the said five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sive, shall remain, after satisfying or referving sufficient to satisfy all the payments which fhall

shall be then incurred or grown due, as well for and upon the said annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, as also for and upon all the said annuities to be purchased. upon this act, shall be applied and disposed of to and for the

publick use and service, and not otherwise.

IX. And for the raising any sum or sums of money, not exceeding one million eighteen thousand eight hundred fixty: and seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and six pence; that is to say, nine hundred thousand pounds thereof for carrying on the present war, and other her Majesty's occasions, and one hundred and eighteen thousand eight hundred fixty and seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and fix pence, residue thereof, for making good the quarterly payments herein after mentioned, to incur and grow due on and before the faid five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall Persons may and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives advance or foreigners, to contribute, advance and pay into the receipt of 1,018,867. her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the 18s. 6d. for respective days and times by this act limited in that behalf, annuities for any fum or fums of money for or towards the faid fum of 99 years. one million eighteen thousand eight hundred sixty and seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and six pence, for purchasing any annuity or annuities, to be satisfied as in this act is mentioned, for and during the full term of ninety nine years to be reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our at 15 years Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, at the rate of purchase, fifteen years purchase; which rate doth amount to the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds for every fuch annuity of ten pounds per annum, and proportionably for any greater to be paid into annuity: and the same rate or consideration-money is hereby the Excheappointed to be paid into the faid receipt, at or before the quer, one third part on 1 May, one third part thereof on or before the faid day of 3/04. one oone third part thereof on or before the first day of May, in ther third the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sour; part on 24 one other third part thereof on or before the four and twentieth June, 2704. day of June, in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven third part on and four; and the remaining third part thereof, on or before 29 Sept. 1704. the nine and twentieth day of September, in the said year of annuities so Lord one thousand seven hundred and sour. And the said purchasedhow annuities to to be purchased, and every of them, shall be paid and when to and payable, from time to time, at the four most usual feasts of By 6 Geo. 1. the year, that is to say, the feast of the nativity of Saint John c. 4. s. 1. the Baptist, Saint Michael the archangel, the birth of our Lord South Sea Christ, and the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, by take in these even and equal portions, the first payment thereof to be made annuities. at or for the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sour; which said annuities shall, for the first year, and three quarters of a year, of the faid term of ninety nine years, be fatisfied and paid out of the monies to be advanced in pursuance of this

act, whereof fufficient shall be referved for that purpose; and for all the rest and residue of the said term of ninety nine years, the faid annuities, and every of them, shall be paid and satisfied out of the monies arifing by the weekly payments of excile

money before mentioned. X. And for the raising any further sum and sums of money, not exceeding three hundred thousand pounds, for carrying on the faid war, and other her Majesty's occasions, and also for raising such monies as shall be necessary to discharge the quarterly payments, which during one year and three quarters of a year, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sour, shall or may grow due upon the other annuities to be purchased, as is herein after mentioned; it is hereby further enacted by the authority further sum of aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, to contribute, advance,

For raising a 300,000l. Persons may purchase anpurchase, for two lives at m years purchase, three lives at 12 years purchase, or for 99 years at 15 years purchase.

and pay into the said receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for nuities for one her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times, life at 9 years and by fuch proportions, as are before in this act appointed for payment of the purchase monies for the annuities first above mentioned, any fum and fums of money for purchasing any annuity or annuities for one life, at the rate of nine years purchase, or for two lives, at the rate of eleven years purchase, or for three lives, at the rate of twelve years purchase, or for such a certain term of ninety nine years, as aforesaid, at the rate of fifteen years purchase, at the election of such purchasers respectively; which said rates do amount to the fum of ninety pounds for an annuity of ten pounds per annum for one life, and to the fum of one hundred and ten pounds for an annuity of ten pounds per annum for two lives, and the fum of one hundred and twenty pounds for an annuity of ten pounds per annum for three lives, and to the fum of one hundred and fifty pounds for an annuity of ten pounds per annum for the certain term of ninety nine years before mentioned, and proportionably for any greater annuities so to be purchased for fuch estates or interests respectively.

Annuities to commence from 25 Mar. 1704. and to he paid quarterly.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, That all the said annuities fo to be purchased for life, lives, or years, at the election of the purchaser, as aforesaid, shall likewise commence from the said five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, and shall be paid and payable at the faid receipt of Exchequer, at the four usual feasts before mentioned, by even and equal portions, the first payment thereof to be also made at or for the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four.

How the quare. terly payments from 25 Mar. 1704. to 25 Dec. 1705. shall be paid,

XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the quarterly payments which shall or may incur or grow due for or upon the annuities last mentioned, within the said time of one year, and three quarters of a year, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and four, until and for the faid five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, shall be satisfied and paid out of the monies to be advanced for purchasing the same annuities upon this act, whereof sufficient shall be referved for that purpose; and all quarterly payments which shall incur and grow due for or upon the same annuities last mentioned, and every of them, from and after the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, during the continuance of the respective terms and estates so to be purchased therein, shall be paid and satisfied out of the monies arising by the weekly payments of excise money before mentioned.

XIII. Provided always. That when the contributions upon when the this act shall amount in the whole to one million two hundred contributions: thousand pounds, for carrying on the said war, and her shall amount Majesty's occasions, and to so much more as shall or may be &c. no more necessary to discharge all the said annuities, until the five shall be receivand twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred ed at the Exand five inclusively, then no further contributions shall be chequer: received at the faid Exchequer for purchasing annuities upon this act.

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted, That where any Contributor contributor shall advance money, at the respective rate aforesaid, for one life for an estate for one life, as aforesaid, every such contributor, may name the life of the his executors, administrators or assigns, shall and may name to same contributhe auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, for the time tor, or any being, or to either of them, the life of the same contributor, or other, who any. other life (at his or her election) during which, every shall be intitled to such contributor are such as he or the shall appoint his her to such annuisuch contributor, or such as he or she shall appoint, his, her, ty, or their executors, administrators, and assigns respectively, shall be intitled to every such annuity, according to the true meaning of this act; and that where any contributor shall advance money at the respective rate aforesaid, for an estate for two lives, every such contributor, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall and may name to the faid auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells for the time being, or either of them, two persons or nominee's (whereof himself or herself, if he or the thinks fit, may be one) during whose lives, and Contributor the life of the furvivor of them, every such contributor, or such advancing for as he or she shall appoint, his, her, or their executors, administration in two lives, may fiame trators, and affigns respectively, shall be intitled to every such two nominees. annuity, according to the true meaning of this act; and that &c. and for where any contributor shall advance money at the respective three lives, rate aforefaid, for an effate for three lives, every such contributions of her executors, administrators, or assessment and nees, &c. tor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, shall and may name to the faid auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, for the time being, or either of them, three persons or nominees (whereof himself or herself, if he or she think fit, may be one) during the lives of which nominees, and of the furvivors and furvivor of them, every fuch contributor, or fuch as he or she shall appoint, his, her, and their executors,

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administrators, and assigns respectively, shall be intitled to every fuch annuity, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act.

Liver to be contributors. by 1 May, 1704.

Contributors be entred in the offices of the auditor and clérk of the pells. Books to be infoected without fee.

XV. Provided always, That all the faid lives shall be named by the named by the several contributors, their executors or administrators, or such as shall be employed by them to pay in the faid purchase-monies, on or before the faid first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the names, &c. to faid auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells severally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in which shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the faid fums, and also the several sums so paid, and the times when the same are respectively paid, and the several nominees for whose lives respectively the said annuities for life or lives are to continue; to which book it shall be lawful for the respective contributors, their executors, administrators, and assigns, from time to time, and at all seasonable times, to have refort, and to inspect the same without see or reward; and as well the faid feveral contributors for life, lives, or years, as the faid nominees for life or lives, shall be described in the said books by their christian and surnames, additions, and places of abode, and other descriptions which shall best ascertain the perfons.

Contributors paying their purchase-money, to enjoy the annuities so purchased,

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration or purchase-money after the respective rates aforesaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act before limited in that behalf, for any annuity or annuities for fuch term of years, or estate for life or lives, as aforefaid, according to the true meaning of this act, or such as he, she, or they shall appoint, his, her, or their respective executors, administrators, and assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be intitled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased, out of the monies arising and to arise, as aforesaid, for and during all and every such term of years, for life, or lives respectively, and that all the annuities to be purchased on this act, for any term, estate, or interest whatsoever, shall be free from all taxes, charges, and impositions whatsoever,

free from taxes; and fhall have tallies for the fame,

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every contributor upon any part of this act for any of the annuities aforesaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, upon payment of the consideration or purchase-money for the same, at the respective rates in this act before appointed, or any part or proportion thereof, within the time or times by this act limited in that behalf, shall immediately have one or more talley or tallies levied, importing the receipt of fo much confideration-money as shall be so paid for or in part of the faid respective sums to be raised, as afore-

faid,

faid, and upon payment of all the purchase-money for any such annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, at the rate by this act appointed, every such contributor respectively, his or her respective executors, administrators, or assigns, shall have an order for payment of such annuity and annuities, for and during and orders for such respective term, estate, or interest, as he, she, or they shall repayment. or ought to have therein, as aforesaid; which order shall be figured by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being; and after the signing thereof, the same shall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon No lord trea-the determination of the power, office or offices of them or surer, &c. to any of them, nor shall any lord high treasurer of England, revoke the treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury, now or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, or make void fuch orders to figned, as aforefaid, or any of them.

XIX. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance and pay forthwith into the receipt of the Exchequer, the furns by them intended to be advanced upon any of the terms aforefald, it is provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every such contributor, who shall advance and Contributors pay into the said receipt of Exchequer, all or any part of to be allowed the purchase-money payable for any such annuity or annuities, 51. per cent, as aforesaid, before the said first day of May, in the year of our interest for Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, his, her, or prompt paytheir executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be allowed and paid, out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the money so advanced, from the time of the actual advancing and paying the same, until the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and four.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Annuities may lawful to and for any contributor, his or her executors, be affigned or administrators, or assigns, at any time or times, during the devised. continuance of his or her term, estate, or interest, of and in any annuity to be purchased upon this act, by any writing under hand and feal, or by his or her last will in writing, to assign or devise such annuity and annuities, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatsoever, and so toties quoties; and no such assignment to be revokable, so as an entry or memorandum of affignment or will be made in books Entry thereof to be kept for that purpose in the said office of the auditor to be made on of the receipt, within the space of two months after such affidavit. assignment or death of the devisor, and that upon the producing such assignment, or will, or probate thereof, in the said office of receipt, to be entred as aforefaid, the party so producing the

Affidavits to be filed.

In default of affignment, &c. interest of contributorsto go to his executors, &c. Annuities to be deemed a personal estate, &c.

Guardians to infants may advance 150l. &c. to purchase an annuity, &c. and be discharged for so much.

Contributors to produce a certificate of the life of nominee, &c. figned by the minister and church wardens,

without fee; otherwife to make oath of nominee's life.

Justices to make a certificate thereof, &c.

fame, shall bring therewith an affidavit, taken before some person authorized to take affidavits in causes depending in any the courts at Westminster, of the due execution of the said affignment or will, which affidavits shall be severally filed in the said office; which said entry or memorandum the said officers in the said receipt of the Exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to sile the said affidavits, and in default of such affignment or devise, by deed or will, the interest of such contributor (not being such as is to determine by his or her death) shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted. That every estate of and in

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, That every effate of and in any annuity to be purchased upon this act, shall be detimed a personal estate, and (if the same be not such annuity as is to depend upon the contributor's own life) shall go to his executors and administrators, and not be descendable to the heir.

XXII. And be it forther enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any guardian or trustee, having the disposal of the money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, for the use or benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the sum of one hundred and sifty pounds of the money of such infant, to purchase any annuity upon this act for the benefit of such infant; and the said guardian and trustee, as to the said sum of one hundred and sifty pounds so advanced,

XXIII. And to the intent and purpose that all deceits

is hereby discharged.

in receiving any payment upon any of the faid annuities to be purchased for life or lives as aforesaid, may be prevented; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every contributor, for any of the faid annuities for life or lives, his or her executors, administrators or assigns, upon his or her demanding of any quarterly payment, upon such his or her. annuity (unless the nominee appear in person at the said receipt) shall produce a certificate of the life of his or her respective nominee, signed by the minister and churchwardens of the parish where such nominee shall be then living, upon the day when the faid quarterly payment shall become due (if fuch nominee shall be then residing in the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed) which certificate the said minister and churchwardens are hereby required to make without fee or reward, or otherwise it shall and may be lawful to and for every contributor, his or her executors, administrators and assigns, at his, her or their election, to make oath of the truth of his, her or their respective nominee's life, upon the day when the said payment shall become due, before any one or more justices of the peace of the respective county, riding, city, town, or place, wherein such person, at the time of making the said oath, shall reside; which oath he or they are hereby impowered to administer: and the said justice or justices shall make a certificate thereof, for which oath and certificate no fee or reward shall be received: and the said certificates shall be filed

in the faid office of the receipt of Exchequer; and if any perfor Penaltyon pershall be guilty of a false oath, or forging any certificate, son guilty of a touching the premisses, and be thereof lawfully convicted, he or falle outh or the shall incur the punishment to be inflicted upon persons who forging certifi-cate, sec.

commit wilful and corrupt perjury.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any nomines Certificate, for life or lives shall, at the time of such demand of any that nominee. quarterly payment, be resident in Scotlands or beyond the resident in seas, and any one or more of the barons of the Exchequer Scotland, or for the time being shall certify, that upon proof to him or living, to them made (which proof he and they is and are hereby autho- be sufficient rized and required to take in a fummary way) it doth feem for making probable to him or them that the faid nominee is living payment. (which certificate is to be given, and examination made, without fee or reward) the faid certificate being filed as aforefaid, shall be a sufficient warrant for the making of such quarterly payment to the respective contributor, his or her

executors, administrators or assigns.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Personsreceiv. That if any person or persons shall receive any one or more ing say quarquarterly payments, upon any of the faid annuities purchased terly payment for one or more lives as aforesaid, for any time beyond the after the death death of his, her or their mominee, when the same ought of mominee, to cease, such person shall be obliged to repay the sum, so by to repay the him or her received, into the receipt of Exchequer; and if the fame. same were obtained, either by forging any certificate of the life of fuch nominee, or by bringing any one to the faid receipt of Exchequer, to personate his or her appearance, every such person so fraudulently getting the said money, and every person so produced as aforesaid, shall forfeit treble the sum Penalty on so received, to be recovered by action of debt, in any of her personsobtain-Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by any person ing the same who shall sue for the same; in which action no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed: and moreover, the said persons so fraudulently getting the faid money, and the persons produced as aforefaid, and all other partakers in fuch forgery or fraud, shall be further punished for the same, according to the

XXVI. And be it further enacted, for the better encouraging All receipts persons to advance the said several sums on this act, That and issues in all receipts and iffues, and all other things directed by this the Exchequer act to be performed in the Exchequer, shall be done and shall be made performed by the officers there, without demanding or re-without fee. ceiving, directly or indirectly, any, fee, gratuity or reward for the fame; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer Penalty on shall take or demand any such see or reward, or shall divert officer taking or milapply any of the said weekly sums to be paid into the fee, or misapreceipt of the Exchequer, or any part of the montes which weekly sums should make good the payment of the said annuities, or or not making shall pay or issue out of the same otherwise than according entries.

Treble da-

mages.

- to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books and registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things, which by this act they are required to perform, every fuch officer shall forfeit his office, and be for the future incapable of any office or place of trust whatsoever, and shall answer and pay treble damages with costs of suit to every contributor or person who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin. protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, or more than orac imparlance, shall be granted or allowed; and in the said action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have his full costs; one third part of which fum, so to be recovered for damages, shall be to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors; and the other two third parts, with the costs, shall be to the

In case of faint use of the prosecutor: and in case there shall be any collusions profecution. contributor may bring another action.

Plaintiff on

recovery to have full cofts.

Officermaking

payment on certificate. hall not incur any penalty, &c.

Contributors to certify the death of noprinces,

and deliver up their tallies, &c. in 3 months after decease.

Penalty.

Moniesappropriated for payment of the annuities.

aforefaid. XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any officer of the Exchequer shall make any quarterly payment or payments upon such certificate as is before directed, fuch officer shall not incur any penalty, forfeiture, or disability for doing thereof, although the faid certificate be forged or false, or the said nominee be dead, unless the said officer did know, at the time of fuch payment, that the faid nominee was dead, or that the faid certificate was forged or false.

or faint profecution between the plaintiff and defendant in such

action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or

her executors, administrators, or assigns, to bring another

action, wherein he shall recover as aforesaid, to the uses

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every contributor for life or lives, as aforefaid, his or her executors, administrators, or affigns, within one month after notice of the death of any his or their respective nominee or nominees, shall certify such death to the auditor of the receipt of Exchequer for the time being, and within three months after notice of the determination of his, her, or their annuity or annuities, by the death or deaths of his, her, or their nominee or nominees, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered up, to the said auditor, his or their talley and order, by which he or they were or was intitled, during the life of such nominee or nominees, to receive fuch annuity or annuities, in case such talley and order be in his or their hands or power, and in default thereof, such contributor, his or her executors, administrators, and affigns, shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered by action of debt, as aforefaid, and to be had and received to the use of any person who shall sue for the same.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That so much of the monies arising by the said weekly payments out of the faid branches of excise, as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to discharge the said annuities from and after the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, during the continuance of the said annuities respectively, and so much of the said contributionmoney to be advanced on this act, as shall be sufficient to discharge all the payments which shall or may grow due on the faid annuities, from the faid twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four, until and for the said twenty. fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five inclusively, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated to and for the payment of the faid annuities, according to the true meaning of this act, and shall not be divertible or diverted to any other use, intent, or purpose whatfoever, under fuch penalties, forfeitures, and difabilities, as are before mentioned.

XXX. Provided always, That no person or persons whatso- One third part ever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase of the purchase or obtain, any annuity upon this act, for any term, estate, or money to be interest whatsoever, unless the whole, or one third part of the Paid by 1 May confideration money for the same, at such respective rate, as 1704. aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the said receipt of Exchequer, on or before the said first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four.

XXXI. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, Contributors as aforesaid, who shall on or before the said first day of May, not paying the one thousand seven hundred and four, have advanced one third parts within part only of his or her purchase money, his or her executors, the times liadministrators, or assigns, do not advance and pay into the re-mited, ceipt of Exchequer, one other third part of his or her confideration money, so to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, on or before the faid twenty fourth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the said twenty ninth day of September, in the same year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four; then, and in every such case respectively, no order shall be drawn or signed for such respective annuity for which the consideration money shall not be fully paid, as aforesaid, but so much of the consideration money as shall have been actually paid into the Exchequer for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited and lost to her Maje-such monties, so fly, her heirs and successors, and be applied, together with paid in, to be other the monies to be raised by this act, for the purposes forfeited, &c. aforefaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it Allowances to shall and may be lawful to and for the lord treasurer, or com- officers and millioners of the treasury for the time being, out of any the clerks, &c. monies of the faid weekly payments, to reward the officers and clerks in the Exchequer to be employed in the payment of the faid annuities, or any of them, for their labour, pains, and service therein respectively, in such proportions as to the lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being,

shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this

1703.

act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

If so many be not made by 1 May, 1704, as will raite 1,200,000l. &c.

Queen, &c. much as will make up the 1,200,000. &c.

ed.

Tallies and orders for repayment, &c.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authocontributions nity aforesaid. That if so many contributions upon this act, for such annuities as aforesaid, shall not be made on or before the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and four, as shall be sufficient (together with the several parts or proportions of the purchase money then remaining to be paid at or before such several days or times, as aforesaid) to raise the said whole fum of one million and two hundred thousand pounds, over and above the money necessary to discharge such annuities as shall be purchased, until the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five inclusively, as aforesaid; then immediately from and after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and four, it shall and may may borrow so be lawful to and for her Majesty, her heirs or successors, or her or their officers in the receipt of Exchequer, by command or appointment of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, to borrow and take into the faid receipt of Exchequer, of or from any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate (who have hereby power and authority to lend and advance the same) for the service of carrying on the said war, and other her necessary occasions, any sum or sums of money, which, together with the whole amount of all the confideration or purchase monies, paid or to be paid, in ready money or by proportions, as aforefaid, for the faid annuities, shall not exceed in the whole the faid sum of one million and two hundred thousand pounds, besides so much as shall be necessary to discharge the purchased annuities, until and for the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, as aforefaid; which loans shall be registred and repaid in course, according to the dates of the tallies, and interest shall be Interest allow- allowed for the faid loans after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, and payable quarterly; and the principal and interest of the said loans shall be charged upon, and payable out of, all the monies, which shall arise by the said weekly payments, over and above so much as will be sufficient to satisfy the said annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to the said patentees, and those claiming under them, and over and above so much as shall be sufficient to satisfy so many annuities as shall have been actually purchased upon this act: and that tallies of loan shall be levied for the monies for lent, and orders shall be drawn and signed for repayment of the same, with such interest as aforesaid, according to the course of the Exchequer; and that fuch orders, or any part thereof, shall be affignable, such affignments being first entred in the office

of the auditor of the faid receipt; and that no monies so to be lent shall be chargeable with any taxes, rates, or impositions; Monies so lent and all the monies arising by the said weekly payments out of not to be tax- the faid branches of excise (over and above so much as will be fufficient to fatisfy the faid annual payments, after the rate of

three pounds per centum per annum, and so many annuities as Weekly payshall have been actually purchased upon this act, as aforesaid) ments, &c. shall be applied and appropriated, and the same are hereby ap-appropriated propriated to and for the repayment of the said loans in course, for repaywith such interest as aforesaid, unto such person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, who shall lend or advance the same, as aforesaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, without any fee or charge whatsoever, and shall not be diverted or be di- without see. vertible to any other use or purpose whatsoever, under the like penalties and forfeitures as are by this act prescribed for diverting or misapplying any of the money that ought to be applied to the payment of the said annuities: and in case all the monies Monies not reso to be borrowed, with the interest thereof, shall not be repaid paid by 25 by or before the five and twentieth day of December, one thou- Dec. 1706. fand seven hundred and six, then the remainder thereof shall be how satisfied. fatisfied out of the next aids to be granted by parliament, after the same five and twentieth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and fix.

CAP. IV.

An att for the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, and wills, that shall be made of any bonors, manors, lands, tenements, or bereditaments, within the West Riding of the county of York, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven bundred and four.

WHEREAS the West riding of the county of York is the Farther provi-principal place in the North for the cloth manufacture, and some relating mest of the traders therein are freeholders, and have frequent occasions bereto by 5 to borrow money upon their eflates for managing their said trade, and 6 Annæ, c. 18.
but for want of a register find it difficult to give security to the c. 35. s. 34. fatisfaction of the money lenders (although the security they offer be really good) by means whereof the said trade is very much obstructed, and many families ruined: for the remedying whereof may it please your most excellent Majesty, at the humble request of the justices of the peace, gentlemen, and freeholders of the said West riding, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That a memorial of all deeds and conveyances, which A memorialof from and after the nine and twentieth day of September, in the all deeds and year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, shall be conveyances made and executed, and of all wills and devises in writing made made after 29 or to be made and published, where the devisor or testator shall of all wills, die after the said nine and twentieth day of September, of or &c. made in concerning, and whereby any honors, manors, lands, tene- the West ridments, or hereditaments in the faid West riding, may be any ing of Yorkway affected in law or equity, may, at the election of the party or parties concerned, be registred in such manner as is herein may be re-

after giftred.

ber

after directed; and that every deed or conveyance that shall, at any time after any memorial is so registred, be made and executed of the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or any part thereof, comprized or contained in any fuch memorial, shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration. unless such memorial thereof shall be registred as by this act is directed, before the registring of the memorial of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim; and that every devise by will of the honors. manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or any part thereof, mentioned or contained in any memorial fo registred, as aforesaid, that shall be made and published after the registring of fuch memorial, shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration, unless a memorial of such will be registred in such manner as is herein after directed.

Register's office to be kept at Wakefield.

II. And for settling and establishing a certain method, with proper rules and directions for registring such memorials, as aforesaid, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That one publick office for registring such memorials of and concerning any honors, manors, lands, tenements and hereditaments, that are situate, lying, and being within the said West riding, shall be established and kept at Wakefield, the nearest market town to the center or middle of the faid West riding, to be managed and executed by a fit and able person, to be from time to time elected and appointed in manner herein after directed, or his fufficient deputy, and to continue in the faid office for so long time as he shall well demean himself therein.

lotting. Manner of Election.

Register to be III. And be it enacted by the authority appointed, a man an elected by bal- elections of a register to be made or appointed by virtue of this III. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all act, shall be performed by ballotting in manner following (that is to fay) all the freeholders that at the time of any such election have an estate of freehold, of or in any lands, tenements, or hereditaments within the faid West riding, of the yearly value of one hundred pounds (to be determined by the oath of the elector, before the scrutators herein after-mentioned, if any doubt arise touching the same, which oath they are hereby impowered to administer) shall be electors of the said register; and that the justices of the peace for the said West riding, in that behalf affembled, or the major part of them, or any five of fuch justices to be appointed by such major part, shall be scrutators of the ballot; who shall meet on the day and place of election, and there, in the presence of the electors, shall place one or more glass vessels to be provided for that purpose, into which each e-lector present shall put one open paper, containing the name of fuch person as he approves of to be register: which papers shall be taken out again in the presence of the said scrutators, by a person by them in that behalf appointed; and the name or names of every person therein shall be once transcribed in diflinct columns, and under each name shall be set down the num-

ber of their electors, which shall be deliberately cast up by the faid scrutators, and the same shall be read over in the hearing, and fixt up in the view, of the electors then present; and the person upon whom the majority shall fall, shall be declared re-

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the Time of electric election of a person to be the first register, shall be made at the ing the first next general quarter fessions of the peace to be holden for the register. said West riding, after the feast of Easter, in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sour, in open court, on the second day of the said sessions, between the hours of nine

in the morning, and three in the afternoon.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when Upon death, and as often as the faid office shall become vacant by the death, &c. of regiforfeiture, or surrender of any such register, the justices of the ster a new one forfeiture, or surrender of any such register, the justices of the ner anew one peace for the said West riding, assembled at the general quarter seffions of the peace, next after such vacancy shall happen, or the major part of them, shall in open court declare the said vacancy, and by order of the same sessions shall appoint and prefix a certain day and time, within the space of one calendar month. and above three weeks enfuing the end of fuch general quarter sessions, for the electors to assemble at Wakefield aforesaid, to choole a fit and able person, in the manner aforesaid, to supply the said vacancy: and to the intent that all persons qualified to be electors, may have due notice of fuch vacancy, and time of election of a fucceeding register, the clerk of the peace for the time being for the faid West riding shall forthwith cause copies of fuch order, for the prefixing the time of fuch election, to be delivered to the respective chief constables of the several wapentakes within the faid West riding, who shall and are hereby required to publish the same in full market in every market town within their several wapentakes, on the next market day after the receipt thereof, and to affix the same in the most publick place of refort there.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon During the the death of any such register, and until another election of a vacancy, exeperson to execute that office shall be made in manner aforesaid, cutors of regiperson to execute that office shall be made in manner aforesaid, ster to appoint the executors and administrators of the register deceased, toge- a person to exther with the fureties for the faid register, or their executors and ecute the ofadministrators, shall appoint a proper person to execute the of-sice. fice of register, for whose demeanor in the execution of the said office the security given for such register deceased shall be an-

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How memo-That all and every memorials, so to be entred or registred, shall rials shall be be put into writing, in vellum or parchment, and directed to the written and directed, &c. register of the said office; and in case of deeds and conveyances, shall be under the hand and seal of some or one of the grantors, or some or one of the grantees, his or their guardians or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof to be one of the witnesses to the execution of such deed or conveyance; Vol. XI. which

Deeds and conveyances.

Wills.

which witness shall, upon his oath before the said register, or his deputy, prove the figning and fealing of the faid memorial, and the execution of the deed or conveyance mentioned in fuch memorial; and in case of wills, the memorials shall be under the hand and seal of some or one of the devisees, his or their guardians or truftees, attefted by two witnesses, one whereof shall, upon his oath before the said register or his deputy, prove the figning and fealing of fuch memorial; which respective oaths the faid register or his deputy is hereby impowered to administer.

What every memorial of any deed, conveyance, or tain.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every memorial of any deed, conveyance, or will, shall contain the day of the month, and the year when such deed, will fhall con- conveyance, or will bears date, and the names and additions of all the parties to fuch deed or conveyance, and of the devisor, or testatrix of such will, and of all the witnesses to such deed, conveyance, or will, and the places of their abode, and shall express or mention the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, contained in such deed, conveyance, or will, and the names of all the parishes, townships, hamlets, precincts, or extraparochial places, within the faid West riding, where any such honors, manors, lands, tenements, or heredi-

> taments are lying or being, that are given, granted, conveyed, devised, or any way affected or charged by any such deed, conveyance, or will, in such manner as the same are expressed or

dorse a certificate on every fuch deed, &c.

mentioned in fuch deed, conveyance, or will, or to the same Register to in- effect; and that every such deed, conveyance, and will, or probate of the same, of which such memorial is so to be registred, as aforesaid, shall be produced to the said register or his deputy, at the time of entring such memorial, who shall indorse a certificate on every fuch deed, conveyance, and will, or probate thereof, and therein mention the certain day, hour, and time on which such memorial is so entred and registred, expressing also in what book, page, and number the same is entred, and

that the faid register, or his deputy, shall sign the said certificate when so indorsed; which certificates shall be taken and allowed as evidence of fuch respective registries in all courts of record whatsoever; and that every page of such register books, and every memorial that shall be entred therein, shall be numbred,

Memorials to be numbred.

and the day of the month, and the year, and hour, or time of the day, when every memorial is registred, shall be entred in the margins of the faid register books, and of the faid memo-Register to rial; and that every such register shall keep an alphabetical cakeep an alphalendar of all parishes, extraparochial places, and townships within the said West riding, with reference to the number of betical calendar. every memorial that concerns the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in every fuch parish, extraparochial

Memorials to be filed and entred in or-

place, or township respectively, and of the names of the parties mentioned in such memorial; and that such register shall duly file every such memorial in order of time, as the same shall be brought to the faid office, and enter or register the said memorials in the same order that they shall respectively come to his

IX. And be it further enacted. That every such register, before he enter upon the execution of the faid office, shall be fworn before the justices of the peace for the faid riding, or any three or more of them that shall be prefine at his election (who are hereby impowered and required to administer such oath) in thefe words:

OU shall truly and faithfully perform and execute the office and Register's duty that is directed and required by act of parliament, in re-oath. gistring memorials of deeds, conveyances, and wills, within the West riding of the county of York, so long as you shall continue in the said office; and that you have not given nor promised, directly nor indirectly, nor authorized any person to give or promise any money, gratuity, or reward whatsoever, for procuring or obtaining the said office for you:

So help you GOD.

X. And that when and as often as the faid register shall ap-Register's depoint any deputy to execute the faid office, such deputy shall, puty to take before he enter upon the execution thereof, take the faid oath the faid oath. appointed to be taken by the register, before two or more justices of the peace for the faid riding, who are hereby impowered and required to administer such oath; and that every register, Register to at the time of his being sworn into the said office, shall also give 2,000le enter into a recognizance with two or more sufficient sureties, security. to be approved of by five or more of the justices of the peace of the said riding that were present at his said election, by writing under their hands and seals, to be registred at the next general quarter sessions of the peace for the said riding, of the penalty of two thousand pounds unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, to be taken by the same justices of the peace that approved of his security, conditioned for his true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office: The same to be transmitted by the same justices of the peace, within one month next after the date thereof, into the office of her Majesty's remembrancer of the Exchequer, there to remain amongst the records of the said court.

XI. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the If no misseauthority aforesaid, That when any register shall die, or sur-haviourappear render his office, and that within the space of three years, from in 3 years after death, &co. and after fuch death or furrender, no milbehaviour appear to of register, have been committed by such register, in the execution of his such recogni-said office, then and in such case, at the end of the said three raid years after his death or furrender, the faid recognizance, fo entred void. into by him, shall become void and of no effect, to all intents

and purpoles whatfoever.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Times of at-That every such register, or his sufficient deputy, shall give due tendance in attendance at his office every day in the week (except Sundays the office.

and holidays) between the hours of nine and twelve in the forenoon, and the hours of two and five in the afternoon, for the dispatch of all business belonging to the said office; and that every fuch register or his deputy, as often as required, shall make fearches concerning all memorials that are registred, as aforefaid, and give certificates concerning the same under his hand, if required by any person.

Allowances for entring memorials,

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every fuch register shall be allowed for the entry of every fuch memorial, as is by this act directed, the sum of one shilling, and no more, in case the same do not exceed two hundred words; but if such memorial shall exceed two hundred words, then after the rate and proportion of fix pence an hundred, for all the words contained in such memorial, over and above the first two hundred words: and the like fees for the like number of words, contained in every certificate or copy given out of the said office, and no more, and for every search in the said office one shilling, and no more.

and for certificates.

Penalty on register, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any such register or his deputy shall neglect to perform his or their duty in the execution of the said office, according to the rules and directions in this act mentioned, or commit, or fuffer to be committed, any undue or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, and be thereof lawfully convicted, that then such register shall forfeit his said office, and pay treble damages with full costs of suit to every such person or persons as shall be injured thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill; plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance.

Treble damages.

Person nomiof register to execute the office (while vacant) to oath as regifter.

nated on death minated, as aforesaid, upon the death of any register, to execute the said office, during the time the same shall be vacant, as aforesaid, shall, before he enter upon the execution thereof, take the oath herein before appointed to be taken by fuch regitake the same ster, and his deputy, before two or more justices of the peace for the faid riding (who are hereby impowered to administer the same oath) and that if such person, so nominated, shall be lawfully convicted of any neglect, misdemeanor, or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, during fuch vacancy, he shall be liable to pay treble damages, with full costs of fuit,

XV. And be it further enacted, That the person to be no-

Treble damages.

> aforesaid. XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That this act shall not extend to any copyhold estates, or to any leases at a rack rent, or to any leafe not exceeding one and twenty years, where the actual possession and occupation goeth along with the lease; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

to every person that shall be injured thereby, to be recovered as

Act not to extend to copyhold or leafehold estates.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Manors, lands, where there are more writings than one, for making and per- &c. to be but feeting any conveyance or security, which do name, mention, in the memoor any ways affect or concern the same honours, manors, lands, rial, &c. where tenements, or hereditaments, it shall be a sufficient memorial, there are more and register thereof if all the said honours, manors, lands, te-writings than nements, and hereditaments, and the parishes, townships, ham-one for mak-ing the conlets, or extraparochial places, where the fame lie, be only once veyance, &c. named or mentioned in the memorial, register, and certificate of any one of the deeds or writings, made for the perfecting of such conveyance or security; and that the dates of the rest of the said deeds or writings, relating to the said conveyance or fecurity, with the names and additions of the parties and witnesses, and the places of their abodes, be only set down in the memorials, registers, and certificates of the same, with a reference to the deed or writing whereof the memorial is so regifired, that contains or expresses the parcels mentioned in all the faid deeds, and directions how to find the registring the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Amemorial of That a memorial of such deeds, conveyances, and wills, as deeds, &c. shall be made and executed or published in London, or in any made in London, which other place not within forty miles of the faid West riding, which concern any do or may concern or affect any honours, manors, lands, tene-lands in the ments, or hereditaments in the faid West riding, shall be en-west riding tred or registred by the aforesaid register or his deputy, in case an may be regiaffidavit sworn before any one of the indees at Magazin and stred on affiaffidavit Iworn before any one of the judges at Westminster, or davit. a master in Chancery, be brought with the said memorial to the said register or his deputy, wherein one of the witnesses to the execution of fuch deeds and conveyances shall swear he or she faw the fame executed, and the memorial figned and fealed as abovefaid, or wherein one of the witnesses to the memorial of any will shall swear he or she saw such memorial signed and sealed as abovesaid; and the same shall be a sufficient authority to the faid register, or his deputy, to give the party that brings fuch memorial and affidavit, a certificate of the registring such memorial; which certificate, signed by the said register or his Register to deputy, shall be taken and allowed as evidence of the registries give certificate of the same memorials in all courts of record whatsoever; any thereupon. thing in this act to the contrary thereof contained in any wife notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Penalty on That if any person or persons shall at any time forge or counter-forging or feit any such memorial or certificate as are herein before menti-counterfeiting oned and directed, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such permemorials or
certificates. fon or persons shall incur and be liable to such pains and penalties as in and by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act against forgers of 5 Eliz. c. 140 false deeds and writings, are imposed upon persons for forging or publishing of false deeds, charters, or writings sealed, court rolls, or wills, whereby the freehold or inheritance of any person or persons of, in, or to any lands, tenements, or

Penalty on person for-Iwearing him-Celf.

hereditaments, shall or may be molested, troubled, or charged; and that if any person or persons shall at any time forswear himfelf before the faid register, or his deputy, or before any judge or master in Chancery, in any of the cases aforesaid, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur and be liable to the same penalties, as if the same oath had been made in any of the courts of record at Westminster.

Memorials of wills entred in 6 months in England, &c. or in 3 years after for dying beyond fea, to pe valid.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That all memorials of wills that shall be registred in manner as aforesaid, after death of within the space of six months after the death of every respectdevisor, dying ive devisor or testatrix, dying within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, or within the space of three years after the death of every respective dedeath of devi- visor or testatrix, dying upon or in any parts beyond the seas, shall be as valid and effectual against subsequent purchasers, as if the same had been registred immediately after the death of fuch respective devisor or testatrix; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Proviso in case of wills contested.

XXI. Provided always, that in case the devisee, or person or persons interested in the honours, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, devised by any such will, as aforesaid, by reason of the contesting such will, or other inevitable difficulty, without his, her, or their wilful neglect or default, shall be disabled to exhibit a memorial for the registry thereof, within the respective times herein before limited, then and in such case the registry of the memorial, within the space of fix months next after his, her, or their attainment of fuch will, or a probate thereof, or removal of the impediment, whereby he, she, or they are disabled or hindred to exhibit such memorial, shall be a sufficient registry within the meaning of this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

No member of parliament to be chosen regifter; or rerifter to be ber of parliament.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no member of parliament, for the time being, shall be capable of being chosen register, or of executing, by himself or any other person, the said office, or have, take, or receive chosen a mem- any fee or other profit whatsoever, for or in respect thereof; nor shall any register, or his deputy, for the time being, be capable of being chosen a member to serve in parliament.

Publick act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act; and all judges and justices are hereby required as such to take notice thereof, without special pleading the same,

CAP. V.

An att to repeal a proviso in an att of the fourth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, which prevents the citizens of the city of York from disposing of their personal estates by their wills, as others inhabiting within the province of York by that att may do.

HEREAS by an all made and passed in the fourth year of the . W. & M. reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, c. 2. intituled, An act that the inhabitants of the province of York may dispose of their personal estates by their wills, notwithstanding the custom of that province: in which act there is a proviso, that nothing in the faid act contained should extend or be construed to extend to the citizens of the cities of York and Chester, who were or should be freemen of the faid respective cities, inhabiting therein, or within the suburbs thereof, at the time of their death: but that every such citizen's widow and children should and might have and enjoy such reasenable part and proportion of the testator's personal estate, as she or they might or ought to have had by the custom of the province of York, before the making of the faid act: and whereas notwithstanding the mayor and commonalty, on behalf of the inhabitants of the faid city of York, bave bumbly defired that the said proviso may be repealed, fo that the freemen of the faid city may have the benefit of the faid act of parliament, as well as all other persons inhabiting within the faid province; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the six and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, the said proviso, so far as the same concerns the citizens of the city of York, shall be repealed and is hereby repealed and made null and void, so that from thenceforth it shall and may be lawful for all and every the citizens of the said city of York, who are or shall be freemen of the said Freemen of city, inhabiting therein, or within the suburbs thereof, at the pose of their time of their death, by their last wills and testaments, to give, personal esbequeath, and dispose of their goods, chattles, debts, and other tates by will. personal estates, to their executor or executors, or to such other person or persons as the said testator or testators shall think sit, as any other person or persons inhabiting or residing within the faid province of York may lawfully do by virtue of the faid act : Widows or and that from and after the said six and twentieth day of children bar-March, the widows, children, and other kindred of such testa-red from tor or testators, shall be barred to claim or demand any part of claim, otherthe goods, chattles, or other personal estate of the testator or wise than by testators, in any other manner, than as by the said last wills testators, in any other manner, than as by the said last wills and testaments is limited and appointed; any thing in the said act, or any other law, statute, or usage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

II. Provided, and be it enacted, That this act shall be taken Publick act. and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act;

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Anno secundo & tertio ANNÆ. C. 6. [1703.

and all judges and justices are required as such to take notice thereof without special pleading the same.

CAP. VI.

An act for the increase of seamen, and better encouragement of navigation, and security of the coal trade.

THEREAS the giving due encouragement to such of the youth

of this kingdom, as shall voluntarily betake themselves to the fea service, and practice of navigation, and obliging others, who, by reason of their own or their parents poverty, are destitute of employment, or any lawful means whereby to maintain themselves, may greatly tend to the increase of able and experienced mariners and seamen, for the service of her Majesty's royal navy, and for the carrying on the trade and commerce of this kingdom; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March. in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, it shall and may be lawful to and for two or more justices of the peace, in their several and respective counties, ridings, or divifions, as also to and for all mayors, aldermen, bailiffs, and other chief officers and magistrates of any city, borough, or town corporate, within her Majesty's kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, and likewife to and for the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor (for the time being) of the several and respective parishes within the places aforesaid, by and with the consent and approbation of such justices of the peace, mayors, aldermen, bailiffs, or other the chief officers or magistrates aforesaid, to bind and put out any boy or boys, who is, are, or shall be of the age of ten years, or upwards, or who is, are, or shall be chargeable, or whose parents are or shall become chargeable to the respective parish or parishes wherein they inhabit, or who shall beg for alms, to be apprentice and apprentices to the sea service, to any of her Majesty's subjects, being masters or owners of any ship or vessel used in sea service, and belonging to any port or ports within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town

Parish boys may be put out apprentices to the sea service,

24

to mafters of thips, &c.

Boys age to be apprentice: and to the end that the time of the continuance inferted in his of the service of such apprentice or apprentices may the more indenture, &c. plainly and certainly appear, the age of every such boy, so to be bound apprentice, shall be mentioned and inserted in his indentures, being taken truly from a copy of the entry in the re-

gister book, wherein the time of his being baptized is or shall be entred (where the same can or may be had) which copy shall be given and attested by the minister, vicar, or curate of such

of *Berwick* upon *Tweed* aforesaid, for so long time, and until such boys shall respectively attain or come to the age of one and twenty years; and such binding out any such apprentice shall be as effectual in the law, to all intents and purposes, as if such

parith

parish or parishes, wherein such boys baptism shall be registred, without fee or reward, and may be writ upon paper or parchment without any stamp or mark; and where no such entry of such boys being baptized can be found, two or more of such justices of the peace, and such mayors, aldermen, bailiffs, or other chief officers shall, as fully as they can, inform themselves of such boy's age, and from such information shall insert the same in the said indentures; and the age of such boy so inferted and mentioned in the faid indentures (in relation to the continuance of his service) shall be taken to be his true age, without any further proof thereof.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Churchward-That the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor for the time ens to pay being, of the several and respective parishes, from whence any down 50s. for boys necessary such boy shall be bound apprentice to the said service, as afore-cloathing, &c. said, shall pay down to such master, to whom the boy is bound, and be allowat the time of his binding, the sum of fifty shillings, to pro-ed the same in vide necessary cloathing and bedding for sea service, for such their accounts. boy; and the charges by this act appointed shall be allowed to

the faid churchwardens and overfeers on their accounts.

III. And whereas in many large parishes within this realm, there are several townships or villages, and overseers of the poor are chosen and appointed within and for each fuch township or village respectively;
be it therefore enacted, That the overseers of the poor of every the poor of fuch township or village shall and may, from time to time, any township within every such township or village, do, perform, and execute or village may all and every the acts, powers, and authorities hereby enacted act as churchor directed to be done, performed, or executed by the church-wardens. wardens or overfeers of the poor of a parish; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithflanding.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No fuch ap-That no fuch apprentice or apprentices shall be compelled, or prentice to be impressed, or permitted or suffered to list or enter him or them-impressed, &c. selves into her Majesty's service at sea, or enter into the sea ser-old. vice of her Majesty's heirs or successors, till such apprentice or

apprentices respectively arrive to the age of eighteen years.

V. And be it further enacted, That the churchwardens and Apprentices overfeers of the parish, out of which any such boy shall be indentures to bound an apprentice, shall send the said indentures to the col- be sent to the lector of her Majesty's customs, residing at or belonging to any the port port or ports within this kingdom of England, dominion of whereunto his Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, whereunto such master bemasters or owners of ships or vessels, to whom such apprentice longs. or apprentices shall be bound, do or may belong; who shall, Collector to in a fair book or books to be by him kept for that purpose, enter the same fairly enter, from time to time, all and every indenture and in-gratis, &c. dentures, whereby such apprentice and apprentices shall be bound, and which shall be so sent unto him, and shall make an indorsement upon the said indentures of the registry thereof, subscribed by the said collector, without taking any fee or other reward for the same: and every such collector neglecting or re-

fufing to enter fuch indentures, and indorfe the fame, or making

Penalty on collector neglecting.

Lord admiral to grant protections for ces, gratis.

false entries, shall forseit the sum of sive pounds for the use of the poor of the parish, from whence such boy was bound apprentice: and all and every fuch collector or collectors, or his or their lawful deputy or deputies, of the faid several and respective ports, shall from time to time transmit certificates in writing, under his or their hands, to the lord high admiral of England, or to the commissioners of the admiralty for the time being, containing the names and ages of every such apprentice respectively, and to what ship he belongs; and upon receipt of fuch certificates, protections shall, from time to time, be made and given for such apprentices, till they attain their several and such apprenti. respective ages of eighteen years, without any see or reward to be taken for the same; which certificates, so as aforesaid to be given, are not required to be writ upon stampt paper or parch-VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That all and every the person and persons, to whom any poor parish boy hath been, or hereafter shall be, put apprentice, according to the statute made in the forty third year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, may, with the consent and approbation of two or more justices of the peace of the same county, and dwelling in or near the same parish, where such poor boy was bound apprentice, or by and with the consent and appro-

Parish bovs bound ap, be turned over to the lea fer-

affignment to be registred. Altered by

4 Annæ, c. 19. f. 16.

All fuch ap-18 years old exempted from the 6d. per month to Greenwich hospital.

bation of any mayor, alderman, bailiff, or other chief officer or magistrate of any city, borough, or town corporate, where fuch poor boy was bound apprentice, at the request of the master or mistress, then living, of such apprentices, or his or their executors, administrators, or assigns, by indenture, asfign and turn over such poor boy apprentice to any master or prentices, may owner of any such ship or vessel, using the sea service, aforesaid, for and during the then remaining time of his apprenticeship; which assignment and assignments of such apprentices, so as aforesaid, shall be, and are hereby declared to be Indentures of good and effectual in the law: all which indentures of affignment are hereby directed to be registred, and certificates thereof given and transmitted by such collector, at the said several ports where such parish apprentices shall be so assigned over, and bound to the sea service, in manner and form aforesaid; and upon receipt of such certificates, protections shall, from time to time, be made and given for such apprentices (so to be asfigned over, as aforesaid) till they shall attain their several and respective ages of eighteen years, without see or reward for the same, in like manner as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, prentices until That all and fingular fuch poor boys as are herein before-mentioned, or intended by this act to be bound and put out, and fuch as shall be affigued over to the sea service, as aforesaid, during their several and respective apprenticeships, till such time as they shall attain their several and respective ages of eighteen years, shall be, and are hereby declared to be exempt-

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ed, freed, and discharged of and from payment of six pence See 2 Geo. 2. per month towards the better supporting of Greenwich Hospital, c. 7. s. 36. the act of parliament made in the seventh and eighth years of 7 & 8 W. 3. the reign of the late King William the Third (of glorious memory) intituled, An ast for the increase and encouragement of seamen, or any clause in the same contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. And for the better providing fuch apprentices with Mafters of masters for the said service; be it further enacted by the au-ships, &c. thority aforesaid, That all and every of her Majesty's subjects, obliged to being masters or owners of any ship or ships, vessel or vessels, prentices. used in the sea service, as aforesaid, of the burthen of thirty tun to the burthen of fifty tun, be obliged to take one fuch By + Annæ apprentice, and one more for the next fifty tun, and one more c. 19 lect. 16. for each and every hundred tun, such ship or vessel shall ex- be bound to take ceed the burthen of one hundred tun: and fuch master or own- a boy under 18 er of any ship or vessel, refusing to take such apprentice or ap-years of age, prentices, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds for &c. the use of the poor of the parish from whence such boy was bound apprentice.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every mafter or owner and to give an of fuch ship or ships, vessel or vessels, so obliged to take such account of apprentice or apprentices, after his arrival into any port or ports their names, aforesaid, and before he clears out of such port, shall give an account in writing, under his hand, to the collector of fuch

port to which he belongs, containing the names and numbers of fuch apprentices as are then remaining in his fervice.

X. And for the better conveying and conducting all and every fuch apprentice and apprentices, so to be bound, as aforesaid, to his or their respective master and masters; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every such apprentice and apprentices shall, from time to time, be severally and tices shall be respectively sent, conducted, and conveyed to the several and conveyed to respective ports, to which his or their master shall respectively the ports to belong, by the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor, or which their masters betheir agents, of the parish from whence such apprentice is bound, long. and the charges thereof to be in the same manner, as it is provided by an act of parliament made in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, PI & 12W. 4. intituled, An aet for the more effectual punishment of vagrants, and c. 18. sending them whither by law they ought to be sent.

XI. And it is hereby directed, That the counterpart of all The counterand every fuch indentures, to be executed by the feveral and parts of their respective masters of all such apprentices, shall be sealed and indentures to be transmitted executed in the presence of, and attested by, the collector at to the churchthe port aforesaid, (where such apprentices shall be bound or wardens, &c. assigned over) and the constable or other officer, who shall bring or convey fuch apprentices to the said several and respective masters; which constables or officers last mentioned shall transmit and convey the counterparts of fuch indentures to the church wardens and overfeers of the several parishes from whence

fuch apprentices shall be bound, by the same ways and means as such apprentice or apprentices were conveyed to the said several and respective ports.

Tuftices to determine complaints between masters and apprentices.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That two or more justices of the peace of the respective counties, and dwelling in or near any of the ports aforefaid, and all mayors, aldermen, bailiffs, and other chief officers and magistrates of any city, borough, or town corporate, in or near adjoining to fuch port or ports, to which such ship or vessel shall at any time arrive, shall have full power and authority, and are hereby authorized and impowered to inquire into, and examine, hear, and determine all complaints of hard or ill usage from the several and respective masters, to such their apprentice or apprentices, so to be bound or assigned over, as aforesaid, and also of all such as already have, or who shall at any time hereafter voluntarily put themselves apprentice to the sea service, as aforesaid, and to make such orders therein, as now they are enabled by law to do in other cases between masters and apprentices. XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Collector to keep a regifter, &c.

copy thereof to the quarter fessions, &c.

Penalty.

gratis.

Officer to infert on the cocquet, the number of men and boys on board, &c.

That every fuch collector in every port or ports aforefaid, shall, in their several and respective stations, keep an exact register, containing as well the number and burthen of all fuch thips and vessels, together with the masters or owners names, as also the names of fuch apprentices in each thip and vessel belonging to their respective ports, and from what parishes and places and transmit a such apprentices were respectively sent; and that such collectors shall transmit true copies of such register, signed by them, to the quarter fessions, or to such cities, boroughs, towns corporate, parishes, or places, when and so often as they shall be reasonably required so to do; for which copy or copies, so to be transmitted as aforesaid, no see or reward shall be taken: and that every fuch collector refusing or wilfully neglecting to transmit such copies, as aforesaid, shall for every such refusal or neglect forfeit five pounds for the use of the poor of the parish, from whence such boy was bound apprentice.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every custom-house officer or officers, at each and every of the ports aforefaid, shall insert, and are hereby required from time to time, to insert at the bottom of their cocquets, the number of men and boys on board the respective ships or vessels, at their going out of every such port, therein particularly describing the apprentices by their respective names, ages, and the dates of their several indentures, for which no fee or reward shall be taken.

XV. And for the encouragement of all fuch as have, or shall voluntarily bind themselves apprentices to the sea service; Persons volun- be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and tarily binding every such person and persons, who have or shall so voluntarily, and of his or their own accord, bind or put him or themselves to fea service, apprentice to any such masters or owners of any ship or vessel, not to be im- as aforesaid, shall not be compelled or imprest into her Majesty's

themselves apprentices fea fervice, or the sea service of her Majesty's heirs or suc-pressed for 3 cessors, for and during the term of three years, to be accounted years. from the dates of the respective indentures of such voluntary apprentice or apprentices; all which indentures are hereby disection, rected to be registred, and certificates thereof given and trans- Indentures to mitted by such collector at the said several ports, where such apprentices already have become so bound, or that hereafter shall and protections ob ind themselves, in manner and form as aforesaid; upon rethe said 3 ceipt of which said several certificates, protections shall, from years, time to time, be made and given, for the said first three years of their several respective apprenticeships, without either see or reward for the same.

XVI. And forasmuch as divers dissolute and idle persons, rogues, All lewd and vagabonds and flurdy beggars, notwithflanding the many good and disorderly whilesome laws to the contrary, do continue to wander up and down, deemed vapilifering and begging through all parts of this kingdom, to the great gabonds or disturbance of the peace and tranquility of the realm; for the more sturdy begeffectually suppressing such disorderly persons, and to the end gars, by 39 that they may be made serviceable and beneficial to their Eliz. c. 4. to country; be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That and conveyed all lewd and disorderly men servants, and every such person into the and persons, both men and boys, that are deemed and adjudged Queen's sea rogues, vagabonds, and sturdy beggars (not being felons) by an fervice. act of parliament made in the nine and thirtieth year of the reign of the said late Queen Elizabeth, for punishing of rogues, vagabonds, and sturdy beggars, shall be and are hereby directed to be taken up, sent, conducted, and conveyed into her Majesty's service at sea, or the service at sea of her Majesty's heirs or fucceffors, by fuch ways, methods, and means, and in such manner and form, as is directed for vagrants by the said before-mentioned act of parliament, made in the faid eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of the said late King William the Third, For the more effectual punishment of vagrants, and send- 11 & 12 W. 3. ing them whither by law they ought to be sent.

XVII. And whereas owners and masters of merchant ships are at great charge in educating and bringing up the parish children, till they come to the age of eighteen years, and other voluntary apprentices three years, at which time they are capable to serve in her Majesty's ships of war; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, When when such such apprentices shall be impressed, or voluntarily enter them-apprentices selves into her Majesty's service, the said owners or masters of shall be imsuch apprentices, their executors, administrators, or assigns, masters to shall be intituled to able seamens wages for such of their appearance have able seaperentices, as shall upon due examination be found qualified for mean wages the same, notwithstanding their indentures of apprenticeship.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, forfeitures, That all the penalties and forfeitures directed by this act, shall, how to be levely warrant under the hands and seals of any two or more ju-vied. Stices of the peace, of the same county, city, borough or town corporate, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattles of the offender, which sale shall be good in the law against such offender.

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XIX. And

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7 & 8 W. 3. G. 21.

\$ & 9 W. 3.

C. 23.

XIX. And whereas upon the act of parliament, before mentioned. made in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of the said late King William the Third, intituled, An act for the increase and encouragement of seamen; as also upon the ast of parliament made in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of the said late King William the Third, intituled, An act to enforce the act for the encouragement of seamen, several doubts have arose whether any disabled seamen,

disabled seamen, their wives and children, &c.

to be maintained in

Greenwich

hospital.

their children, or the widows and children of seamen slain, killed, or drowned in sea service, other than such as are expressy qualified by the faid last mentioned acts, may be admitted and provided for in Greenwich hospital, when any vacancies happen therein; be it therefore enacted, for the encouragement of all persons who do or shall Lord admiral ferve at fea, That at any time hereafter, when any such vato appoint any cancy or vacancies shall happen in the said hospital, that the lord high admiral of England, or commissioners executing the office of lord high admiral of England for the time being, shall have full power and authority, and is and are hereby impowered and authorized, from time to time, to nominate and appoint any disabled seamen, their wives and children, and the widows and children of feamen slain, killed, or drowned in sea service, to be maintained and provided for in the faid hospital, as the faid lord high admiral, or commissioners executing the office of lord high admiral, shall think fit or see occasion; any thing in the faid two feveral acts of parliament last mentioned, or in the letters patents in the said acts mentioned, contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding. XX. And for the encouraging all such ships or vessels as shall be im-

ployed in bringing coals for supplying the city of London, and other ports of this kingdom, at more reasonable rates than during this war they Allowances of have hitherto been; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That

ployed in the coal trade.

men free from from after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand impressing im- seven hundred and four, there shall be allowed yearly, during the present war, free from impressing, to every master of any ship or vessel imployed in the coal trade, beside the said master and master's mate, and carpenter, one able seaman for every hundred tun in burthen, not exceeding three hundred tuns. that fuch ship or vessel contains, which shall be made appear by a certificate from the custom-house, of what number of

5&6W.&M. C.10.

Penalty on officer impreffing men

io allowed.

tuns such ship or vessel is really of, according to the gages or measures mentioned in an act passed in the fifth and sixth year of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, For laying a duty on tunnage of shipping; and if any captain, lieutenant, or other officer, shall presume to impress or take any of the men allowed by this act, as aforefaid, such captain, lieutenant, or other officer, shall forfeit to the master or owner of such ship or vessel, ten pounds for every man he shall so impress or take, to be recovered with costs of suit, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege, injunction, or order

of restraint, shall be in any wise granted or allowed.

CAP. VII.

An act for enlarging the term of years granted by an act passed in the session of parliament, held in the eleventh and twelfth years of King William the Third, for repair of Dover harbour.

21 & 12 W. 3. c. 5. for the repair of Dover harbour, continued from 1709. to 1718. Continued by 9 Geo. 1. c. 30. sect. 1. to May 1744. Penalty on thip failing in or through the gates of the works without first taking down her fails. No fullage to be thrown into the bason of the harbour. Continued by 11 Geo. 2, c. 7. for 21 years.

CAP. VIII.

An act for erecting a work-house in the city of Worcester, and setting the poor on work there.

A corporation to be for ever in the city of Worcester, to consist of the Explained and perions hereafter expressed. How the elections shall be made. Mi- made more efnisters to give notice in the church of the day and time of election. fectual by Benefactor may be elected a member for one year. In case of death of 3Geo.2.C.23. any person elected, a new election to be made. In case of deficiency in any parish of fit persons to be chose guardians, the same may be elected out of any other parish. The guardians of the poor of the city of Worcester made for ever a body politick, and may purchase lands. Officers to be elected yearly. No officer compelled to serve longer than two years. Treasurer to continue but for one year. Guardians may be displaced on just cause. A court to be held yearly the first Thursday in every month. Eleven of the guardians to conflitute a court. The governor may at any time hold a court; and at the defire of ten of the guardians an extraordinary affembly may be held. The court may furnmen the inhabitants to appear before them. Guardians may appoint a common feal, make by-laws, conftitute committees, and fettle one or more hospital, work-house, &c. Guardians to provide materials for fetting the poor to work, and compel beggars, &c. to work in such work-house; and all persons sent into houses of correction; and poor children, &c. until fifteen years old; and then bind them apprentices for seven years. Guardians may punish persons in the workhouse not conforming to the rules thereof. A committee of sive guardians to be appointed for punishing offenders. Court to ascertain the fums needful for fettling such hospital or work-house, &c. to be raised in two years; and to afcertain the weekly fums for the maintenance and imployment of the poor of the hospital, &c. assess the said sums in equal proportion, and certify the same to the mayor and aldermen, &c. Persons unequally affessed may appeal. In case mayor, &c. neglect to iffue out warrants for levying the affefiments, &c. Corporation may do the same. Corporation to provide for maintenance of the poor of the city, &c. except the poor otherwise provided for. Corporation may examine churchwardens, &c. on oath, grant warrants to apprehend rogues, vagabonds, &c. and cause them to be set to work for 6 months. The corporation not to have any power over any alms-house, &c. in the faid city, &c. Court may choose a clerk, and other officers, and serwants needful; and on death or removal choose others, and allow them Treasurer to account yearly, and deliver over what out of the stock. shall be in his hands to the succeeding treasurer. No person to be elected a guardian, unless he pay 6d. a week to the poor. Corporation may contract with any parish in the county for employing their poor, Sec. Continuance of any poor persons in the work-house not to be deemed a settlement. Election of all officers, except guardians to be by ballot. No cloth or stuff manufactured in the work-house, to be sold by retail in Worcester city. But may be imployed for cloathing the poor of the corporation.

CAP. IX.

An att for granting to ber Majesty an additional subsidy of tunnage and poundage for three years; and for laying a further duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize. and for afcertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the East Indies.

Most gracious Sovereign,

9 W. 3. C. 23. WHEREAS by an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy on tunnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses therein mentioned, during his Majesty's life; it was enacted, That over and above all subsidies of tunnage and poundage, and over and above all additional duties, impositions, and other duties whatsoever, therein mentioned, there should be raised and paid to his Majesty one other fublidy called Tunnage, for and upon all wines, which from and after the last day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand fix hundred ninety nine, at any time or times, during his Majesty's life, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed; and one further subsidy called Poundage, of all manner of goods and merchandizes imported or brought into this realm, or any his Majesty's dominions to the same belonging, at any time or times after the said last day of January, one thousand six hundred ninety nine, during his Majesty's life, by way of merchandize (except such goods and merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with such abatements, regulations, directions for making repayments or allowances upon exportation, and subject to fuch rules and other matters and things touching the said several substadies, as in the said act are expressed; which said further subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wine, goods, and merchandizes, granted by the act above recited, are to be raifed and paid to your Majesty, during your life, by virtue of another act of parliament made and passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, Annæ, stat. I. intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, as by the said acts (relation being thereunto severally bad) may more fully appear: Now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of *England*, in parliament affembled, for the better enabling your Majesty to carry on the present war, and to defray your other necessary expences, do cheerfully and unanimously give and grant unto your most excellent Majesty, the additional rates, duties, and fums of money herein after-mentioned, and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled,

C.7.

Vol. XI.

and by the authority of the same, That over and above the subsidies of tunnage and poundage above-mentioned, and over and above all other subsidies, additional duties, impositions, and payments whatfoever, by any other act or acts of parliament One other or otherwise however already due or payable, or which ought to subsidy of be paid to her Majesty for or upon any wines, goods, or tunnage upon merchandizes whatsoever, imported or to imported, there shall wines imbe raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto her Majesty ported after 8 one other subsidy called Tunnage, for and upon all wines which for 3 years. from and after the eighth day of March, in the year of our Farther conti-Lord one thousand seven hundred and three, at any time or mudby Annz. times within or during the space of three years from thence c. 6. 5 Annæ, next and immediately ensuing, shall be imported or brought c. 19. and perinto the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of 1 Geo. 1. state Berwick upon Tweed, that is to fay, one third part of fuch or 2. c. 12. s. 8. the like several and respective duties, as by the said recited acts, or either of them; are imposed or payable for or upon any kind of wine or wines respectively; and one other subsidy called Poundage, of all manner of goods and merchandizes to be imported or brought into this realm, or any her Majesty's dominions to the same belonging, at any time or times after Poundage on the said eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and all goods imthree, during the faid term of three years, by way of merchan-ported for 1 dize; that is to fay, one third part of such or the like several years. and respective duties, as by the said recited acts, or either of Altered as to them, are imposed or payable for or upon the same goods and Geo. I. C. 21. merchandizes respectively, except such goods and other mer- 6.1. chandizes as by the faid acts, or either of them, are exempted Exceptions. from payment of the subsidies thereby granted.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That in all cases where by the said former acts, or either of them, any drawbacks or abate-Drawbacks ments are to be made of the whole or any part of the duties there- and abateby imposed, there shall be in the like cases proportionable draw-ments. backs and abatements made of the whole or part of the duties by this act granted respectively; and that the several subsidies and duties by this act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid, by the same ways, means, and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such rules and directions, as in and by the said acts, Duties how to or either of them, are prescribed or appointed, touching or be raised, &c. concerning the faid subsidies of tunnage and poundage which were thereby granted, as aforesaid; and that every article, rule, 9 & 10 W. 3. and clause contained in the said recited acts, or either of them, 1 Anna, stat. 1. concerning the faid subsidies of tunnage and poundage formerly c.7. granted, as aforefaid, and now in force, so far forth as the same do or may relate to the subsidies or duties formerly granted, as aforesaid, shall be used, exercised, and put in practice for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the subsidies and duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually as if the same articles, rules, and clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present act: except only as to such of the said Exception.

articles, rules, and clauses, touching which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions are made by any act or acts of parliament now in being; which other provisions, alterations or exemptions shall be observed with respect to the duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

III. And it is hereby further enacted and declared. That for

Drawback on fugar refined in England, exported,

.over and a-

bove the 3 s.

every hundred weight of fugar refined in England (and so in proportion for a greater or leffer quantity) which shall be exported out of this kingdom, within or during the faid term of three years, there shall be by this act repaid at the custom-house to the exporter, within one month after the demand thereof (over and above the sum of three shillings payable by the above recited acts, or one of them) the further fum of one shilling, and no more: oath being first made by the refiner, that the faid fugar so exported was produced from brown and muscovado fugar, charged by this act, and that, as he verily believes, the same was imported from her Majesty's plantations in America; and that, as he verily believes, the duty of the faid brown and muscovado sugar was duly paid at the time of the importation thereof, and that the same was duly exported, her Majesty's searcher also certifying the shipping thereof, and all other requifites duly performed, according to the book of rates.

No fee for entry, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the officers of her Majesty's customs, or any of them, or any of their clerks or substitutes, shall not directly or indirectly receive, take, or demand any fee, gratuity, or reward whatsoever, from any of her Majesty's subjects or aliens, for any entry, warrant, debenture, certificate, cocquet, or other matter or thing, to be done or performed by them, or any of them, in relation only to the said subsidies of tunnage and poundage herein before granted, on pain of forseiting for every such offence the sum of forty pounds (to wit) one third thereof to her Majesty, and the other two thirds thereof (besides costs of suit) to the party grieved, who may sue for the same by action of

debt, or of the case, bill, suit, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be

Penalty 40 l.

allowed.

V. And whereas all wines of the growth or product of France, or of any dominions under the French King, are by several laws and statutes of this realm liable to the payment of several duties upon the importation thereof, and particularly by an act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his said late majesty King 7 W. 3. C. 20. William the Third, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty an additional duty upon all French goods and merchandizes: it

importation thereof, and particularly by an act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his said late majesty King. William the Third, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty an additional duty upon all French goods and merchandizes; it was enacted (amongst other things) That for every tun of French wine imported within the time therein mentioned, there should be paid five and twenty pounds above the duties before charged thereupon; but by another act made in the eighth year of the same King's reign, intituled.

intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of 8 W. 3. c. 24. tunnage and poundage upon merchandize imported, for the term of two years and three quarters, and an additional land tax for one year, for carrying on the war against France, is was provided, That nothing in the faid act of the Seventh year of his said late Majefty's reign should charge any merchandizes of the growth of France, which should be bona fide seized or taken, and condemned as prize, with any further or other duties than what they were or ought to have been charged withal, before the making of the act last mentioned; and her Majesty by her royal proclamation, bearing date the first day of June, in the first year of her reign, for the encouragement of her ships of war and privateers, hath been pleased to subject all French wines (amongst other things) taken and condemned as lawful prize, to the payment of the duties and customs payable by law, other than the said duty of five and twenty pounds per tun: now her Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of England, in parliament affembled, being defirous to encourage the trade to Portugal, and also to raise monies for carrying on the present war, and other her Majesty's occasions, do further grant to her Majesty the additional duty, herein after-mentioned, upon all French wines to be taken and condemned, or adjudged as lawful prize; and do beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That for every tun of any wines of the growth or product of France, or of any dominions under the French King, seized or French wine taken, or to be seized or taken by any her Majesty's ships, or taken as prize by any privateers, or otherwise, and which at any time or times, to pay 15 l. per during the term of three years above many inned. (hell be son tun, beside during the term of three years above-mentioned, shall be con-the former demned or adjudged as lawful prize, there shall be paid to her duties, Majesty the sum of sisteen pounds of lawful English money, over and above the duties already charged thereupon, without deduction, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quanti-

Majesty's use, by such ways and means, and under such penal-raised, &c. ties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the subsidy of wines by this act granted is to be raised, levied, collected, and paid, or by deducting the same out of the proceed of the respective prizes, as the other duties of the same wines are directed by the faid proclamation to be deducted.

VI. And whereas several goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, product, or manufacture of the East Indies or China, or of other parts within the limits of the charters granted to the companies, and other traders who are allowed to trade to the East Indies, are not particularly rated in the book of rates established by law, but are by several laws and statutes now in force charged, upon the importation thereof, with several duties to be paid according to the values of the said goods, wares, and merchandizes respectively: now for the better securing such duties, and ascertaining the values, according to which such duties shall be paid for the future, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the said eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred

ty; the same to be raised, levied, collected, and paid to her How to be

Unrated goods hundred and three, upon the importation of any such unrated of East India and China, to be entered in the cuftomboule. C. 7.

Importer to give fecurity for paying the duties, &c.

ing them to fale, &c.

How fuch goods shall be valued, the importation thereof.

and what deductions and allowances made.

Such unrated goods landed before due entry, &c.

goods, wares, and merchandizes, of the growth, product, or manufacture of the East Indies, China, or other the parts within the limits aforesaid, now liable to pay duties ad valorem, as aforefaid, by any act or acts of parliament already made in that See 11 Geo. 1. behalf, during the continuance of the same act and acts of parliament, or any of them, an entry or entries thereof shall be made in the custom-house, where such goods, wares, or merchandizes shall be imported, and before the landing thereof, the importer or importers of the same shall give security by bond, with two or more fufficient fureties (which the commissioners or proper officers of the customs are hereby impowered to take) for payment of the faid duties, according to the real values of (except coffee) the said goods, to be ascertained according to this act (except coffee, the duties whereof are to be regulated according to the and for expos- former acts concerning the same) as soon as the said goods shall be fold; and also for exposing the goods, so imported to sale, openly and fairly by way of auction, or by inch of candle, within the city of London, within the time of twelve months after

> of fuch goods, according to which the faid duties are to be paid (except coffee, as aforefaid) shall be reckoned according to the gross price at which such goods shall be so sold, making such allowances only out of the same as are herein after mentioned: that is to fay, it is hereby enacted, That out of the values of the faid goods so to be ascertained by the price at the candle. as aforesaid, there shall be a deduction and allowance made of so much as the net duties, payable to her Majesty for the same goods respectively, do amount unto (except the duty of five pounds per centum, payable to the Queen for the use of the said companies) and so much as the respective companies, or traders . aforesaid, shall bona fide allow for prompt payment to the perfons who at fuch fales shall buy the faid goods at time: and also upon the whole values of the said goods so to be ascertained by the price at the candle, there shall be deducted and allowed fix pounds for every hundred pounds to the faid companies and traders respectively, for their charges in keeping the said goods, from the time such goods are imported till the sale by the candle, and in that proportion for a greater or leffer value.

VII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the value

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case any such unrated goods of the growth, product, or manufacture of the East Indies, China, or other the parts within the limits aforesaid, shall be landed or put on shore out of any ship or vessel, before due entry thereof be made at the customhouse in the port or place where the same shall be imported, and the said duties shall be secured, as aforesaid, or without a warrant for the landing or delivering the same, first figned by • the commissioners, collectors, or other proper officer or officers of the customs respectively, that all such imported goods as shall be so landed and put on shore, or taken out of any ship or ves-

kel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recover- to be forfeited, ed of the importer or proprietor thereof (to wit) two thirds of &c. the fame to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors (she or they bearing the charge of the profecution) and the other third part to the use of such person or persons as will seize, inform, or fue for the same, or the value thereof, by action, bill, fuit, or information, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed: nevertheless the said duties so to be Duties how to paid upon the values so ascertained of the said unrated goods, be applied. wares, and merchandizes (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, and answering the same) shall be applied and disposed to the same uses and purposes to which the respective duties upon the same goods, payable in any other manner by any former act or acts, were appropriated or applicable.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in all The like cases where by the said former acts concerning the said duties drawbacks as of unrated goods, or any of them, any drawbacks or allowances by former were to be made of all or any part of the duties, upon the exportation thereof within the respective time or times thereby limited, there shall be the like drawbacks or allowances made of or out of the duties of the same goods, to be ascertained by

this act.

K. Provided also, That nothing in this act shall extend, or be construed to extend to charge any goods or merchandize, chargeable by this act, imported into any port of this kingdom before the first day of March, one thousand seven hundred and three.

XI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all persons im- Nine months porting any tobacco, hereby charged with any the duties afore- given for paysaid, shall have nine months time, from the entry of the to-ing the duties baceo inwards, for payment of the duty hereby imposed upon on tobacco. the fame, giving bond, with sufficient sureties, to her Majesty 6 per cent. for payment thereof at the end of the said nine months, as in prompt paylike cases is usual; and in case of prompt payment the importment. er shall have a discount after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum.

XII. And for the encouragement of the iron manufacture of this kingdom; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No drawback That from and after the eighth day of March, one thousand se-on wares ven hundred and three, there shall not be allowed any draw-made of foback, or repayment of customs, or duties, charged in this or iron, &c. any former act, upon any wares made of wrought iron or steel in foreign parts, which shall be imported into this kingdom, and afterwards exported to any of her Majesty's plantations in America; any clause in this or any former act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas the time for exportation of tobacco, fugar, ginger, pepper, bugles alias beads, cast and bar iron, dying wood, all dying wares, and all drugs, by English merchants, in order to draw back, is limited to twelve months, which by experience is found to be

due place and order.

each person's then such deputy or clerk only shall be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, and shall be for ever after incapable of his place or office; and in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct, or the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment, according to each person's due place and order, as afore directed, then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks herein offending to be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, in such manner, as aforesaid: all which said penalties, forseitures, damages, and costs, to be incurred by any of the officers of the Exchequer, or any their deputies or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, shall be in any wife granted or allowed.

What shall not be accounted undue preference.

XVII. Provided always, and be it hereby declared, That if it happen that several tallies of loan or orders for payment, as aforefaid, bear date or be brought the fame day to the auditor of the receipt to be registred, then it shall be interpreted no undue preserence, which of those be entred first, so as he en-

ters them all the same day.

XVIII. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any undue preference to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the auditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the tellers do pay subsequent orders of persons that come and demand their monies and bring their orders, before other persons that did not come to take their monies, and bring their orders, in their course, so as there be so much money reserved, as will fatisfy precedent orders, which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them; interest upon loan being to cease from the time the money is so reserved, and kept in bank for them.

Orders affignable.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every person and persons, to whom any money shall be due for loans, by yirtue of this or the said former act, after order entered in the book of register, for either of the said acts, as aforesaid, his or their executors, administrators, or assigns, by indorsement of his order, may assign or transfer his right, title, interest, and benefit of such order, or any part thereof, to any other; which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt aforefaid, and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the proper book of registry aforesaid for orders, which the officers shall upon request, without fee or charge, accordingly make, shall intitle fuch affignee, his executors, administrators, successors, and asfigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon: and fuch assignee may in like manner assign again, and so toties quoties; and afterwards it shall not be in the power of such person or persons, who have or hath made such assignments, to make void, release, or discharge the same, or any the monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

Chause of appropriation.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the monies which shall be lent to her Majesty, on the credit

credit of the faid fubfidy and additional duty by this:act granted, and all the monies which are or shall be lent, contributed, or advanced to her Majesty, upon every or any other act or acts of this fession of parliament, for granting any aid or supply to her Majesty, for carrying on the present war, and other her Majesty's necessary or important occasions, and so much of the several taxes and duties by this and the said other acts, or any of them granted, as shall remain (over and above such charges as are to be allowed for the raising of the said taxes and duties respectively, and over and above the monies thereof, which are in the first place to go and be applied in repayment and satisfaction of all the loans made or to be made thereupon, or upon any of them, and the interest thereof respectively) shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses and purposes herein after expressed; that is to say, for or towards the defraying the charge of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and other services of the navy, and the victualling thereof, and the sea service in the office of the ordinance, performed and to be performed; and for or towards the land services, performed and to be performed by the faid office of the ordnance; and to and for subfistence, off-reckonings, and clearings for one year, from the four and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and three, to her Majesty's guards and garrisons in England, and the dominions thereunto belonging (Ireland excepted) and the contingent charges of the same; and for or towards the defraying the charge of her Majesty's army, and such forces as are or shall be added thereunto in the Low Countries, within or for one year, to be reckoned from the faid four and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and three, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for or towards the detraying her Majesty's part of the charge of the forces acting or to act in conjunction with the forces of the King of Portugal, until the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and four; and for or towards the payment of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due, or to be due, upon treaties made, or to be made, with her Majesty's allies, and other charges for the service of the war, until the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and four; and for and towards the payment of any fum, not exceeding five thousand pounds, for the support of the invalids; and for or towards the discharging of the premiums, and other charges for circulating the bills, commonly called E_{x-} thequer Bills; and for or towards the latisfaction of the fum, not exceeding eight hundred seventy five pounds, to be paid without account, and free of all taxes, as well for the falaries of the five commissioners appointed by act of parliament for stating the accounts of the army, transports, and prizes, during the last war, as for incident charges in the execution of their trust, for one quarter, ending the nine and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four; and for or towards the **Satisfaction**

satisfaction of the sum of three thousand five hundred pourads for falaries, and any fum not exceeding two thousand five hundred pounds for incident charges, to be allowed without account, and free of all taxes, to the seven commissioners appointed by act of parliament for stating the accounts of all publick monies, and to none other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever: provided always, That out of the monies to be issued to the guards and garrifons, as aforefaid, there shall and may be taken and applied, any fum not exceeding eighty seven thoufand one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, towards the charge of maintaining the foldiers, raifed and to be raifed for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging: and out of the monies to be iffued for the service of the navy and sea services, as aforesaid, there shall be taken and applied fuch furns, as, together with the faid furn not exceeding eighty seven thousand one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the faid foldiers for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Annæ, flat. 1. C. 13.

XXI. And whereas by an act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and for preserving the public credit, several tallies therein mentioned do amount to five thousand and seventeen pounds, nine shillings, one penny, and the orders thereupon for reversions of annuities were directed to be issued to discharge such off-reckonings for elething, as were become due before the last day of December, one thousand six hundred ninety seven, which off-reckonings being otherwise satisfied, the said tallies and orders do still remain in the bands of the late paymaster general of the army; and by the act last mentioned it was provided, That such person or persons as should receive such debentures payable out of the forfeited estates in Ireland, as are thereby directed, for monies due to any troops or companies (over and above what was due for the personal pay of the commission officers) should give security to the paymaster general of double the value thereof, and at the end of twelve months should return unto the faid paymaster an account upon eath, of all the debentures by him or them issued in pursuance of that all, and returning back to the hands of the faid paymaster such debentures as should remain not issued out to the end of the said twelve months; in pursuance whereof several of the said debentures have been returned, and others of them ought to be returned to the hands of the late paymaster general of the army, or to the paymester general thereof for the time being, for the publick use and service: now it is hereby further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treaapply the tal- furer of England, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to cause as well the said orders

Treasury to lies, &c. for the reversionary annuities and tallies, for the faid reversionary annuities remaining unundisposed of, disposed, as ascresaid; as also all and every or any the said deas also the de- bentures returned, or to be returned, to the said late paymaster, turnable to the or to the paymatter general of her Majesty's forces for the time

being.

being, pursuant to the said securities, or any of them, given psymaster geor to be given, upon the act last mentioned, to be issued, paid neral, for satisfaction or applied for or towards satisfaction of all or any part of spensioners of the monies due in the reign of his late majesty King William Chelsea hother Third, to the out pensioners of Chelsea hospital, and such spital, &c. other publick debts as were incurred during the last war, as the said lord high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury shall direct, and in such proportions, manner, and form, as to him or them shall seem meet.

CAP. X.

An act to enlarge the time for the purchasers of the forfeited estates in Ireland, to make the payments of their purchase money.

Times allowed to the purchasers of the forfeited estates in Ireland, who have paid one third part of their purchase money, for payment of the residue. On non-payment at those times, conveyance to be void. All unsatisfied debentures to be registered. EXP.

CAP. XI.

An all for the making more effectual ber Majesty's gracious intentions for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by enabling her Majesty to grant in perpetuity the revenues of the first fruits and tenths; and also for enabling any other persons to make grants for the same purpose.

HEREAS at a parliament holden in the fix and twentieth 36 H. S. c. 1. year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, the first fruits, revenues, and profits for one year, upon every nomination or appointment to any dignity, benefice, office, or promotion spiritual, within this realm, or elsewhere, within the said King's dominions, and also a perpetual yearly rent or pension, amounting to the value of the tenth part of all the revenues and profits belonging to any dignity, benefice, or promotion spiritual whatsoever, within any diocese of this realm, or in Wales, were granted to the faid King Henry the Eighth, his beirs and fuccessors; and divers other statutes have since been 26 H. S. C. 17. made touching the first fruits and annual tenths of the clergy, and the 27 H. S. C. S. erdering thereof: and whereas a sufficient settled provision for the 32 H. 8. C. 22, clergy, in many parts of this realm, bath never yet been made, by &c. 47. reason whereof divers mean and stipendiary preachers are in many 34 & 35 H. 8. places entertained to serve the cures, and officiate there; who depend-2 & 3 Ed. 6. ing for their necessary maintenance upon the good-will and liking of c. 20. their hearers, bave been, and are thereby under temptation of too 7 Ed. 6. c. 4. much complying and suiting their destrines and teaching to the humours 5 Annæ, c. 24.
rather than the good of their bearers, which bath been a great occasion 3Geo. 1. C. 20. of faction and schism, and contempt of the ministry: and forasmuch as your Majesty, taking into your princely and serious consideration the mean and insufficient maintenance belonging to the clergy in divers parts of this your kingdom, has been most graciously pleased, out of your most religious and tender concern for the church of England (whereof your Majesty is the only supreme head on earth) and for the poor clergy thereof, not only to remit the arrears of your tenths due from

from your poor clergy, but also to declare unto your most dutiful and loyal commons your royal pleasure and pious desire, that the whole revenue arising from the first fruits and tenths of the clergy might be

them,

fettled for a perpetual augmentation of the maintenance of the said clergy, in places where the same is not already sufficiently provided for: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England, in parliament affembled, to the end that your Majesty's most gracious intentions may be made effectual, and that the church may receive so great and lasting an advantage from your Majesty's parting with so great a branch of your revenue, towards the better provision for the clergy not sufficiently provided for; and to the intent your Majesty's singular zeal for the support of the clergy, and the honour, interest, and future security of the church, as by law established, may be perpetuated to all ages, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parhiament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Queen's most excellent majesty, by her letters patents under the great seal of England, to them, and their incorporate such persons as her Majesty shall therein nominate or appoint, to be one body politick and corporate, to have a fuccessors, the first fruits and common seal, and perpetual succession; and also at her Majesty's will and pleasure, by the same, or any other letters patents. to grant, limit, or lettle, to or upon the faid corporation, and their successors for ever, all the revenue of first fruits, and yearmeaner clergy. ly perpetual tenths of all dignities, offices, benefices, and promotions spiritual whatsoever, to be applied and disposed of, to and for the augmentation of the maintenance of such parsons, vicars, curates, and ministers, officiating in any church or chapel within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, where the liturgy and rites of the church of England, as now by law established, are or shall be used and observed, with such lawful powers, authorities, directions, limitations, and appointments, and under fuch rules and restrictions, and in such manner and form, as shall be therein expressed; the statute made in the first year of her said Majesty's reign, intituled, An ael for the better support of her Majesty's boushold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, or any other law to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding,

tenths, for augmentation of the maintenance of the

The Queen may erect a,

corporation,

and fettle on

By 3 Geo. 1. C. 10. a collector is to be appointed.

z Annæ, stat. I. C. 7.

All Ratutes, &c. relating to first fruits and tenths to continue in force.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That all and every the statutes and provisions, touching or concerning the ordering, levying, and true answering and payment, or qualification of the faid first fruits and tenths, or touching the charge, discharge, or alteration of them, or any of them, or any matter or thing relating thereunto, which were in force at the time of making this act, shall be, remain, and continue in their full force and effect, and be observed and put in due execution according to the tenors and purports of the same, and every of them, for such intents and purposes nevertheless, as shall be contained or directed in or by the faid letters patents.

III. Provided also, That this act, or any thing therein con- Act not to tained, shall not extend to avoid, or any way to impeach or void any affect any grant, exchange, alienation, or incumbrance, at any grant, exchange, alienation, or incumbrance, at any grant, exchange, time heretofore made, of or upon the said revenues of first made of any fruits and tenths, or any part thereof; but that the same shall, the said reduring the continuance of fuch grant, exchange, alienation, venues. or incumbrance respectively, be and remain of and in such force and virtue, and no other, to all intents and purposes, as if this

act had not been made.

IV. And for the encouragement of such well-disposed perfons as shall, by her Majesty's royal example, be moved to contribute to so pious and charitable a purpose, and that such their charity may be rightly applied; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every person and persons, having in his or their own right any estate or interest in possession, reverfion, or contingency, of or in any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or any property of or in any goods or chattles, shall have full power, licence, and authority, at his, her, and their will and pleasure, by deed involled, in such manner, and within such time, as is directed by the statute made in the twenty seventh year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, for 27 H. S. c. 26. inrolment of bargains and fales, or by his, her, or their last Persons may will or testament in writing, duly executed according to law, to give lands, give and grant to, and vest in the said corporation, and their tenements, or goods, &c. fucceffors, all fuch his, her, or their estate, interest, or proper- to the said ty in fuch lands, tenements, and hereditaments, goods and corporation,

chattles, or any part or parts thereof, for and towards the augmentation of the maintenance of such ministers as aforesaid, officiating in such church or chapel, where the liturgy and rites of the faid church are or shall be so used or observed, as aforefaid, and having no fettled competent provision belonging to the same, and to be for that purpose applied according to the will of the faid benefactor, in and by fuch deed inrolled, or by fuch will or testament executed, as aforefaid, expressed: and in default of fuch direction, limitation, or appointment, in fuch manner as by her Majesty's letters patents shall be directed or appointed, as aforefaid. And fuch corporation, and their fucceffors, shall have full capacity and ability to purchase, receive, take, hold, and enjoy, for the purposes aforesaid, as well from fuch persons as shall be so charitably disposed to give the same, as from all other persons as shall be willing to sell or aliene to or sell or aliene the faid corporation any manors, lands, tenements, goods, and manors, or chattles, without any licence or writ of Ad quod damnum, the lands, &c.

flatute of Mortmain, or any other statute or law to the contrary

notwithstanding.

V. Provided always, That this act or any thing therein Persons excontained shall not extend to enable any person or persons, cepted from being within age, or of None Sane memory, or women covert, making such without their husbands, to make any such gift, grant, or aliena- gifts, &c.

tion:

Anno secundo & tertio Anna. C. 12.—14. tion; any thing in this act contained to the contrary in any

wife notwithstanding.

VI. And whereas four bonds for four half yearly payments of the first fruits; as the same are rated, and also a fifth bond for a further value or payment, in respect of the same first fruits, have been required and taken from the clergy, to their great and unnecessary burden and grievance: for remedy thereof be it enacted and de-One bond on- clared by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twen-

for the four payments of the first fruits.

46

ly to be taken ty fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, one bond only shall in such case be given or required for the four payments of the faid first fruits: which faid first fruits, as well as the tenths payable by the clergy, shall hereafter be answered and paid by them according to fuch rates and proportions only as the same have heretofore been usually rated and paid: and no such fifth bond already given shall, from and after the said twenty fifth day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and four, be sued or recovered.

CAP. XII.

23 & 24 Car. 2. An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and four, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced be not C. 3. repaid.

Militia forces may be drawn out into actual fervice any time before 24th June, 1705. notwithstanding the one month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid. EXP.

CAP. XIII.

2 W. & M. II. 1. c. 9. z Annæ, flat. 1. C. 18.

An act for prolonging the time by an act of parliament, made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, for importing thrown silk of the growth of Sicily, from Leghorn. EXP.

CAP. XIV.

An act for the better securing and regulating the duties upon salt.

THEREAS great sums of money are paid out of her Majesty's duties upon falt, on account of debentures for falt shipped to be exported to foreign parts; and it is found by experience, that great part of the falt, for which such debentures have been paid, hath been fraudulently landed on the coasts of England and Wales, and not exported to any foreign parts, or having been actually landed in Ireland, or other places out of England and Wales, have been shipped off again from thence, and fraudulently brought into England or Wales; by which evil practices her Majesty's said duties are very much leffened in the produce thereof, and the falt makers, who pay their full duties, are very much prejudiced and discouraged in their trade, by reason they cannot sell their salt in places which are supplied with falt run, as aforefaid: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That no falt whatfoever, being of the produce or manufacture ing from Ire- of England, Wales, Berwick upon Tweed, Scotland, or Ireland, nor

land, Scotland,

any

1703. any other falt coming from Ireland, Scotland, or the ifle of Man, or the ifle of shall, after the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred Man, to be and four, be imported or brought into any port or place within Further pro-England, Weles, or Berwick upon Tweed, nor be taken out of visions for this any thip or vessel, nor put on thore within any of the said ports purpose by or places, upon pain that all the falt fo imported or brought in, 5Geo. 1. C. 18. taken out of any ship or vessel, or landed, or put on shore, con-Forfeiture. trary to the true intent and meaning of this act, shall be forfeited and lost; and that the ship or vessel in which any such salt shall be so imported or brought in, or out of which any such falt shall be taken or put on shore, together with all her tackle and apparel, shall also be forfeited and lost; and every person that shall take any such falt out of any such ship or vessel, or carry the same on shore, or convey the same from the shore when landed, or be aiding or affifting therein, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for every such offence, or suffer six months imprisonment.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Sak so importful to and for any of the officers for the faid duties upon falt, at ed may in any time within two months after the importation or landing two months any fuch falt, and not afterwards, to feize the falt so imported after be seized; or taken out of any ship or vessel, or landed or put on shore, or conveying from the shore; and also the ship or vessel in which also the ship; fuch falt was imported, together with all her tackle and apparel: and if not claimed in 20 and in case the owner of such salt or ship shall not, within twen-days may be ty days after such seizure, claim the salt and ship so seized, and sold. alfo give fufficient fecurity to answer the value thereof; then, and in every such case, the salt and ship, with all her tackle and apparel, shall be sold to the best advantage.

III. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act shall ex-Salt carried tend, or be construed to extend, to any salt which shall be ship-coastwise exped, to be carried coastwife, by certificate from one port to ano-cepted, ther in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, according to

the directions of the former acts relating to the faid duties.

IV. Provided also, That in case where any salt shall have Salt forced inbeen entred and shipped to be exported to foreign parts, accord- to any port by been entred and impped to be exported to foreign parts, according to the directions of the former acts in that behalf, and the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that behalf, and the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that behalf, and the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that behalf, and the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that behalf, and the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the former acts in that the firefs of weating to the directions of the firefs of the directions of the direction of the dire thip or vessel, laden with such salt, shall by stress of weather, be re-landed. enemies, or other unavoidable necessities, be forced into any port or place within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the owner of such salt, or master of such ship, within twenty days after her coming into fuch port, to re-land the faid falt, so as due entry be made, and the duties again paid down for the whole quantity of falt that was entred to be exported, before any part thereof shall be relanded, and not otherwise; any thing in this act or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided also, That in case where any fisherman shall Fisherman have taken any falt on board his boat or veffel from any part of may land falt England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for the falting of fish board for faltat sea, it shall and may be lawful for any such fisherman to bring ing fish, on in oath made,&c.

in and land any such falt so taken on board, so as oath be made before the landing thereof (which oath the officer for the said duties hath hereby power, and is hereby directed to administer. without fee or charge) that the particular quantity of falt, so to be landed, was taken on board from some part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, and at what place it was taken on board, and that no part thereof was taken out of any ship or vessel at sea; any thing in this act or any other statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, That in case where any ship or vessel shall

come into any port of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed.

from Ireland, or any other foreign part, having on board any

Allowance of falt for ship's provision, or for curing fifh, &c.

quantity of falt, which was taken in only for the necessary provisions of the ship for such voyage, or for curing of fish, it shall and may be lawful to and for the master of such ship or vessel to land the faid falt, so as entry be made thereof within ten days after his first coming into such port, and the duties paid down or secured for the same, before the same, or any part thereof, shall be landed or taken out of any such ship or vessel, in the fame manner as the duties of foreign falt imported are to be paid or secured; any thing in this act or any other statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

What forfeited mpon neglest of fuch entries by Geo. 1. c. 18.

No falt to be brought out of Scotland by land, into England. Penalty.

&c.

That from and after the said first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and four, no salt shall be brought out of Scotland by land, into any part of England, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, or precincts thereof, on pain of forfeiting the falt so Salt officers to brought into any of the faid places, and twenty shillings a seize such salt, bushel, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any of the officers for the duties upon falt, to seize any falt so brought into any of the faid places, and to apprehend the person and persons who shall bring in the same, and to carry him, her, or them before any of her Majesty's justices of the peace near the place where fuch seizure shall be made; and if, upon full proof of the fact, fuch offender shall not pay down the said penalties by this act imposed, such justice shall commit such offender to the next gaol, there to remain for the space of fix months without bail or mainprize.

5W.&M.c.7. 1.11.

VIII. And whereas by an att of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain rates and duties upon falt, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for securing certain recompences and advantages, in the faid act mentioned, to fuch persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of ten hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France; it is amongst other things enacted, That no falt shall be delivered from any salt works or pits, without notice first given to the officer appointed for that purpose, upon pain of forfeiture of the salt To delivered, and upon pain of twenty pounds to be forfeited by the owner or owners of the falt works or pits, where fuch falt shall be delivered :

livered: and whereas several salt makers have been, and others may be, subjected to the said penalties of twenty pounds, by the evil practices of falt carriers, and others, who convey falt from the falt works with- Penalty on out a warrant or permit for conveying the same; for preventing salt carrier whereof be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and carrying salt after the faid first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and without a perfour, as well the carrier, or person who shall carry or convey mit. any falt without a warrant or permit for carrying the same, as the proprietor of the falt works, who shall deliver salt without notice first given, shall forfeit the said sum of twenty pounds.

IX. And whereas in and by the faid all of parliament made in the Farther profifth year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, visions relating and by several other acts relating to the said duties upon salt; it is bereto by 5. Annæ, c. 29. amongst other things provided, That any person, who shall export be- 6.16. youd the feas any falt, as well foreign as English, or any rock falt, shall, upon a debenture made out according to the direction of the faid acts, be repaid the duties of such salt so exported: and whereas some doubts and controverses have been made, whether salt shipped and exparted to Scotland, the isle of Man, or the islands of Jersey and Guernsey, be an exportation of salt within the intent and meaning of the faid acts, so as to intitle the exporter to a drawback of the duties of the falt so exported: for preventing of all such controversies and Salt exported disputes, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, to Scotland, That it was and is the intent and meaning of the faid acts, that the ifle of Man, or Jersey any person exporting any falt to Scotland, the isle of Man, or the and Guernsey, islands of Jersey and Guernsey, according to the directions of the intitled to a faid acts, is and shall be intitled to a drawback of the duties of drawback. the falt so exported, and shall be repaid the same, in such manner, and under such conditions, as are directed and required by the faid acts, in case of the exportation of salt to any other soreign parts; any thing in the faid acts or any other law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

X. Provided always, and it is further enacted by the authority Salt shipped aforefaid, That where any falt or rock falt (the duties whereof for exportation, and periall have been paid or fecured to be paid, according to the diriffing in port, rection of the former laws, relating to the said duties on salt) by the sinking shall from and after the first day of June, one thousand seven of the ship, &c. hundred and four, be shipped or laid on board any ship or vesfel, in any port, river, or place within this kingdom of England, or the dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, in order to be exported to parts beyond the seas, or be carried coastwise; and the said salt or rock salt, so shipped or laid on board, shall happen to perish by the finking of the ship or vessel, on which the same shall be shipped or laid on board, before the faid ship or vessel shall go out of such port or place, and before the exporter of such falt shall be intitled to a drawback or allowance of the duties thereof, then and in such case the exporter or proprietor of the faid falt or rock falt, so perished, shall, upon proof made before the justices of the peace, at the next general quarter sessions of the peace, to be held for the county, city, riding, division, or place next to the place where the Vol. XI.

faid falt or rock falt shall so perish, of the loss of the falt or

50

free.

rock falt so shipped, receive from the said sessions a certificate, that fuch proof was made before them, and upon producing the faid certificate to any of her Majesty's collectors or officers appointed to collect the faid duties on falt, the faid Proprietor to collectors and officers are hereby required to let the faid exporter buy the like quantity, duty or proprietor buy the like quantity of falt or rock falt, as is expressed in the said certificate to be so perished, without paying to her Majesty any duty of excise for the same, in the same manner as if fuch falt or rock falt had so perished going coastwise from one port of England to another.

General issue.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, he or they shall or may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence for his defence; and if upon a trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs be nonfuit, discontinue, or forbear prosecuting the faid actions, then such defendant or defendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have such remedy, as in other cases where costs are by law given to defendants.

Penalties and forfeitures how to be recovered.

Double costs.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the several penalties and forfeitures, hereby given and imposed, shall be recovered and levied by the same ways, means, and methods, as any penalties and forfeitures can or may be recovered and levied by any of the laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law, nor any more than one imparlance shall be allowed; and that the faid penalties and forfeitures shall be distributed in manner following (to wit) one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs, and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that will fue or inform for the same.

No herrings, pilchards, Icads, codfish, ling, hake, falmon, &c. shall be imported or Janded, unless that the falt wherewith fuch fish was cured, was laden from

XIII. And whereas it is found by experience, that great quantities of fish, which have been cured at sea, or in Ireland, or other parts not within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, with falt, for which the duties have not been answered and paid, have been imported or brought into England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by which practice her Majesty, and the English sistery, are very much prejudiced: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and four, no herrings, pilchards, scads, codfish, ling, hake, salmon, or dried red sprats whatsoever, or by whomsoever caught or cured, shall be imported, brought in, oath be made, or landed within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, unless the owner or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, shall make oath before the officer for the said duties on falt, in the port or place where such fish shall be imported, brought in, or landed (who shall administer the same without fee or charge) that all the falt wherewith the faid fish was cured,

was laden or put on board from some part of England, Wales, or England, &c. Berwick upon Tweed, and when and where the same was so put and no drawon board, and that no drawback or allowance, or debenture for back allowed on exportathe fame, hath to his knowledge or belief been had or obtained tion, &c. upon the exportation or carrying out of the faid falt, or any part Penalty. thereof, or is intended to be had or obtained on account of such exportation, upon pain of forfeiting such fish that shall be imported, brought in, or landed contrary to the intent and meaning hereof, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the importer or proprietor thereof.

XIV. Provided, That nothing in this act shall extend to Newfoundprohibit the importing and landing any codfish, ling, or hake, land or Ifewhich have been caught and cured at Newfoundland or Iseland, land fish, exso as oath be first made before the landing thereof by the owner cepted. or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, before the officer for the faid duties in the port or place where such fish shall be imported, brought in, or landed (who shall administer the fame without fee or charge) that all the fish so imported came from Newfoundland or Iseland, and were caught and cured there, and so as the said fish be at the landing thereof, and be- Part of the fore the same be removed from the shore, tendered to the offi- tail of such fish cer of the port for the faid duties, to have part of the tail of to be cut off. every such codfish, ling, or hake cut off, that no allowance for landing the such fish be obtained upon exportation; and the said officer is fame before hereby impowered and required to cut off part of the tail of all tender therefuch fish on the importation thereof: and in case any such fish of made provision is shall be landed before the same shall be tendered to the officer, made by 4 to have part of the tail cut, as aforesaid, all the fish, so import- Anna, c. 12ed and landed, shall be forfeited, and double the value thereof, f 12. for codto be recovered of the importer or proprietor thereof; to wit, \$60, &c. imone moiety thereof to the Queen, the other moiety thereof to North Sea. him or them who shall prosecute or sue for the same.

XV. And whereas the proprietors, who have given securities at Where salt is their works or pits for the duty of falt or rock falt bought of them, do entred, and often suffer damage by frauds committed in the exportation without the duties setheir privity: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the authority falt shall afteraforesaid, That where any salt or rock salt shall, after the first wards be enday of June, one thousand seven hundred and sour, be entred, tred for exand security shall be given for the duties, and certified to the portation by officer, according to the former laws relating to the duties on any person not salt, no such salt or rock salt shall assessment be arread for any bound in the falt, no fuch falt or rock falt shall afterwards be entred for ex- first security, portation by any person or persons not bound in the security till security first given, as aforesaid, until such person or persons, so export- given for the ing such salt or rock salt, shall give or find sufficient security for duties, &c. the duties thereof (which the officer for the faid duties at the port where the same is so entred for exportation is hereby required to take) and the same officer shall deliver gratis, and without delay, a certificate of such new security taken, and upon producing such certificate to the officer of the place where the duty of the said salt was first secured to be paid, such first security shall be discharged.

expressed

Tenant paying their rent in falt, to be allowed fo much as the duty comes

XVI. And whereas by several leases, grants, or contracts, made before the fixth day of November, one thousand six hundred ninety three, certain rents payable in falt were reserved, granted, or agreed to be paid out of or for divers lands, tenements, or hereditaments; and it is evident that the imposing the present duties on salt, since the making the said leases, grants, or contracts, doth in effect increase the faid rents, and make them more burdensome to the persons liable thereunto; it is therefore enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid. That when the owners, proprietors, and tenants of such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, so charged by any leases, grants, or contracts, made before the time aforesaid, do from and after the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and three, pay or deliver any fuch rent in falt. the person or persons, who shall receive the same, shall be obliged by this act to pay to him or them, who shall make such payments of falt in kind, fo much money as the duty and duties paid or payable to her Majesty for the same salt, by any act or acts of parliament made fince the faid fixth day of November, one thousand six hundred ninety three, do amount unto. XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it

Guernsey bay falt may be imported during the war, not exceeding 4000 bushels per annum.

shall and may be lawful, during the present war, to bring in bay falt of the produce of the island of Guernsey, upon paying the same, and no higher or other duty, than what is or shall be laid upon falt made in England, and so as the same falt so to be imported shall be imported in the ports of Yarmouth in Norfolk, Port/mouth, Plymouth, and Falmouth, or any of them, and shall not exceed in the whole four thousand bushels in any one year, fo as due entry (according to law) be made of the fame, for which falt no drawback shall be allowed upon the exportation thereof; any thing in this present act, or any other act, contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XVIII. And whereas divers merchants, and other persons, being subjects of this realm of England, do ship salt that hath paid the duty

No drawback allowed.

to her Majesty, to convey it to some part of England, and the same or part thereof may be loft at fea, by violent or flormy weather, or by being thrown over board for preserving mens lives, or the vessel in which such salt is shipped, as aforesaid; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of Salt lost at sea June, one thousand seven hundred and four, in such case any merchant or person, owner of the said salt, shall, upon proof made (by the oaths of two or more credible witnesses, whereof the master or mate of the vessel to be one, before the justices of the peace at the quarter fessions held for the county, riding, division, or town wherein he doth inhabit, in open court) of the loss of such falt so shipped, and that the same was not occasioned by any leakage of the ship or vessel, or by any negligence or default of the master or mariners, receive from the said sessions a certificate that such proof was made before them, and upon producing the faid certificate to any of the officers appointed to

collect the duties on falt, the faid officer or officers are hereby

required to let such persons buy the like quantity of sak, as is

by stormy weather, &c. owners to buy the fame quantities fo loft, without paying duty.

This privilege extended by 8 Geo. 1, c.4.

expressed in the certificate to be lost, without paying to her Ma- s. zz. to all jesty, her heirs or successors, any duty or excise for the same; merchants in any thing in this act or any other act contained to the contrary general.

notwithstanding.

XIX. And whereas in the late violent florms, which happened in Two things the months of November and December, one thousand seven hun- with salt drove dred and three, two vessels laden with salt from Newcastle to the into Holland Humber, were by sires of weather blown into Holland, and the weather, and masters did there unlade and sell the said salt; be it therefore enact the salt there ed by the authority aforesaid, That upon proof made thereof, sold, proprieupon the oath of two credible witnesses, the proprietor or pro- tors intitled prietors of the faid falt shall be intitled to the drawback upon to the draw-back. the same, as if the said salt had been entred for exportation into parts beyond the feas; any thing in this or any former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And whereas by an all made in the first year of the reign of Anna, stat. 1.

ber present Majesty it is enacted, That no rock falt what soever shall c. 21. he refined or made into white falt in any place or places what soever, within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, except in such places as are or shall be within ten miles distance of the respective pit or pits, from whence such rock salt shall be taken, or at such places as, on or before the tenth day of & Geo. 2. C. 12. May, one thousand seven hundred and two, shall have been used for the refining rock falt, under a penalty therein expressed: and whereas Lawn Marth in the county of Carmarthen bath been an ancient place used for making salt from sea water; and upon several occasions rock falt is very useful to strengthen the brine in the said work, when weakened by fresh water, or other accidents; but the proper use of the faid falt work not being for the refining rock falt, it hath been doubted whether rock falt might be there used: for preventing such doubts for the future be it enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That rock falt may be so used in the making salt from sea Rock salt may water in the falt works at Lawn Marsh aforesaid; any thing in be used in watch in the last works at Laws 1221/30 aloretate, any time falt at the fald act or in any other law or statute to the contrary not— Laws Marsh, withstanding; so as her Majesty's duties for all the salt proceed- so as the duing as well from the said rock salt, as from the sea water, be ties be paid. duly charged, answered, and paid to her Majesty's use.

CAP. XV.

An all for the better and more regular paying and assigning the annuities, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, payable to several bankers, and other patentees. or those claiming under them.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twelfth 12W. 30C.12. year of the reign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third (of glorious memory) intituled, An act for appropriating three thousand seven hundred pounds weekly out of certain branches of excise, for publick uses, and for making a provision for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary occasions; it was amongst other things mached, That

C. 7.

in lieu and discharge of certain perpetual annual payments, and of all arrears thereof, granted by his late Majesty King Charles the Second to the respective patentees therein named, the hereditary revenue of excise, in the said act mentioned, should from and after the twenty fixth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, be and fland charged for ever with the payment of annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for the principal sums mentioned in the faid respective letters patent, to be issued and paid out of the said revenue, by quarterly payments, out of the receipt of the Exchequer, by the officers of the same, unto the respective owners and proprietors of the several annual sums, and to their heirs and assigns for ever, without any further or other warrant, to be fued for, had, and obtained in that behalf; the faid annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum, to be subject nevertheless to be redeemed, on payment of a moiety of the principal sums mentioned in the said respective letters patent: and whereas by an act of parliament made in 1 Annæ, stat. 1. the first year of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, it is (amongst other things) enacted. That from and after the expiration of the term of five years therein mentioned, so much money as, together with the said payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, should make up the sum of three thousand seven hundred pounds for every week, during her Majesty's life, should and might be taken out of the said hereditary duties of excise, and out of the duties of excise thereby granted for her Majesty's life, and either or any of them; and the said payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, being deducted out of the hereditary part thereof, the refidue of the faid three thousand seven hundred pounds a week should be applied and disposed of to and for the publick use and service: and whereas by an act of this present session of parliament, intituled. An act for granting an aid to her Majesty for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, by selling annuities at several gates, and for fuch respective terms and estates, as are therein mentioned; it is (amongst other things) enacted, That from and after the five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, the said full, clear, and entire weekly sum of three thousand seven hundred pounds, out of all the monies arising by the faid hereditary duties of excise, and by the said duties of excise payable during her Majesty's life, and by every and any of them, according to the tenour and direction of the act of parliament above re-cited in that behalf; and from and after her Majesty's decease, then the like full, clear, entire, and weekly fum of three thousand seven hundred pounds, of lawful English money, out of all the monies to arise by the said hereditary duties of excise, and every or any of them, from time to time for ever, shall be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer; and that out of the monies of the said hereditary duties of excise, arising in or by such weekly payments at the Exche-

suer, as aforesaid, the said annual sums, after the rate of three pounds per contum per annum, prescribed by the said all, made in the par-

liament holden in the twelfth year of the reign of his late Majesty

i & Annæ, C. 3.

32 W. g. C, 12.

King William the Third, shall be satisfied and paid, according to the These conneities directions therein contained, and subject to the power of redemption were subscribed therein mentioned, as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto Sea stock. had, more at large may appear: now for the better and more regu- 6 Geo. I. C. 40 lar paying and assigning the said annuities, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, be it enacted by the Queen's most Auditor to excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the certify persons lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parnames to the lord-treasurer liament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the that are intiauditor of the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for the time tled to annuibeing, shall with all convenient speed, search the books and ties at 31. per entries in his office, and from thence, or from the original let- cent. per ann. ters-patents, assignments, or other assurances to him to be produced, shall make a certificate to the lord high-treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, of the names of the several and respective persons that are or shall be then intitled to the said annuities after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum respectively, expressing the principal sums due, and the annuities, after the rate aforefaid, payable to the faid owners or proprietors respectively.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Every person the said respective persons shall have one or more standing war- to have a warrants, and orders (the faid orders to be made forth upon parch-rant for payment or vellum, paying the usual fees; and no more, which ment, paying fees shall not exceed one peny, for every twenty shillings by the pound fees, year, or after that rate) for the payment of such annuity or annuities so to be certified to be paid to them respectively, and to their respective executors, administrators and assigns, until the same shall be redeemed, as aforesaid, out of the monies of the faid weekly-payments, to arise by or from the said hereditary duties of excise; the said payments of the said annuities to be made Payments to quarterly; the first payment to be made on the twenty-seventh be made quarday of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord, one thou-terly. fand feven hundred and fix; which faid orders shall be signed Orders to be by the treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer, or any figned by the three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time lord-treasurer, &c. being; and after the figning the faid orders, and every of them, the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this present act, and shall not be determined by or upon the death or removal of any treasurer or under-treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office or offices of them, or any of them; nor shall any lord high-treasurer of England, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury, now or for the time being, have power to revoke, counter- Such orders mand or make void fuch orders fo figned, as aforefaid, or any not to be made void.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the person and persons, that are or shall be intitled to the said annuities respectively,

Anunities

and not revocable, so as entry be made thereof

Affidavit.

Affidavits to be filed.

Fcc.

Annuities free from taxes, and to be as a personal estate and not decendable to heir.

Officers in the Exchequer to pound.

Persons intitheir wives. to the affign-

ment,

and his, her and their respective executors, administrators, or may be affign- affigns, by writing under his, her or their hand and seal, or by ed or devised, his, her or their last will and testament in writing, to assign or devise such annuity or annuities, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatsoever, and so teties quoties; and no fuch assignment by deed to be revocable, so as any entry or memorandum of such assignment or will be made, in books to be kept for that purpole, in the said office of the auditor of the receipt, within the space of three months after fuch assignment or probate of the will; and that upon producing of such assignment or will, or probate thereof, at the said office of the auditor of the receipt, to be entred, as aforesaid, the party so producing the same, shall bring therewith an affidavit taken before some person authorized to take affidavits in causes depending in any of the courts at Westminster, of the due execution of the faid affignment, or figning, fealing and publishing of the faid will, which affidavits shall be severally filed in the said office; which said entry or memorandum, the officers in the said receipt of the Exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to file the affidavits, taking for the entring of every fuch affignment or devise, and filing the said affidavit, the sum of one shilling, and no more: and in default of such assignment or device by deed or will, the annuity of fuch person or persons shall

> IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said annuities shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever; and that all and every person and persons who shall be intitled to any of the said annuities, to be comprized in such order or orders to be signed, as aforesaid, after the figning of the faid orders respectively, shall be possessed thereof as of a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the heir.

upon his death, go to his or her executors or administrators.

V. Provided always, That the officers in the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for the labour and pains of themselves and take ad in the their clerks in the payment of the said annuities, shall or may (in lieu of their fees) take and receive after the rate of two pence in the pound, and no more, to be divided amongst them in fuch proportion as their lawful fees are to be divided; any thing in this, or the faid former acts, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That such tled to annui- standing warrants and orders to be made, as aforesaid, of any ties in right of of the faid annuities, or any part thereof, wherein any person not to dispose on the eleventh day of March, in the year of our Lord, one of such annui. thousand seven hundred and three, shall be intitled in the right ties, unless the of his wife, shall be made out jointly in the names of such perwife be a party son and his wife; and that no person or persons intitled, as aforesaid, to any of the said annuities, or any part thereof, in the right of his wife, shall be capable to sell, or any ways to dispose thereof, at any time during their coverture, without the free and voluntary confent of his wife first had and obtained, testified

testified by her being a party to such assignment, and signing and fealing the fame; and fuch person who shall make oath of the due execution of such assignment, as above directed, shall also make oath of the wife's consent thereunto, before some person authorized to take affidavits, as aforesaid; and the affidavit to be filed in the faid auditor's office.

VII. Provided also, That where any person is or shall be in-Divers annuititled to many or divers of the said annuities, and shall be de-ties may be strous to have the same comprehended in one order, upon signi- comprehendfirous to have the same comprenenced in one order, upon ugin-fication thereof in writing, under the hand of such person, the der, and reorder shall and may be drawn and signed accordingly, for several duced into annuities to be reduced into one yearly fum by one and the one yearly same order; any thing in this act contained to the contrary not- sum. withstanding.

CAP. XVI.

An act for the discharge out of prison such insolvent debtors as shall serve Anne, stat. z. or procure a person to serve, in her Majesty's seet or army. or procure a person to serve, in her Majesty's seet or army.

Justices of peace, on petition of poor prisoners for debt, may summon the Exp. creditors before them, and also the gaoler. Prisoner to take an oath.

Creditor to shew cause why prisoner should not be discharged. In case prisoner be detained, creditor to allow him 4d. per day, and is no estate appear in three months, justices may discharge the person of prisoner, but the debt not thereby discharged, and judgment against prisoner's lands, &c. to stand good. Persons discharged, and again arrested, on shewing a duplicate of their discharge shall again be discharged. Person of prisoner for ever free. Penalty on sherisf, &c. disobeying justices, summions. Prisoners before discharge shall declare on oath what effects or debts are belonging to them. A schedule thereof to be made. Creditors may sue for such debts in prisoner's name. Persons discharged. ditors may fue for fuch debts in prisoner's name. Persons discharged, freed from chamber rent and gaoler's fees, &c. Prisoners wearing apparel, tools in trade, &c. not liable to attachment. No person to be discharged who is indebted more than 1001, to one person: nor from bie imprisonment, unless he list himself in the Queen's service, or procure one in his flead. Penalty on persons convicted of wilful perjury.

CAP. XVII.

An all for the better charging several accountants with interest monies by them received and to be received:

WHEREAS by an act of the twelfth year of the reign of his 12 W. 3. C. 11. late majesty King William the Third, for granting to his EXP. Majesty several duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, and for continuing several duties therein mentioned, provision is made, that the respective treasurers of the navy, and paymasters of the land forces, and the officers in the subordinate offices therein mentioned. should be chargeable with the interest monies by them or their agents. respectively received upon tallies and orders for monies imprested to them severally, during the late war against France, or at any time before the making of the said act, in the manner and form thereby prescribed; and that every such charge should be examined by the entries and vouchers in the receipt of the Exchequer, before the respective account or accounts of the said treasurers, paymasters, or other officers should be declared; and by an act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, 1 Anne, ft. 10 and for preferving the publick credit, it was enacted, That the c, 13. respective

respective accounts of any the said treasurers, paymasters, or other officers, of the monies by them received for the service of the said navy, forces, and for services in the said subordinate offices, should and might be declared and finished, according to the ancient usage and methods of the Exchequer, so as before the declaring of the last accounts of the monies by them severally received, as aforesaid, for the said respective services, all the said interest monies be duly examined and charged, as the said former att directed, as by the said several acts may more fully appear: and whereas it appears, that the auditor of the said receipt of Exchequer doth or can charge accountants, as aforesaid, with interest monies by them or their agents received, upon tallies or orders that are satisfied and discharged in the said receipt; but it is difficult to charge fuch accountants with interest money upon such of the said tallies or orders, as are standing out and unfatisfied; and it is utterly impossible for him to charge upon fuch accountants the interest hereafter to be paid upon any fuch unsatisfied tallies and orders, until the principal thereupon comes in course of payment, and the said tallies and orders, be brought to the faid receipt to be discharged; and it will be a great detriment to her Majesty's service, in case the final accounts of the said respective treasurers, paymasters, and other subordinate officers (which contain large sums of money, and may bave many Supers depending thereupon) should be deferred until all the said orders and tallies be fully discharged; To obviate which mischief, be it enacted, &c.

Auditor to proceed in examining the several interest accounts pursuant to the act 12 & 13 W. 3. C. 11. and surcharge the interest monies omitted. Lord treasurer, &c. on such charge may proceed in finishing the accounts of the treasurers and paymasters of the navy, forces, &c. Auditor to examine the accountant's interest accounts, and certify the sums which ought to be surcharged for interest money. Certificate a legal charge against such accountant. In case it appears that interest money charged on accountant was paid over to creditor, &c. accountant to be allowed for so much. Salaries of the army commissioners to be made without account.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for the further explanation and regulation of privilege of parliament in relation to persons in publick offices.

WHEREAS it is most just and reasonable, that persons employed in offices and places of publick trust, should at all times be accountable for any missemeanors therein, and the publick justice of the reason requireth a vigorous prosecution of such offenders: To the end therefore that your Majesty's good subjects may not lie under any doubts or discouragements, whereby such prosecutions might be prevented or delayed; may it please your most excellent Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That any action or suit shall and may

Action may be authority of the same, That any action or suit shall and may prosecuted abe commenced and prosecuted in any of her Majesty's courts at gainst any officer or person intrusted or imployed cer of the revenue, or any in the revenue of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, or

any part or branch thereof, or any other office or place of other place of publick trust, for any forfeiture, misdemeanor, or breach of publick trust, trust, of, in, or relating to such office or place of trust, or any for any misse-penalty imposed by law to enforce the due execution thereof; Mo such action and that no such action, suit, or any other process, proceeding, to be stayed on judgment, or execution thereupon, although such officer or pretence of person shall be a peer of this realm, or lord of parliament, or privilege of one of the knights, citizens, or burgesses of the house of parliament. commons, or otherwise intitled to the privilege of parliament, shall be impeached, stayed, or delayed by or under colour or

pretence of any privilege of parliament.

II. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the Act not to authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act shall extend to subject the subject the person of such officer, being a peer of this realm, person of peer to imprison to imprison. or lord of parliament, to be arrested or imprisoned; but that ment: all process shall issue against such officer or person, being a peer Nor member of this realm, or lord of parliament, as should have issued against of the house of him out of the time of privilege: nor shall extend to subject commons. the person of such officer, being a knight, citizen, or burgess of the house of commons, to be arrested or imprisoned, during the time of privilege of parliament; and that against such officer, or other person, being a knight, citizen, or burgess of the house of commons, intitled to privilege, shall be issued summons and distress infinite, or original bill, summons, attachment, and distress infinite, which the said respective courts are hereby impowered to iffue in fuch case, until the party shall appear upon fuch process according to the course of such respective court,

CAP. XIX.

An act for raising recruits for the land forces and marines, and for dif- EXP. penfing with part of the act for the encouragement and increase of thipping and navigation, during the present war.

CAP. XX.

An act for punishing mutiny, desertion, and false musters, and for better EXP. paying of the army and quarters, and for satisfying divers arrears, and for a surther continuance of the powers of the five commissioners for the

examining and determining the accounts of the army. Officers or foldiers, who shall mutiny or defert, to suffer death. General. to call courts martial for punishing offenders. Court martial to confift of 13 commission officers. Officer or soldier not to be exempt from the ordinary process of law. Act not to extend to the militia forces. Every officer at a court martial to take an oath. Nine officers to concur in giving sentence of death against offender. No trial to be but between eight and one. Penalty on person making false certificate to excuse soldier from muster. Penalty on officer making false muster. Commissary to give notice of the muster to the mayor, &c. mayor, &c. to be present at muster. No muster roll to be allowed, unless signed by mayor, &c. Penalty on person falsly mustered. Horse mustered not belonging to the troop forfeited, &c. Penalty on paymaster, &c. detaining officers or foldiers pay, &c. officer to bring a certificate of men fick or absent. Penalty on officer mustering servants, &c. 31 Car. 2. c. 1. Officers and soldiers may be quartered in inns, livery stables, &c. Penalty on quartering officers or soldiers in private houses, &c. Justices to set rates for all necessary provisions for soldiers in their march. Penalty on officer taking money to excuse the quartering of soldiers. ty on officer taking money to excuse the quartering of soldiers. No paymatter, &c. to deduct fees out of officers or foldiers pay, &c. Offi-

cer, on receipt of sublishence money, to give notice thereof to innkeepers, &c, who are to bring in their accounts. Rates allowed for diet, &c. for officers and foldiers. Officer to make up accounts before he leaves his quarters, &c. All accoutrements of war shall be bought in England. Muster rolls to be closed the same day as taken: one whereof to be returned to the paymafter general, and another to the comptroller of the army accounts. Carriages to be provided for the forces in their march. Penalty on officer forcing waggon, &c. to travel more than one day's journey, or forcing hories from the owners. Penalty on officer quartening wives, children, &c. of foldiers in houses against consent of owner. Penalty on civil officer so doing, Penalty on officers or foldier destroying the game without leave. Account of money due to every regiment in the Queen's service, to be made up between the paymaster general and the colonel, &c. and so every four months, &c. Colonel to account with his captains, &c. Penalty on persons harbouring deferters, &c. Inhabitants of Epfom, &c. not liable to quarter foldiers.

Officer or foldier correthe Queen's enemies beyond fea, treason.

XXXIV. And forasmuch as there is not any effectual provision made for the government of her Majesty's land forces out of the realms of England and Ireland; be it further enacted and declared, That if any officer or foldier in her Majesty's army shall, either upon sponding with land out of England, or upon the sea, hold correspondence with any rebel or enemy of her Majesty, or give them advice or intelligence, either by letters, messages, signs, or tokens, or any. guilty of high manner of way whatloover, or shall treat with such rebels or enemies, or enter into any condition with them, without her Majesty's licence, or licence of the general, lieutenant general, or chief commander, then every such person, so offending, shall be deemed and adjuged to be guilty of high treason, and suffer fuch pains and penalties as in case of high treason.

Officer or foldier beyond mutiny, or refifting his officer, &c. ny.

XXXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any officer or soldier of her Majesty's army, either upon sea raising any land out of England, or upon the sea, shall raise, or cause to be raised, any mutiny or sedition in the army, or shall refuse to obey his superior officer, or shall result any officer in the execuguilty of felo- tion of his office, or shall strike, draw, or offer to draw, or lift up, any weapon against his superior officer, upon any pretence whatfoever, all and every the person and persons so offending, in any of the matters before mentioned, shall be adjudged and taken to be guilty of felony, and shall suffer as in cases of felony; and every of their faid offences shall be deemed to be felony, and shall suffer as in case of felony; and the offenders being thereof convicted, or being indicted or arraigned thereof, and standing mute, or challenging peremptorily above the number of twenty returned to be of the jury, shall suffer death as in case of felony.

All treasons and felonies may be tried minster, &c.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the treasons and felonies before mentioned, in the Queen's that shall be committed, perpetrated, or done, may be inquired Benchat West- of, heard, and determined in her Majesty's court, commonly called the Queen's Bench, by good and lawful men of the same county where the faid court shall sit and be kept, or before such commissioners, and in such county of this realm, as shall be alligned by the Queen's majesty, and by good and lawful men of the same county, in like manner and form, to all intents and purpofes. purposes, as if the said treason and selonies had been committed.

perpetrated, and done within the same county.

XXXVII. Provided always, That this act, or any thing This act not therein contained, shall not extend to abridge the Majesty's to abridge the power of forming, making, and establishing articles of war, and er of making erecting and conflituting courts-martial, and inflicting penalties, articles of by sentence or judgment of the same, in such manner as might war, &c. have been done by her Majesty's authority beyond the seas, in the time of war, before the making of this act.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- Court-martial said, That her Majesty may, from time to time, grant a com- may try ofmission to such general, lieutenant general, or other officers, as fences comaforefaid, for the holding a court-martial within this realm, in mitted out of the realm, not which all officers and foldiers, who shall at any time hereafter, before tried. during the continuance of this act, commit any crime or offence out of this realm, against the rules, articles, or laws of war, and shall not be tried for the same by a court-martial, before their return into this realm, shall and may be tried and proceeded against, and punished, according to the rules and articles of war afore-mentioned.

XXXIX. Provided always, That if any officer or foldier shall How officers desert her Majesty's service in any parts beyond the seas, and or soldiers deshall escape or come into this realm or Ireland, before he be tried ferting the by a court-martial for such offence, then, and as often as any vice beyond such case shall happen, if it shall also happen that the regiment, sea, shall be troop, or company, to which such officer or soldier shall belong, tried. shall continue in her Majesty's service beyond the seas, it shall and may be lawful, upon oath thereof made to any one of her Majesty's justices of the peace, where such offender shall be taken, for such justices of the peace to cause such offender to be fent to the general court-martial in England or Ireland, who are hereby enabled, if they think fit, for example's fake, to fend fuch offenders to the respective regiment, troop, or company beyond the seas, to which the offender shall belong, there to be proceeded against according to the directions of this act.

XL. Provided also, That if any person or persons shall, in a Persons accourt-martial constituted as aforesaid, be tried and acquitted, or quitted by a convicted of any of the crimes or offences herein before mention not to be profed, fuch acquittal or conviction shall be a full bar to any indict- ecuted again.

ments or proceedings for the lame offence.

XLI. Provided always, That no attainder for any crime or No attainder offence made felony by this act, shall extend or be adjudged to to corrupt the make any corruption of blood to any heir of fuch offender, or blood of heir, to debar the wife of fuch offender of her title of dower.

XLII. Provided also, That if any peer of this realm shall How a peer commit any of the offences aforesaid, in any parts beyond the of England seas, and shall not have been there tried for the same by martial shall be tried law, and after his return into this realm shall be indicted of any for any ofoffence hereby declared or enacted to be treason or felony, that fence by this then, and after such indictment, he shall have his trial by his act. peers, in such like manner and form as hath been acoustomed.

XLIII. And

64

Persons indicted of treason, &c. to have the benefit of the act 7 W. 3. C. 3.

XLIII. And be it declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, who shall hereafter be accused, indicted, or prosecuted, for any thing made or declared treason by this act, shall be intitled to the benefit of the act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for regulating trials in cases of treason and misprisson of treason.

Officers and foldiers of the marine regiments, &c. subject to the penalties, &c. in this act. Account of each regiment, garrifou, &c. to be made up. Auditors to examine the same, and the accountant on oath. No account to be hereafter declared by the lord treasurer, &c. until auditor certify the examination thereof. Respit money may be applied as levy money. The debts owing in quarters by the invalids of Chessea hospital, &c. shall be paid. Persons reprieved from execution, in order to obtain their pardon, &c. On sight of the Queen's warrant, for passing such pardon, judge may direct the delivery of prisoner, to be listed in the Queen's service. Pardon, when passed, to be inrolled, &c. Act, as to mutineers and deserters, &c. to extend to the forces in Ireland. The pay of the 10,000 men raised for sea service to be cleared to 25 Dec. 1703. Accounts of the English and Dutch trains of artillery to be examined, and debentures issued out thereupon. Pay of the forces at New-York to be computed. Debentures to be issued for payment. 1 Anne, flat. 2. c. 20. continued until 30 June, 1704.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ tertio 😂 quarto.

AT the parliament begun at Westminster the twentieth day of August, Anno Dom. 1702. in the first year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations and adjournments to the * four and twentieth day of October, 1704. being the third session of day of March. this present parliament.

 In the inrolment it is, to the fourteenth

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in EXP. the year one thousand seven hundred and sive. 4s. in the pound.

CAP. II.

An all for raising monies, by sale of several annuities, for carrying on the present war.

Most gracious Sovereign,

2-& 3 Annæ, C. 3.

See 1 Geo. 1. stat. 1, c. 1.

£ 4.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made and passed in the se-cond year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, by selling annuities at several rates, and for such respective terms or estates, as are therein mentioned, and by several other acts therein recited, provision is made, That from and after the five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sive, the full, clear, and

intire weekly fum of three thousand seven bundred pounds out of all

1703.

the monies arifing by the hereditary duties of excise, and by other duties of excise therein mentioned, payable during her Majesty's life, and from and after her Majesty's decease, then the like full, clear, and intire weekly sum of three thousand seven bundred pounds, out of all the monies to arise by the said hereditary duties of excise, from time to time for ever, shall be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer every week, in the manner and form, and under such penalties, as are thereby prescribed: and it is thereby further enacted, That out of the money of the said hereditary duties of excise, arising in or by such weekly payments at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, certain annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, therein mentioned, shall be satisfied and paid, and that out of the monies of the said several branches of excise, arising in or by the said weekly payments, the several annuities to be purchased in pursuance of the said ast of the second year of your Majesty's reign, should also be paid and satisfied; and that all the rest and residue of the monies arising by the fuld weekly payments, and which at the end of every year, reckoning By 6 Geo. 1. the first year to begin from the said five and twentieth day of Decem- c. 4. the South-ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, Sea company should remain, after satisfying or referving sufficient to satisfy all the take in these payments which should be then incurred or grown due, as well for and annuities. upon the said annual sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, as also for and upon all the said annuities, to be purchased upon the act last mentioned, should be applied and disposed of to and for the publick use and service, and not otherwise: and whereas the said annual sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, do amount in the whole to the yearly sum of thirty nine thousand eight bundred fifty five pounds, fixteen shillings, and one half penny; and the annuities purchased on the said act of the second year of your Majefty's reign, for the said term of ninety nine years, do amount in the whole to fixty seven thousand nine hundred twenty four pounds, ten fbillings, and fix pence half penny; and the annuities purchased severally on the same all for single lives, do amount in the whole to twenty two thousand three bundred and thirteen pounds, six shillings, and eight pence; and the annuities severally purchased on the same act for the lives of two persons, and the survivor of them, do amount in the whole to ten thousand five hundred and twenty eight pounds; and the several annuities purchased on the same act for the lives of three persons, and the survivors and survivor of them, do amount in the whole to three thousand nine hundred seventy nine pounds, thirteen shillings, and four pence; and the charges of paying the said annuities do amount to the yearly sum of twelve hundred pounds; so that there doth remain at this time undisposed, of the money of the said weekly payments, to be applied to the publick use and service, the yearly sum of forty six thousand sive bundred ninety eight pounds, thirteen shillings, and sive pence, or thereabouts, besides the expectancies after the determination of the said respective estates, for one, two, and three lives: Now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, being defirous to raise the money necessary for carrying on the present war, and other your Majefty's most pressing occasions, by such ways and means as

T1703. are most easy to your Majesty's subjects, do chearfully and

What fums may be adwanced for urchafers,

15 years purchase, to be aid into the Exchequer.

ment.

Annuities 60 to exceed 46,000l. per annum.

The first payment as March, 1706.

unanimously grant unto your Majesty a further aid, to arise by contributions for annuities, to be purchased in the manner and form herein after mentioned; and do humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, to contribute, advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of eight hundred seventy seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny, for purchasing such several and respective annuities as are herein after-mentioned (that is to fay) any fum and fums of money, not exceeding fix hundred and ninety thousand pounds (part of the faid whole fum not exceeding eight hundred seventy seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenmy) for any annuity or annuities to be for 99 years at paid during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the said five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, at the rate of fifteen years purchase; which rate doth amount to the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds for every such annuity of tenpounds per annum, and proportionably for any greater annuity; and the same rate or consideration-money, for the said full term of ninety nine years, is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt at or before the respective days and times herein after-Times of pay- mentioned (that is to fay) one third part thereof on or before the first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; one other third part thereof, on or before the four and twentieth day of June, in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the nine and twentieth day of September, in the same year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five: all which annuities, so to be purchased for the said full purchased, not term of ninety nine years, shall not exceed in the whole the sum of forty fix thousand pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts in the year (that is to say) the feast of the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, the nativity of St. John Baptist, St. Michael the archangel, and the birth of our Lord Christ, by even and equal portions; the first payment to be made at or upon the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six.

II. And whereas the persons, who are or may be intitled to the respective estates for life or lives, purchased upon the said act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, or some of them, are or may be willing and desirous (for such respective prices or considerations as are

berein

herein after-mentioned) to have such their respective estates for life or lives changed or converted into a certain term or terms for ninety nine years, to be computed from the said five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, of and in such or the like annuities as they have for life or lives, as aforesaid; or that they, or fuch as they shall nominate his, her, or their executors, administrators, and assigns respectively (for the like respective prices or considerations) shall or may be intitled to have, receive, and enjoy the like annuity from and after the determination of his, her, or their estate for life or lives, as aforesaid, for and during the residue which shall be then to come and unexpired of the said term of ninety nine years last-mentioned; and in cases where the present owner of any such annuity for life or lives is or may be unwilling (if any such be) to purchase a further or more certain estate or interest therein, it is likely that some other person or persons is or may be desirous to be admitted to purchase a suture estate or interest in such or the like annuity or annuities, to take effect from and after the determination of the respective estate for one, two, or three lives in being, and to continue for and during the then residue and remainder of the said term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the said five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and four, which shall be then to come and unexpired:

III. Now for the raising any further sum and sums of money, not exceeding one hundred eighty seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny, other part of the faid fum not exceeding eight hundred feventy

feven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny, for the purposes aforesaid; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it What to be done shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives where an anor foreigners, being as original contributors, or by mesne assign-nuity is not dements, or by other lawful ways and means, intitled to any estate manded in 2 for one life in being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained 1Geo.1.stat. 2. upon the faid act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, to c. 36. s. 16. advance and pay into the receipt of your Majesty's Exchequer, Original conat or before the respective days and times in this act limited in the for one that behalf, so much money as every or any such annuity, being life, &c. computed for fix years, doth or shall amount unto, either for may advance changing or converting the faid estate for a single life, into a so much mocertain term for the said ninety nine years, to be computed from ney, &c. as every annuity the said five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven amounts unto hundred and four; or for the like annuity to be paid to him, for fix years her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and purchase, for affigns, from and immediately after the determination of the faid converting their effact for estate for one life, during the then residue of the said ninety nine one life, &c. years last-mentioned, at the election of the purchasers respective- into a certain ly; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person term for 99 or persons, being, as aforesaid, intitled to any estate for two years. lives now in being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained determination upon the said act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, to of one life, advance and pay into the receipt of your Majesty's Exchequer, during the Vol. XI.

at refidue of 99

years, &c.

are most easy to your Majesty's subjects, do chearfully and unanimously grant unto your Majesty a further aid, to arise by contributions for annuities, to be purchased in the manner and form herein after mentioned; and do humbly beseech your Malefty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, to contribute, advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of eight hundred seventy seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny. for purchasing such several and respective annuities as are herein after-mentioned (that is to fay) any fum and fums of money, not exceeding fix hundred and ninety thousand pounds (part of the faid whole fum not exceeding eight hundred seventy seven

What fums may be adwanced for purchasers.

15 years purchase, to be paid into the Exchequer.

and three pence halfpenny) for any annuity or annuities to be for 99 years at paid during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the said five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, at the rate of fifteen years purchase; which rate doth amount to the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds for every such annuity of tenpounds per annum, and proportionably for any greater annuity; and the same rate or consideration-money, for the said full term of ninety nine years, is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt at or before the respective days and times herein after-Times of pay- mentioned (that is to fay) one third part thereof on or before the first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven

> hundred and five; one other third part thereof, on or before the four and twentieth day of June, in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the nine and twentieth day of Septem-

> thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings,

ment.

Annuities fo to exceed 46,000l. per annum.

The first payment as March, 1706.

ber, in the same year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five: all which annuities, so to be purchased for the said full purchased, not term of ninety nine years, shall not exceed in the whole the sum of forty fix thousand pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts in the year (that is to say) the feast of the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, the nativity of St. John Baptist, St. Michael the archangel, and the birth of our Lord Christ, by even and equal portions; the first payment to be made at or upon the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, which shall be in the year of our Lord

> II. And whereas the persons, who are or may be intitled to the respective estates for life or lives, purchased upon the said all of the Second year of your Majesty's reign, or some of them, are or may be willing and defirous (for such respective prices or considerations as are berein

one thousand seven hundred and six.

berein after-mentioned) to have such their respective estates for life or lives changed or converted into a certain term or terms for ninety nine years, to be computed from the said five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and four, of and in such or the like annuities as they have for life or lives, as aforesaid, or that they, or fuch as they shall nominate his, her, or their executors, administrators, and assigns respectively (for the like respective prices or considerations) shall or may be intitled to have, receive, and enjoy the like annuity from and after the determination of his, her, or their estate for life or lives, as aforesaid, for and during the residue which shall be then to come and unexpired of the said term of ninety nine years last-mentioned; and in cases where the present owner of any such annuity for life or lives is or may be unwilling (if any such be) to purchase a further or more certain estate or interest therein, it is likely that some other person or persons is or may be desirous to be admitted to purchase a future estate or interest in such or the like annuity or anmuities, to take effect from and after the determination of the respective estate for one, two, or three lives in being, and to continue for and during the then refidue and remainder of the faid term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the said five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and four, which shall be then to come and unexpired:

III. Now for the raising any further sum and sums of money. not exceeding one hundred eighty seven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny, other part of the faid fum not exceeding eight hundred feventy feven thousand nine hundred and thirty pounds, nineteen shillings, and three pence halfpenny, for the purposes aforesaid; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it What to be done shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives where an anor foreigners, being as original contributors, or by melne affign-nuity is not dements, or by other lawful ways and means, intitled to any effate manded in 2 for one life in being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained 1Geo. 1. stat. 2. upon the said act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, to c. 36. s. 16. advance and pay into the receipt of your Majesty's Exchequer, Original conatronator before the respective days and times in this act limited in the for one that behalf, so much money as every or any such annuity, being life, &c. computed for fix years, doth or shall amount unto, either for may advance changing or converting the said estate for a single life, into a so much mocertain term for the faid ninety nine years, to be computed from ney, &c. as the said five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven amounts unto hundred and four; or for the like annuity to be paid to him, for fix years her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and purchase, for affigns, from and immediately after the determination of the faid converting their estate for one life, during the then residue of the said ninety nine one life, &c. years last-mentioned, at the election of the purchasers respective- into a certain ly; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person term for 99 or persons, being, as aforesaid, intitled to any estate for two years. lives now in being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained determination upon the faid act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, to of one life, advance and pay into the receipt of your Majesty's Exchequer, during the at relidue of 99 VOL. XI.

years, &c.

quar-

Two lives for four years purchase, &c. The like after the determination for two lives, &c.

at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, for your Majesty's use, so much money as every or any fuch annuity, being computed for four years, doth or shall amount unto, either for changing or converting the same estate for two lives, into a certain term for the faid ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four, or for the like annuity, to be paid to him, her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and assigns, from and immediately after the determination of the faid estate for two lives, during the then residue of the term of ninety nine years last-mentioned, at the election of the purchasers respectively; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, being, as aforesaid, intitled to any estate for three lives now in being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained upon the said act of the second year of your Majesty's reign, at any time to advance and pay into the faid receipt of your Majesty's Exchequer, for your Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, so much money as every or any such annuity, being computed for three years, doth or shall amount Three lives at unto, either for changing or converting the same estate for three lives into a certain term for ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the said five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four, or for the like annuity to be paid to

him, her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and affigns, from and immediately after the determination of the

ninety nine years last-mentioned, at the election of the purchas-

three years purchase.

The like after faid estate for three lives, during the then residue of the term of the determination for three lives, &c. Confideration | monies, &c. the Exchequer.

ment.

paid at the four most usual feaits, &c. Estates for lives changed for 99 years.

ers respectively; and it is hereby declared and appointed, That all the confideration monies to be paid after the respective rates of fix years purchase, four years purchase, and three years purto be paid into chase, in the several and respective cases before-mentioned, shall be paid into the faid receipt of Exchequer, for your Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times herein after-limited (that is to fay) one third part thereof on or before the last Times of pay- day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; one other third part thereof on or before the four and twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the nine and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; and Annuitiestobe the faid annuities for which the faid confideration monies shall be so paid after the said rates of six years, four years, and three years purchase, as aforesaid, shall be also paid and payable at the First payment. four most usual feasts before-mentioned, by even and equal portions, the first payment thereof to begin and to be made at such of the faid feasts as shall next happen after the respective times Quarterly pay- on which they are to take effect, as aforesaid; nevertheless in all ments thereon cases where any estate for life or lives shall be, in pursuance of to discharge this act, changed into a certain term for ninety nine years, as ments, reckon, aforesaid, for avoiding any double payments thereupon, the

quarterly payments, which shall have been made on the said ed on the estate for life or lives, shall be deemed and taken to discharge term of 99 for many of the quarterly payments, which might otherwise then such ebe reckoned for the same time, upon the said certain term of states for life minety nine years, and then such present estate for life or to be extinlives, shall be understood to be merged or extinguished in the guished.

faid terms of years respectively.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any person or If one third persons, being intitled to any estate for one, two, or three of the consistence in being in any such appointment of any sixty or appointment of the consistence of th lives in being, in any fuch present annuity or annuities, as ney, &c. be aforesaid, shall not, on or before the said last day of March, in notpaid before the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, ad- the last of vance and pay into the said receipt of Exchequer, one third part March, 1709, at the least of such respective rate or consideration money, as is son, &c. may beforementioned, for changing his, her, or their estate for purchase, one, two, or three lives into a term certain, or for a future interest, as aforesaid, that then and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whatsoever, matives or foreigners (having or not having any property or interest in such estate for life or lives) at any time or times after the said last day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, and within the respective days and times by this act limited in this behalf, to contribute, advance, and pay into the faid receipt of Exchequer, for the purposes aforesaid, such respective rates or consideration monies, as are herein after appointed for purchasing of such annuities, to commence after the determination of the faid estates for one, two, or three lives respectively, as are herein after expressed (that is to say) in Conditions of every or any case where any annuity was purchased upon the purchase for faid former act for one life only still in being, and the present one life, owner shall have made no further payment for a future interest, or certain term therein, according to this act, any person or persons, as aforesaid, may contribute and pay the confideration money, after the rate of fix years purchase for such or the like annuity, to be paid and payable to him, her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and assigns, from and immediately after the determination of every such estate for a single life (which is to be named in every talley for such purchase money, and in the order thereupon) and to continue from thenceforth for and during all the rest and residue, which shall be then to come and unexpired, of and in the said term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four; and in every or any case where any annuity was purchased upon the said former act for two lives still in being, Two lives, and the present owner shall have made no further payment for a future interest, or a certain term therein, according to this act, any person or persons, as aforesaid, may contribute and pay the confideration-money, after the rate of four years purchase for such or the like annuity, to be paid and payable to him, her, or them, his, her, and their executors, administra-

tors, and assigns, from and immediately after the determination of every fuch estate for two lives (which are to be named in every talley for such purchase-money, and in the order thereupon) and to continue from thenceforth, for and during all the rest and residue, which shall be then to come and unexpired, of and in the faid term of ninety fine years, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four: and in every or any case where any annuity

Three lives. &c.

was purchased upon the said former act for three lives still in being, and the present owner thereof shall have made no further payment for a future interest or a certain term therein, according to this act, any person or persons, as aforesaid, may contribute and pay the confideration-money, after the rate of three years purchase, for such or the like annuity to be paid and payable to him, her, or them, his, her, or their executors, administrators, and assigns, from and after the determination of every such estate for three lives (which are to be named in every talley for such purchase-money, and in the order thereupon) and to continue from thenceforth, for and during all the rest and refidue, which shall be then to come and unexpired, of and in the faid term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the faid five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four. And it is hereby declared and appointed, Confideration. That all the confideration-monies to be paid by the faid per-

fons, who may purchase in default of those who have the present

estates for life and lives, as aforesaid, shall be paid in the said re-

ceipt of Exchequer for your Majesty's use, after the said last day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, and at or before the respective days and times herein after limited (that is to say)

money to be paid into the Éxchequer.

Times of pay- one third part thereof on or before the first day of May, in the ment.

year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five; one other

aforesaid.

third part thereof on or before the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and five; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and five; and the when payable. faid annuities so to be purchased by any persons (in default of those who have the present estates for life or lives, as aforesaid) shall also be paid and payable, at the four most usual feasts in the year before-mentioned, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to begin, and to be made at fuch of the faid feasts, as shall next happen after the respective times, from which such annuities are to commence or take effect, as

Contributors names to be entred in the offices of the auditor and clerk of the pells.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells in the Exchequer, feverally there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in which shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the said sums upon this act, and also the several sums so paid, and the time when the same are respectively paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the respec-

tive contributors, their executors, administrators, and affigns, Books to be from time to time, and at all seasonable times, to have resort, without see.

and to inspect the same without see or reward.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, All annuities. That all and every the annuities whatfoever, which shall be &c. to be paid any way purchased upon, or in pursuance of, this present act, out of the shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and weekly paypayable out of, the overplus of the monies arising from time to time by the weekly payments of excise money afore-mentioned (that is to say) the money which shall remain, from time to time, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to pay and satisfy the monies, which shall from time to time be incurred and grown due, as well for and upon the faid annual sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, as for and upon all the faid annuities for lives or years, purchased upon the said act of the second year of your Majesty's reign; and so much of the said overplus monies, as are and shall be overplus to fufficient to fatisfy and discharge all the annuities to be pur-discharge the chased upon this act, according to the purport and true mean-annuities, and ing of the same, are and shall be appropriated and applied to no other use. and for the satisfying and discharging of the same accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed, or applied to that use, and to no other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Contributors That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, paying the duly paying the confideration of purchase-money after the purchase-morespective rates aforesaid, at or before the respective days and ney, shall entimes in this act limited in that behalf for any appuits or an jey the annuity times in this act limited in that behalf, for any annuity or anties so purnuities whatsoever, allowed to be purchased by this act, ac-chased, cording to the true meaning of the same act, or such as he, she, or they, shall appoint, his, her, or their respective executors, administrators, and assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be intitled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased, out of the overplus monies arising and to arise, as aforesaid, from the respective times on which such annuities are respectively to commence, for and during such respective term of years, or remaining term of years, as are above-mentioned; and that all and have fure and every fuch purchasers, their executors, administrators, and estates therein, affigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests in the several annuities so by them to be purchased, according to the nature of their respective purchases, and the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all annuities to be purchased on free from this act for any term, estate, or interest whatsoever, shall be free taxes; from all taxes, charges, and impolitions what soever.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, and have tal-That every contributor upon any part of this act for any of the lies for the annuities aforesaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, same, or affigns, upon payment of the confideration or purchasemoney for the same, at the respective rate in this act before appointed, or any part or proportion thereof, within the time or

times by this act limited in that behalf, shall immediately have one or more talley or tallies levied, importing the receipt of fo much confideration-money as shall be so paid, for or in part of the faid respective sums to be raised, as aforesaid, and according to the nature of his, her, or their payments respectively; and upon payment of all the purchase-money for any such annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, at the rate by this act appointed, every such contributor respectively, his or her respecand orders for tive executors, administrators, or assigns, shall have an order for payment of fuch annuity and annuities, for and during fuch respective term, estate, or interest, as he, she, or they shall

> or ought to have therein, as aforefaid; which order shall be figned by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the

payment.

time being; and, after the figning thereof, the fame shall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office or offices of them or any of them, nor shall any lord high treasurer of England, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury, now, or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, or make void fuch

No lord treafurer, &c. to revoke the fame..

> orders, so signed as aforesaid, or any of them. IX. And for the encouragement of the contributors to

51. per cent. for prompt payment.

advance and pay forthwith, into the receipt of Exchequer, the fums intended by them to be advanced upon any of the terms aforefaid, it is provided and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every fuch contributor, who being to pay his or her purchase-money, or any part thereof, on or before the faid last day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, shall pay the same, or any part thereof, sooner than the said last day of March, shall be paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for prompt payment of the money so advanced, from the time of actual paying the same, until the said last day of March, one thousand feven hundred and five; and every contributor on this act, who being to pay his or her purchase-money, or any part thereof, on or before the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and five, shall pay the same, or any part thereof, sooner than the said first day of May, shall be paid out of the faid contribution-money the like rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for such prompt payment of the money so advanced from the time of actual paying the same, until the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and

Contributors, &c. may aftign or devise annuities and X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any contributor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, at any time or times, having any present or future term, estate, or interest, or any present estate to take

effect

effect in future, of and in any annuity to be purchased upon so totics quethis act, or of or in any part of fuch annuity, by any writing ties. under hand and seal, or by his or her last will in writing, to assign or devise such annuity and annuities, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatsoever, and so teties quoties, and no such assignment to be revokable; so as an entry or memorandum of such assignment or will be Entry of such made in books to be kept for that purpose in the said office of affiguments, the auditor of the receipt, within the space of two months after &c. to be fuch affignment, or death of the devisor; and that upon the made on affiproducing such assignment, or will, or probate thereof, in the Affidavits to faid office of receipt, to be entred as aforefaid, the party so pro- be filed., ducing the same, shall bring therewith an affidavit, taken be- In default of fore some person authorized to take affidavits in causes dependaffignment or
devise, &c. ing in any of the courts at Westminster, of the due execution interest of of the faid assignment or will, which affidavits shall be severally contributor to filed in the faid office; which faid entry or memorandum the go to his exeproper officers, in the faid receipt of the Exchequer, are hereby cutors, &c. required to make accordingly, and to file the faid affidavits; and in default of such assignment or devise, by deed or will, the interest of such contributor shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Guardians lawful for any guardian or trustee, having the disposal of the may advance money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, 150l. for the for the use and benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the benefit of infant to pursum of one hundred and fifty pounds, of the money of such chase any aninfant, to purchase any annuity upon this act for the benefit of nuity on this such infant; and the said guardian and trustee, as to the said act. fum of one hundred and fifty pounds so advanced, is hereby

discharged.

XII. And be it further enacted, for the better encouraging All receipts persons to advance the said several sums on this act, That all and iffues in receipts and iffues, and all other things directed by this act to the Exchebe performed in the Exchequer, shall be done and performed done without by the officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly fee. or indirectly, any fee, gratuity, or reward for the same; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer shall take or demand any such fee or reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the faid weekly sums to be paid into the receipt of Exchequer, or any part of the monies which should make good the payment of the faid annuities, or shall pay or issue out of the same, otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books and registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things, which by this act they are required to perform, every such officer shall forfeit his office, and Penalty. be for the future uncapable of any office or place of trust, and shall answer and pay treble damages, with costs of suit, to every contributor or person who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein

Plaintiff on recovery to have full cofts.

profecution, any other contributor, &c. may action.

None to purchase any annuity, unless one third part of the purchase money be paid in by the last of March, 1705.

or unless one third be paid in by the first of May, 1705.

Contributors **advancing** one third part, and not paying the two other parts of the confideration money within the times limited,

fuch money, so paid in, to be forteited. æc.

no essoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, or more than one imparlance, shall be granted or allowed; and in the said action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have his full costs, one third part of which fum, so to be recovered for damages, shall Incase of faint be to the use of your Majesty, your heirs and successors; and the other two third parts, with the costs, shall be to the use of the profecutor: and in case there shall be any collusion or faint profecution between the plaintiff and defendant in such bring another action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or her executors, administrators or assigns, to bring another action, wherein he shall recover as aforesaid, to the like uses as afore-

XIII. Provided always, That no person or persons whatsoever shall or may purchase or obtain any annuity upon this act, for which the purchase-money, or any part thereof, is hereby appointed to be paid on or before the faid last day of March, one thousand feven hundred and five, unless the whole, or one third part of the consideration-money for the same, at such respective rates as aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the said receipt of Exchequer on or before the faid last day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sive; and that no perfon or persons whatsoever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase or obtain, any annuity upon this act, for which the purchase-money, or any part thereof, is hereby appointed to be paid on or before the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and five, unless the whole, or one third part of the confideration-money for the same, at such respective rate, as aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the said receipt of Exchequer on or before the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and five.

XIV. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as aforesaid, who shall, on or before the respective days by this act appointed for his or her first payment, have advanced one third part only of his or her purchase-money, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns do not advance and pay, into the receipt of Exchequer, one other third part of his or her confideration-money so to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, on or before the said four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and five; and the remaining third part thereof on or before the faid nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and five; then, and in every such case respectively, no order shall be drawn or figned for fuch respective annuity, for which the confideration-money shall not be fully paid, as aforesaid; but so much of the consideration-money, as shall have been actually paid into the Exchequer for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited and lost to your Majesty, your heirs and successors, and be applied, together with other the monies to be raifed by this act, for the purpoles aforefaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XV. Prov

XV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall Allowances to and may be lawful to and for the lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of any of the ed, &cc. monies of the said weekly payments, to reward the officers and clerks in the Exchequer to be imployed in the payment of the said annuities, or any of them, for their labour, pains, and service therein respectively, in such proportions as to the said lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. III.

An act for continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for EXP.

CAP. IV.

An act for continuing duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, and upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon muslins; and for granting new duties upon several of the said commodities, and also upon callicoes, China ware, and drugs.

Most gracious Sovereign,

[XTHEREAS by an act of parliament made and passed in the twelfth year of the reign of your Majesty's late royal brother
King William the Third (of glorious memory) intituled, An act 12W-3.c.21.
for granting to his Majesty several duties upon low wines or spirits of the first extraction, and continuing several additional duties upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, and certain impositions upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and the duty of fifteen per centum upon muslins, and for improving the duties upon japanned and lacquered goods, and for continuing the coinage duty, for the several terms and purposes therein mentioned, certain duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, were granted for a term, to continue until the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and six; and certain 6 W. 3. c. 7. duties, which by an act of the fixth year of his said late Majesty's reign, had been imposed upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, were by the faid act of the twelfth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, enacted to be continued until the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and by the same act certain duties or sums of money to be paid by every bawker, pedlar, petty chapman, and other trading persons described in a former act for licensing bawkers and pedlars, and the powers for granting such licences, were enacted to be continued until 9 & 10 W. 3. the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and c. 27. six; and a duty upon mustins, after the rate of sifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, was likewise, by the said ast of the twelfth year of his said late Majesty's reign, enacted to be continued until the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven bundred and six, as by the same act (relation being

thereunto

payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the faid powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

Clause of a W. fect. 12. revived.

III. And it is hereby enacted, That a certain clause in an act & M. s. c. 9. made in the second year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the encouraging the distilling of brandy and spirits from corn, and for laying several duties on low wines or spirits of the first extraction, relating to strong waters, brandy, Aqua vitæ, and other exciseable liquors brought from the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, and all the charges, duties, penalties, and every article and thing therein contained, which were revived by the faid act of the twelfth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, and were to be of full force during the continuance thereof, shall be further continued, and be of full force and virtue, during the continuance of this present act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said clause was herein word for word repeated.

Penalty on pedlar letting out his or her licence.

IV. And whereas great abuses have been committed by several perfons in lending or letting out to hire the licences by them taken out to trade as hawkers, pedlars, or petty chapmen; be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and sive, every perfon, who being actually trading as an hawker, pedlar, or petty chapman (for which he or she ought to have a licence, pursuant to this or the said act of the twelfth year of his said late Majesty's reign) shall not, upon demand, have his, her, or their licences ready to be produced, shall be adjudged to forfeit, as if fuch person had traded without any licence granted to him, her, or them; and such person in that case shall and may be committed, and the forfeiture recovered and levied in such manner, as is directed by this or any of the former acts for licensing hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, in case of trading without licence: and that from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and five, in case any person shall lend or let out to hire any licence to him or her granted, the person lending or letting out to hire such licence, and the perfon trading under colour of the same, shall either of them forfeit the sum of forty pounds, one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, the other moiety thereof to any person that will inform or fue for the same, to be recovered, with costs of suit, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, and the person so lending or letting out to hire fuch licence shall also forfeit the same.

V. And for the increasing her Majesty's revenues upon some of the commodities before in this act charged (to wit) upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, to be imported within or during the term herein after-mentioned; and to the end more money may be raised thereby for carrying on the said war, and

other her Majesty's most necessary occasions, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be answered Duties on cofand paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon see, &c. conall and all manner of coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tinued, and to tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, which hundred adshall be imported into the kingdom of England, dominion of ditional duty. Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times 10Geo.1. c. 10. after the first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and 18Geo. 2. C. 26. four, and before the four and twentieth day of June, one thoufand seven hundred and ten, over and above all duties, and additional duties already payable for the fame, or any of them, by any other law now in force, and over and above the faid continued duties chargeable thereupon by this act, the new additional rates and fums following; that is to fay, for every hundred weight of coffee imported, as aforefaid, accounting one hundred and twelve pounds to the hundred, fix and fifty shillings of lawful English money; for every hundred weight of cocoa nuts imported, and containing as aforesaid, from any the plantations belonging to the crown of England, fix and fifty shilllings; for every hundred weight of cocoa nuts imported, and Cocoa nuts containing as aforesaid, from any other country or place from 56s. per hun-whence they may by law be imported, four pounds and four plantations: shillings of like lawful English money; for every pound of choco-from any olate ready made, and imported as aforefaid, one shilling; for ther country every pound of cocoa paste, imported as aforesaid, two shillings; 41.41. per for every pound of tea, regularly imported as aforefaid, from Chocolate imwhence the same might lawfully have been imported before the ported rad. making of the faid act of the fixth year of his faid late Majesty's per lib. reign, one shilling; for every pound of tea, imported as afore-Cocoa paste faid, from Holland, or any other country, not the place of its 15 per lib. growth, or usual shipping, two shillings and six pence, and so Tea imported proportionably for any greater or leffer quantity of any the com- from Holland, modities imported as aforefaid, respectively; for all nutmegs, &c. 28. 6d. cinnamon, cloves, and mace imported as aforesaid, five pounds per 110. Nutmegs, for every hundred pounds value thereof, according to the several cinnamon, values charged on them respectively in the book of rates, and cloves, and fo in proportion for any greater or leffer quantity thereof; and mace importfor all pictures imported within the time aforesaid, whether for ed 51. per private use, or sale (which are hereby permitted to be imported Pictures sol. during the continuance of this act, any law or usage to the con-per cent. trary notwithstanding) twenty pounds of lawful English money per centum of the value, to be affirmed by the oath of the importer, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity thereof.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall Proviso for and may be lawful for any person or persons to import into the importing kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick nutmegs, upon Tweed, during the continuance of this act, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and tea, subject to the several duties payable for the same, from any parts beyond the seas, in English ships, so as the matter, and at least one moiety of the mariners, during the continuance of the present war, be Englishmen; and

so as after the end of this war, and during the continuance of this act, the master and at least three fourths of the mariners be English; and so as notice be first given to the commissioners of her Majesty's customs, of the quality and quantity of the said spices and tea so intended to be imported, and the place in which

1704.

callicoes,

Repealed as to tea by 7 Geo. 1. C. 21. f.12.

they intend to import the fame; and taking a licence under the hands of the commissioners of the customs for the time being, or any three of them, for the lading and importing thereof, as aforesaid; which licence they are hereby authorized and required to grant without any fee or reward, or any other charge to the person demanding the same; any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all

Drawback allowed on ex-

the additional duties last-mentioned, for and upon the said cofportation, &c. fee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, to be imported, from and after the faid first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and four, at any time or times before the said four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and all arrearages thereof (over and above all other duties on the same commodities respectively) shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, to the uses and purpoles in this act expressed, by such rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch distribution of the said penalties and forseitures, and subject to fuch drawbacks, allowances, and repayments to be made, of or out of the faid additional duties last-mentioned respectively, upon the exportation of the faid commodities last enumerated (coffee, tea, and cocoa nuts, for which other provision is made by this act, inly excepted) or any of them respectively, as the like respective duties, by virtue of the said act of the twelfth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, or by virtue of this present act, or any other act now in force relating thereunto, are to be

See 7 Geo. 1. fat. 1. c. 21. £ 11.

ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, or accounted for, during the continuance thereof respectively; and upon the exportation of coffee, tea, and cocoa nuts, within the times limited by law, so much as shall have been paid for the same, for such of the said duties as are by this act to commence from the faid first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and four, shall be repaid to the exporter, under such regulations as are prescribed by any former acts for drawbacks, in case of exportation of those commodities respectively.

VIII. And her Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, being desirous by the most reasonable ways and means to raise the monies necesfary for carrying on the faid war, and other her Majesty's important occasions, have for that end and purpose also given and granted to her Majesty the further duties herein after mentioned: and be it enacted, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all white

Additional duties on

callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs (ex. white callicept drugs for dying) which from and after the first day of Fe- coes, porcebruary, one thousand seven hundred and sour, and at any time lan, and drugs. or times before the said four and twentieth day of June, one Continued by 6 thousand seven hundred and ten, are or shall be imported into Annæ, c. 22. the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Ber- for 4 years, wick upon Tweed (over and above all other duties payable for and perpetuat-the same at the custom house) the further rates and sums follows follows. the same at the custom house) the further rates and sums fol- c. 7. s. 26. lowing; that is to fay, for and upon all white callicoes (by which are meant, all callicoes which do not pay duties as muflins, and all dimities and other manufactures made of cotton) which within the times aforesaid shall be imported, as aforesaid, a duty after the rate of fifteen pounds of lawful English money Callicoes 151. for every hundred pounds of the true and real value of the faid per cent. callicoes, to be ascertained upon the sale at the candle, as is herein after mentioned; and for and upon all porcelan, com- China wares monly called China or Japan ware, made of earth, which within 121. per cent. the times aforesaid are or shall be imported as aforesaid, a duty after the rate of twelve pounds of like money for every hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be also ascertained by the fale at the candle, as is herein after mentioned; and for and upon all drugs (dying drugs excepted) which are rated in Drugs (except the book of rates, and are or shall be imported as aforesaid, a dying drugs duty after the rate of ten pounds of like money for every hun. 101. per cent. dred pounds worth thereof, according to the several values charged on them respectively in the said book of rates; and for and upon unrated drugs (dying drugs excepted) which are or Unrated shall be imported within the days and times last mentioned, a drugs 41. per duty after the rate of four pounds of like money for every hun-cent. dred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be ascertained as is herein after mentioned, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity of any the commodities last mentioned respectively: and it is hereby declared, That by umrated drugs, chargeable by this act, are meant, all bark called clove bark, all What is meant bark called jesuits bark, callabasha, cassena, feechia, brugiata, grana by unrated germanica, gum mountjack, jessamine ointment, lapis byacinthiæ, drugs. oil of annifeeds, oil of carraway-feeds, oil of cinnamon, oil of cloves, oil of copavia, or balfam of copavia, oil of juniper, oil of lignum rhedium, oil of peony, oil of fasfafrass, pomatum, fal tamarisca, and all chymical salts, snake root, terra dulcis, turpentine of Germany, all chymical preparations, physical oils and medicinal drugs (excepting unrated drugs used for dying, and except coffee, tea, chocolate, cocoa paste, and cocoa nuts.) And it is hereby also declared, That by such dying goods, as are by this act, or any other acts, exempted from payment of the respective duties by this or the faid other acts granted, are meant the goods following (viz.) aqua-fortis, argoll, anotto, allum of all forts, archelia or Spanish weed, cocheneal, cream of tartar, copperas of all forts, gum arabick, gum seneca, sticklack, cakelack, madder roots, or rubia tinctorum, faunders red, sal armoniack, sal gem, turnefole, verdigreafe, ifing glass, platain, litharge of all forts,

By 1 Geo. 1. ffat. 2. C.41. L. 3. senna is to pay duties.

bayberries, antimony, pomegranate, pills arfenick, agarick, fenna, gauls, indico of all forts, litmus, madder of all forts, orchall, fafflore, shumack, cassumba, log wood, brazile wood, brazeletto wood, nickerago wood, fustick, red wood, sapan wood, woad. weld, valonia grain or scarlet powder, grain of fevil in berries, and grains of Portugal or Rota, English berries from the plantations, French berries, and falt petre.

How the duties on callicoes shall be **z**scertained and paid;

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said duties hereby granted for and upon all white callicoes imported, shall be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, answered, and paid, according to the gross price thereof, upon sale at the candle, by such ways and means, and subject to such of the like allowances, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the duties of fifteen per centum on muslins imported, by the said act of the

12W. 3. C.11. twelfth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, are to be secured, raised, levied, collected, answered, or paid; and that the said respective duties hereby granted, for and upon the said China or and the duties japan ware, and for and upon all such of the said unrated drugs, on China ware imported from the East Indies, Persia, China, or other parts within the limits of the charters granted to the East India companies, shall be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, an-

> · fwered, and paid, according to the prices thereof, upon fale at the candle, by fuch ways and means, and with fuch several and re-

and unrated drugs.

spective allowances, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and in fuch manner and form, as the duties of unrated goods from the East Indies, China, or other parts within the limits of the charters granted to the East India companies, are enacted, prescribed, or appointed to be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, answered, or paid, by an act passed in the second year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An att for granting to ber Majesty s Annæ, c. 9. an additional subsidy of tunnage and poundage for three years, and for laying a further duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize, and for ascertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the

East Indies: and that the value of all such of the said unrated drugs, as shall be imported from any parts or places (other than the East Indies, Persia, China, and other parts within the limits of the charters aforesaid) according to which the said duty of four per centum is to be paid, shall be affirmed by the oaths of

the importers of fuch drugs respectively.

Importer to cent. on unrated drugs.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That pay the 41. per the said duties of four per centum, by this act imposed upon unrated drugs, imported from parts not within the limits of the charters granted to the faid East India companies, shall be paid by the respective importers of the same upon the importation thereof.

Goods landed before entry forfeited.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, That in case any of the said callicoes, China ware, rated or unrated drugs, hereby charged as aforesaid, shall be landed or put on shore out of any ship or vessel, before due entry be made thereof at the custom house in the port or place where the same shall be imported, and before

the said duties by this act charged or chargeable thereupon shall be secured or paid, as this act doth require in the respective cases aforesaid, or without a warrant for the landing or delivering the same, first signed by the commissioners, collectors, or other proper officer or officers of the customs respectively, that all fuch imported callicoes, China wate, and drugs, as thall be so landed and put on shore, or taken out of any ship or vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the value of the same, shall be forseited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the importer or proprietor thereof (to wit) two thirds of the same to the use of her Majesty, her heirs or successors (the or they bearing the charge of profecution) and the other third to the use of such person or persons as will seize, inform, or sue for the same, or the value thereof, by action, bill, suit, or information, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared On exportaby the authority aforesaid, That in case any of the said callicoes tion duties to be repaid, and China wares, upon which the said further duties by this act These truelve, granted are paid or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, be again nine, and eigh. exported at any time or times within twelve months by English, teen months, are or within nine months by aliens; or if any of the said rated or enlarged to 3 unrated drugs, for which the faid further duties by this act Geo. 1. stat. 1. granted shall be paid as aforesaid, be again exported by any c. at. s. 100 English merchants within eighteen months, or by aliens within nine months, to be accounted from the respective times of the entry of the said goods inwards, and that due proof be first made upon oath, that the faid callicoes, China wares, and drugs fo exported be the same for which the said duties are paid and secured to be paid, as aforesaid, that then and in every such case (and not otherwise) the same duties so paid shall, without any delay or reward, be wholly repaid out of any the duties on imported commodities by this act granted, or the security, for fuch of the faid duties as shall be secured, shall be vacated, as to so much of the faid callicoes, China wares, and drugs, as shall be so exported; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all the duties Duties to be by this act granted or continued (except the necessary charges paid into the for raising and managing the same) shall, from time to time, by Exchequer. the respective receivers thereof, be brought into her Majesty's receipt of the Exchequer, for the purpoles in this act mentioned.

XIV. Provided nevertheless, That whereas several doubts Wholesale have arisen touching traders in the woollen or linen manufactor traders not to tures, who trade by wholefule, and for many thousands of the deemed tures, who trade by wholesale, and set many thousands of poor pediars, to work, and yet, for want of the convenience of water carriage, are obliged to fend their goods, when manufactured, by horses and otherwise to the publick markets, fairs, and other places; be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all persons trading in the woollen or linen manufactures of this kingdom, and felling the same by wholesale, shall not be deemed or taken to be hawkers, pedlars, or petty chapmen within this Vol. XI.

or any other act, but that such person or persons, and those that shall be immediately imployed under them to sell by wholesale only, may carry abroad, expose, and sell the said manufactures; any thing in this act or any other act or acts to the contrary

thereof notwithstanding.

Provilo.

XV. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no goods or merchandizes imported or brought into any ports of England or Wales, before the said first day of February, one thoufand feven hundred and four, and afterwards imported or brought into any other port or ports of this kingdom from the ports where they fo first arrived, shall be liable to pay the new duties by this act granted, to commence from the same first day of February; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Clause of loan 700,000 L at 61. per cent. 22 W. 3. C. 21.

See 6 Annæ.

Geo. 1. C. 7.

C1 22 & & 3

f. 19.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, not exceeding That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or perfons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to lend to her Majesty, at the receipt of the Exchequer, upon credit of all the monies which shall arise by the said act of the twelfth year of his said late Majesty's reign, after satisfaction of all the loans, not exceeding three hundred thousand pounds, made thereupon, and all the interest due and to be due for the said loans, and every of them, or referving sufficient to satisfy the fame, and upon credit of all the several duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, coffee, tea, chocolate, cocoa, spices, and pictures, hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and muslins, by this act continued, as aforefaid, and upon credit of the additional duties of coffee, tea, chocolate, cocoa, spices, and pictures, by this act granted, and of the new duties upon callicoes, China ware, and drugs, and upon credit of all other duties by this act granted or continued; any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of seven hundred thousand pounds, at an interest not exceeding the rate of six pounds per centum per annum.

XVII. And to the end all the money, that shall be so lent to her Majesty, may be well and sufficiently secured and repaid with interest, as aforesaid; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies arising by the said duties, upon which the said loans are to be made (other than the necessary charges of raising and managing the said duties) shall be brought and paid from time to time weekly into the receipt of the Exchequer; that is to fay, on Wednesday in every week, if it be not an holiday, and if it be, then the next day after that is not an holiday; and that there shall be provided and kept in her Majesty's Exchequer, that is to say, in the office of the auditor of the receipt, one book, in which all the faid monies, which shall be so paid into the Exchequer, shall be entred apart and distinct from all other monies paid or payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccesfors, upon any account whatsoever.

A book to be kept for entring the fame.

Money to be paid into the

Exchequer.

Tallies of loan to be levied.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from time to time upon making of fuch loans to be made

in pursuance of this act, as aforesaid, tallies of loan shall be Jevied for all and every fum and fums of money fo to be lent; and that orders, according to the course of the Exchequer, shall Orders for rebe drawn and figned for repayment of the same, and for pay-payment. ment of fuch interest, as aforesaid, for the forbearance thereof, the faid interest to be paid every three months, until satisfaction Interest paid of the principal fum; and that all and every fuch order and or- every three ders, and the monies therein to be contained, or any part thereof, shall be affignable and transferrable without power of revobe affigned. cation, so as the assignments thereof be indorfed upon the respective orders, and entred and notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt of Exchequer, in a book to be there kept for that purpose; and that a distinct register shall be kept in the said A distinct rereceipt of Exchequer of all the faid orders of repayment, not gifter to be exceeding feven hundred thousand pounds principal money, in orders of rewhich the said orders shall be registred in course, according to payment. the date of the tallies respectively, without any other preserence Orders to be of one before another; and that every person shall be paid in paid in course. course, as his order shall stand entred in such register book, out of the monies arising by the said duties or payments, upon the credit whereof the faid loans shall be made, as aforesaid, which are hereby appropriated thereunto; and that no fee, reward, or No fee to be gratuity, directly or indirectly, shall be demanded or taken for taken for reproviding or making any fuch book or register, or for any view gistring or or search in the same, by any of her Majesty's officers, their searches. clerks or deputies, on pain of forfeiting treble damages to the Penalty. party grieved, with treble costs of suit, to be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by any person or persons who will sue for the same, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, or more than one imparlance, shall be granted or allowed, either for demanding or taking any such fee or gratuity, or for giving any undue preference in point of registry or payment, or for diverting or misapplying any of the monies of the said duties, contrary to the true meaning of this act.

XIX. Provided always, That if it shall happen that several of No undue those tallies, and orders bear date, or be brought the same day preference. to the auditor of the receipt to be registred, it shall be inter-

preted no undue preference which of those be entred first.

XX. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any undue preference, to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the auditor direct, or the clerk of the pells record, and the tellers do pay subsequent orders of persons that come and demand their monies, and bring their orders, before other persons that did not come to demand their monies, and bring their orders in course, so as there be so much money reserved as will satisfy precedent orders, which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them; yet so as that interest of loan shall in that case cease from the time the money is so reserved and kept in bank for them.

CAP. V.

Tave thirds fubfidy.

An act for granting to ber Majesty a further subsidy on wines and merchandizes imported.

9 W. 3. c. 23. This duty is made perpetual by 7 Ann. c. 7. 1Geo.1. C.12. 3 Geo. 1. c. % &ς Geo. τ. c. 3. and part of the aggregate fund.

٠.,

Most gracious Sovereign, THEREAS by an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of your Majesty's late royal brother King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of tunnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses, therein mentioned, during his Majesty's life, it was enacted, That over and above all subsidies of tunnage and poundage, and over and above all additional duties, impositions, and other duties whatfoever, therein mentioned, there should be raised and paid to his Majesty one other subsidy, called Tunnage, for and upon all wines, which from and after the last day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred ninety nine, at any time or times during his Majesty's life, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed; and one further subsidy, called Poundage, of all manner of goods and merchandizes imported or brought into this realm, or any his Majesty's dominions to the same belonging, at any time or times after the said last day of January, one thousand six hundred ninety nine, during his Majesty's life, hy way of merchandize (except such goods and merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with fuch abatements, regulations, directions for making repayments or allowances upon exportation, and subject to such rules, and other matters and things touching the said feveral subsidies, as in the said as are expressed; which said further subsidies of tunnage and poundage, and other duties upon wine, goods, and merchandizes, granted by the ast above recited, are to be raifed and paid to your Majesty during your life, by virtue of another act of parliament made and passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, z Anna, flat. 1. intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown: and by another all made and passed in the second year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty an additional subsidy of tunnage and poundage for three years, and for laying a further duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize, and for afcertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the East Indies, a further subsidy of tunnage upon all wines, which were to be imported during the term therein mentioned (that is to say) one third part of such or the like duties, as by the said recited acts, or either of them, were imposed upon wines; and one other subsidy of poundage of goods and merchandizes, which were to be imported during the term therein mentioned (that is to fay) one third part of fuch or the like feveral duties as by the faid recited acts, or either of them, are imposed upon the same goods and merchandizes respectively (except as therein is excepted) are already granted to your Majesty, in the manner therein expressed, as by the said several acts (relation being there-

c. 7. 2 Anna, c. 9.

See 5 Geo. z. c. 3. ∫. 34.

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unto severally had) may more fully appear: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament assembled, for the better enabling your Majesty to carry on the present war, and to defray your other necessary expences, do cheerfully and unanimously give and grant unto your most excellent Majesty the additional rates, duties, and sums of money, herein after mentioned, and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That over and above the subsidies of tunnage and pound- Additional age above mentioned, and over and above all other subsidies, duty of tunadditional duties, impositions, and payments, whatsoever, by nage granted any other act or acts of parliament, or otherwise however already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty for or upon any wines, goods, or merchandizes whatsoever, imported or to be imported, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto her Majesty, one other subsidy, called Tunnage, for and upon all wines, which from and after the On all wines eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sour, at imported. any time or times within or during the space of four years from thence next and immediately enfuing, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, (that is to fay) two third parts of fuch or the like several and respective duties, as by the said act of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign were granted, and by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign are continued and payable for or upon any kind of wine or wines respectively: and one other subsidy, called Poundage, of all man- Additional ner of goods and merchandizes to be imported or brought into poundage. this realm, or any her Majesty's dominions to the same belong- See 11 Geo. 1. ing, at any time or times after the faid eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four, during the said term of four years, by way of merchandize (that is to fay) two third parts of such or the like several and respective duties, as by the said act of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign were granted, and by the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign are continued and payable for or upon the same goods and merchandizes respectively; except tobacco, and such currans Except toas shall be imported in English built shipping, navigated ac-bacco and cording to the laws now in force, and fugar from the English fugar from the plantations, and such goods and other merchandizes as by the English plantwo acts last mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from tations.

payment of the subfidies thereby granted,
II. And it is hereby enacted, That in all cases where by the Duties how to faid two acts last-mentioned, or either of them, any drawbacks be raised and or abatements are to be made of the whole or any part of the levied, and duties thereby imposed, there shall be in the like cases propor-drawbacks tionable drawbacks and abatements made of the whole or part proportioned. of the duties by this act granted respectively; and that the seve-

Currans im . ported in Venetian *ships* provided for by 8 Annæ, C. 13. f. 21.

ral subsidies and duties by this act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid, by the same ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such rules and directions, as in and by the said former acts, or any of them, are prescribed or appointed touching or concerning the faid subsidies of tun-

Acts aforefaid granted.

Exception.

nage and poundage, which were thereby granted, as aforefaid; to be in force and that every article, rule, and clause contained in the said refor levying the cited acts, or any of them, concerning the faid subsidies of tunduties hereby nage and poundage formerly granted, as aforesaid, and now in force, so far forth as the same do or may relate to the subsidies or duties formerly granted, as aforefaid, shall be used, exercised, and put in practice, for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the subsidies and duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually, as if the same articles, rules, and clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present act; except only as to fuch of the faid articles, rules, and clauses, touching which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions are made by any act or acts of parliament now in being; which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions shall be observed, with respect to the duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, in the fame manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

Penalty on officer taking fee for entry,

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the officers of her Majesty's customs, or any of them, or any of their clerks or substitutes, shall not directly or indirectly receive, take, or demand any fee, gratuity, or reward whatfoever, from any her Majesty's subjects or aliens for any entry, warrant, debenture, certificate, cocquet, or other matter or thing to be done or performed by them or any of them, in relation only to the faid subsidies of tunnage and poundage herein before granted, on pain of forfeiting for every such offence the sum of forty pounds (to wit) one third thereof to her Majesty, and the other two thirds thereof (besides costs of suit) to the party grieved, who may fue for the fame by action of debt, or on the case, bill, suit, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

Proviso.

IV. Provided, That nothing in this act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge any goods or merchandize chargeable by this act, imported in any port of England or Wales before the said eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and four.

Act not to affect foreign navy:

V. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the new or additional duties imposed by this act, stores fold for shall not extend to affect such foreign stores, as have been sold the use of the to the use of her Majesty's navy, by contract with the navy board, before the five and twentieth day of December, one thoufand seven hundred and four, so as a certificate be given from the commissioners of the navy, that such foreign stores have been

so contracted for by them for her Majesty's service, as aforesaid; and so as the importer of the same do make oath before the commissioners appointed to manage the customs (which oath they are hereby impowered to administer) of the truth of the faid contract, and that he will deliver the faid goods into her Majesty's stores, pursuant to the contract so certified by the

commissioners of the navy. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Clause of loan That all the monies, arising by the said subsidy of tunnage and not to exceed poundage, and other the duties hereby granted, as aforefaid (ex- 636,9571. 48. cept the necessary charges of raising and answering the same) ob. shall from time to time be brought and paid into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer; and that it thall and may be lawful to and for any person and persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to lend to her Majesty at the said receipt, upon credit thereof, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of fix hundred thirty fix thousand nine hundred fifty feven pounds, four shillings, and a halfpenny; and to have and receive, for the forbearance thereof, interest after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to be paid every at 61. per cent. three months from the making of such loans, until satisfaction Monies lent of the principal sums respectively; and that the monies so to be not to be taxlent shall not be rated or affessed to any tax or assessment whatfoever; and that every fuch lender shall immediately have a Lenders to talley of loan struck for the money by him, her, or them lent, have tallies and an order of the same date for repayment thereof, with such of loan, and interest as aforesaid; and that all such orders shall be registred orders for in course, according to their dates, on a register to be kept by Orders to be the auditor of the faid receipt for that purpose; and all persons registred and on the said register shall be paid in course, as their orders shall paid in course. fland registred, so as the person, native or foreigner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, whose orders shall be first registred, shall be accounted the person to be first paid out of the money to come in by this act; and he or they, who shall have his or their order or orders next entred, shall be taken to be the second person to be paid, and so in course; and that the monies to come in by the faid subsidy of tunnage and poundage, and other the duties hereby granted, shall be in the same order liable to the fatisfaction of the faid respective persons, their No undue executors, administrators, or assigns successively, without undue preference. preference of one before another, and not otherwise, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatfoever; and that no fee, reward, or gratuity, directly or Nor fee to indirectly, be demanded or taken of any of her Majesty's sub-be taken for entries, &c. jects for providing or making of any fuch books or registers, or any entries, views, or fearch in or for payment of money lent, or the interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of her Majesty's officer or officers, their clerks or deputies, on pain of payment Penalty on of treble damages to the party aggrieved by the party offending, officers or with treble costs of suit; or if the officer himself take or declerks offende mand any fuch fee or reward, then to lose his place also; and ing.

[1704]

if any undue preference of one before another shall be made. either in point of registry or payment, contrary to the true meaning of this act, by any such officer or officers, then the party offending shall be liable, by action of debt, or on the case, to pay the value of the debt, with damages and costs, to the party grieved, and shall be for ever incapable of his place or office; and if fuch preference be unduly made by any his deputy or clerk, without direction or privity of his master, then such deputy or clerk only shall be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, and shall be for ever after incapable of his place or office; and in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct, or the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment, according to each person's due place and order, as afore directed, then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks herein offending, to be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, in such manner as aforesaid: all which said penalties, forfeitures, damages, and costs, to be incurred by any of the officers of the Exchequer, or any their deputies or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, shall be in any wife granted or allowed.

What shall not be accounted undue presente.

VII. Provided always, and be it hereby declared, That if it happen that several tallies of loan, or orders for payment, as aforesaid, bear date, or be brought the same day to the auditor of the receipt to be registred, then it shall be interpreted no undue preference which of those be entred first, so as he enters them all the same day.

VIII. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any undue preference to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the auditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the tellers do pay subsequent orders of persons that come and demand their monies, and bring their orders, before other persons that did not come to take their monies, and bring their orders in their course, so as there be so much money reserved as will satisfy precedent orders, which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them; interest upon loan being to cease from the time

the money is so reserved and kept in bank for them.

Orders may be affigued, and affiguee may affigu again. IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every person and persons, to whom any money shall be due for loans by virtue of this act, after order entred in the book of register, as aforesaid, his or their executors, administrators, or assigns, by indorsement of his order may assign or transfer his right, title, interest, and benefit of such order, or any part thereof, to any other; which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt assorband and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the said book or registry (which the officers shall upon request, without see or charge, accordingly make) shall intitle such assignee, his executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon; and such assignee may in like man-

mer assign again, and so toties quoties, and afterwards it shall not be in the power of such person or persons, who shall make such assignments, to make void, release, or discharge the same, or

any the monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Monies how all the monies which shall be lent to her Majesty on the credit appropriated. of the said subsidies and duties by this act granted, and all the monies which are or shall be lent, contributed, or advanced to her Majesty, upon every or any other act or acts of this session of parliament, for granting any aid or supply to her Majesty for carrying on the present war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions; and so much of the several taxes and duties granted in this session of parliament for the purposes aforefaid, and charged or chargeable with loans made or to be made thereupon, as shall remain (over and above the monies thereof which are in the first place to go and be applied in repayment and fatisfaction of all the faid loans, made or to be made thereupon, or upon any of them, and the interest thereof respectively, and over and above the charges to be allowed for raising the said taxes and duties respectively) shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for or towards the feveral uses and purposes herein after expressed (that is to fay) for or towards the defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, wear, tear, and other services of the navy, and the victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for the sea service in the office of the ordnance, performed and to be performed, for or towards the supplying of ordnance stores for sea service, and for and towards the making of a wharf and storehouse at Portsmouth, and for paying the bounty or reward, which her Majesty shall be pleased to bestow, in consideration of the good service of those who were on board her Majesty's fleet, or at Gibraltar, at the time of the late engagement in the Mediterranean Sea; and for or towards the land services, performed and to be performed, by the said office of the ordnance, and to and for subfistence, off-reckonings, and clearings for one year, from the three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and four, to her Majesty's guards and garrisons in England, and the dominions thereunto belonging (Ireland excepted) and the contingent charges of the same; and for payment of invalids for the faid year, beginning from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sour; and for or towards the defraying the charge of her Majesty's army, and such forces as are or shall be added thereunto in the Low Countries, or Germany, within or for one year, to be reckoned from the said three and twentieth day of December, one thoufand seven hundred and four, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for paying the bounty or reward which her Majesty shall be pleased to bestow, in consideration of the good services performed by her land forces in Germany, during the last summer; and for or towards the defraying her Majesty's

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part of the charge of the forces acting or to act in conjunction with the forces of the king of Pertugal, until or at any time before the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five; and for defraying extraordinary expences of the war in the year one thousand seven hundred and three, purfuant to the late treaty with Portugal; and for or towards the payment of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due upon treaties made, or to be made, with her Majesty's allies, and other charges for the service of war, for any time before, or until the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and five; and for or towards the recruiting the horses of the English herse and dragoons lost at the battles of Schellemberg and Blenheim; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the levy money, to recruit the men and horses of the foreigners in the pay of her Majesty and of the States General of the united provinces of the Netberlands, which were lost in the same battles; and for or towards discharging of the Pramiums, and other charges, for circulating the bills commonly called Exchequer Bills; and for or towards the charge of transportation of the land forces, performed and to be performed; and for and towards the charge of raising and maintaining five thousand additional forces, to enable her Majesty to supply the like number of men to act in conjunction with the forces of her Majesty's allies, to serve with the fleet; and for payment of another year's interest, after the rate of five pounds per cent. for the unfatisfied debentures charged on the Irish forfeitures; and for or towards the sums to be paid by her Majesty to the king of Prussia, pursuant to the late treaty made with him for the support of the duke of Savey; and to none other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever.

Proviso towards main-

XI. Provided always, That out of the monies to be iffued to the guards and garrisons, as aforesaid, there shall and may be tenance of the taken and applied any fum not exceeding eighty seven thousand foldiers raised one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, towards the for sea service, charge of maintaining the soldiers raised and to be raised for sea fervice, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and out of the monies to be issued for the service of the navy and sea services, as aforesaid, there shall be taken and applied fuch fums, as, together with the faid fum not exceeding eighty feven thousand one hundred twenty five pounds and ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the said soldiers for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

22 Car. 2. C. 18. 25 Car. 2. c. 7.

ſ. 22.

XII. And whereas by the acts made in the twelfth and five and twentieth years of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, the former intituled, An act for the encouraging and increasing of shipping and navigation, and the latter, intituled, An This extended to act for the encouragement of the Greenland and Eastland trade, and for the better securing the plantation trade, certain commodities therein enumerated, of the growth, production, or manufac-

withstanding.

trees of any of the English plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, are obliged to be imported into this kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, or to some other of the faid plantations, under the securities and penalties in the said acts parti-cularly mentioned, to the end this kingdom might be made a staple, Carolina in Amot only of the commodities of these plantations, but also of the com-merica, may modities of other countries, for supplying them; since the making of be carried to which laws several commodities, which are not in the said acts par- any part of ticularly enumerated, such as rice and melasses, are preduced and Europe South-made in the said plantations, and carried to divers foreign markets Finistere, &c. in Europe, without being first brought into this kingdom, dominion of 3 Geo. 2. C. 28. Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, contrary to the true intent L 2. and meaning of the aforesaid laws, to the great prejudice of the trade of this kingdom, and the lessening the correspondence and relation betzveen this kingdom, and the aforesaid plantations: for the preven- From 29 Sept. tion whereof for the future, be it enacted by the authority afore- 1705. rice and faid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of Sepunder the like tember, one thousand seven hundred and five, all rice and melass-securities as es shall be under like securities and penalties restrained to be other plantaimported into this kingdom, dominion of Wales, and town of tiongoods, &c. Berwick aforesaid, as by the fore-recited acts, or either of them, is provided for the goods therein particularly enumerated.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in Cargo of the this act contained, or any other act of parliament passed this Hern Frigot sessions, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge the exempted cargo, or any of the goods or merchandizes in the ship called from the new the Hern Frigot, William Morris master thereof (which came from the West Indies, and was chased into Limerick in Ireland by a French privateer, in the month of July last, and was forced to lie there until lately, for want of a convoy, so that she could not arrive at Plymouth until the fixth day of February, one thoufand seven hundred and four) with any of the new duties laid upon any of the faid goods and merchandizes, to commence from the first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and four; any thing in this, or in any other act of parliament passed this fession, contained to the contrary thereof in any wise not-

XIV. And whereas Raymond Roodey, late of the city of Chef-Lord treasurer ter, merchant, became indebted to his late majesty King William, of to compound glorious memory, in several sums of money, for customs, impositions, with the fureand other duties upon goods imported, and entred into several bonds ties of Rayto bis said Majesty, with sureties, for payment of the same: and mond Roodey. whereas the said Raymond Roodey is since dead, and his affects not visible in England, and his sureties have failed in their credit, and are not able to pay the full Jums for which they so stand respectively engaged, but may, by the affifiance of friends, pay some part of the said debts to her Majesty, in case a composition be made with them for the same; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of her Majesty's treasury for the time being, or any three or more of them, at any time before the five and twen-

tieth

Anno tertio & quarto ANNÆ. C. 6. 1704.

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fieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fix. to make such composition or agreement, as to him or them shall

and on pay-

feem reasonable, with the respective sureties of the said Raymond Roodey, their heirs, executors, or administrators, for such debts as aforesaid; and, upon payment of the money so compounded ment, sureties for, to cause the said sureties, their heirs, executors, and admito be discharg- nistrators respectively, to be discharged of and from the said bonds; but that the faid Raymond Roodey, his heirs, executors, and administrators, and every of them, shall stand charged, and be liable to the payment of the money due upon the faid bonds; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding. CAP. VI.

> An all for the better enabling her Majesty to grant the bonor and manor of Woodstock, with the bundred of Wootton, to the duke of Marlborough and bis beirs, in consideration of the eminent services by him performed to her Majesty and the publick.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THEREAS the eminent and unparallelled services performed to your Majesty and the crown of England, by the most noble John duke of Marlborough, are well known, not only to your Majesty, and to all your subjects, but to all Europe, who will always remember, That the alliances which your Majesty's royal brother King William the Third, of glorious memory, had in a little time before bis death, contracted by the ministry of the said duke of Marlborough, as his Majesty's ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the States General of the united provinces, for preserving the liberties of Europe, against the ambition of France, were immediately after your Majesty's happy accession to the throne, by the said duke, then employed by your Majesty in the same character, constrmed and improved, and others were contracted, whereby the confederacy, which bad been dissolved at the end of the last war, was re-united in a stricter and firmer league: and that in the first year of your Majesty's reign, the said duke of Marlborough did so well execute the commisfrom and orders which he received from your Majesty, as captain general and commander in chief of your Majesty's forces, that he not only secured and extended the frontier of Holland, by taking the towns and fortresses of Venlo, Ruremond, Stevenswaert, and Liege, but soon obliged the enemy (who had been at the gates of Nimeghen) to seek shelter behind their lines; and the next campaign, by taking Bon, Huy, and Limbourg, added all the country between the Rhine and the Maes to the conquest of the preceding year; and that in the memorable year, one thousand seven hundred and four, when your Majesty was generously pleased to take the resolution of restains the empire from that immediate ruin, to which, by the defection of the elector of Bavaria, it was exposed, the measures, which by your Majesty's wisdom and goodness had been devised and concerted, were purfued by the said duke with the utmost diligence, secrety, and good condutt,

dust, in leading the forces of your Majesty, and your allies, by a long and difficult march, to the banks of the Danube, where the faid duke did immediately upon his arrival, attack and force the Bavarians (affished by the French) in their strong intrenchments at Schellenberg, passed the Danube, distressed the country of Bavaria, and a second time sought the enemies, who had been reinforced by a royal army of the French King's best troops, commanded by a marshal of France; and on the second day of August, one thousand seven hundred and four, after a bloody battle, at or near Blenheim (although the enemies had the advantages of number and fituation) did gain as absolute and glorious a victory, as is recorded in the history of any age; by which Bavaria being entirely reduced, Ratisbon, Ausbourg, Ulm, Memminghen, and other imperial towns recovered, the liberty of the diet and the peace of the empire was restored, and Landau, Treves, and Tracrbach, being taken, the war is carried into the dominions of France: and forasmuch as the happy atchievements of the faid duke, having apparently tended not only to the honour and safety of your Majesty, and your subjects, and of their posterity, but ulso towards the suture tranquility of Europe; your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament assembled, thought themselves obliged, in an humble address to your Majesty, not only to express their great sense of the said glorious victories, but also bumbly to desire your Majesty, that you would be graciously pleased to consider of some proper means to perpetuate the memory of fuch signal services: and your Majesty having been thereupon pleased to fignify your intention to grant the interest of the crown in the bonor and manor of Woodstock and the hundred of Wootton, to the said duke and his beirs; your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, duly confidering the good and prudent provision made by your Majesty, by an act of parliament in the first year of your reign, for preferving the inheritance of feveral revenues of the crown, and believing that the fettlement of the said honor, manor, and hundred, on the said duke and his heirs, can make no precedent for cases where there is or shall be less merit, do most humbly, cheerfully, and unanimously beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same,

II. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Queen's Grant of the most excellent majesty, by any letters patents under the great manor of feal of England, hereafter to be made, to give and grant unto Woodstock the said John duke of Marlborough, and his heirs and assigns for of Wootton, ever, or to any other person or persons to the use of or in trust to the duke of for the said duke, his heirs and assigns for ever, all that the Marlborough honor and manor of Woodstock, with the rights, members, and and his heirs. appurtenances thereof, fituate, lying, and being in the county of Oxon, and all that the hundred of Wootton, with the rights, members, and appurtenances thereof, in the faid county of Oxon, and all those the manors, or reputed manors of Hardley,

Wootton,

Woodflock

Woodflock park.

Wootton, Old Woodstock, Hanborough, Stonesfield, Combe, and Bladon, with the advowsons of the rectories, vicarages, or churches of Bladon or Stonesfield, and all the rights, members, and appurtenances, to them or any of them belonging, in the county of Oxon aforesaid; and all quit rents, rents of affize, chief rents, old rents, free rents, copyhold and customary rents, rent works, and all other rents, and yearly fum and fums of money whatsoever, to the said honor, hundred, and manors, or reputed manors, every or any of them, belonging, or in any wife appertaining; and also all that demolished messuage, court house, or toft, with the appurtenances, together with the fite thereof, manor house. now or formerly called Woodflock manor house, situate, lying, and being in the said county of Oxon, within the park herein aftermentioned; and all houses, dove houses, edifices, structures, buildings, barns, stables, out houses, orchards, gardens, yards, backfides, court yards, and curtilages to the fame belonging or appertaining, containing by estimation three acres, one rood, and fifteen perches, more or less; and also all that piece or parcel of ground, with the appurtenances, commonly called or known by the name of Woodflock Park, lying and being in the faid county of Oxon, abutting upon Woodflock town on the east, upon Bladon parish towards the fourth, Combe parish on the west, and upon Weetten parish towards the north, containing in the whole by estimation one thousand seven hundred ninety three acres, and two roods, more or less; and all that piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Podghill, containing by estimation three acres, and one rood, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Little Mill Mead, containing by estimation two acres and one rood, more or less; and all that piece or parcel of meadow ground, now or lately called or known by the name of the Great Mill Mead, containing by estimation four acres, two roods, and thirty seven perches, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, now or lately called or known by the name of Middle Mead, the Middle Mead, containing by estimation three acres and two roods, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Little Park Mead, containing by esti-

Podghill.

Little Mill Mead.

Great Mill Mead.

Little Park Mead.

Tennis court Mead.

Hopyard.

Flaggmore Mead.

mation nine acres and thirty three perches, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances now or lately called or known by the name of Tennis Court Mead, containing by estimation three acres, three roods, and nine perches, be the same more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of the Hopyard, containing by estimation, one acre, two roods, and three perches, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or fately called or known by the name of Flaggmers Mead, containing taining by estimation fix acres, three roods, and twenty four perches, more or less; and also all that parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called Mare Moor Mead, Mare Maore containing by estimation nine acres, more or less; and also all Mead. that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Staun-Staunton ton Custom, containing by estimation ten acres and one rood, Custom, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Southley Custom, containing by estimation five Southley acres and two roods, more or less; and also all that other piece Custom. or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, to the last-mentioned meadow adjoining, and now or lately called or known by the name of the Hill Ground, containing by estima- Hill Ground. tion one rood, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Combo Custom, contain-Combo ing by estimation four acres more or less; and also all that Custom. other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Bladon Bladon Custom, containing by estimation one acre and three roods, Custom. more or less; and all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Eight Acres, containing by estimation eleven Eight Acres. acres, two roods, and twenty four perches, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Hamberough Custom, containing by estimation four acres and two Hanborough roods, more or less; and all that other piece or parcel of mea- Custom. dow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of the Pit Mead, containing by estimation Pit Mead. four acres and five perches, be the same more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Borrow Borrow Mead. Mead, containing by estimation eleven acres, one rood, and thirty perches, more or less; and also all that other piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Thiftlehaim, containing Thiftlehaim. by estimation four acres, three roods, and four perches, more or less; and also all that piece and parcel of pasture ground, with the appurtenances, to the last mentioned meadow adjoining, now or lately called or known by the name of Bailiff's Bailiff's Tur-Turret, containing by estimation two roods and sixteen perches, rett. more or less; and all that other piece or parcel of pasture ground, with the appurtenances, adjoining to the east side of the last-mentioned piece of pasture ground, now or lately called or known by the name of Bailiff's Hook, containing by cftima-Bailiff's Hook. tion one rood and ten perches, more or less; and also all that piece or parcel of meadow ground, with the appurtenances, now or lately called or known by the name of Rush Mead, con-Rush Mead. taining by estimation seventeen acres, one rood, and eight per-

county of Oxon, containing by estimation fifty four acres and twenty perches, more or less; and all that wood and coppice called or known by the name of Fendon Wood, lying and being

within the faid parish of Wootton, containing by estimation seventeen acres and two roods, more or less; and all that

wood and coppice called and known by the name of Am-

brose Coppice, lying and being in the parish of Stonessield, in the faid county of Oxon, containing by estimation one hundred

thirty

Pinfly Wood.

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Palace Mead.

Long Acre.

Henigrove Lodge.

Streights Lodge.

New Lodge.

Gorrell Lodge.

Wooll Coppice.

Wootton Wood.

Fendon Wood.

Ambrofe Coppice.

thirty nine acres, more or less; and all her Majesty's timber and trees, wood, and underwood whatfoever, now standing, growing, or being, or hereafter to stand or grow, as well within or upon the feveral woods, coppices, and wood grounds' before-mentioned, and every or any of them, as within or upon woodflock the faid park, called Wodflock Park, and within or upon any Park. of the waste grounds belonging to the said honor and manors. or within or upon any other of the premisses so to be granted. and every or any of them respectively; and all and singular her Majesty's messuages, tenements, lands, woods, rents, mills, tolls, and hereditaments whatfoever, fituate, lying, being, or renewing within the said park, called Woodfack Park, and in the towns, villages, hamlets, parithes, precincts, or territories of Old Woodflock, Hardley, Wootton, Bladon, Hanborough, Combe, and Stonesfield, and every or any of them, or within the faid hundred of Westen in the faid county of Oxon; and also all and fingular houses, edifices, buildings, barns, stables, orchards, gardens, yards, backfides, curtilages; and also all courts leet, courts baron, hundred courts, and other courts whatfoever, fervices, franchifes, customs, custom works, forfeitures, escheses, reliefs, herriots, fines, iffues, amerciaments, perquifites and profits of the faid courts and leets, and every of them, goods and chattles of felons and fugitives, felons of themfelves, outlawed persons, and of persons put in exigent, waifs, estraye, deodands, heaths, moors, marifhes, ways, passages, lights, eafements, commons, ground uled for common, wafter, wafte grounds, rivers, streams, waters, watercourses, wears, dams, stanks, mill pools, hawking, hunting, fishing, fowling, right, royalties, jurisdictions, liberties, privileges, immunities, profits, commodities, advantages, empluments, poffessions and hereditaments whatfoever, with their and every of their appurtenences, of what nature or quality soever, to the faid honor, memors, park, woods, or other the premifes belonging or appertaining, or accepted, reputed, or taken, as part, parcel, or member thereof, or which have been usually held, exercised, or enjoyed therewith; or within the same, or any part thereof, and such other franchises as her Majesty shall think fit to grant by such letters patents, as aforesaid, and the reversion and reverfions, remainder and remainders of all and fingular the premilles, and of every or any part or parcel thereof, dependant or expectant upon any former grant, demile, or leafe, grants, demises, or leases, made of the premisses, or of any of them; and all the rents, issues, and profits of the said honor, manors, park, and other the premisses, and of every part and parcel thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim, and demand whatfoever of her Majesty, of, into, or out of the same: to have and to hold the said honor, hundred, manors, park, woods, and other the premisses so to be granted, with their and every of their appurtenances, to the faid John duke of Marlborough, or such person or persons as he shall nominate, as aforesaid, his and their heirs and assigns for ever, to the only Vol. XI.

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of the Queen as of her Manor of Windfor in fee.

use and behoof of, or in trust for, the said John duke of Marlberough, his heirs and assigns for ever, and to no other use, in-To be holden tent, or purpose whatsoever, to be holden of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, as of her castle of Windfor, in free and common fockage by fealty, and rendring to her Majefty, her heirs and successors, on the second day of August in every year for ever, at the castle of Windsor, one standard or colours with three Flower de Luces painted thereupon, for all manner of rents, services, exactions and demands whatsoever.

Grant confirmed.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the grants and clauses, to be contained in such letters patents, as aforefaid, for the better conveying and affuring of the faid honor, hundred, manors, park, woods, and other the premisses, to or for the use or benefit of the said duke, his heirs, or assigns, as aforesaid, shall be, and are hereby enached to be good and effectual in the law, according to the tenor and purport thereof, in the faid letters patents to be expressed, notwithstanding any restriction, or other matter or thing contained in the act of parliament made in the first year of her Majesty's

c. ş.

reign, intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's boufbeld, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, and any other law or statute, or any mis-recital, non-recital, omission, or other defect in the said letters patents hereafter to be made, in any wife notwithstanding.

Salvo of right.

IV. Saving to all and every person and persons, their heirs, executors, and administrators, and to all bodies politick and corporate, and their successors (other than to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors,) all such right, title, interest, right of common, offices, fees, privileges, properties, profits, and demands whatfoever, which they, or any of them have, or are intitled to have, of, into, within, or out of the faid honor, hundred, manors, park, woods, and other the premisses, or any of them, or any part thereof, before the making of this act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if this act had not been made; this act, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VII.

An act for the effectual securing the kingdom of England from the apparent dangers that may arise from several acts lately puffed in the parliament of Scotland.

Queen may appoint comfeal of Eng

OR preventing the many inconveniencies which may speedily happen to the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, if a nearer and more compleat union be not made between the said kingdoms; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent missioners un- majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spirider her great tual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That such perland, to treat fons as shall be nominated by her Majesty, under her great seal Soners author of England, or such and so many of them as shall in that be1704:

half be appointed by her Majesty to be of the quorum, shall, by rized by the force of this act, have full power, commission and authority, at parliament of such time and times, and in such place or places, at her Mois Scotland, for fuch time and times, and in fuch place or places, as her Maje-treating of a fly shall please to appoint, to assemble and meet, and thereupon union between to treat and confult, according to the tenor or purport of their both kingauthority of commission in that behalf, with certain commissi-domaoners as shall be authorized by authority of the parliament of Scotland, of and concerning such an union of the said kingdoms of England and Scotland, and of and concerning such other matters, glaufes and things, as upon mature deliberation of the greatest part of the said commissioners, assembled as aforesaid, and the commissioners to be authorized by the parliament of Sectiond, according to the terror or purport of their commissions in that behalf, shall in their wisdoms think convenient and necessary for the honour of her Majesty, and the common good of both the faid kingdoms for ever: which commissioners of Commission-: both the faid kingdoms, shall, according to the tenor or purers to reduce port of their said authorities or commissions in that behalf, ings into wrireduce their doings and proceedings therein into writings or in- tings quadrufiruments quadrupartite, every part to be substribed and sealed partite. by them, to the end that one part thereof may in all humbleness be presented to the Queen's most excellent majesty, two other parts thereof to be offered to the confideration of the parliament for the realm of England, and another part to be offered to the consideration of the parliament for the realm of Scotland, at their next sessions, which shall be held in each kingdom respectively, after such writings or instruments shall be subscribed and sealed by the said commissioners, that thereupon such further proceedings may be had, as to her Majesty, and both the said parliaments, shall be thought fit and necessary for the weal and common good of both the said kingdoms, to whom the entire consideration of the whole, and the allowing or disallowing the whole, or any part thereof, as they shall think fit, is wholly reserved.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That When fuch no fuch commission or authority, as aforesaid, shall be granted, commission until an act of parliament shall be made in the kingdom of Scot-shall comland, impowering her Majesty to grant a commission under the mence. great seal of that kingdom, nominating commissioners to treat

concerning the union of the two kingdoms.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared, Nothing a-That no matter or thing to be treated of, agreed or proposed greed on to have any by the faid commissioners by virtue of this act, shall have any force till con! force or effect to be put in execution, until it be confirmed and firmed by act established by act of parliament of England.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, of England.

That from and after the five and twentieth day of Detember, cember, 1705. one thousand seven hundred and five, no person or persons, no native of being a native or natives of the kingdom of Scotland, (except Scotland, exfuch as are now settled inhabitants within the kingdom of Eng-cept settled in-land, or the dominions thereunto belonging, or shall continue inherit any

of parliament inhabitants lands in

as the fucceffion to the

England, &c. inhabitants thereof, and fuch as are now if fervice in her Mabut be taken jefty's fleet or army) shall be capable to inherit any lands, teneas alleas until ments or hereditaments, within this kingdom of England, or scotland be the dominions thereunto belonging, or to emjoy any benefit or settled by par-advantage of a natural-born subject of England; but every such liament in the person shall be from thenceforth adjudged and taken as an alieir, same manner born out of the allegiance of the Queen of England, until fuch time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and crown of Eng-fettled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in the same manner the succession to the crown of England is now settled by act of parliament in England, in case of her Majesty's demise without iffue of her body.

Nor be fupplied with herles, arms or

That if any person or persons whatsoever, shall at any time ammunition from and after the twentieth day of February, one thousand from England. seven hundred and four, until such time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and settled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner as aforelaid, convey or fend, or cause to be conveyed or sent from any parts or place in England or Ireland, any horses, arms or ammunition into the kingdom of Scotland, every such person or persons shall forfeit the such of one hundred pounds, and treble the value of fuch horses, arms or ammunition, one third part thereof to the Queen's most excellent majefty, her heirs and successors, and the other third part thereof to him or them who will fue for the same in any of

> her Majesty's courts at Westminster, by action of debt, suit, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, protection or wager of

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Penalty.

Scotch cattle prohibited to be brought into England or Ireland.

law shall lie.

Penulty.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said five and twentieth day of December. one thousand seven hundred and five, until such time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and settled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner as aforesaid, no great-cattle or sheep shall be brought out of; or from the kingdom of Scotland, into the kingdom of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the penalty of forfeiting all fuch great-cattle or fheep, to him or them who will feize or fue for the fame, and also the full value of fuch great cattle or sheep, one third part to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other two third parts thereof to him or them who will fue for the fame, to be recovered as aforefaid.

Lawful to feize and detain cattle so brought in.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person and persons whatsoever, to take and seize in any place or places whatsoever, the great-cattle or sheep brought, contrary to this act, into this kingdom of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, and detain the same, during the space of four days, in some publick or convenient place where such seizure shall be made; within which time, if the owner or owners, or any en his or their behalf, shall make it appear unto some justice

of the peace of the same county where the same shall be so feized, by the oath of two credible witnesses, (which oath the faid justice of the peace is hereby required and impowered to administer) that the same were not brought from Scotland after the faid five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, Then the same, upon the warrant of such justice shall be forthwith re-delivered.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any English or other English-cattle cattle or sheep, shall be with the privity or knowledge of the intermixt with owner, or any person imployed by him, driven or intermixed, Scotch cattle or cause to be driven or intermixed with great-cattle or sheep subject to the brought out of or from Scotland, and shall be seized with them, such like forfeiture. cattle and sheep so intermixed and seized, shall be deemed Scotchcattle, and shall be subject to the like forfeiture, and ordered and disposed of in all respects as if they were brought out of or from Scotland, contrary to this act: and if any person or persons Penalty on shall wilfully and fraudulently conspire, confederate or agree persons contogether, to avoid or evade the seizures or forfeitures upon the spiring to abringing in of cattle in this act particularly specified, and the same void or evade shall put in execution, then every such person and persons he such seizures. shall put in execution, then every such person and persons being thereof indicted or presented within one year, next after fuch offence by him or them committed, and being thereof lawfully convicted or attainted at any time hereafter, shall forfeit the furn of one hundred pounds, to be recovered and distributed, as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons sued That if any action, bill, plaint, fuit or information, shall be may plead the commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for general-issue. any seizure or other thing done or made in pursuance or execution of this act, such person or persons shall not be obliged to give any more than a common-appearance, and may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or prolecutor shall become nonsuit, or forbear profecution, or suffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him in any fuch action, bill, plaint, fuit or information, as aforefaid, the defendants shall have treble costs, for which they shall Treble costs. have the like remedy as in any case where costs by law are given to the defendant.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After as De-That from and after the five and twentieth day of December, one cember, 1703. thousand seven hundred and five, until such time as the suc- no Scotchcession to the crown of Scotland be declared and settled by an imported into act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner as aforesaid, no England or Scotch-coals shall be imported out of the kingdom of Scotland Ireland. mto the kingdoms of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the penalty of forfeiting the coals so imported; one half to the Queen's most excellent majesty, the other half to such person as shall seize or sue for the

fame. XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Nor Scotchia That from and after the said five and twentieth day of December, linen.

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1704

The preceding seven clauses are repealed by 4An.c.3,1.10.

Commission.

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one thousand seven hundred and sive, until such time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and settled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner as aforesaid, no Scotch-linen shall be imported or brought out of Scotland into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Ireland, under the penalty of forfeiting the faid linen, and double the value thereof, to be recovered with costs of fuit in any of her Majesty's courts of record; one moiety thereof to the Queen's majefty, the other moiety to fuch persons as shall feize, inform or sue for the same.

XII. Provided always and be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners to be named in pursuance of this act, shall not by virtue of such commission, treat of or concerning any alteration of the liturgy, rites, cereliturgy or gomonies, discipline or government of the church, as by law the church of

established within this realm.

CAP. VIII.

An all to permit the exportation of Irish linen cloth to the plantations, and to probibit the importation of Scotch lines. into Ireland.

the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the encouragement of trade, it is among ft

15 Car. 2. C. 7. TX7 HEREAS in and by an act made in the fifteenth year of

other things enacted, That no commodity of the growth, production or manufacture of Europe, shall be imported into any land, island, plantation, colony, territory, or place, to his Majesty belonging, or which shall hereafter belong unto, or be in the possession of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in Asia, Africa, or America, (except as is therein excepted) but what shall be bona fide, and without fraud, laden and shipped in England, Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the penalties in the said ast contained: yet forasmuch as the protestant interest in her Majesty's kingdom of Ireland ought to be supported, by giving the utmost encouragement to the linen manulattures of that kingdom; her Majesty is graciously pleased, in tender regard to her good protestant subjects of her said kingdom, and for the further encouragement of the linen manufactures thereof, that it may enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the That from and after the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and sive, it shall and may be lawful to and for any native or natives of England, or Ireland, to lade and (hip in any port of the faid kingdom of Ireland in English built shipping, whereof the master and one moiety of the mariners, during the present war, and afterwards the master and three fourths of the mariners at least to be English or Irish, any white or brown linen cloth, which shall be of the manufacture of the faid kingdom of Ireland, and no other, and the fame to transport in such ships, and so navigated, into any of

After 24 June, same, 1705. Irish linen may be transported, and fent to the English plantations. This part of the act continued by 3 Geo. under the Tithe faid lands, islands, plantations, colonies, territories, or mitation there. places, and there freely to traffick with, and vend the same; any in mentioned. thing in the faid act, or in any other act, to the contrary thereof

in any wife notwithstanding.

II. Provided nevertheless, That no ship or vessel coming to No ship to any of the faid lands, illands, plantations, colonies, territories, break bulk or places, from the faid kingdom of Ireland, shall unlade, or until notice of break bulk, until the master or commander of such this or given to the vessel shall first have made known to the governor of such land, governor, island, plantation, colony, territory, or place, or to such person or officer as shall be by him thereunto authorized and appointed, the arrival of the faid thip or vessel, with her name, and the name and furname of the master or commander, and shall have delivered to such governor or officer, a true and per- and an infeet inventory or invoice of the lading of fuch thip or veffel, to-voyce of the gether with a certificate from the chief officer of the port in lading, &c. Ireland, where such ship or vessel shall be laden, expressing the delivered. particulars of such lading, with the names and abodes of the exporters, and of two persons at the least, who shall have made oath before such chief officer, that the said goods and linen are bene fide of the manufacture of the faid kingdom of Ireland, and until the master or commander of such ship or vessel shall have made oath before such governor or officer, that the said goods, and every parcel thereof, are the same goods that he, the faid master or commander, took on board by virtue of such certificate, as is aforefaid, nor until such ship or vessel shall have been visited and searched by an officer or officers; and in Penalty on case the commander of any such ship or vessel shall unlade, commander pr break bulk, before such notice given, and such certificate offending. produced, and fuch oath made by fuch commander, or before fuch fearch made, as aforefaid, or if upon fuch fearch any goods whatfoever of woollen manufacture, not laden in England (necellary apparel of the commander and mariners only excepted) or any linen goods not laden in *England*, nor of the manufacture of Ireland, shall be found in such ship or vessel; in all or any of the said cases, such ship or vessel shall be, and is hereby adjudged forfeited, with all her guns, tackle, ammunition and furniture, together with all such goods and commodities, of what kind soever, as shall be imported or found in such ship; one third part to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, one third part to the governor of such land, island, plantation, colony, territory, or place, into which such goods shall be imported, if the faid thip, veffel, or goods be there feized, informed against, or sued for (or otherwise that third part also to her Majesty, her heirs and successors) and the other third part to him or them who shall sue for the same in her Majesty's court, in such of the said lands, islands, colonies, plantations, serritories, or places, where the offence shall be committed, or in any of her Majesty's courts at Westminster, by bill, plaint, information, or other action, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed. H 4

liable to be vifited in like manner as fhips from England.

Penalty on importing Scotch linen into Ireland after 25 March, 1705.

Linen fo prohibited to be feized, and importers profecuted.

After condemnation to be fold by inch of candle.

But not delivered until bond given for exporting three months æc.

How bond shall be vacated,

exporting nich goods.

Ships coming. Alf. And the its further enacted. Ehat all thips domining from from Ireland, Ireland, to any fuck land, island, colony, plantation, surrisory, or place, shall be subject to the same vules, visitations, scarches, penalties, and forfeitures, to which this coming from England. to any of the faid colonies, plantations, or places, are subject or liable to by any law now in force.

IV. And for the preventing of frauds that may be committed. by exporting from Ireland linen of the manufacture of the king dom of Scotland, and for the effectual refraining the importation of all fuch linen into Ireland; be it emacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, who shall from and after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, import or cause to be imported into the kingdom of Ireland, any linen whatfoever of the manufactuse of Scotland, shall forfeit the sum of twenty shillings for every yard of Scotch linen so imported, together with the said linen.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case any such linen so prohibited to be imported into Ireland, shall after the said five and twentieth day of March, be found any where within the faid kingdom, the fame, or any part thereof, shall and may be seized, and the importers thereof prosecuted by any person whatfoever; and that all linen of the manufacture of Brothand, which shall be seized by virtue of this act, shall be carried to the next custom-house in the kingdom of Ireland, and shall not thence be delivered, unless in order to be produced at a trial, or unless the fame be otherwise discharged by due course of law : and in case the goods so seized, or any part thereof, shall be condemned; the fame shall be sold publickly by inch of candle, whereof notice in writing by a paper affixed at the door of fuch cuftomhouse, shall be given at least twenty days before the said sale; and the goods fo fold shall not be delivered to the buyer or buyers thereof, until he, she or they have entred into bonds, with two fufficient furcties to the Queen's majesty, her heirs fuch goods for and successors, in double the value of the said goods, with condition to export the fame, and every part thereof, within out of Ireland, three months after the date of the said obligation, out of the kingdom of Ireland, and not to import the same, or any part thereof, into any of her Majesty's colonies, plantations or dominions in Afia, Africa, or America: which faid obligation shall be vacated upon certificate of the chief officer of the port, from whence the faid goods shall be exported, of the exportation thereof, and upon oath made by the exporter, that all and every part of the faid goods were exported, pursuant to this act, and that no part thereof hath been landed in any of her Majesty's colonies, plantations or dominions in Asia, Africa Penaltyon not or America; and in case the said goods shall not be exported accordingly, the person or persons in whose custody the said goods, or any part thereof, thall be found, thall be again liable to all the penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, as if the same had never been seized.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted. That all officers belonging Penalty on to the customs in the faid kingdom of Ireland, shall be aiding officer conand affifting in the effectual execution of this act; and that it importation of any fuch officer shall knowingly connive at the importation of Scotch-lines. arry Suitch-linen, contrary to the true meaning of this act, fuch officer shall forfeit and lose the sum of one hundred pounds, and he for ever incapable of ferring her Majefty, her heirs and facesflors, in any office whatfoeven: .

VII. And be it enacted. That all and every the penalties and Where penalfurfactures imposed by this act, for importing Seatch-linen into ties and forthe kingdom of Irviand, thall and may be fued for, and recover- feitures impoed in any of her Majely's courts of record at Westminster or are recover-Dublie, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein able. no effoin, privilega, protection or wager of law, shall be allowad, nor any more than one impurlance; one moiety of the One moiety to faid penalties and forfeitures to be to her Majefly, her heirs the Queen. and successors, and the other moiety to him, her or them that The four prewill fue for the fame.

VIII. And it is hereby further emicked, That if any person 5 Ann. c. 8. or perions be fued, exciented or profecuted, for or by senion of Perions fued any scientre made in persuance of this sot, such person and person may plead the fone may plead the general iffice, and give this act and the special general iffice, matter in evidence; and if afterwards a verdick shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or if the plaintiff shall discontinue his action, or be nonfaited, or if judgment be given against him, then such defendant or defendants shall have thouble costs.

IX. Provided always, That all informations, actions, and Suits to be uits, to be brought for any offence against this act, shall be commenced brought and commenced within twelve months after the different months after covery of fach offence.

tovery of fach offence.

X. Provided also, and be it enacted. That if any thip or Proviso convessel, being laden with goods in England, Wales, or Berwiel cerning Engupon Tuesd, for any of the plantations aforefaid, shall put in- lift ships la-to any port or place in Ireland, and shall there take in any white plantations, or brown Irib linen cloth; in that case, the like certificate and &c. on the shall be made, that the faid linen cloth is of the manufacture of Issland, as is before directed by this act : and if, upon the arrival of such thip or veiled in any of the faid plantations, fuch certificate he produced, and oaths made, as aforefaid, fuch thip or veffet, her mafter or commander, and lading, shall be subject and liable to such rules, visitations, searches, penalties, and forfeitures, as they respectively were subject and liable to by virtue of the laws which were in force before the passing of this act, and no other; any thing in this act to the contrary now in the state of th withflanding.

. XI. Provided, That this act shall continue only for the term Act to conof eleven years, [Continuodidy 3 Groc L. C. 211] : ... tinuo eleven

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CAP. IX.

An act for giving like remedy upon promissory notes, as is now used upon bills of exchange, and for the better payment of inland bills of exchange.

XTHEREAS it hath been held, That notes in writing, figned V. by the party who makes the same, whereby such party promises to pay unto any other person, or his order, any sum of money therein. mentioned, are not affiguable or indorfible over, within the cuftom of merchants, to any other person; and that such person to whom the sum of money mentioned in such note is payable, cannot maintain an action, by: the custom of merchants, against the person who first mude and signed the same; and that any person to whom such note shall be assigned, indorsed, or. made payable, could not, within the faid custom of merchants, maintain any action upon such note against the person who first draw and figured the fame: therefore to the intent to encourage trade and: commerce, which will be much advanced, if such notes shall have the same effect as inland bills of exchange, and shall be negotiated in like manner; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all notes in writing, that after the first day of May, in the year of affigned or in- our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and five, shall be made and figned by any person or persons, body politick or corporate, or by the fervant or agent of any corporation, banker, goldsmith, merchant, or trader, who is usually intrusted by him, her or them, to fign such promissory notes for him, her, or them, whereby fuch person or persons, body politick and corporate, his, her, or their fervant or agent, as aforefaid, doth or shall promise to pay to any other person or persons, body politick and corporate, his, her, or their order, or unto bearer, any fum of money mentioned in such note, shall be taken and construed to be, by virtue thereof, due and payable to any such person or persons, body politick and corporate, to whom the fame is made payable; and also every such note payable to any person or persons, body politick and corporate, his, her, or their order, shall be assignable or indorsible over, in the same manner as inland bills of exchange are or may be, according to the custom of merchants; and that the person or persons, body politick and corporate, to whom such sum of money is or shall be by fuch note made payable, shall and may maintain an action for the same, in such manner as he, she, or they might do, upon any inland bill of exchange, made or drawn according to the custom of merchants, against the person or persons, body politick and corporate, who, or whose servant or agent, as aforesaid, figned the same; and that any person or persons, body politick and corporate, to whom such note that is payable to any person or persons, body politick and corporate, his, her, or their order, is indorsed or assigned, or the money therein mentioned ordered to be paid by indorsement thereon, shall and may maintain his,

Fromilory notes may be dorled, and action maintained thereon, as on inland bills of exchange.

her, or their action for fuch fum of money, either against the person or persons, body politick and corporate, who, or whose fervant or agent, as aforefaid, figned fuch note, or against any of the persons that indorsed the same, in like manner as in cases of inland bills of exchange: and in every such action the plaintiff or plaintiffs fliall recover his, her, or their damages and costs of suit; and if such plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be nonsuited. or a verdict be given against him, her, or them, the defendant or defendants shall recover his, her, or their costs against the Plaintiff or plaintiffs; and every such plaintiff or plaintiffs, de-defendant fendant or defendants, respectively recovering, may sue out may recover execution for such damages and costs by capias, fieri facias, or

elegit.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, How action That all and every fuch actions shall be commenced, sued shall be and brought within such time as is appointed for commencing brought. or fuing actions upon the case, by the statute made in the one and twentieth year of the reign of King James the First, in-21 Jac. 1. c. 16. tituled, An act for limitation of actions, and for avoiding of fuits

in law.

III. Provided, That no body politiek or corporate shall have Provisoagainst power, by virtue of this act, to iffue or give out any notes, by giving out themselves or their fervants, other than such as they might

have issued, if this act had never been made.

IV. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, 9 W. 3. c. 17. An act for the better payment of inland bills of exchange, it is, among other things, enacted, That from and after presentation and acceptance of the faid bill or bills of exchange (which acceptance shall be by the underwriting the same under the party's hand so accepting) and after the expiration of three days after the said bill or bills shall become due, the party to whom the faid bill or bills are made payable, his servant, agent, or assigns, may and shall cause the same bill or bills to be protested in manner as in the said act is enacted; and whereas by there being no provision made therein for protesting such bill or bills, in case the party, on whom the same ore or shall be drawn, resuse to accept the same, by underwriting the same under his hand, all merchants and others do refuse to underwrite such bill or bills, or make any other than a premissory acceptance, by which means the effect and good intent of the faid att in that behalf is wholly evaded, and no bill or bills can be protested before or for want of such acceptance by underwriting the same as aforesaid: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the Party refusing first day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one to underwrite first day of May, which mail be in the year of our pole of bill of ex-thousand seven hundred and sive, in case, upon presenting change, such of any fuch bill or bills of exchange, the party or parties, on bill may be whom the same shall be drawn, shall refuse to accept the same, protested for by underwsiting the fame, as aforefaid, the party to whom the non-acceptfaid bill or bills are made payable, his fervant, agent, or ance. affigns, may and shall cause the said bill or bills to be protested for non-acceptance, as in case of soreign bills of exchange; any

thing

thing in the faid act, or any other law, to the contrary notwithflanding: for which protest there shall be paid two shillings. and no more.

No acceptbills of exchange to be fufficient unless the same be underwritten, nor drawer thereof liable to cofts, &cc.

V. Provided always, That from and after the faid first day ance of inland of May, no acceptance of any fuch inland bill of exchange shall be sufficient to charge any person whatsoever, unless the same be underwritten or indorfed in writing thereupon; and if such bill be not accepted by fuch underwriting, or indorfement in writing, no drawer of any fuch inland bill shall be liable to pay any costs, damages, or interest thereupon, unless such protest be made for non-acceptance thereof, and within fourteen days after such protest, the same be sent, or otherwise notice thereof be given to the party from whom such bill was received, or left in writing at the place of his or her usual abode; and if such bill be accepted, and not paid before the expiration of three days after the faid bill shall become due and payable, then no drawer of fuch bill shall be compellable to pay any costs, damages, or interest thereupon, unless a protest be made and fent, or notice thereof be given, in manner and form above-mentioned: nevertheless, every drawer of such bill shall be liable to make payment of costs, damages, and interest upon such inland bill, if any one protest be made of non-acceptance or non-payment thereof, and notice thereof be lent, given or left, as aforesaid. VI. Provided, That no fuch protest shall be necessary, either

No protest necellary for non-payment, unless the bill be drawn for sol, ment of twenty pounds sterling or upwards; and that the proor upwards. By whom protest shall he made.

Acceptance of bill effeemed a full payment of debt.

Proviso.

bills of exchange for non-payment thereof. VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the faid first day of May, if any person doth accept any such bill of exchange for and in fatisfaction of any former debt, or fum of money formerly due unto him, the same shall be accounted and efteemed a full and complete payment of such debt, if such person, accepting of any such bill for his debt, doth not take his due course to obtain payment thereof, by endeavouring to get the same accepted and paid, and make his protest, as afore-

for non-acceptance or non-payment of any inland bill of ex-

change, unless the value be acknowledged and expressed in such

bill to be received, and unless such bill be drawn for the pay-

test, hereby required for non-acceptance, shall be made by such

persons as are appointed by the said recited act to protest inland

faid, either for non-acceptance, or non-payment thereof. VIII. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to discharge any remedy, that any person may have against the drawer accepter or indorfer of fuch bill.

Act to contimue 3 years.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this act shall continue and be in force for the space of three years, from the said first day of May, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, and no longer. Made perpetual by 7 Annæ, c. 25. s. 3.

CAP. X.

An all for encouraging the importation of naval stores from ber Majesty's plantations in America.

THEREAS the royal navy, and the navigation of England, W wherein, under God, the wealth, safety and strength of this kingdom is so much concerned, depends on the due supply of stores necessary for the same, which being now brought in mostly from foreign parts, in foreign shipping, at exorbitant and arbitrary rates, to the great prejudice and discouragement of the trade and navigation of this kingdom, may be provided in a more certain and beneficial manner from her Majesty's own dominions: and whereas her Majesty's colonies and plantations in America were at first settled, and are still maintained and protested, at a great expence of the treasure of this kingdom, with a design to render them as useful as may be to England, and the labour and industry of the people there, profitable to themselves: and in regard the said colonies and plantations, by the vast tracts of land therein, lying near the sea, and upon navigable rivers, may commodiculty afford great quantities of all forts of naval stores, if due encouragement be given for carrying on so great and advantagewas an undertaking, which will likewife tend, not only to the further impleyment and increase of English shipping and seamen, but also to the enlarging, in a great measure, the trade and vent of the woollen and other manufactures and commodities of this kingdom, and of other her Majesty's dominions, in exchange for such naval stores, Encourage-subich are now purchased from foreign countries with money or hul- ment to imtion: and for enabling ber Majesty's subjects, in the said colonies and port naval plantations, to continue to make due and sufficient returns in the course English planof their trade; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most ex- tations in Acellent majefty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords merica. spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That every per- Parther enfon or persons that shall, within the time appointed by this & Anne, c. 13. act, import or cause to be imported into this kingdom, directly f. 10. & 2 Geo. from any of her Majesty's English colonies or plantations in A-2. c. 35.
merica, in any ship or ships that may lawfully trade to her Ma-See 8 Geo. r. jesty's plantations, manned as by law is required, any of the c. 12. L.4. naval stores, hereafter mentioned, shall have and enjoy, as a naval stores, hereatter mentioned, inau nave and enjoy, as a Rates allowed reward or pramium for such importation, after and according to importer; to the several rates for such naval stores, as follows, (viz.)

II. For good and merchantable tar per tun, containing eight For tar 4 l. per barrels, and each barrel to gage thirty one gallons and an half, tun. four pounds.

For good and merchantable pitch per tun, each tun contain- Pitch 41. per ing twenty gross hundreds (net pitch) to be brought in eight tun.

barrels, four pounds.

For good and merchantable rozin or turpentine per tun, each Rozin or turtun containing twenty groß hundreds (net rozin or turpentine) pentine, il. per to be brought in eight barrels, three pounds.

For

Hemp 61. per tun. Contimued, as to bemp by 12 per tun. Præmiums to be paid by of the navy. Restrictions of as to pitch and tar, 8 Geo. 1. C. 12. f. 4. Oath to be made, That the naval ftores were of the plantations.

For hemp, water rotted, bright and clean, per tun, each tun containing twenty gross hundreds, fix pounds.

For all masts, yards, and bowsprights, per tun, allowing forty Ann. ft. 1. c. 9. foot to each tun, girt measure, according to the customary way

8 Geo. 1. c. 12. of measuring round bodies, one pound.

16 Geo. 2. C 26. III. Which several rewards or pramiums, for each species a-Masts,&c. 208. fore-mentioned, shall be paid and answered by the commissioners or principal officers of her Majesty's navy, who are hereby impowered and required to make out bill or bills, to be paid in commissioners course for the same, upon certificate of the respective chief officer or officers of the customs, in any port of this kingdom. fuch certificates where such naval stores shall be imported, as aforesaid; such bill or bills to be made out and given to the person or persons importing the same, as aforesaid, within twenty days after the 5 Geo. 1. C. 11. discharge or unlading of the ship or vessel, ships or vessels, in which such stores shall be imported, upon a certificate or cerwhich such stores shall be imported, upon a certificate or certificates, to be produced to the chief officer or officers of the customs (which certificate or certificates shall be under the hand and feal of the governor, lieutenant governor, collector of her Majesty's customs, and naval officer, or any two of them, rethe growth of fiding and being within any of her Majesty's said colonies or plantations) That before the departure of such thip or vessel, ships or vessels, the person or persons, merchant, trader or factor, loading the same, had made oath before them, That the faid naval stores, so shipt on board, were truly and bona fide of the growth and produce of her Majesty's said colonies and plantations (which oath the said governor, lieutenant governor, collector of her Majesty's customs, and naval officer, or any two of them, are hereby authorized to administer) as likewise, upon oath to be made within any port in England, by the master or mafters of fuch thip or veffel, thips or veffels, importing fuch naval stores, that the same were truly laden on board such thip or vessel, ships or vessels, within some of her Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, and that he or they know or believe that the faid naval stores were the produce of the said colonies and plantations.

Provilo.

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IV. Provided always, That the reward or pramium, hereby granted, shall not be allowed or paid for the importation of fuch masts, yards, bowsprights, or other naval stores, as are already contracted for by the commissioners of her Majesty's

Commissioners have the preimported,

if contracted for within 20 days after tender.

V. And to the end a particular benefit may accrue hereby to of the navy to her Majesty's royal navy, and for the better supply of the same with naval stores; be it further enacted, That upon the imnaval flores to porting of any naval stores from her Majesty's said colonies and plantations, for which a reward or pramium is hereby granted, the pre-emption, or refulal of such haval stores, shall be offered and tendred to the commissioners of her. Majesty's navy upon landing the fame; and if, within the term of twenty days after fuch tender, the said commissioners shall not contract or bargain for the same, it shall and may be lawful for the importer or importers,

porters, owner or owners, of the faid naval stores, otherwise to dispose of the same for his or their best profit and advan-

tage.

VI. And for the better prefervation of all timber, fit, for the Penalty on uses aforesaid; be it further enacted and ordained by the autho-selling or derity aforesaid, That no person or persons within her Majesty's stroying pitch, colonies of New Hampfoire, the Massachusets Bay, Rhode Island, in New Engand Providence Plantation, the Marraganfet Country, or Kings land, &c. Prevince, and Connecticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, do or shall presume to cut, fell, or destroy any pitch, pine trees, or tar trees, not being within any fence or actual inclosure, under the growth of twelve inches diameter, at three foot from the earth, on the penalty or forfeiture of five pounds for each offence, on proof thereof to be made by one or more credible witnesses on oath, before one or more justice or justices of the peace within or nearest to such place where such offence shall be committed; one moiety of such penalty or forfeiture to be to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, the other moiety to the informer or informers.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Penalty on That no person or persons, within the said colonies of New burning pitch Hampsbire, the Massachusets Bay, Rhode Island, and Providence trees, &c. Plantation, and Marraganset Country, or Kings Province, Con-without no-necticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, shall the owner. wittingly or willingly fet fire to any woods or forests, in which there are any pitch, pine trees, or tar trees, prepared for the making of pitch or tar, without first giving notice to the person or persons, owner or owners of the said trees, who had prepared or ordered the preparing of such trees, or to one of her Majesty's justices of the peace there, on pain of forfeiting of ten pounds for each offence, to be recovered in such manner, and on such proof, and to be distributed, as aforesaid; the said forfeitures and penalties to be levied by warrant under the hands

and feals of such justice or justices of the peace.

VIII. Provided always, That the importation of all such na- Stores subject val stores, for which a reward or pramium is granted by this act, to the same be subject to the same regulations, restrictions, and limitations, penalties, &c. in reference to the shipping and navigating thereof, and such as other plan-tation goods, security shall be given for importing the same into England, and subject to such penalties and forfeitures, as the importation of fugar, tobacco, cotton wooll, indico, ginger, fustick, and other dying wood, from her Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, are subject unto.

IX. Provided also, That the several directions and provisions Act to contiin this act shall commence and take effect from the first day of nue 9 years. Tamery, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand leven hundred and five, and shall continue and be in force from thence forward, for the space of nine years, and no longer.

CAP. XI.

An act for the better recruiting her Majesty's land forces and the marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sive. EXP.

CAP. XII.

An act for the relief of the creditors of Thomas Pitkin, a bankrupt, and for the apprehending of him, and the discovery of the effects of the said.

Thomas Pitkin, and his accomplices. EXP.

CAP, XIII.

An act for prohibiting all trade and commerce with France.

Prohibition of trade with France during the war. Ships feized by privateers fraudulently, forfeited, and privateer faip condemned as good prize. Provide for Breach wints contradied for before 1 january, 1700. So as the fame be imported before 2 August, 1703. Act not to prohibit trade with Spain. Contraband goods excepted. EXP.

CAP. XIV.

An act to prevent all traiterous correspondence with her Majedy's ensemies

Persons sending arms, ordinance, &c. to France, during the war, to suffer death as in cases of treason. Queen's subjects returning from France, without licence guilty of high treason. Persons who have been in France, and returned without licence, shall depart by a May, 1903. walc's they obtain the Queen's scenes for saying here, or be deemed guilty of high treason. Persons without licence going to France, during the war, guilty of high treason. Offences committed beyond see may be tried in any county in England. Persons indicted on this act, to have the benefit of the act made 7 W. 3. c. 3. E. X.P.

CAT. XV.

An act for the gelief of Fulke Emes, gentleman, and others who had elapted their times, either for paying their money, or naming their nominest, for purchasing annutites; and also for relief of Sir John Mead, knight, and baronet, who had elapted his time for paying part of his purchase-money for a forfeited effate in Ireland; and allo for relief of Dorothy Ireland, and others, is respect of several tickets for payment of annuities, and of several million lottery tickets, and Exchequer bills, and debentures to the army, which have been burnt or lost.

Falke Exces to have the annuity of so I. per annum, purchased by him for three lives. The like to Thomas Barnardiston, of so I. per annum, for one life. Mary Gibson to have her annuity of so I. per annum, for two lives. Mary Highstreet, to enjoy the annuity of so I. per annum, for two lives. Mary Highstreet, to enjoy the annuity of so I. per annum, purchased by her for her own life. Samuel Cook to receive the annuities of 40 I. and roll per annum, purchased by him for his own life. Sir John Mead's time of payment of Irish purchase-money enlarged, with interest at \$1. per cent. Dorothy Ireland's malt tickets which were burnt or descripted to be allowed on affidavit. Annuity tickets burnt or lost, officer on certificate of judge may discharge the same. The like on million lottery tickets, and makt tickets, see humt or lost. EXP.

CAP. XVL

3 & 4 Annæ, An act for punishing muting and defertion, and falle musters; and for the c. 22. hetter payment of the army, and their quarters.

Mutineers and deferters, &c. to fuffer death. The Queen may grant commissions to her generals to call courts-martial. Courts-martial not to consist of less than 13 commission officers. President to be a field officer, Soldiers not exempt from the ordinary process of law. Act not to extend to militim. Every member of court-martial to be swrn. No fentesice of death to be given, unless nine officers concur. Penalty on false certificates, to excuse soldiers from muster. Penalty on officers making fails musters. Muster rolls to be signed by the mayor, &c. Penalty on muster master neglecting to give notice. Penalty upon persons failsy mustered. Horses failsy mustered to be forseited. Penalty on agent, &c. detaining officer's or soldier's pay. Penalty on agents disobeying orders of Queen or lord treasurer. Officer to bring a cartificate of members of Queen or lord treasurer.

fick, &c. Penalty on officer mustering fervants, &c. No foldiers to be quartered on private houses. Penalty on constable, &c. quartering foidiers otherwise than by this act. Officers and soldiers to pay reasonable rates for their provisions. Justices to set the rates. Penalty on officer taking money to excuse from quartering. No paymaster, &c. to make deductions out of officer's or soldier's pay. Lord treasurer may issue the money due for clothing every two months. Paymatters to deduct the off-reckonings. Charge of arms, stores, &c. to be transmitted to pay-master, &c. Rates of subsistence to be paid to innkeepers, &c. for soldiers quarters. Penalty on officer not paying subsistence-money. No musters in Westminster and Southwark, but in the presence of two justices in the presence tices. All clothes, &c. to be bought in England. Muster rolls to be closed on the day of muster, and returned to the paymaster of the forces, &c. Justices to issue out warrants to the constables to provide carriages. Penalty on officers forcing waggon to travel more than one day's journey, &c. or obliging conflables to provide faddle horses. Soldiers wives, &c. not to be quartered without consent. Penalty on officer or foldier defroying the game. Penalty on persons concealing deserter, or buying his arms, clothes, &c. No soldiers to be billeted in Epsom, &c. Officers or foldiers corresponding with the Queen's enemies guilty of high treafon. Soldiers refifting officer, felony. All trials for treaton, felony, &c.
may be determined in the Queen's Bench. Act not to abridge the
Queen's power of making articles of war, &c. Queen may grant commissions for holding courts martial. Deferter to be returned to his own regiment, there to be punished. But one trial for the same offence. No attainder to extend to corruption of blood, &c. Trial of a peer to be by his peers. Persons tried for treason on this act to have the benefit of the act 7 W. 3. c. 3. Officers and foldiers of the marine regiments 2 & 3 Anne, fubject to this act. Felons may be lifted on the Queen's warrant figned c. 20.

for their pardon. Act to extend to mutineers and deferters in Ireland. 11 W. 3. c. 8. Persons not tried before 24 March, 1704. may be tried now by court- 13 W. 3. c. 1. martial. Penalty on officer refusing to give a just account of debentures. 5 Annæ, c. 16. EXP.

CAP. XVII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred 13 & 14 Car. 2 and five, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid. c. 3. EXP.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for making perpetual an all for the more easy recovery of small tithes; and also an all for the more easy obtaining partition of lands in coparcenary, joint tenancy, and tenancy in common; and also for making more effectual and amending several alls relating to the return of jurors.

WHEREAS divers temporary laws, which by experience have been found beneficial and useful, are expired, or near expiring; therefore, for continuing the same, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That an act made in the session of parliament held in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for the more easy recovery of small 7 & 3 W. 3. titbes, which was to continue for three years, and from thence c. 6. for recoto the end of the next session of parliament, which act was sur-vering small ther continued by an act made in the tenth and eleventh years further con-Vol. XI.

& 11 W. 3. c. 15. made perpetual.

tual.

C. 14.

tinued by 10 of the reign of the said King William the Third, for seven years from the expiration thereof, which will expire at the end of the next session of parliament after the year one thousand seven hundred and five, shall be, and is hereby continued, and shall be in force, and be made perpetual.

. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That an act made in the fession of parliament held in the eighth and 8 & 9 W. 3. ninth years of his faid late majesty King William the Third, c. 31. for the intituled, An att for the easier obtaining partitions of lands in coeafter obtaining parcenary, joint tenancy, and tenancy in common, which will expire partitions of at the end of the next fession of parliament after the first day of lands in coparcenary, &c. May, one thousand seven hundred and sour, shall be, and is made perpehereby continued, and shall be in force, and be made perpetual.

III. And whereas in an act made in the session of parliament held 4 & 5 W. & M. in the fourth and fifth years of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for reviving, continuing, and explaining, several laws therein mentioned, which are expired and near expiring, there are several good clauses and provisions relating to the returning of jurors, which clauses and provisions were by the faid act to continue in force for seven years after the first of May, one thousand six hundred ninety three, and to the end of the next sefsion of parliament: and whereas the said clauses and provisions relating to the returning of jurors were, by an act made in the seventh and eighth years of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for the ease of jurors, and better regulating of juries, centinued for seven years, from the first of May, one thousand fix bun-dred ninety and six, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament, and no longer; which said last mentioned act was also to

> continue but for the faid term of seven years, from the first of May, one thousand six hundred ninety and six, and to the end of the next session of parliament: and whereas the said act made in the said session

7 & 8 W. 3. C. 32.

1 Annæ, stat. 2. C. 13.

Penalty on theriff of York not keeping a register book of jurors names:

parliament, held in the seventh and eighth years of the late King William the Third, was by an act made in the first year of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for continuing former acts for exporting leather, and for ease of jurors, and for reviving and making more effectual an act relating to vagrants, continued for seven years from the expiration thereof, and to the end of the next session of parliament: and whereas the said clauses, provisions, and all have not proved effectual, by reason of some defects in the said as; for remedy whereof be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any sheriff of the said county of York shall, after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and five, during the continuance of the faid act, refuse or neglect to provide and keep such book or register, as in the said recited act is directed, or shall refuse or neglect to enter therein the names of the persons who served as jurors in any the assizes or general quarter sessions of the peace, to be held in or for the said county, or any the ridings therein, in or during the time he shall be sheriff of the said county, with the additions and places of abode, and time and places of fuch their fervices, in fuch man-

ner as in and by the faid recited act is directed, or shall refuse or neglect, within ten days after the next succeeding sheriff of the faid county shall be sworn into his office, to deliver over to fuch fucceeding sheriff, as well all and every the books and registers that shall be made or prepared in the year wherein he stiall have served sheriff, as also all such other books or registers as were prepared in the sheriffwick of any of his predecessors, theriffs of the faid county, within four years then next before, and which were delivered over to him by any of his faid predecessors, or shall refuse or neglect to make and deliver, by himself or his under sheriff, such certificate gratis, as in the faid recited act is mentioned, that then every such sheriff of the faid county of York, so refusing or neglecting in all or any the said cases aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds; one moiety whereof shall be to the nse of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, and the other moiety to such person or persons as shall sue for the same, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, nor more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That or returning if any such sheriff of the said county, for the time being, his one person or their under sheriff, deputy, or bailiff, during the continuance of the said act, shall knowingly summon or return any person years. or persons to serve on any jury or juries, at any the said affizes or sessions of the peace, who shall, within four years before such furnmons or return, have served on any jury at any the said affizes or fessions held within the said county, or any the ridings therein, and shall not, upon producing of such certificate or certificates, as aforefaid, to the officer or perfon fo fummoning, or to the said sheriff, or his under sheriff or deputy, discharge the faid fummons or return, and thereof give notice to the party fummoned, fix days before such assizes or sessions of the peace, at the which such person shall be summoned or returned to appear, that then the faid sheriff, under sheriff, bailiff, or person so summoning or refusing to discharge, as aforesaid, thall forfeit and lose to the party so summoned the sum of swertty pounds, to be recovered in manner and form as is last herein before-mentioned, together with his full costs of suit. ?

V. And whereas many constables, tythingmen, and headboroughs of towns, have refused or neglected to return, or give to the justices of the peace at the general quarter fessions, a true list in writing of the names and places of abode of all persons within the respective places for which they serve, qualified to serve upon juries, as in and by the faid att made in the seventh and eighth years of the late King William it is enacted and provided, by reason of which neglect, the goed intent of the said all has been eluded, and great inconveniencies bave thereupon ensued: for remedy whereof be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the justices of the pace for constables not all counties or ridings, within the kingdom of England, or do-returning a the counties of the pace of the mittion of Wales, shall yearly and every year, during the con-list of persons

tinuance fit for jurors.

Continued by 3 Geo. 2. C. 25. C. 14.

tinuance of the faid act, at the general quarter fessions to be 9 Geo. 1. c. 8. holden next after the four and twentieth day of June, issue forth f. 2. for 7 years, their warrant or warrants, under the hands and seals of two or Sec. fublicibing more of them, to the head or chief constable and constables of the lift before a every hundred, lathe, or wapentake, requiring him or them to justice, is suffice forth his or their precept or precepts to the respective constables, tythingmen, and headboroughs within his and their hundred, lathe, or wapentake, thereby directing and requiring See to Anne, them, and all and every of them, to convene and meet together with the faid head constables of the hundred, lathe, or wapentake, within fourteen days next after the date of such receipt, at some usual or convenient place in the hundred, lathe, or wapentake, when and where the conftables, tythingmen, and headboroughs, shall prepare and make a true lift fair written and figned by them, of the names and places of abode of all the perfons within the respective places for which they serve, qualified to serve on juries, according to the direction of the said act made in the fourth and fifth years of King William and Queen Mary, with their titles and additions, between the age of one and twenty years and the age of seventy years, as by the faid act of the seventh and eighth years of the said King William is directed and appointed: which lift the faid constable, tythingman, and headborough, or their deputies, or some or one of them, yearly at the general quarter fessions of the peace to be holden for each county, riding, or division, or any part thereof, in the week after the feast of Saint Michael, upon the first day of the said sessions, or upon the nirst day that the said sesfions shall be held by adjournment at any other particular place or division, shall return and give to the justices of the peace in open court: and any head constable of the hundred, lathe, or wapentake failing to iffue forth his or their precept or precepts to convene and meet together, with the constables, tythingmen, and headboroughs, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and incur the penalty of ten pounds; and any constable, tythingman, and headborough failing to meet the head constable of the hundred, lathe, or wapentake, pursuant to his precept, and failing to prepare and make a true lift, and to return and give in the fame to the justices in open court, as aforefaid, shall forfeit and incur the penalty of five pounds: and every fuch high constable, constable, and tythingman, 'so offending, shall be prosecuted at the general affizes, sessions of Oyer and Terminor, and general gaol delivery, or fessions of the peace, before the justices thereof, who shall have power and authority to hear and determine the fame.

VL And for the better observance of this act, and of the faid acts made in the fourth and fifth years of King William and acts to be read Queen Mary, and in the faid feventh and eighth years of the late King William, the justices of the peace at the general quarter sessions, held after the four and twentieth! day of June, 24 June yearly, yearly, shall cause the said several acts to be publically read in

open court.

The fore-

publickly

everyquarter

fessions after

mentioned

Anno Regni ANN Æ Reginæ quarto.

T the parliament summoned to be held at Westminster the fourteenth day of June, Anno Dom. 1705. in the fourth year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations to the five and twentieth day of October, 1705. and then begun and holden, heing a In the involthe first session of this present parliament.

ment it is, To the nineteenth day of March.

CAP. I.

An ast for exhibiting a bill in this present parliament for naturalizing the most excellent princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the issue of her body.

THEREAS the most excellent princess Sophia, electress and Princess Sodutchess downger of Hanover, and the issue of her body, are phia of Hanover, and the issue of her body, are phia of Hanover, and her to be naturalized, and by reason of their being beyond the seas, they issue, to be naturalized themselves in order therets, according to the act made turalized. in the seventh year of the reign of King James the First, which re- 7 Jac. 1, C. 2, ... quires every person to receive the sacrament of the Lord's supper, within one month before any bill for naturalization be exhibited, and also take the oaths of supremacy and allegiance in the parliament bouse, before his or her bill he twice read: be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That a bill for the naturalization of the faid most excellent prin- A bill to be cels Sophia, electress and dutchess dowager of Hanover, and the exhibited for issue of her body, shall and may be exhibited and brought into lization. this present parliament, and twice read; any law, statute, matter, or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. II.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and six. EXP. 4 s. in the pound.

CAP. III.

An act to repeal several clauses in the statute made in the third and fourth years of her present Majesty's reign, for securing the kingdom of England from several atls lately passed in the parliament of Scotland.

WHEREAS in a flatute mode in the third and fourth years of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the ef- 3 & 4 Ann. fectual c. 7.

10

3 & 4 Annæ. C. 7.

fectual securing the kingdom of England from the apparent dangers that may arise from several acts lately passed in the parliament of Scotland, there are clauses contained in these words following (that is to fay!)

Natives of Scotland (except settled inhabitants in England, &c.) after 25 Dec. aliens, &c.

H. And be it further enacted by the outbority aforefaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day of December, one thouland seven hundred and five, no person or persons, being a native of natives of the kingdom of Scotland (except such as are now settled inhabitants within the kingdom of England, or the dominions there-1705, adjudged unto belonging, and shall continue inhabitants thereof, and such as are now in service in her Majesty's sleet or army) shall be capable to inberit any lands, tenements, or bereditaments within this kingdom of England, or the dominions thereunto belonging, or to enjoy any benefit or advantage of a natural born subject of England; but every such person shall be from thenceforth adjudged and taken as an alien, born out of the allegiance of the Queen of England, until such time as the fuccession to the trown of Scotland be declared and settled by an ant of parliament in Scotland, in the same manner the succession to the crown of England is now settled by act of parliament in England, in safe of her Majesty's demise without issue of her body.

Horfes, arms, &c. conveyed m Scotland. forfeiture zgol. &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The if any person or persons whatsvever, shall at any time from and after the twentieth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and four, until such time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and fettled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner, as aforefaid, convey or fend, or cause to be conveyed or sent from any parts or place in England or Ireland, any horses, arms, or and munition into the kingdom of Scotland, every such person or persons shall for fait the sum of one hundred pounds, and treble the value of fuch horses, arms, or ammunition; one third part thereof to the Queen's mest excellent majesty, ber beirs and successors, and the other thind part thereof to him or them who will fee for the same in any of her Majesty's courts at Westminster, by action of debt, suit, bill, plaint, or information, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law Ball lie

Scotch cattle brought into England, &c. torfeited.

IV. And be its further enotted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sive, until such time as the succession to the crown of Scotland be declared and settled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner, as aforesaid, no great cattle or socep shall be brought out of, or from the kingdom of Scotland into the kingdom of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the penalty of forfeiting all such great eattle or sheep to him or them who will seize or sue for the same, and also the value of such great castle or sheep; one third part to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her hears and successors, and the other two third parts thereof to him or them who will sue fer the same, to be recovered as aforefaid.

Cattle fo brought may be detained 4 days, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person and persons subatsoever, to take and seize in any place or places what soever, the great cattle or sheep brought contrary

to this uet into this kingdom of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, and detain the same, during the space of four days, in some publick or convenient place where such seizure shall be made, within which time, if the owner or owners, or any on his or their behalf, shall make it appear unto some suffice of the peace of the same county where the same shall be so feized, by the oath of two credible witnesses (which oath the said justice of the peace is hereby required and impowered to administer) that the filme were not brought from Scotland, after the said five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven bundred and five, then the same upon the warrant of such justice shall be forthwith redelivered.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any English, or other cat- English cattle the or sheep, shall be, with the privity or knowledge of the owner, or intermixed, my person employed by him, driven or intermixed, or cause to be driven forscited. or intermixed with great tattle of sheep, brought out of or from Scotmixed and seized, shall be deemed Scotch cattle, and shall be subject to the fike forfeiture, and ordered and disposed of in all respects as if they were brought out of or from Bootland, contrary to this act; and one person or persons shall wilfully and fraudulently conspire, confederate, or agree together to avoid or evade the seizures or forfeitures upon the bringing in of cattle in this act particularly specified, and the same shall put in execution, then every such person and per-Jons, being thereof indicted or prefented unthin one year, next after Just offence by him or them committed, and being thereof lawfully convicted or attainted, at any time hereafter, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to be recovered and distributed, as aforefaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority uforesaid, That Persons sued, if any ultion, fuit, bill, plaint, or information, shall be commenced to plead the or prosecuted against any person or persons for any seizure, or other general issue. thing done or made in purfuance or execution of this act, such perfon or persons shall not be obliged to give any more than a common appearance, and may plead the general iffue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or profecutor shall become nonfuit, or forbear prosecution, or suffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against bim in any such action, bill, plaint, suit, or information, as aforefaid, the defendants shall bave troble costs, for which they shall have the like remedy as in any case where costs by law are given to the

defendant.

VIII. And be it further enalled by the authority afarefaid, That Scotch coals from and after the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand imported, forfeven hundred and five, until fuch time as the fuecession to the crown seited. of Scotland be declared and fettled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner, as aforesaid, no Scotch coals shall be imported out of the kingdom of Scotland into the kingdoms of England or Ireland, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the penalty of forfeiting the coals so imported; one half to the Queen's most excellent majesty, the other half to such person as shall ffixe or fue for the fame.

Scotch lines alfo,

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority of ore find, That from and after the faid five and twentieth day of December, and thousand seven hundred and sive, until such time as the succession to the erosum of Scotland be declared and fettled by an act of parliament in Scotland, in like manner, as aforefaid, no Scotch linen shall be imported or brought out of Scotland into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Ireland, under the penalty of forfeiting the faid linen, and double the value thereof, to be recovered with costs of fuit in any of her Majesty's courts of record; one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, the other moiety to such persons as shall seize, inform, or sue for the same..

X. And whereas, fince the making the faid act, an act hath been made and passed in the parliament of Scotland, for enabling ber Majefty to appoint commissioners to treat with commissioners for the kingdom of England, of and concerning an union of the faid king-The aforesaid doms of England and Scotland: now to the end that the good elauses repeal- and friendly disposition of this kingdom towards the kingdom of Scotland may appear; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords

> spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament assembled. and by the authority of the same, That the said clauses be from henceforth absolutely repealed and vacated to all intents and

purpoles whatloever,

CAP. IV.

An all for the naturalization of the most excellent princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the issue of her body.

[X7HEREAS the imperial crown and dignity of the realms of England, France, and Ireland, and the dominions therete belonging, after the demise and death of your Majesty, our most gracious sovereign, without issue of your body, is limited by act of parliament, to the most excellent princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, grandaughter of the late King James the First, and the heirs of her body, being protestants: and whereas your 'Majesty, by your royal care and concern for the happiness of these kingdoms, reigns in the hearts and affections of all your people, to their great comfort and satisfaction, and will be a glorious example to your royal succeffors in future ages: and to the end the said princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the issue of ber body, and all persons lineally descending from her, may be encouraged to become acquainted with the laws and constitutions of this realm, it is just and highly reasenable, that they, in your Majesty's life time frobom God long preferoe) should be naturalized, and be deemed, taken, and esteemed natural born subjects of England: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, do most humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and therefore be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this present parliament assembled,

bled, and by the authority of the same, That the said princess Sophia, electress and dutchess dowager of Hanover, and the riffue Princess Soof ther body, and all persons lineally descending from her, born phia of Hanor hereafter to be born, be and shall be, to all intents and pur-iffue naturapoles whatloever, deemed, taken, and efteemed natural born lized. Subjects of this kingdom, as if the said princess, and the issue of her body, and all persons lineally descending from her, born or hereafter to be born, had been born within this realm of England; any law, flatute, matter, or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared No papil, &co. by the authority aforefaid, That every person and persons, who to have the shall be naturalized by virtue of this act of parliament, and shall benefit of a become a papitt, or profess the popith religion, shall not enjoy natural-born any benefit or advantage of a natural born subject of Bagland; but every such person shall be adjudged and taken as an alien, born out of the allegiance of the Queen of England, to all intents and purpoles whatfoever; any thing herein contained to

the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. V.

An act for continuing the disties upon mait, mam, cycler, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix. E & P.

CAP. VI.

An all for continuing an additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm, and cynders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raising a further supply to ber Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and six, and other uses therein mentioned.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty, we your Majesty's mest dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of England in parliament affembled, duly confidering your Majesty's great occasions for money to carry on the present war, and having regard as well to the great burthen of taxes now lying upon your Majesty's subjects, as to the present condition of the publick funds, and the present incumbrances thereupon, are therefore defirous, by such easy and effectual ways and means, as in this act are expressed and intended, to raise a fum of money, not exceeding in the subele, two millions five hundred seventy five thousand seven bundred fixty one pounds, fixteen shillings 25757611. 168. and two pence, (part of the money necessary to be provided in this raised. session of parliament for your Majesty's supply) and such further sum of maney as will be sufficient, during the sirst two years of the term herein after mentioned, to sompleat the payment of the annuities to be purchased upon this act, and have for that end and purpose, cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majesty the subsidy of tonnage and poundage Tonnage and upon wines, goeds, and merchandixes, and the feveral duties upon poundage, upcoal, culm, and cynders, and upon beer, ale, cyder, and other liquers on wines, &c. bereafter granted.

Bereafter in this att mentioned, for fuch several and respective terms,

9 & 10 W. 3. C. 23.

New Subfidy.

1. C. 7.

c. 9.

One third fubfidy.

and to commence at or from such respective days and times, and to be paid and payable in fuch manner and form, as in this act are afterwards expressed: (that is to fay) whereas by an all made and pussels in the ninth year of the reign of his late majefty King William the Third, of glorious memory, finitialed, An act for granting to his Majefty a further subsidy of tonnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses therein mentioned, during his Majesty's life) it was enabled, That over and above the flebsidies, impositions, and other duties therein mentioned, there should be raised and paid to his Majesty, one other subsidy called tonnage, for and upon all wines which from and after the last day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand fix bundred minety and nine, at any time and times, during his Majefty's life, foould be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick toon Tweed; and one further fublish called poundage of all manner of goods and merchandizes imported of brought into this realm, or any his Majesty's dominions to the same belonging, et any time or times after thei fail left day of January, one thousand fix bundred ninety nine, during his Majesty's tife, by way of merchandize (except fuch goods and merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with such abatements, regulations, directions for making repayments or allowances upon exportation, and subject to such rules and other matters and things touching the faid several subsidies, as in the last-mentioned att are expressed: which said further subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, granted by the all above rollied, are to be raifed and paid to her Majesty, during her life, by virtue of another all of parliament Anne, flat. made and paffed in the first year of her reign, (intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and the honour and dignity of the crown:) and whereas by an act made and passed 2 & 3 Anna, in the second year of her Majesty's reign, (intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty an additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage for three years, and for laying a further duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize, and for aftertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the East Indies) it was emotted, That there should be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied unto her Majesty one other subsidy called tomage, for and upon all wines which from and after the eighth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and three, at any time or times within or during the space of three years from thence next and immediately ensuing, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed; (that is to fay) one third part of futh or the like several and respective duties as by the stuo acts last recited or mentioned, or either of them, were imposed or payable for or apon any kind of wine or wines respectively: and one other subsidy called poundage of all manner of goods and merchandizes to be imported or brought into this realm, or any her Majesty's dominions to the same belonging, at any time or times after the said eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and

three, during the faid term of three years, by ever of marchandines Lithat is to for) one third part of fush or the like several and respective duties as by the faid two afts last before resited or mentioned, or either of them, are imposed or payable for or upon the same goods and merchandines respectively, (except such goods and other mershandines as by the faid two acts last-mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from payment of the subsidies thereby exented) as in and by the said seven ral acts (relation being thereunto respectively had) may more fully appear; now we your Majesty's fald duriful and loyal subjects the commons in parliament affembled, for the ends and purpoles an forefaid, do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most expellent man isfly, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent; parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That over and above the sub-fidies of toppage and poundage shove-mentioned, and over and 2 Anna, conabove all other sublidies, additional duties, impositions, and tinued from \$ payments whatfoever, by any act or acts of perliament, or on March, 1706 therwise howsoever already due or payable, or which dught to for 98 years, be paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for or upon any cation of wines, goods, and merchandizes whatfoever imported or, to be 40000l. a imported, there shall be continued, and be raised, levied, enlicted, and of the paid, and fatisfied unto her Majesty, her heirs and faccessors, for surplin manay and upon all wines which from and after the eighth day of this all, see Merch, which shall be in the year of our Lord arie thousand Anne, c; 5. 6 seven hundred and fix, at any time of times, within or during 1, 2. the term of ninety and eight years from thence next and immediately entring and fully to be complex and ended, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick'upon Tuesd, the fame or the like This dies and subsidy of tonnage, as by the said act of the second year of her perpenal by Majesty's reign was charged or imposed, for or upon any kind of i Geo. 1. it. 2. wine or wines what bever; (that is to fay) one third part of such (viz.) One the like several and respective duties, as he the faid of the (viz.) One or the like several and respective duties, as by the faid: act of the third part, &c. ninth year of his said late Majesty's reign, were granted to him 9 & 10 W. 3. during his life, and by the faid act of the first year of her Mau c. 23. iesty's reign, are continued to her during her Majesty's life, for or upon any kind of wine or wines respectively, and for and upon all manner of goods and merchandizes, which from and after the faid eighth day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six, at any time or times within or during the faid term of ninety and eight years, shall be imported or brought into this realm, or any her Majofly's dominious, to the same belonging, by way of merchandize, there shall be continued, raised, levied, collected, paid, and fatisfied to her Majosty, her heirs and successors, the same or the like subsidy of poundage, as by the said act of the second year of her Majesty's reign was laid or imposed, for or upon any goods or merchandizes whatfoever; (that is to fay) one third part of fuch or the like several and respective duties, as by the 9 & 10 W. 3. faid act of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, were c. 23.

granted -

y Annæ, flat.

Except fuch as are exempted

Drawbacks. &c. allowed by this act. 2 & 3 Annæ,

Duties how raifed. 9 & 10 W. 3. C. 23. 1 Annæ flat. 1.

Clauses to be observed in collecting the fubfidy.

Duty on cur-This clause explained by

granted to him during his life, and by the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, are continued during her Majesty's life, for or upon the same goods and merchandizes respectively, except such goods and other merchandizes, as by the faid subhidy acts made in the ninth year of his faid late Majefty's reign. frompayment and in the first and second years of her now Majesty's reign, or any of them, are exempted from payment of the faid fublidies thereby granted.)

. II. And it is hereby enacted, That in all cases where by the

faid subsidy act of the second year of her Majesty's reign, or by any general or particular clauses therein contained, any drawbacks or abatements of the whole, or any part of the duties thereby granted, or any other allowances whatfoever, are anpointed to be made or given in respect of the subsidy thereby granted, there shall be in the like cases respectively the same, or the like drawbacks and abatements of the whole or part of the duties by this act granted, and other allowances made and given in respect of the subsidy hereby imposed; and that the said several subsidies and duties by this act payable, during the continuance thereof, and all arrearages of the same, shall be raised, levied, collected, secured and paid by the same ways, means, and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and fubject to such rules and directions as in and by the said subsidy acts of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, and of a & 3 Anne, the first and second years of her now Majesty's reign, or by any general, relative, or particular clauses, or words therein, or in any of them contained, and now in force, are prescribed or appointed, touching or concerning the faid feveral fubfidies of tonnage and poundage, which were thereby respectively granted, as aforefaid; and that so much of the said subsidy act of the second year of her Majesty's reign, and such of the branches and clauses therein contained, or thereby referred unto, as do concern only the subsidy of tonnage and poundage thereby granted, (being one third part of the subsidies granted by the faid former acts, as aforesaid) and are now in force, shall be used, exercised, put in practice, and observed, in and for the saising, levying, collecting, and answering the subsidies and duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually as if the same were again particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

III. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That the exceprans from Ve- tion contained in the act of the third year of her Majesty's nice, exempt- roign, intituled, An act for granting to ber Majefty a further subed 3 &4 Annæ, sid, on wines and merehandizes imported; whereby currans imported in English-built thipping, navigated according to the laws then in force, are exempted from the duties thereby granted, 8 Anna, 613. Thall be extended to all such currant as after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fix, shall be imported in thips belonging to any of the subjects of the republick of Venice, so that they also shall be exempted from payment of the subsidy granted by that act; any thing therein

contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And her Majesty's faid dutiful and loyal subjects, the Duties on commons, in parliament affembled, do also humbly befeech coal, culm, &c. continued her Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the auffrom 14 May, thority aforesaid, That all such and the like impositions, rates 1708, to 30 and duties whatfoever, as in and by an act of parliament made Sept. 1710. and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his faid late majesty 9 & 10 W. 3. King William the Third, (intituled, An act for granting to bis Majefly several duties upon coal and culm) were charged and imposed upon the several forts of coals and culm therein mentioned, for the term of five years, which commenced from the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred ninety eight, and the duty and duties upon cynders, which in and by an act made and passed in the parliament holden at Westminster, in the tenth and eleventh years of his late Majesty's reign (intituled, An act for laying further duties upon 10 & 11 W. 3. fweets, and for leffening the duties as well upon vinegar, as upon certain low wines, and whale fins, and the duties upon brandy imported, and for the more easy raising the duties upon leather, and for charging cynders, and for permitting the importation of pearl ashes, and for preventing abuses in the brewing of beer and ale, and frauds in importation of tobacco) were charged or imposed upon such cynders as are therein mentioned, for four years, commencing from the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand fix hundred ninery nine, which several duties upon coals, culm, and cynders were by an act made in the first year of her now 1 Annæ, state Majesty's reign, (intituled, An act for continuing the duties upon 2. C. 4. coals, culm, and synders) continued from the fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and three, until the afteenth day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight (charcoals made of wood being always excepted) shall by force and virtue of this act be further continued from the fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, until the thirtieth day of September, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the purposes in this act expressed, and shall, during all that time and term, be raised, levied, collected, and paid, for and upon all such and the like forts of coals, culm, and cynders, as by the faid former acts touching the same, or any of them, were chargeable, in such manner and form, and according to such rules, and under such penalties and forseitures, as by the same former ache touching coals, culm, and cynders, or the duties thereof, or any of them, were prescribed for or concerning the duties thereby granted or continued.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid act (intituled, Claufes, &c. An all for granting to his Majefty several duties upon toals and cides) in former acts and so much of the said act for laying duties upon sweets, and revived, for other things, as concerns the said duty upon cynders, and all duties on this

and every the powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, act.

9 & 10 W. 3. and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things therein contained, now being in force, for governing, managing, railing, levy-9 Annæ, c. 6, ing. fecuring, collecting, receiving, paying, and accounting for the dunes upon coals, culm, and eynders, by the faid former acts granted or continued, during the faid feveral terms therein mentioned, shall be and are by force and virtue of this present act revived, and shall be in full force, and be duly observed, practifed, and put in execution, in and for the governing, managing, railing, levying, fecuring, collecting, receiving, paying, and accounting for the duties upon coals, culm, and cynders, by this act granted, for and during the term hereby granted of and in the same, and all arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoles, as if the fame powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, claufes, matters and things, were again expressed, and particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

r& 6 ₩. & M. c. 7. Excile on beer, ale, &c. to be paid 1713. during 95 years. Made perpetual by 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 12. of the aggregate fund.

VI. And whereas in and by a certain act of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, (intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain rates and duties upon falt, and upon beer, ale, and other from 17 May, liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the fum of ten hundred thouland pounds, towards carrying on the war against France) certain rates and duties of excise therein mentioned, for and upon beer, ale, vinegar, vinegar beer, mum, sect. 8. and part cycler, perry, brandy, spirits, aqua vita, metheglin, and other liquors therein empressed, were granted or made payable to their faid late Majesties, their beirs and successors, for and during the term of fixteen years, which commenced from the seventeenth day of May, which was in the year of our Lord one thousand fix bundred ninety seven, and several annaities therein mentioned, were thereby made payable to such persons as should contribute monies upon the same act, their executors, administrators, and affigns respectively, out of the fund thereby provided, and charged upon the duties of falt, and the faid duties of encise, thereby granted for a certain term of fixteen years, which will expire at the feast of St. Michael the archangel. which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, or at the end of twenty days then next enfuing, as by the all last before recited (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: now her Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons in parliament affembled, do likewise humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the seventeenth day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, there shall be within and throughout her Majesty's kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, raised, levied, collected, and paid unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and during the space and term of ninety five years, from thence next and immediately enfuing, and fully to be compleat and ended, for beer, ale, cycler, and other liquous herein after expressed, by way of excife,

cife, over and above all duties, charges, and impositions, by any former act or acts of parliament let or imposed, the several rates and duties of excise herein after expressed: (that is to say)

VII. For every barrel of beer or ale above fix shillings the barrel, exclusive of the duty of excise, brewed by the common rel of beer or brewer, or any other person or persons, who does no shall sell ale above 6s. or tap out beer or ale publickly or privately, to be paid by the (excise exclucommon brewer, or by such other person or persons respective-sive.) adly, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, over

and above the duties payable for the same, nine pence. VIII. For every barrel of beer or ale of fix shillings the bar- Every barrel, rel, or under, brewed by the common brewer, or any other &c. of 6s. or person or persons, who shall sell or tap out beer or ale publickly under, 3d. or privately, to be paid by the common brewer, or by such other person or persons respectively, as aforesaid, and so propor-

tionably for a greater or leffer quantity, over and above the duties payable for the same, three pence.

IX. For every barrel of vinegar, or vinegar beer, or liquors Barrel of vinepreparing for vinegar, which shall be brewed or made of any gar, &c. 28. English or foreign materials, by any person or persons whatso made for ever, for fale, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quan-pickles for tity (over and above the other duties of excise payable for the sale, is to pay fame) two shillings and four pence, to be paid by the maker duty. 8 Annæ, c. 7.

X. For every barrel of beer, ale or mum imported from be-Barrel of wond the leas, or from the illands of Guernsey, or Jersey, and mum, beer, to proportionably for a greater or letter quantity, to be paid by ale, &c. imthe importers before landing, over and above the duties payable ported, 18. for the same, three shillings.

XI. For every tun of cycler or perry imported from beyond Cycler, &c. the seas, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, imported, 41. to be paid by the importer before landing, over and above the

duties payable for the same, four pounds.

XII. For every gallon of fingle brandy, spirits or aqua vite, Singlebrandy, imported from beyond the seas, to be paid by the importer be- spirits, &c. fore landing, over and above the duties payable for the same, imported, astwo shillings.

XIII. For every gallon of brandy, spirits or aqua vita, above brandy, spiproof, commonly called double brandy, imported from beyond rits, &c. above the leas, to be paid by the importer before landing, over and a proof, importbove the duties payable for the same, four shillings.

XIV. For all cyder and perry made and fold by retail, upon Cyder, &c. every hogshead, to be paid by the retailer thereof, over and a-fold by retail, bove the duties payable for the same, and so proportionably for to pay 18. 3d. a greater or lesser measure, one shilling and three pence.

XV. For all metheglin or mead made for fale, whether by Metheglin, retail or otherwise, to be paid by the maker, for every gallon, gallon.

three pence.

XVI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Duties on faid several rates, duties and impositions upon beer, ale, cyder, beer, ale, &c. and other liquors atoresaid, and all assearages thereof, be raised, how levied. levied.

levied, collected, and paid unto her Majefty, her heirs and fucceffors, during the faid space and term of ninety five years, in the fame manner and form, and by fuch rules, ways, and means, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch power of mitigation, and other powers, as the like or the faid duties of excise granted by the said act of the fifth year of their late Majesties reign are thereby or by any other act or acts, or law whatfoever, for or concerning any the duties of excise upon beer, ale, or other liquors, now in force, enacted or appointed to be raifed, levied, collected, and paid, during the remainder of the said term of sixteen years therein granted, and that so much of the said act of the fifth year of their late Majesties reign, as concerns only the faid duties of excise, and of the faid other laws of excise relating thereunto, as are now in force for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the said duties of excise granted in the fifth year of their late Maiesties reign, shall be continued, and revived, and be practised, put in execution, and observed, in and for the raising, levying, col-5 & 6W. & M. lecting, and answering the said duties of excise, by this act granted, for and during the faid term of ninety five years, and all arrearages thereof, for the purpoles in this act expressed, as

fully and effectually as if the same were particularly and at large

re-enacted in the body of this present act.

For payment ties,

the monies act,

XVII. And to the intent that a good, fure, and lasting securiof the annui- ty and fund may be settled and established, for the constant payment of all the annuities to be purchased upon this act; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies ariting by this ariting from time to time, by or for the faid subsidies of tonnage and poundage upon wines, goods, and merchandizes by this act granted, and by or for the said several and respective duties and impositions by this act continued, for or upon coals, culm, and cynders, and by or for the faid several duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, or by or for any other duties by this act granted or continued, and every of them (the necessary charges of managing, raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid several subsidies, rates. impolitions, and other duties only excepted) shall, from time to time, from the respective commencements of the said subsidies, rates, impositions, and other payments respectively, and for and during the feveral terms or times therein feverally granted or intended to be granted by this act, be brought and paid by the respective commissioners, receivers general, or such persons as for the time being shall have the receipt thereof, as the same shall be raised (who are hereby required and enjoyned to bring to be paid into and pay the same accordingly) into the receipt of the Exchethe Exchequer quer, for the purpoles in this act expressed, distinctly and sepa-

C. 7.

5 & 6W. & M. rately from all other monies whatfoever, that are or shall be payable by them into the faid receipt; and that all the monies to arise by virtue of the said act of the fifth year of their said late Majesties reign, of or for the said duties of excise thereby

granted, after the faid lottery annuities therein mentioned shall

be paid off, or sufficient money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for paying off the same, shall in like manner, from time to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer, for the purpoles in this act expressed, distinctly and apart, as aforesaid; and the respective commissioners and receivers general of the faid several impositions, rates, subsidies, and other duties hereby required to be paid into the receipt of Exchequer, as aforefaid, shall make or cause to be made the payments thereof into the faid receipt of Exchequer, according to the true meaning of this act, weekly; to wit, on Wednesday in every week, Weekly. if it be not an holyday; and if it be, then on the next day after that is not an holyday.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, And entred That there shall be provided and kept in the office of the audi-apart. tor of the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, one or more books, in which all the monies hereby appointed to be paid in weekly, as aforefaid, and which shall be brought to the said receipt, shall be entred apart and distinct from all other monies

paid into the faid receipt, on any other account/whatfoever. XIX. And to the end all the monies by this act appropriated Officers to be for payment of the annuities to be purchased upon this act, appointed for may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the receipt of raising the Exchequer for that purpose; it is hereby further enacted, That duties. from time to time, during the continuance of this act, there shall be continued or appointed commissioners, receivers general, comptrollers, collectors, and other proper officers for raiand the several duties by this act granted, and for keeping the accounts of the same; and that the respective commissioners or chief managers thereof, shall from time to time weekly compute and ascertain the monies of each branch of the said duties hereby granted or continued, which ought to be paid into the Exchequer on every Wednesday, or on the subsequent day, not being an holicay, as aforesaid; and that all commissioners, re-penalties on ceivers general, comptrollers, collectors, and other officers, neglect. who are or shall be concerned in the managing, raising, levying, receiving, collecting, or paying the same, or in keeping the accounts thereof, shall perform their several and respective duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or milapplying any part of the faid monies, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his said late Majesty King. William the Third, (intituled, An act for raising a sum not ex- 9 & to W13. ceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the c. 44. rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling the trade to the East Indies) for the like offence or neglect in relation to the duties upon falt, and upon stampt velluin, parchment, and paper, thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the monies which were granted by the act last mentioned.

The monies act, to be the be diverted.

XX. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority arising by this aforesaid. That all the monies arising of or for the said several subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and of or for the said dugeneral fund, rubindies of tollings and populage, and of of for the laid deveral rates and exc. and not to ties of coals, culm, and cynders, and the faid feveral rates and duties of excise by this act appointed to be paid into the receipt under penalty of the Exchequer, from time to time, as aforesaid, together with the furn of two hundred and eighty thousand pounds, (part of the contribution-monies to be referred and applied as is herein after mentioned) or so much of the said subsidies. rates, impositions, duties, and contribution-money, as shall be fufficient for answering the full and due payment of all the annuities to be purchased upon this act, from time to time, according to the true meaning thereof, is, are, and shall be the general fund for payment of the same, and shall be charged therewith, and liable thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities in this act expressed. XXI. And for the raising any sum and sums of money, not

> exceeding in the whole the fum of two millions eight hundred fifty five thousand seven hundred fixty one pounds, sixteen shillings, and two pence, (that is to fay) two millions five hundred

Sum to be Tailed.

How applied.

Any persons may advance the faid fum,

for purchasing annuities for ninety nine years, from the twenty fifth of March 1706, at fifteen years and an half purchase, 1551. for rol. per annum.

Purchase-money how paid.

seventy five thousand seven hundred fixty one pounds, sixteen shillings, and two pence thereof, for carrying on the present war, and other her Majesty's occasions, and two hundred and eighty thousand pounds, residue thereof, to be applied, together with the produce of the faid subsidy of tonnage and poundage, for or towards the making good or complexing the quarterly payments herein after mentioned, to incur and grow due on and before the five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money not exceeding in the whole, the faid fum of two millions eight hundred fifty five thousand seven hundred fixty one pounds, fixteen shillings, and two pence, for purchasing any annuity or annuities, to be paid and payable during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix, at the rate of fifteen years and an half's purchase, which rate doth amount to the fum of one hundred fifty five pounds for every such annuity of ten pounds per annum, and proportionably for any greater annuity; and the same rate or confideration-money is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt, at or before the respective days and times herein aftermentioned, (that is to fay) one fourth part thereof, on or before the first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix; one other fourth part thereof, on or before

fore the first day of Yuly, in the year of our Lord one thousand By 6 Geo. 1. feven hundred and fix; one other fourth part thereof, on or be- c. 4. fect. 1.

The South Sea fore the one and thirtieth day of August, in the year of our company may Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix; and the remaining take in these fourth part thereof, on or before the first day of Nevember, in annuities. the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six: all Annuities not which annuities so to be purchased, shall not exceed in the 1842431, 148. whole, the sum of one hundred eighty four thousand two hun-per annum. dred forty two pounds, fourteen shillings per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts, or days of Times of paypayment in the year; (that is to say) the feasts of the nativity ment. of Saint Fabr Baptist, Saint Michael the archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, and the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary. by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be made at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the Contributors auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells in the Exchequer names to be severally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in entred, &c. which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the said contri- and also the butors shall pay in any of the said sums upon this act, and also sums paid. the fums to paid, and the times when the fame are respectively paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the respective contributors, their executors, administrators, and assigns, from time to time, and at all seasonable times, to have resort, and to inspect

the same without fee or reward.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The annuities That all and every the annuities whatfoever, which shall be how charged. purchased upon, or in pursuance of this present act, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time in the first place, and with preference to all other payments whatfoever, out of the monies arising from time to time, of and for the find several subsidies of tonnage and poundage, impolitions upon coals, culm, and cynders, and the faid several rates and duties of excise, and all and every other duty and duties, sum and sums of money whatsoever, by this act appointed to be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer. as aforefaid, and every of them, and also out of the said sum not exceeding two hundred and eighty thousand pounds by this act allowed to be contributed for or towards the making good or compleating the quarterly payments for the first two years, as aforesaid, and so much of the said several subsidies, duties, impositions, rates, sum and sums of money so appointed by this act, to be brought or paid into the Exchequer, and so much of the faid fum not exceeding two hundred and eighty thousand pounds, allowed by this act to be contributed for this purpose, as aforesaid, as are and shall be sufficient to satisfy and discharge all the annuities to be purchased upon this act, according to the purport and true meaning of the same, are and shall be, by virtue of this act, appropriated and applied, to and for the

latisfying and discharging of the same annuities accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed, and applied to that use, and to no other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever; any thing in this or any other act of parliament contained, or any other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Overplus-monies, if any, disposeable by parliament.

XXIV. Provided always, That if at the end of the faid first two years of the faid term of ninety nine years, there shall be an overplus remaining in the receipt of the Exchequer of the said duties and contribution-monies, or any of them, by this act appointed for the payment of the faid annuities, which shall be more than what shall have been sufficient to discharge all the quarterly payments of the faid annuities, until, and for the quarter to end at Lady-day, one thousand seven hundred and eight; or if at the end of any subsequent year of the said term of ninety nine years, the monies brought into the Exchequer within such year of the said several subsidies; impositions, rates, duties, and monies by this act appropriated for payment of the faid annuities, pursuant to this act, shall exceed all the monies then due for or upon the faid annuities, and all arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an overplus remaining in the Exchequer; fuch overplus-monies shall be disposable from time to time for the publick use and service by authority of parliament, and not otherwife; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-

Contributors to have fure effaces in theannuities purchafed by them free from taxes.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate aforefaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, for any such annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her, or their respective executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities fo to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed for the payment thereof during the faid whole term of ninety nine years, as is above-mentioned; and that all and every fuch purchasers, their executors, administrators, and affigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests in the several annuities so by them to be purchased, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all the faid annuities to be purchased upon this act, and every of them, during the term aforefaid, shall be free from all taxes. charges, and impositions whatsoever.

And to have tallies, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every contributor upon this act for any annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, upon payment of the consideration or purchase-money for the same, at the rate aforesaid, or any part or proportion thereof, within the time or times in this act limited in that behalf, shall immediately have one or more tally or tallies levied.

levied, importing the receipt of so much consideration-money as shall be so paid, and upon payment of all the purchase-money for any fuch annuity or annuities at the rate aforefaid, every fuch contributor, his or her executors, administrators, or affigns respectively, shall have an order for paying of the said annuity and orders for and annuities, for and during the faid term of ninety nine years; payment which order shall be signed by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and after the figning thereof, the fame shall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office, or offices of them, or any of them; nor shall any lord high treasurer of England, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the trea-No lord treafury now or for the time being, have power to revoke, coun-revoke the termand or make void such orders so figned, as aforesaid, or same. any of them.

XXVII. And for the encouragement of the contributors to 61 per cent. advance and pay forthwith into the receipt of the Exchequer, allowed for the sums by them intended to be advanced upon this act, it is prompt payment, to 1 provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every May, 1706. fuch contributor who shall advance and pay into the faid receipt of Exchequer, all or any part of the purchase-money payable for any fuch annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, before the said first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or affigns, shall be allowed and paid out of the contributionmoney arising by this act, interest after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the money so advanced, from the time of the actual advancing and paying the same, until the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fix.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may Annuities asbe lawful to and for any contributor or contributors, his, her, fignable, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, at any time or times, during the continuance of his, her, or their term, estate, or interest of and in any annuity to be purchased upon this act, by any writing under hand and feal, or by his or her last will in writing, to affigu or devise such annuity, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatsoever, and for toties queties, and no fuch assignment to be revocable, so as an entry or memorandum of fuch affigument or will be made and entry to in books to be kept for that purpole in the faid office of the au- be made, &c. ditor of the receipt, within the space of three months after such affignment or death of the devisor, and that upon producing fuch affignment or will, or probat thereof in the faid office of receipt, to be entred, as aforefaid, the party fo producing the same, shall bring therewith an affidavit taken before one or more

Affidavits to be filed. In default of devise, intereft to go to

of her Majetty's justices of the peace of the due execution of the faid affigument or will; which affidavit shall be severally filed in the faid office, which faid entry or memorandum, the proper officers in the faid receipt of Exchequer, are hereby required to make accordingly,, and to file the faid affidavits; and executors, sec. in default of such assignment or devise by deed or will, the interest of such contributor shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

Guardians for infants, &c.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted. That it shall and may be may purchase lawful for any guardian or trustee, having the disposal of the money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, for the use and benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the fum of one hundred fifty five pounds of the money of fuch infant, to purchase an annuity upon this act, for the benefit of such infant, and the said guardian or trustee, as to the said sum of one hundred fifty five pounds, so advanced, is hereby discharged.

Exchequer nalty, &c.

XXX. And be it further enacted, for the better encourageofficers to take ment of persons to advance the monies on this act, That all no fee, on pe-receipts and issues, and all other things directed by this act to be performed in the Exchequer, shall be done and performed by the officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, gratuity, or reward for the fame; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer, shall take or demand any fuch fee or reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the monies of the faid duties, or monies hereby appropriated, or any part thereof, which should make good the payment of the faid annuities, or shall pay or issue out the same otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books and registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things, which by this act they are required to perform, every fuch officer shall forfeit his office, and be for the future uncapable of any office or place of trust, and shall answer and pay treble damages, with cofts of fuit, to every contributor or perfon who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, order of restraint, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in the faid action the plaintiff upon recovery, shall have his full costs; one third part of which fum to be recovered for damages, shall be to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors; and the other two third parts, with the costs, shall be to the use of the prosecutor; and in case there shall be any collusion, or faint profecution between the plaintiff and defendant in fuch action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, to bring another action, wherein he or she shall recover, as aforesaid, to the like uses, as aforesaid.

Plaintiff to have full cofts.

In case of collusion, any other contributor may bring an action.

No purchase, uniels one fourth be

XXXI. Provided always, That no person or persons whatfoever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to pur-

chale

into the faid receipt of Excheoner, on or before the faid first day

chase or obtain any annuity whatsoever upon this act, unless the paid by a whole, or one fourth part at least of the consideration-money May, 1706. for the same, at such rate, as aforesaid, be advanced and paid

of May, one thousand seven hundred and six.

XXXII. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as One fourth mforciaid, who shall on or before the faid first day of May, one advanced, and chouland seven hundred and fix, have advanced one fourth part the reft not of his or her purchase-money, or his or her executors, adminipald as limit-firstors, or alligns, do not advance and pay into the receipt of che Exchequer, one other fourth part of his or her confideration-money to to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as sforefaid, on or before the faid first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and six; and one other fourth part thereof, on or before the faid one and thirtieth day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and the remaining fourth part thereof, on or before the said first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix; then and in every such case respectively, no order shall be drawn or signed for such respective annuity, for which the confideration-money-shall not be fully paid, as aforefaid; but so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid into the receipt of the Exchequer for such respective anmuity, shall be forseited to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and be applied, together with other the monies to be raifed by this act, for such publick services, as aforesaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That it Officers shall and may be lawful to and for the lord treasurer, or com-clerks, &c. millioners of the treasury, or any three or more of the faid com- how to be missioners of the treasury for the time being, out of any the paid. smonies of the faid weekly payments hereby appointed to be paid into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, to reward the officers, clerks, and others, to be employed in the payment of the said annuities, or the accounts thereof, for their labour, pains, charges, and service therein respectively, and to defray all other the necessary charges incident to the payment of the said annuities, as to the faid lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treafury for the time being, shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwith-

Atanding

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority Brandy, &c. aforesaid, That all strong waters, brandy, Aqua vite, or spirits, brought from brought from the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, Guernsey, shall continue to be charged with the duty of eight shillings for Jersey, bark, every gallon, and no more, to be paid to the collector or officer how charged. of excise before landing; and that all other exciseable liquors (Except beer, brought from the faid islands, or any of them (except beer, ale, ale, and mum) and mum) shall be charged and chargeable with such and the like duties, as are or shall from time to time be charged or chargeable on the like liquors made in this kingdom, to be en-

tred and paid, as aforefaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithfunding.

Merchants before the fixth of February, 1705, and remain yet unlatisfied;

paid by 1 June, 1706, fuch bonds to be delivered μp.

be in force.

Bristol merchants pro-Annæ, c. 29. f. 18.

Lord treafirrer, &c. may &c.

XXXV. And whereas several bonds, pursuant to several alls of bonds for cu- parliament in that behalf have been entered into by several merchants itoms, payable and others for the customs, additional duties, impositions, and other duties of goods and merchandizes imported into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon which bonds the whole monies or part of the monies specified in the conditions of the same respectively, have, according to such conditions, incurred or become payable at several days or times of payment, before the fixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five, and do remain unfatisfied, or fuch bonds are not de-In case princi- livered up; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all pal money be and every case and cases where the obligors in such bonds (being principals or furcties) their heirs, executors, or administrators, or any of them, have paid or shall have paid; before the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and six, to the proper officer or officers, the principal monies to incurred or grown due before the faid fixth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and five, such payment shall be of the same force and effect, as if the same had been made at or before the respective day or days in such condition or conditions mentioned for payment thereof; and in all cases where the whole principal monies, due or to be due by the conditions of fuch bonds as are beforementioned, are or shall be paid by the said first day of Tune, one thousand seven hundred and fix, such bond and bonds respectively shall upon demand be delivered up to the party or parties who hath or shall have so paid the same, his, her, or their executors or administrators, without any further or other If not paid, to demand whatfoever; nevertheless it is hereby declared, That in case any of the bonds before-mentioned, shall not be satisfied within the time by this act limited, as aforesaid, or in case any payment to incur or grow due after the said sixth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and five, by the condition of any bond taken or to be taken for the customs, additional duties, impositions, or other duties of any goods or vided for by 5 merchandizes imported, or hereafter to be imported, as aforefaid, shall not be duly paid, according to condition of every such bond respectively. In all and every such case and cases, the penalty of every such bond shall not be discharged, either in law or equity, without the full payment of the principal monies, together with interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to be reckoned from the day on which such principal monies become due, until the actual payment thereof, besides costs of suit, unless the lord treasurer, or any three or more of remit interest, the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, upon any representation of the commissioners of the customs for the time being, or any three or more of them, shall judge it reasonable, in any particular case or cases, to remit the said interest and costs, or any part thereof; this act, or any other law or statute whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding, XXXVI, Pro-

XXXVI. Provided always, That this act, or any thing there-Bonds for the in Contained, shall not extend to discharge the interest upon any companies of the duties, not to bond or bonds, entred into for the duties of any goods or mer- be discharged; chandises imported by any corporation or company of merchants trading by any charter upon a joint stock; any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VII.

An all for making the town of New Ross, in the county of Wexford in the kingdom of Ireland, a port for the exporting wool from Ireland into this kingdom.

HEREAS by an act passed in this kingdom in the tenth and 10 & 11 W. 1. eleventh years of the reign of his late majesty King; William, C. 10. the Third, intituled. An act to prevent the exportation of wool out of the kingdoms of Ireland and England into foreign parts, and for the encouragement of the woollen manufactures in the kingdom of England, it is, amongst other things, enacted. That all the wool and the manufactures thereof, in the faid of perticularly specified, as should, from time to time he exported from the fail kingdom of Ireland into the ports of this kingdom or dominion of Wales. bould be sbipped off, and entred at the parts of Dublin, Waterford, Youghall, Kingsale, Cork, and Drogheda in the said kingdom of Ireland, and at or from no other port or place within the faid kingdom, under great penalties to every offender against the said act and whereas the town of New Rols, in the country of Wexford in the faid kingdom of Ireland, is in the same harbour with the port of the city of Waterford, and before the passing of the said act bath always bad liberty to export the faid commodities directly into this kingdom; but the said town not being particularly named in the said act, some doubt bath arisen whether the said commodities may be exported thence: therefore to prevent all doubt for the future concerning the fame, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by Rois made a and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tem- port for exporal, and commons, in parliament allembled, and by the au-porting wool thority of the same, That at all times from and after the four from Ireland. and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and six, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every person and persons whomsoever, to ship off, enter, and export, from the said town of New Ress, all the said commodities in the said recited act particularly mentioned, and to import the same into any of the ports of Biddeford, Barnstable, Minhead, Bridgwater, Briftol, Milford Haven, Chefter, and Leverpoole, in the fame manner, as if the faid town of Ross had been particularly named for exportation of the laid commodities in the laid former act; any law or statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. VIII.

An act for the better fecurity of her Majelty's person and government, and w. & M. of the succession to the crown of England in the protestant line. Perfons who by writing, &c. shall declare, &c. shat the Queen is not lawful

Queen, or that the pretended prince of Wales hath any right to the

crown,

crown,

16 R. 2. C. 5. 6 & 7 W. 3. C. 2. 6 Ann. C. 7. & 1 Geo. 2. ftat. 1. C. 5. & ftat. 2. C. 23. 1 W. & M. f. 1. C. 8. 2 Ann. ftat. 1. C. 22. 12 & 13 W. 3.

grawn, &cc. guilty of high treason. Persons who by preaching, &cc. shall declare and affirm the Queen not lawful Queen, &cc. to incur the penalty of premunire. Parliament not dissolved by the Queen's death, but to continue for six months after, &cc. Parliament to meet immediately after the Queen's death. In case of no parliament, the last preceding to meet. Not to abridge the Queen's power to prorogue or dissolve parliaments, &cc. Privy council not to be dissolved by the Queen's death; nor the places of the great officers; nor any officers civil or military; but continue for six months, &cc. The great seal &cc. to be used. Upon Queen's death, privy council to cause the next protestant successor to be out of the realm, at the Queen's death, seven lords justices appointed. The successor by three instruments, may add seven others. The three instruments to be transmitted into England, and to be severally sealed up, and deposited, &cc. Parsons opening any of the said instruments, &cc. guilty of a premanire. Any one of the instruments produced to privy council, to be effectual. Lords justices not to dissolve the parliament without direction, &cc. Nor alter the act 13 & 14 Car. s. c. 4. on penalty of high treason. Lords justices before they act to take the oaths, &cc. and also all persons in offices, &cc. Lords justices to be deemed as officers in trust. The successor may use any seal before her or his arrival in England. Farilament called by lords justices, not to be dissolved by arrival of successor.

XXIV. And whereas in and by the said act of partiament made in the twelsth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject; it was amongst other things enacted, in the words following, That from and after the time that the further limitation by this act shall take effect, all matters and things relating to the well government of this kingdam, which are properly cognizable in the privy council by the laws and customs of this realm, shall be transacted there, and all resolutions taken thereupon, shall be signed by such of the privy council as shall advise and consent to the same; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said recited clause shall be, and the same is hereby annulled and repealed, as if the same act had never been made.

Clauses repealed.

XXV. And whereas also in the said att it was amongst other things enacted in the words sollowing. That no person who has an office or place of prosit under the King, or receives a pension from the crown, shall be capable of serving as a member of the house of commons; and it appearing reasonable that the said recited clause should be repealed: be it therefore enacted by the authority asoresaid. That the said last recited clause shall be, and is hereby annualled and repealed, as if the same act had never been made.

Persons in new offices disabled from being elected members of the house of commons. Members accepting of any office of profit, their election void. But may be again elected. No office to be executed by too great a number of commissioners. Not to extend to officers in the navy or army. Persons disabled, and returned as members, such election and return to be void. Penalty on sitting. This statute is re-enacted 6 Annæ, c. 7. and therefore is emitted bere.

CAP. IX.

An act for repairing the highways between Barmhill and Hatton Heath in the county of Chefter. EXP.

CAP. X.

An act for the better recruiting her Majesty's army and marians. EXP.

CAP, XI.

An act for continuing an act made in the selfies held in the third and fourth years of her Majesty's reign, installed, An act for positing anxion and defersion, and false ampless, and for the better payment of the same and gugriers. EXP.

CAP. XII.

An act for laying further duties on low wines, and for preventing the damage to her Majesty's revenue by importation of foreign cut whalebone, and for making some provisions as to the stamp duties, and the duties on births. burials, and marriages, and the fall duties, and touching million lottery tickets, and for enabling her Majesty to dispose the effects of William Kidd, a notorious pirate, to the use of Greenwich Hospital, and for appropriating the publick montes granted in this session of parliament.

MAY it place your most excellent Majosty, whereas by an act of 12 & 12 W.3. parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of your Ma-c.11. jesty's late royal brother King William the Third, of glorious memory, (intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty several duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, and continuing several additional duties upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, and certain impositions upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and the duty of fifteen per centum upon mullins, and for improving the duties upon japanned and lacquered goods, and for continuing the coinage duty, for the feveral terms and purposes therein mentioned) certain duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, were granted for a term to continue until the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and six; and by another act made in the third year of your Majefty's reign, (intituled, An act for continuing duties upon 1 & 4 Ann. low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, c. 4. and upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon muslins, and for granting new duties upon several of the said commodities, and also upon callicoes, China ware and drugs) the faid duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, are continued from the twenty fourth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fix, until the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven Duties on low bundred and ten, as by the faid several acts may appear: now we wines, &c., your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Eng-continued. land in parliament affembled, have given and granted, and do by this act give and grant-to your Majesty the several duties herein after mentioned, over and above all duties already granted upon low wines or spirits of the first extraction; and do humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons.

Former duties continued to 25 March, 1707.

mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every such or the like duties for or upon all low wines or foirits of the first extraction, as by the-12 & 13 W. 3. said act of the said twelfth year of his said late Majesty's reign were; continued or granted until the faid twenty fifth day of Merch, one thousand seven hundred and six, shall by virtue of this act be continued from the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sive, until the sive and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That for every gallon of low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, which at any time or times, during the term of five years, to commence from the faid four and twentieth day of March, one thouland seven hundred and sive, thall be made or drawn from any foreign or imported materials, or any mixture with foreign materials, there thall be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, over and above all other duties charged March, 1705. or chargeable thereupon, by this or any other act or acts of parliament, the fum of two pence, to be paid by the distillers or makers thereof.

Low wines, &c. to pay ad. per gailon, Farther con-

From 24 of

timed for 96 years by 5 Ann. 6. 19 and made perpenual by 1 Geo. 1. flat. 2. c. 12. feel. 8. and part of 16e aggregate fund. aggregate fund.

Duties, &c. how to be raifed.

. III. And it is hereby enacted, That all the respective duties. on low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, by this act granted or continued, shall, during the continuance of the same respectively, be afcertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered; and paid, by fuch rules and methods, and under fuch penakies and forfeitures; and subject to such drawbacks and allowances, and under such power of mitigation, as the duties upon the like commodities by the faid act of the third year of her Majelly's reign, or any law relating thereunto, are enacted or appointed to be afternained, fecured, raised, levied, recovered, and paid respectively, and are and stall be appropriated and applied to and for the fame uses and purposes to which the duties upon low wines by the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's reign are appropriated, and ought to be applied.

3 & 4 Ann. C. 4.

Distillers concealing spirits, &c. from the view of the gager.

- IV. And whereas it is found by unperience, That any quantity of wash made of drink brewed or made from malted corn, or from unmalted corn, will upon distillation produce one fourth part of the same quantity into low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, and that fuch low wines or spirits upon the second distillation will produce three fifth parts of the quantity of the same low wines or spirits into proof spirits, or spirits of the second extraction; and that any quantity of wash made of cyder or perry will produce one fifth part of the same quantity into low wines or spirits of the first extraction; and that the same low wines or spirits, upon the second distillation, will produce one half part of the quantity of the same low wines or spirits into proof spirits, or spirits of the second extraction: and whereas many distillers do hide and conceal great quantities of such low wines and spirits from the fight and view of the gager, before he can come to take an account of the same, by means whereof her Majesty may be very much defrauded in her duties

duties on fuch lew wines and proof fairits, granted by this or any other all or alls of parliament for the duties on low wines and foirits; be it Gaugers to therefore enacted by the authority aforelaid. That from and keep an acafter the four and twentieth day of March, one thouland feven &c. hundred and five, it shall and may be lawful to and for the gaugers and officers of excise, to keep an account of all the faid several forts of wash, which shall from time to time; be found by him or them in the hands of any distiller, and upon any decrease of such wash brewed or made from maked corn, or com unmalted, to charge such distiller with so much low wines or fpirits of the first extraction, as one fourth part of the same wash for decreased shall amount unto, and also with so much proof spirits, or spirits of the second extraction, as three fifth parts of the faid low wines to charged, as aforefaid, thall amount unto; and also upon any decrease of wash made from cyder or perry, to charge fuch distiller upon whom such decrease shall be found, with so much low wines or spirits of the first extraction, as one fifth part of the same wash so decreased shall amount unto; and likewise with so much proof spirits, or spirits of the fecond extraction, as one half part of the same low wines or On decrease of Ipirits of the second extraction shall amount unto; and such distiller to pay ftillers shall pay the duties of the low wines and spirits so charged, the duty, &c. as by the acts relating to the faid duties on low wines and spirits; or any of them, are directed and appointed.

V. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall ex- Ast not to lestend, or be construed to extend, to take away or lessen any of sen the power. the powers or authorities heretofore given to any of the officers of officers of the excile. of excile by any law or laws now in force, touching or concern-

ing the faid duties on low wines and spirits.

VI. And whereas, by an all of parliament made in the ninth year 9 & 10 W. 3-1 of the reign of Bis late Majesty, King William the Third, (intitu- c. 23. led. An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of tonnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses therein mentioned, during his Majesty's life) it is enacted, That if any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, shall import or bring into this kingdom, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, any cut whalebone (other than in fins only) he, she, or they shall forfeit the goods, and double the value of the cut whalebone so imported; one moiety thereof to his Majesty, his beirs and successors, and one other moiety to him or them that shall seize or sue for the same, in any of bis Majesty's courts of record; yet it is found by practice and experience, that the faid penalty is not fufficient to deter ill-designing perfons from continuing fraudulently to import great quantities of foreign cut w'alebone in short lengths and small parcels, in diminution of her Majefly's revenue, and to the great lofs and discouragement of the manufactures imployed in cutting of fin whalebone in this kingdom; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That from and after Persons havthe said four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven ingcut whalehundred and five, any person or persons whatsoever, trading or bone (other than in fins

dealing only) found in

their cuftody after the 24th day of March, 2705, to for-feit 301. Penalty on masters of thips importing fuch.

Proof where cut to lie on importer, &c.

Persons who thro' misconstructions of the law on ftampt paper, &c. have entred admiffions of freedoms, &c. on paper, &c. not duly flampt,

discharged from the penalties, &c. on paying dusoth of Sept. **1706.**

dealing in whalebone, having in his, her, or their custody, any such foreign cut whalebone, (other than in fins regularly imported) shall forfeit the sum of thirty pounds, and also be subject to the like penalties and forfeitures as the importers thereof. by the aforefaid recited act are liable unto; and also that the masters of such ships and vessels, knowingly bringing or importing any foreign cut whale-fins or whalebone, as aforefaid. shall forfeit the sum of fifty pounds; one moiety of the aforesaid penalties to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to such person or persons as shall seize and sue for the same, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Wellminfler, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed; and if any dispute, question or doubt shall arise, whether any cut whalebone found, seized, or received, as aforesaid, were cut in parts beyond the seas, the proof shall be incumbent only upon the importer, claimer, owner, proprietor, or such person or persons, in whose hands or cuftody such cut whale bone shall be found respectively, and not upon the feizer, informer, or profecutor; any thing to the contrary notwithstanding. VII. And whereas several persons bove, (since the double duties

upon stampt vellum, paper, and parchment commenced) been admitted to their freedoms in divers corporations, and fuch their admissions have meerly by mistake or misconstruction been entred upon paper or parchment flampt for a less duty than ought to have been paid for the same : and whereas in other cases, several persons freedoms have been admitted, and their admission entred upon paper or parchment without any flamp at all, or any thing paid or received for the same : and whereas divers other persons, clerks, stewards, or bailiffs, keeping or bolding inferior courts of record, county courts, courts baron, and courts leet, have through the like mistake or misconstruction of the laws as aforesaid, omitted the issuing, entring, inrolling, or filing of divers actions, plaints, bails, appearances, and other process and proceedings upon double flampt vellum, paper, or parchment; wherefore for quieting the minds of so many of her Majesty's good subjects; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the said freemen so admitted, and all and every the said clerks, stewties before the ards, and bailiffs, and all other person and persons so concerned and forfeiting, as aforefaid, shall be, and they hereby are freed and discharged of and from all and every the pains, penalties, and forfeitures not already recovered, and by them respectively incurred, for or in respect of the premisses before the first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sive; provided that such person or persons forfeiting, as aforesaid, pay or cause to be paid the several duties directed to be paid, by the several acts for granting duties upon stampt vellum, paper and parchment, to the receiver general of the stampt duties, before the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and in default thereof, fuch persons respectively shall lose the benefit of the indemnity granted by this act.

VIII. Provided also. That the admissions of all such freemen, Freemens adas were admitted into any corporation or company, before the missions, &c. faid first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, good in law. and all the faid other proceedings before that time had, shall be good and valid in law, notwithstanding any neglect or omisson before that time, with relation to the faid stampt duties; and that all penalties and forfeitures for any offence committed, Duties not difas aforesaid, which shall not be discharged by paying such du-charged, penalties to be ties before the said nine and twentieth day of September, one sued for, thousand seven hundred and six, shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered, so as the prosecution be commenced at any time within one year after the faid nine and twentieth day day of September.

IX. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That the How duties on duties made payable by the faid acts, relating to stampt vellum, appearances parchment, and paper, for or in respect of appearances, and shall be conother the matters in the faid acts, or any of them contained, firued to exrelating thereto, shall be construed to extend to appearances in tend. fuch actions wherein no bail is filed, or put in, and not otherwife; any thing in the faid acts contained to the contrary not-

withstanding. X. And whereas by several acts of parliament, relating to the du- Duties on ties on marriages, births, and burials, all parsons, vicars, curates, marriages, and other ecclefications perfons, are required to take an exact and true births, &c. account, and keep a register in writing of all and every person or per-c. 6. Sons, married, buried, christened, or born, in his or their respective 788W. 1.C.180 parifies or precincts; and likewise in the same registers, together with 9 & 10 W. 3. the name of every person so married, buried, christened, or born, to 5.35. fet down and express in writing the respective degree, condition, and quality, according to subich the duty to the crown ought to be paid: and in case of burials, the beirs, executors, administrators, fathers, mothers, guardians, church-wardens, or others, who by the Jaid acts ought to pay for the same, and where they dwell respectively; and in safe of berths, the names of the fathers, mothers, or these that take on them the guardianship, or care of such children so born, and where they live respectively: and in case of marriages, the place of abode of the soveral husbands, under the penalty of one hundred pounds for some of the faid omissions, and other great penalties for the rest; and whereas several parsons, vicars, and curates, and other ecclesiastical persons. not being sufficiently apprized of the full import of the said acts of parliament, have not exactly observed the directions therein, as aforesaid, given, and thereby incurred the penalties in the said acts respectively mentioned, and they and their families remain therefore exposed to ruin, although the said duties have been duly answered to her Majefy; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, Parsons, &c. That all and every person and persons in holy orders, parson, who have nevicar, and curate, and his and their substitute, having neglect- glected so keep ed to keep a register in writing, as aforesaid, of all and every, a register of or any person or persons so married, buried, christened, or born, such marrias aforefaid, or to fet down and express, together with the ages, &c. (in name of such person so married, buried, christened, or born, are paid) to be

the indemnified.

the respective degree, condition, or quality, according to which the said late King's, or her-present Majesty's duties ought to be paid, or the name or place of abode of any person or persons, who ought to pay the same, in case the said duty for such marriage, birth, or burial, be really answered and paid, or notified and brought in charge to the collector of the said duties, shalf be indemnified against, and discharged from all the penalties and forfeitures in the said acts, or any of them contained, for or upon account of such neglects only.

Frauds on falt, &c. 1 Annæ, flat. 1. C. 21.

XI. And whereas by an all made in the first year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for preventing frauds in the duties upon falt, and for the better payment of debentures at the custom house, it is enacted, That no debenture shall be made or granted, or drawback allowed to be paid for or upon the account of the exportation of any falt or rock falt for ireland, unless the exporter of the faid falt or rock falt shall produce to the officer appointed to make fuch debenture, a certificate under the hand of the collector of the customs of the port in Ireland, where fuch falt or rock falt shall be landed, or the person executing his office, of the particular quantity of falt or rock falt; astually landed: and whereas 'tis equally reasonable, That for salt and rock salt shipt, in order for exportation for Ireland, though the same perish by sinking of the ship, or be taken by the enemies, there should be made and allowed a drawback as in the case where salt and rock salt is exported and landed; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That where any falt or rock falt hath been or shall be shipped in order for exportation to Ireland, and the same hath perished or shall perish by sinking of the ship or vessel on which the same was or shall be shipped, and laid on board, or is or shall be taken by the enemies, then and in such case the exporter or proprietor of such salt or rock falt fo perishing or lost, shall upon proof made before the justices of the peace, at the general quarter sessions of the peace, to be held for the county, city, riding, division or place from whence the same was so exported, of the loss of such salt so shipped, or to be shipped, receive from the said sessions a certificate, that such proof was made before them, and upon producing the faid certificate to the officer of the place where the duty on such salt shall have been paid or secured to be paid, fuch security shall be discharged, and so much money as was actually paid for the duty of the said salt, shall be repaid upon demand by the faid officer, without fee or reward. Provided fuch proof to be made, as aforefaid, as to all falt lost or taken, before the twentieth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and five, shall be made by two credible witnesses upon oath, before the twentieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and as to all falt which shall be lost after the said twentieth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and five, the like proof shall be made within fix months after such loss or taking, 'as' aforesaid.

&c. allowed where falt is loft, or taken by the enemy.

Proof to be made within 6 months.

2 & 3 Anne, XII. And whereas in and by one act of parliament made in the c. 14. Second and third year of the rings of her present Majesty, intituled,

An act for the better securing and regulating the duties upon salt, it is amongst other things provided, That nothing therein contained bould extend to probibit the importing and landing any codfift, ling, or bake, which had been caught and cured at Newfoundland or Iseland, upon making such oath before the landing, of the catching and curing the same, and upon tender thereof upon landing, and before the same be removed from the shore, and under such penalties for not tendring the same, to have part of the tail cut off, as in and by the said act is directed and appointed: and whereas North Sea codfish, ling, and bake, are omitted in the said act; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing therein con-North Sea tained shall extend to prohibit the importing and landing any codsish, &c. codfish, ling, or hake, which have been or shall be caught and may be imcured at or in the North Sea, upon making the like oath, and ported. being subject to and under the same restrictions and penalties, as by the above recited act is directed and appointed for codfish. ling, and hake, caught and cured at Newfoundland or Iseland, and that no allowance be granted, had or obtained upon exportation thereof; any thing therein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas in and by one act made in the fifth year of 5 & 6 W. & the reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, M. c. 7. of bleffed memory, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain rates and duties upon falt, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the fum of ten hundred thousand pounds towards carrying on the war against France, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That the sum of one bundred and forty thousand pounds should be a yearly fund for answering the annuities therein mentioned: and whereas Tickets for certain tickets were issued out to the proprietors of the said annuities, annuities loft, many of which faid tickets are fince burnt, lost, or otherwise destroyed, whereby the said proprietors are in danger of losing their money contained in such tickets; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That in all cases where it shall happen, by affidavit to be made and certifion or before the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred cate, &c. officer and fix, before any of the barons of the Exchequer, that any to pay the ticket or tickets for any payment or payments on the faid an- fame. nuities, is or are burnt, destroyed, or otherwise lost, it shall and may be lawful for the officer or officers appointed to pay and discharge the said annuities, on producing a certificate from the said baron of such affidavit made before him, which affidavit the barons, or any one of them, is and are hereby authorized to take, and which certificate he or they are hereby required to grant without fee or reward, and on fecurity given to the said officer, to his good liking, to indemnify him against all persons whatsoever for or concerning the monies contained or specified in such ticket or tickets, or which was, is, or shall be due thereon, he the faid officer is hereby required to pay and discharge the said annuities by the said tickets incurred and grown due, or which thall hereafter incur or grow due, 3s-a-Vol. XI. forefaid.

Such payments to be allowed in his accounts.

forefaid, as if the faid tickets had been produced, and shall be allowed fuch payments in his accounts; any thing in this or any other act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

The Oueen 6472 l. 18. 28 a charity to Greenwich hospital.

XIV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it may dispose of shall and may be lawful for her Majesty, if she pleaseth, to dispose as a charity, to and for the use and benefit of the royal hospital for seamen at Greenwich, the sum of six thousand four hundred seventy two pounds, one shilling, which was paid into the receipt of Exchequer, on or about the one and thirtieth day of Fanuary, one thousand seven hundred and four, for publick uses, by Richard Crawley esquire receiver of the goods of pirates, and other perquifites of the admiralty, being money or the proceed of goods and merchandizes which were taken with William Kidd 2 notorious pirate, who was taken and executed several years fince. XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid.

Monies, &c. how appropriated.

4 Ann. c. 5.

That all the monies which shall be lent to her Majesty on two acts of this session of parliament; the one, (intituled, Au act 4 Annæ, c. 2. for granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and fix) and the other, (intituled, An all for continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix) and so much of the several taxes and duties thereby granted, as shall remain, (after all the loans made or to be made upon the faid respective acts, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the taxes and duties there-

by granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be re-

Ann. c. 6.

served to discharge the same) and all the monies to be contributed or advanced upon another act of this session of parliament, (intituled, An act for continuing an additional subsidy of tunnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm, cynders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities to be fold for raifing a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and six) except as therein is excepted and referred, shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses and Chargesof the purposes herein after expressed (that is to say) for or towards the defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, wear, tear, and other services of the navy, and the victualing thereof, performed and to be performed; and for the sea service in the office of the ordnance, per-

> formed and to be performed; and for or towards the making of a wharf and storehouse at Portsmouth; and for paying for

> stores and carriages for eight ships new built, in lieu of those lost in the great storm; and for or towards the land services performed, and to be performed, by the office of the ordnance;

> and to and for subsistence, off-reckonings and clearings for one year, from the three and twentieth day of December, one thou-

navy, &c.

Land forces. &c.

> fand seven hundred and sive, to her Majesty's guards and gartilons

risons in England, and the dominions thereunto belonging (freland excepted) and the contingent charges of the same; and for payment of invalids for the faid year, beginning from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five; and for or towards the defraying the charges of her Majesty's army, and such forces as are or shall be added thereunto in the Low Countries or Germany, within or for one year, to be reckoned from the said three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and five, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for or towards the defraying her Majesty's part of the charge of the forces acting or to act in conjunction with the forces of the King of Portugal, until or at any time before the five and twentieth day Forces in Porof December, one thousand seven hundred and six; and for or tugal. towards the pay of the five thousand land forces now in Catalenia, which are resolved to be continued for the year one thou-Catalonia. fand leven hundred and fix; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the further charges necessary to prosecute the successes already gained by King Charles the Third, for recovery of the monarchy of Spain to the house of Austria; and for or Treaties. towards the payment of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due upon treaties made or to be made with her Majesty's allies, and other charges for the service of the war for any time before, or until the said five and twentieth day of December. one thousand seven hundred and six; and for or towards the making good the payment of her Majesty's share of the subsidies, payable to the King of Pruffia, which was not provided for in the Pruffia. last session of parliament; and for or towards the making good the payment of the bounty-money bestowed by her Majesty on Bounty money. the land forces that served in the campaign in Germany, in the year one thousand seven hundred and four, pursuant to the address of the house of commons; and for making good an additional charge to the troops of Hanover and Zell, which was Troops of not provided for in the faid last selfion; and for making good Hanover and the charge of general officers, and contingencies in the syned! the charge of general officers, and contingencies in the expedition to Spain, which was not provided for in the faid last sel- To make good fion; and to answer the levy-money to make good the horses of horses killed, the English horse and dragoons, that were killed and died of the &c. common distemper in the last campaign in the Low Countries, &c. between the first of May and the one and thirtieth day of QEIQber, one thousand seven hundred and five; and to make good the horses that were lost by the officers of the English troops, during the last campaign in the Low Countries; and for or towards the transportation of land forces, performed and to be performed; and for or towards discharging of the premiums and other charges for circulating the bills, commonly called Exchequer bills; and for payment of interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the unsatisfied debentures charged on the Irish forfeitures, and to no other uses, intents, and purpofes whatfoever.

XVI. Pro-

87125 L. 108. for the marines, &c.

XVI. Provided always, That out of the monies to be iffued to the guards and garrifons, as aforefaid, there shall and may be taken and applied any sum, not exceeding eighty seven thoufand one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, towards the charge of maintaining the foldiers raised, and to be raised. for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging, and out of the monies to be issued for the fervice of the navy and sea services, as aforesaid, there shall be taken and applied fuch fums, as together with the faid fum, not exceeding eighty feven thousand one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the faid foldiers for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XIII.

An act for the better ordering and governing the watermen and lightermen upon the river of Thames.

the reign of the late King James the First, intituled, An

I Jac. 1. c. 16. TX7HEREAS by an act of parliament made in the first year of

C. 21.

act concerning wherrymen and watermen, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That no wherryman or waterman shall take any apprentice, unless he shall be then of the age of eighteen years at the least, except the son of a waterman, who by the said act may be taken apprentice at the age of fixteen years: and whereas by one other all of parliament made in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of 11 & 12 W. 3. his late Majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the explanation and better execution of former acts made touching watermen and wherrymen rowing on the river of Thames, and for the better ordering and governing the faid watermen, wherrymen, and lightermen, upon the faid river between Gravesend and Windsor, the said watermen, wherrymen and lightermen are impowered to make reasonable and lawful rules, orders, and constitutions, for their government, in such manner as in the same act is mentioned: and whereas several of the rules, orders, and constitutions which have been made under colour of the said last-mentioned act, especially the sourth, which directs, that no waterman shall have any more than one apprentice at one time, nor shall be capable of taking an apprentice, until such master hath been a freeman seven years, nor shall take a second apprentice until his first be dead, or the term expired; and that not any lighterman shall take any apprentice, until he is a real owner of two lighters, nor shall have more than one apprentite at one time, under the penalties therein mentioned; bave by experience been found to be prejudicial and destructive to the breeding of sea-faring men, and a great burthen upon the navigation and trade of the said river of Thames, and of this kingdom in general, and the same not being alterable otherwise than by the authority of parliament, or by the consent of the said company of watermen and lightermen, who have a long time refused to give their consent thereto; for remedy whereof, and for the better increase of seamen for her "Mujefly's fervice, and the trade, the which is of so great importance

to this kingdom; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said clause or clauses Clause repealin the faid first recited act of parliament, that restrain the taking ed. of apprentices, till they shall arrive to the several ages of eigh-Rule for reteen and fixteen years, as aforefaid, and also the said recited straining warule, order, and constitution, and all and every other rule, or-taking of ap-der, and constitution made for restraining of any waterman, prentices, rewherryman, or lighterman, that now are or hereafter shall be pealed. free of the faid company, from taking and breeding of appren- See 2 Geo. 2. tices, shall be, and is hereby repealed, and declared to be void c. 26. and of none effect.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Lord mayor That it shall and may be lawful for the court of lord mayor and and aldermen aldermen of the city of London, for the time being, and they are of London to hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, and at all review and times hereafter, to review, or re-examine, alter, or amend all laws of the fuch rules and by-laws which relate to the apprentices of wa- watermens termen and lightermen, and all other orders and constitutions, company, &c. which have been heretofore, or which shall hereafter be made for the government of the faid company of watermen and lightermen; which faid alterations and amendments shall be subject nevertheless to the approbation of the chief justice of her Majesty's court of Queen's Bench for the time being; and all such rules, orders, and constitutions as shall be hereafter reviewed, re-examined, altered, or amended by the faid court of lord mayor and aldermen, shall, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, be approved of, as aforefaid, and well and duly obferved and put in execution; the faid recited acts, or rules, or any other act, clause, rule, order, or constitution to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein Act not to contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to the of holding leffening, taking away, abridging, hindring, prejudicing, or the Curia otherwise howsoever impeaching of any right belonging to or cursus aquæ lawfully claimed by the late Charles duke of Richmond and Lenox, at Gravefend. lord of the manor of Gravesend, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, for the holding a certain court within the said manor, called Curia cursus aques, or the court of the watercourse, for the better government of barges, boats, and vessels, using the ferry or passage from the town of Gravesend to London. and of the persons owning or working the same, or of any other rights, liberties, powers, and privileges whatfoever belonging to the faid late duke, his heirs, executors, administrators, and affigns, relating to the faid ferry or passage, or to the barges, tilt-boats, or other boats and vessels using the said ferry or passage, or plying at the bridge of the said town of Gravesend. or the persons owning or working the same, or otherwise howloever.

Nor the privileges of the mayor and jurats, &c. of Gravelend.

IV. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to the leffening, taking away, abridging, hindring, prejudicing, or impeaching of any grants, liberties, franchiles, customs, privileges, or usages, now or heretofore lawfully used, held, or enjoyed by the mayor, jurats, and dapital inhabitants of the villages and parishes of Gravesend and Milton in the county of Kent, touching, concerning, or relating to the passage and ferry upon the faid river of Thames, from the faid villages arid parishes of Gravesand and Milton, to the faid city of London, OF touching or concerning the government or gubernation of the faid passage and ferry; but that the said mayor, jurats, and inhabitants, and their successors, shall and may do and execute all and every such lawful act and acts, powers, and authorities, touching the faid passage and ferry, and the government thereof, as they might or could have done, if this act had not been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. 2 Geo. 2. r. 26.

CAP. XIV.

An ust for the better collecting charity money on briefs by letters patents; and preventing abuses in relation to such charities.

INTHEREAS many inconveniencies do arise, and frauds are committed in the common method of collecting charity money upon briefs by letters patents, to the great trouble and prejudice of the objects of fuch tharity, and to the great discouragement of well disposed persons: for temedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same. That from and after the five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix. upon the issuing forth of letters patents for collecting of charity money, commonly called briefs, copies thereof, to the number required by the petitioners for such briefs, or their agents, and no more, shall be printed by the printer to her Majesty, her heirs or fuccessors only, at the usual rates for printing, and by such printer the whole number of such copies shall be delivered to such person or persons only, as shall, by and with the consent of the petitioners for such brief, or the major part of them, undertake the laying or disposing such printed copies, in order to the collection of the monies to be received thereon, or to some or one of them, who, or one or more of them, shall give a receipt for the same, expressing the number thereof in such receipt, which receipt, or an attested copy thereof, such printer shall forthwith deliver to the register of the court of chancery to be filed in the register's office, and thereupon the person or persons so undertaking such collection, or some or one of them, shall cause all the said printed copies to be indorsed or marked

From 25 March, 1706. all copies of briefs for collecting charity money shall be printed by the Queen's printers.

in some convenient part of such printed copy, with the name of one or more of the trustees or commissioners named in such letters patents, written with his or their own hand, and the time of figning the fame, and also cause the said printed copies to be stamped in the manner hereafter more particularly mentioned: and the faid whole number being so signed, shall be, with all convenient speed, by the said undertaker or undertakers, fent and delivered to the respective church-wardens, and chapelwardens of the respective churches and chapels, and to the respective teachers and preachers of every separate congregation, and to any person who hath taught or preached in any meeting of the people called Quakers, in the counties and places to be comprized in such letters patents, to be read and published, and the charity thereon to be collected in the several churches. chapels, or places of meeting to which they belong, who shall so receive the same; and that the said church-wardens, chapelwardens, preachers, teachers, and quakers having taught, as aforesaid, immediately after such receipt, shall indorse the time of his or their receiving the same, and set his or their names thereto; and the faid church-wardens and chapel-wardens shall forthwith deliver over the faid printed briefs by them received, to the several ministers and curates of the said churches or chapels, who shall receive the same; and the said respective mi- Ministers, &c. nisters and curates shall on receipt thereof indorse the time they on some Sun-respectively received the same, and set their respective names months after thereto; and the faid respective ministers and curates, teachers, receipt of preachers, and persons called *Quakers*, qualified as aforesaid, copy, &c. shall on some *Sunday*, within two months after receipt of such shall before copies, immediately before the sermon, preaching or teaching by read the shall begin, openly read or cause to be read such printed briefs same. in their respective churches, chapels, and places of meeting, Church-warto the congregation there assembled, and the respective church-dens, &c. to wardens, chapel-wardens, and the teachers of every such sepa-collect the money. rate congregation, and such persons called *Quakers*, to whom Sum collected the briefs shall have been so delivered, as aforesaid, shall collect to be indorted the fums of money that shall be freely thereon given, either in on such printthe faid respective assemblies, or by going from house to house ad brief, and of the members of their respective congregations, as the briefs niker, &c. thall require in that behalf; and on every fuch collection made, the fum that stiall be collected, with the place where, and time when the same was collected, shall be indorsed, fairly written in words at length on such respective printed briefs, and signed by the minister or curate, and the church-wardens in churches and delivered to the under-and chapels, and by the teacher and two elders, or two other takers of the substantial persons of every separate congregation; and that brief, &c. thereupon the faid respective church-wardens and chapel-wardens, and the respective teachers or preachers, or other persons required to make the collection, as aforefaid, on request of such person or persons as shall undertake to place and disperse the briefs, as aforesaid, or of any person by them, or any of them lawfully authorized, shall deliver to such person or per-L 4

Penalty on minister, &c. neglecting.

Undertakers within 6 months after delivery, to demand the church-wardens, &c.

and the monies received thereon.

and enter in a book the number of printed briefs received, &c.

deposited with the court of Chancery.

Penalty on undertaker not returning the whole number, &c.

fons, making such request, the respective printed briefs so indorsed, as aforesaid, and the monies thereon collected, taking a receipt for the same, from the person so receiving such monies, in some book to be kept for that purpose, on pain that every the faid ministers, curates, teachers, preachers, church-wardens, chapel-wardens, and quakers qualified and required, as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to do any of the matters or things before respectively required of them, shall forseit the fum of twenty pounds, to be recovered and applied as herein after is directed; and the faid person or persons who shall so undertake to place, and disperse the said briefs as aforesaid, shall within fix months next after the respective placing or deliverfame from the ing such copies in the respective parishes, as aforesaid, by them selves, or some or one of them, or by some person or persons by them or the major part of them to be appointed, as aforefaid, demand from the respective church-wardens and chapelwardens of churches and chapels, and from the preacher and teacher of separate congregations, or from such teaching quaker to whom the faid printed briefs shall have been respectively delivered, as aforesaid, the printed briefs so left with him or them respectively, and the monies respectively by them received thereon; and on delivery and payment made shall give to them respectively, as aforesaid, a receipt for the same, on pain to forfeit the fum of twenty pounds, to be recovered and disposed of as herein after is directed.

II. And to the intent a speedy, regular, and satisfactory account may be rendered of the fums of money collected by virtue of fuch briefs, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the person or persons so undertaking to place or disperse the faid printed briefs, or the greater part of them, shall make, or cause to be made, a fair entry in a book for that purpose by them to be kept (to which all persons concerned may at all times refort) of the number of the printed briefs they so received, and also when signed and sent away, and to what parishes and places, and the time of their receiving the same back, and Printed copies the monies thereon collected; and the faid printed copies fo (when receive received back, shall be deposited and left with the register of ed back) to be the court of chancery, with whom the receipt given to the the register of printer for the same as aforesaid, was registered, to the end it may appear that the whole number received of the faid printer is duly returned, and that the same may be from time to time made use of, as well by the sufferers and their agents, as by the faid undertakers and their agents or folicitors, in passing the accounts in the method herein after prescribed; and if the whole number of printed copies of such briefs so received of the printer, shall not be duly returned as hereby required, the undertaker or undertakers shall, for every printed copy, which shall be found wanting and not returned, as aforefaid, by default of them or their agents, forfeit the sum of fifty pounds, to be recovered and applied as herein after-mentioned; unless he or they shall make a sufficient proof, to the satisfaction of the court

of chancery, of the faid briefs fo wanting being lost or destroyed by inevitable accident, and of what money was really and truly collected thereon, and fully account for, and pay the fame; and that in each parish or chapelry, and separate congregation, In each parish, a register shall be kept by the minister or teacher there, or by &c. a register some teaching quaker, of all monies collected by virtue of such to be kept of briefs, therein also inserting the occasion of the brief, and the all monies coltime when the same was collected, to which all persons at all lected. times may refort without fee.

III. And for the better indersing what money is collected on the back of the printed briefs, and for the more regular examination thereof, and for the preventing the counterfeiting printed copies of the briefs, by which great frauds have been put in practice; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That on the back of every Form of inprinted copy of such brief, there shall be printed the form of dorsement to indorsement, with the necessary blanks for time, place and sum be printed on of money, to be filled up by the respective persons aforesaid; the back of and each printed copy of such brief shall before it be brief, with carried to the respective parishes wherein the collection is to proper blanks, be made, be stamped or marked with a proper stamp to be &c. and made for that purpose, and kept by the register of the court, stampt, &c. of chancery, who is to see that no greater number of printed copies be stampt or marked therewith, than is in the receipts given to the printer, and left with the register, as aforesaid, specified and declared; and if any person or persons shall sorge Penalty on or counterfeit such stamp, such person being thereof lawfully counterfeiting convicted, shall be publickly set on the pillory for the space of stamp. one whole hour.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Undertakers That the faid undertaker or undertakers, shall within two to account for months after the monies respectively received, and after due all monies renotice thereof to the sufferers (who are to be admitted to con- ceived within trovert the (ame) account before one of the masters of the court trovert the fame) account before one of the masters of the court after receipt, of chancery, to be for that purpose appointed by the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners for the custody of the great seal of England for the time being, for all the monies by them received on account of such letters patents and briefs, and shall produce before him an exact account of the respective printed briefs by them delivered out, and received back, and left with the register, as aforesaid, and thereupon the said master shall proceed to make his report of what shall be found due on fuch account; and the faid report being confirmed by the faid court of chancery as usual, shall be a charge on the said undertaker of undertakers, and shall be carried into execution against him or them, as if decreed in a suit there depending; in taking which account such master shall make all just allow- and be allowances to such undertakers, for their trouble and pains of ma- ed for their nagement, over and besides the charges to be expended for the pains. faid letters patents and copies thereof; and such master shall also have power by the common methods of the court of chancery, to examine into all frauds and ill practices that shall be

Undertakers. &c. found guilty of frauds, to be fined.

committed by the faid undertakers or their agents, or any others concerned for or under them in such collection, and report the fame to the court: which report being confirmed by the faid court, it shall be in the power of the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners aforesaid, for the time being, to impose such fine and costs on every such offender, as the nature of the case shall require; which said fine, and all other forfeitures incurred by the faid undertakers or their agents. shall be only for the benefit of the fufferers, for whose benefit such. briefs shall be granted, and shall and may be recovered by the order of the faid court of chancery, founded on such report so confirmed, as aforefaid, and carried into execution, as the decrees of that court usually are.

Provifo con-

V. Provided always, That where any penalties are by this ceraing penal- act inflicted on any person or persons, other than the undertakers, their agents, deputies, substitutes, or servants, such penalties shall be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information.

VI. And whereas there bath been an evil practice in farming and

purchasing for a sum of money, the charity-money that should or might be collected on such briefs, to the very great hindrance and discouragement of alms-giving on such occasion; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, and it is hereby declared. That all farming and purchasing of such sharity-money is unlawful, and that from and after the aforesaid five and twentieth day of March, if any person or persons shall purchase or agree for any charitymoney to be collected on any briefs or letters patents, or by any instrument of covenant or agreement, by way of farming. shall or may pretend to appropriate such charity-money, or any part thereof to his or their use, contrary to the intent and meaning of such letters patents, by which such charity-money shall be collected, and contrary to the intent and meaning of this act, such purchase and instrument of covenant and agreement, shall be void, and each person agreeing to purchase the benefit of such brief, shall forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds, to be applied for the benefit of the sufferers in such letters patents mentioned, and to be recovered, as before last

No persons to farm or purchase charitymoney on Brieft, &c.

on penalty.

mentioned.

CAP. XV.

An act for making the river Stower navigable, from the town of Man-ingtree in the county of Essex, to the town of Sudbury in the county of Suffolk.

River Stower to be made navigable from Maningtree in Effex, to Sudbury in Suffolk. Powers granted to the undertakers. Commissioners ap-pointed for determining differences. Any nine of them impowered to act. Persons declining commissioners mediation, sheriff of the county to impanel a jury; who, on oath, are to inquire and affels damages, &c. Such affelianent to be binding. On payment of fum affelfed, &c. Undertakers, sec. may act in pursuance of such final order. No commisfioner to act in any case where concerned. In case of death of commissioners, or refusal to act, the number shall be supplied. Undertakers to receive for goods, merchandizes, &c. viz. For every chalder of coals 5 6. every ton weight of other goods, &c. 5 s. On nonpayment, undertakera

dertakers may fue or detain goods. Watermen, &c. may use whiches, Gerrakers may two or detain goods. Watermen, &c. may use whiches. Owners of barges, boats, &c. responsible for damages done by barges, &c. Commissioners to have the sole power of surveying the river, &c. and not to be under the survey of any commission of sewers. Persons shed on this ass, may plead the general issee. Describants to have sull const. Act to be detened a public act. Rights of sishing reserved. Owners of lands may use pleasure boats, &c. Lawful to enter into any beat, vessel, &c. and seize nets, &c. for taking sish. Undertakers by the twenty south of June, 1703, to begin their works, and finish the same by the twenty fourth of June, 1773. If works be not sinished by the time limited, commissioners may appoint others to perfect the same, &c. And so stice . Commissioners may appoint others to perfect the same, &c. And so thies quoties. Millestones, thirber, lime, &c. for the use of the mills, exempt from toll. The sea walls and banks, &c. belonging to Lawford Hall in Essex, shall be repaired and maintained. Dr. Dent to pay 51, per ann. to the undertakers, on penalty of distress. No duty to be paid for dung, muck, &c. used for manuring of owners lands, &c. Wharfage duty for coals, sec. payable at Sudbury. All boats, barges, sec. to be regulared and marked. No boat to be marked with another's mark.

CAP. XVI.

An act for the amendment of the law, and the better advancement of justice.

OR the amendment of the law in several particulars, and By 9 Anne, for the easier, speedier, and better advancement of justice, This flatute is be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and extended to with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, corin of Manand commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the damns and inauthority of the same, That from and after the sirst day of Tri-nature of Quo with term, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand Warranto. feven hundred and fix, where any demurrer shall be joined, From Trinity and entered in any action or fuit in any court of record within term, 1706, this realm, the judges shall proceed and give judgment, acgive judgment cording as the very right of the cause and matter in law shall on deathers. appear unto them, without regarding any imperfection, omission, &c. without or defect in any writ, return, plaint, declaration, or other plead-regarding any ing, process, or course of proceeding whatsoever, except those &c. only which the party demuning shall specially and particularly Exception. fet down and express, together with his demurrer, as causes of 27 Eliz. c. 5. the same, notwithstanding that such imperfection, omission, or defect might have heretofore been taken to be matter of substance, and not aided by the statute made in the twenty seventh year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act for the furtherance of suffice in case of demutrer and pleadings, so as sufficient matter apwear in the faid pleadings, upon which the court may give judgment according to the very right of the cause; and therefore from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, no advantage or exception shall be taken of or for an immaterial travers; or of or for the default of entring pledges upon any bill or declaration; or of or for the default of alledging the bringing into court any bond, bill, indenture, or other deed whatfoever mentioned in the declaration or other pleading; or of or for the default of alledging of the bringing into court letters tellamentary, or letters of administration; or of or for the omission

of

of Vi & Armis & contra pacem, or either of them; or of or for the want of averment of Hoc paratus est verificare, or, Hoc paratus est verificare per Recordum; or of or for not alledging prout patet per Recordum, but the court shall give judgment according to the very right of the cause, as aforesaid, without regarding any such imperfections, omissions, and defects, or any other matter of like nature, except the same shall be specially and particularly set down and shewn for cause of demurrer. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

All statutes of jeofails to be extended to judgments upon Nibil dicit, &c.

verfed.

That from and after the said first day of Trinity term, all the statutes of jeofails shall be extended to judgments which shall at any time afterwards be entred upon confession, Nibil dicit, or Non fum informatus, in any court of record; and no fuch judg-No such judg- ment shall be reversed, nor any judgment upon any writ of enment to be re- quiry of damages executed thereon be staid or reversed, for or by reason of any imperfection, omission, defect, matter, or thing whatfoever, which would have been aided and cured by any of the faid statutes of jeofails in case a verdict of twelve men had been given in the faid action or fuit, so as there be an origina! writ or bill, and warrants of attorney duly filed according to the law as is now used.

When warney shall be filed.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority arants of attor- foresaid, That the attorney for the plaintiff, or demandant in any action or fuit, shall file his warrant of attorney with the proper officer of the court where the cause is depending the same term he declares; and the attorney for the defendant or tenant shall file his warrant of attorney as aforesaid, the same term he appears, under the penalties inflicted upon attornies by any former law for default of filing their warrants of attorney.

Defendant, &c. may plead several matters.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the said first day of Trinity term it shall and may be lawful for any defendant or tenant in any action or fuit. or for any plaintiff in replevin, in any court of record, with the leave of the same court, to plead as many several matters thereto, as he shall think necessary for his defence.

Proviso touching costs.

V. Provided nevertheless, That if any such matter shall upon a demurrer joyned, be judged insufficient, costs shall be given at the discretion of the court; or if a verdict shall be found upon any issue in the said cause for the plaintiff or demandant, costs shall be also given in like manner, unless the judge, who tried the said issue, shall certify, that the said defendant, or tenant, or plaintiff in replevin, had a probable cause to plead such matter which upon the faid iffue shall be found against him.

Venire facias how to be awarded.

VI. And whereas great delays do frequently happen in trials, by reason of challenges to the arrays of panels of jurors, and to the polls, for default of bundredors: for prevention thereof for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, every Venire facias for the trial of any iffue, in any action or fuit in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, shall be awarded of the body of the proper county where such issue is triable.

VII, Pro-

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a-foresaid, That nothing in this act before contained, shall extend to write of apto any writ, declaration, or fuit of appeal of felony or murder, peal of felony or to any indictment or prefentment of treason, felony, or mur- or murder, &c. der, or other matter, or to any process upon any of them, or to any writ, bill, action, or information upon any penal statute.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Where jurors That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term in any ac- are to view tions brought in any of her Majesty's courts of record at West-lands, &c. minster, where it shall appear to the court in which such actions court may are depending, that it will be proper and necessary, that the jur-write of Diors who are to try the issues in any such actions, should have the fringes or Haview of the messuages, lands, or place in question, in order to beas Corpora. their better understanding the evidence that will be given upon the trials of such issues, in every such case the respective courts in which fuch actions shall be depending, may order special writs of Distringus or Habeas Corpora to iffue, by which the sheriff, or fuch other officer to whom the faid writs shall be directed, shall be commanded to have fix out of the first twelve of the jurors named in fuch writs, or some greater number of them, at the place in question, some convenient time before the trial, who then and there shall have the matters in question shewn to them by two persons in the said writs named, to be appointed by the court; and the faid sheriff, or other officer, who is to execute the faid writs, shall, by a special return upon the same, certify that the view hath been had according to the command of the faid writs.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, All grants and That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, all grants conveyances, or conveyances thereafter to be made, by fine or otherwise, of &c. to be any manors or rents, or of the reversion or remainder of any good, without messuages or lands, shall be good and effectual, to all intents and tenants. purpoles, without any attornment of the tenants of any such manors, or of the land out of which such rent shall be issuing, or of the particular tenants upon whose particular estates any fuch reversions or remainders shall and may be expectant or depending, as if their attornment had been had and made.

X. Provided nevertheless, That no such tenant shall be pre-Proviso. judiced or damaged by payment of any rent to any fuch grantor or conusor or by breach of any condition for non-payment of rent, before notice shall be given to him of such grant by the conusee or grantee.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No dilatory That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, no dila-plea to boretory plea shall be received in any court of record, unless the par-ceived unless ty offering such plea, do, by affidavit, prove the truth thereof, on affidavit. or shew some probable matter to the court to induce them to

believe that the fact of fuch dilatory plea is true.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Action of debt That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, where brought on any action of debt shall be brought upon any fingle bill, or fingle bill, or

where judgment, af-

ter money ment may be

where action of debt, or Scire facias, shall be brought upon any paid, such pay- judgment, if the defendant hath paid the money due upon such bill or judgment, such payment shall and may be pleaded in bar pleaded in bar. of fuch action or fuit, and where an action of debt is brought upon any bond which hath a condition or defeazance to make void the same upon payment of a lesser sum at a day or place certain, if the obligor, his heirs, executors, or administrators, have, before the action brought, paid to the obligee, his executors or administrators, the principal and interest due by the defeazance or condition of such bond, though such payment was not made strictly according to the condition or defeazance; yet it shall and may nevertheless be pleaded in bar of such action. and shall be as effectual a bar thereof, as if the money had been paid at the day and place, according to the condition or defeazance, and had been so pleaded.

The like on bonds.

Principal and interest on court, &c. charge defendant.

XIII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if at any time, pending an action upon any such bond with bonds paid in a penalty, the defendant shall bring into the court where the action shall be depending, all the principal money, and interest court may dif-due on such bond, and also all such costs as have been expended in any fuit or fuits in law or equity upon such bond, the said money so brought in shall be deemed and taken to be in full satisfaction and discharge of the said bond, and the court shall and may give judgment to discharge every such defendant of and from the same accordingly.

Nuncupative wills. **eg Car. 2. c. g.**

XIV. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the twenty ninth year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for prevention of frauds and perjuries, it is enacted, That no nuncupative will shall be good, where the estate thereby bequeathed shall exceed the value of thirty pounds, that is not proved by the eaths of three witnesses, at the least, that were present at the making thereof; it is hereby declared, That all such witnesses as are and ought to be allowed to be good witnesses upon trials at law, by the laws and customs of this realm, shall be deemed good witnesses to prove any nuncupative will, or any thing relating thereunto.

Déclarations recoveries.

XV. And whereas it hath been doubted, whether fince the making or uses, trusts, of the said last-mentioned act of parliament, the declarations or crea-Sec. of fines or tions of uses, trusts, or considences, of any sines or common recoveries manifested by deed made after the levying or suffering of such sines ar recoveries, are good and effectual in law; it is hereby declared, That all declarations, or creations of uses, trusts, or confidences, of any fines or common recoveries of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, manifested and proved, or which hereaster thall be manifested and proved, by any deed already made, or hereafter to be made, by the party who is by law enabled to declare such uses or trusts, after the levying or suffering of any fuch fines or recoveries, are and shall be as good and effectual in the law, as if the faid last mentioned act had not been made.

No claim or entry to be of

30 Car. 2. C. 2.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of Trinity term, no claim force to avoid or entry to be made of or upon any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, ditaments, shall be of any force or effect to avoid any fine levi-finelevied with ed or to be levied with proclamations, according to the form of proclamatithe statute in that case made and provided in the Queen's court ons, &c. unless of Common Pleas at Westminster, or in the courts of sessions in commenced in any of the counties palatine, or in courts of grand fessions in one year after Wales, of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or shall be a such entry fufficient entry or claim within the statute made in the twenty made. first year of King James the First, intituled, An act for limita-21 Jac. 1. C. 16. tion of actions, and for avoiding of fuits in law, unless upon such wages. entry or claim, an action shall be commenced within one year next after the making of such entry or claim, and prosecuted with effect.

KVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all fuits and actions in the court of admiralty for seamons wages, which shall become due after the said first day of Trinity term, shall be commenced and sued within six years next after the cause of such suits or actions shall accrue, and not after.

XVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, Proviso in case That if any person or persons, who is or shall be intitled to any of nonage, fuch fuit or action for feamens wages, be or shall be, at the time feme covert, or Non compos of any fuch cause of suit or action accrued, fallen or come, mentile, &co. within the age of twenty one years, feme covert, Non campos mentis, imprisoned, or beyond the seas, that then such person or persons shall be at liberty to bring the same actions, so as they take the same within six years next after their coming to, or being of full age, discovert, of sane memory, at large, and returned from beyond the seas.

That if any person or persons, against whom there is or shall be persons gone That if any perion or perions, against whom there is or than beyond the any such cause of suit or action for seamens wages, or against beyond the whom there shall be any cause of action of trespass, detinue, brought after actions fur trover, or replevin for taking away goods or cattle, their return. or of action of account, or upon the case, or of debt grounded upon any lending or contract without specialty, of debt for arrearages of rent, or affault, menace, battery, wounding, and imprisonment, or any of them, be or shall be, at the time of any fach cause of suit or action given or accrued, fallen, or come, beyond the seas, That then such person or persons, who is or shall be entitled to any such suit or action, shall be at liberty to Proviso. bring the faid actions against such person and persons, after their return from beyond the seas, so as they take the same after their return from beyond the seas, within such times as are respectively limited for the bringing of the faid actions before by this act, and by the faid other act made in the one and twentieth year of 21 Jac. 1. c. 16.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Action against

the reign of King James the First. XX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if Bail bond any person or persons shall be arrested from and after the said taken by shefirst day of Trinity term, by any writ, bill, or process, issuing riff, &c. may out of any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, at he assigned to the fuit of any common person, and the sheriff or other officer plaintiff. taketh bail from such person, against whom such writ, bill, or

process

Provilo.

process is taken out, the sheriff or other officer at the request and costs of the plaintiff in such action or suit, or his lawful attorney, shall assign to the plaintiff in such action the bail bond, or other security taken from such bail, by endorsing the same, and attesting it under his hand and seal in the presence of two or more credible witnesses, which may be done without any stamp; provided the assignment so endorsed be duly stampt before any action be brought thereupon; and if the said bail bond or assignment, or other security taken for bail be forseited, the plaintiff in such action, after such assignment made, may bring an action and suit thereupon in his own name, and the court where the action is brought, may by rule or rules of the same court.

give fuch relief to the plaintiff and defendant in the original action, and to the bail, upon the faid bond or other fecurity taken from fuch bail, as is agreeable to justice and reason, and that such rule or rules of the said court shall have the nature and effect of a deseazance to such bail bond, or other security for bail.

Warranty by tenant for life void.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all warranties which shall be made after the said first day of Trinity term, by any tenant for life, of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, the same descending or coming to any person in reversion or remainder, shall be void and of none effect; and likewise all collateral warranties, which shall be made after the said first day of Trinity term, of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, by any ancestor who has no estate of inheritance in possession in the same, shall be void against his heir.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

No Subpæna to issue till after bill filed.

Exception.

That no Subpæna, or any other process for appearance, do issue out of any court of equity, till after the bill is filed with the proper officer in the respective courts of equity, except in cases of bills for injunctions to stay wastes, or stay suits at law commenced, and a certificate thereof brought to the Subpæna office, or to him who usually makes out Subpænas or other process in the several courts of equity, under the hand of the six clerk, or other clerk or officer who usually files bills in equity, for which certificate he shall receive no fee.

On difmissing bills in equity, plaintiss or defendant to pay full costs.

XXIII. And for the better preventing vexatious suits in courts of equity; be it further enacted, That upon the plaintiff's dismissing his own bill, or the defendant's dismissing the same for want of profecution, the plaintiff in such suit shall pay to the defendant or defendants, his or their full costs, to be taxed by a master: and that no copy, abstract, or tenor of any bill in equity, do go with the Dedimus or commission for taking the defendant's answer; but in lieu and recompence thereof, the sworn clerks of the court of Chancery shall take to their own use, in all causes, the whole term fee of three shillings and sour pence, and also the whole see or fees of and for all small writs made by the said sworn clerks.

Act to extend to all fuits for the Kings debts, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of *Trinity* term, this act and all the statutes of jeofails shall extend to all suits in any of there.

her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, for recovery of any debt immediately owing, or any revenue belonging to her Majesty, her heirs or successors; and shall also extend to all courts of record in the counties palatine of Lancaster, Chester, and Dur-Rex v Phillips bam, and the principality of Wales, and to all other courts of in Scace. Hil. record within this kingdom.

XXV. And for the preventing great vexation from fuing out On quashing defective writs of error; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, writ of error That upon the quashing any writ of error to be sued out after defendant to the said first day of Trinity term, for variance from the original have costs. record or other defect, the defendants in such error shall recover against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, issuing out such writ, his costs. as he should have had if the judgment had been affirmed, and to

be recovered in the same manner.

XXVI. And whereas great trouble and expence is frequently of-Probats of casioned to the widows and orphans of persons dying intestate to monies wills and ador wages due for work done in her Majesty's yards and docks, by dist. ministrations. putes bappening about the authority of granting probat of the wills, and letters of administration of the good and chattels of Juch persons, and for preventing fuch unnecessary trouble and expence; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the power of granting probats of the wills, and letters of administration of the goods and chattels of such person and persons respectively is. and is hereby declared to be, in the ordinary of the diocese, or fuch other persons, to whom the ordinary power of probat of wills, or granting letters of administration do belong, where fuch person and persons shall respectively die; and that the salary, wages, or pay due to such person or persons from the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors, for work done in any of the vards or docks, shall not be taken or deemed to be Bona Bena metabilia. notabilia, whereby to found the jurisdiction of the prerogative

XXVII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Actions of acfrom and after the said first day of Trinity term, actions of ac-count may be count shall and may be brought and maintained against the brought aexecutors and administrators of every guardian, bailiff, and re- tors of guarceiver; and also by one joint tenant, and tenant in common, dian, bailiff, his executors and administrators, against the other, as bailiff for &c. receiving more than comes to his just share or proportion, and Auditors to against the executor and administrator of such joint tenant, or examine the tenant in common; and the auditors appointed by the court, oath. where such action shall be depending, shall be, and are hereby impowered to administer an oath, and examine the parties touching the matters in question, and for their pains and trouble in auditing and taking such account, have such allowance as the court shall adjudge to be reasonable, to be paid by the party on whose side the ballance of the account shall appear to be.

CAP. XVII.

An act to prevent frauds frequently committed by bankrupts.

TITHEREAS many persons have and do daily become bankrupt, not so much by reason of losses and unavoidable misfortunes, as to the intent to defraud and hinder their creditors of their just debts and duties to them due and owing; for the prevention thereof, be it enacted by the Queen's papil excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament Bankrupts af- affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That if any perfon or persons, who from and after the four and twentieth day of Yune, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix, shall become a bankrupt within the several statutes made within 30 days against bankrupts; or any of them, and against whom a commission fion of bankrupts, under the great feel of England, shall be awarded and iffued out, shall not within thirty days next after notice thereof in writing shall be left at the place of the usual e immissioners, abode of such person or persons, and notice given in the gazette, That such commission or commissions is or are issued forth, and of the time and place of a meeting of the faid commissioners, furrender him, her or themselves to the commissioners named in the faid commission, or some of them, and submit to be examined from time to time upon oath, by and before the said commisfioners, or the major part of them, by the faid commission authorized, and in all things conform to the feveral statutes already made concerning bankrupts, and also upon such examination fully and truly disclose and discover how, and in what manner, and to whom, and upon what confideration, he, the or they hath or have disposed, assigned or transferred any of his, her or their goods, wares, merchandizes, money or other effects or estate, and all books, papers and writings relating thereunto, of which he, the or they were possessed, or in or to which he, the or they were any way interested or entitled, or which any person of persons had, or hath, or have had in trust for him, her or them, or for his, her or their use, at any time before or after the issuing out of the said commission, and also deliver up unto the said commissioners, or the major part of the commissioners by the faid commission authorized, all such part of his, her or their the faid bankrupts goods, wares, merchandizes, effects and effate. and all books, papers and writings relating thereunto, as at the time of fuch examination shall be in his, her or their possession, custody or power (his, her or their, and his, her and their wives and childrens necessary wearing apparel only accepted) then he, she or they the said bankrupt, in case of any default or wilful omission therein, or in any the premisses, and being thereof lawfully convicted by indictment or information, shall suffer as a felon, without the benefit of clergy.

ter 24 June, 1706. not fürrendring themselves after notice, and discovering their ef-fects to the ac. to fuffer as felons.

Lord chancellor may en-

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and

for the lord chancellor, or lord keeper, or commissioners of the large the time great seal of England for the time being, to enlarge the time for for bankrupt's fuch person or persons surrendring him, her or themselves, and surrendring disciosing and discovering his, her or their estate and essects, as himself, fig. aforestid, as the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners, thall think fit, not exceeding fixty days, so as such order for so enlarging the time, he made by the lard chancellor, lard keeper, or commissioners, five days before the time on which such perfor or perfore was or were to to turrender him, her or themselves. and make such discovery, as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Power of com-That if from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June, missioners of a commission of bankrupt, under the great seal of England, shall bankrupcy. issue forth against any person or persons, That then the commissioners therein named, or the major part of them authorized to put the faid commission in execution, shall by virtue hereof. and of the faid commission, have full power and authority to fend for and call before them, by fuch process, ways or means. as they in their diferetions shall think convenient, all and every fuch person and persons as they shall be informed and believe can give any account or information of any act or acts of bankrupcy committed by such person or persons, against whom such commission shall issue forth; and upon their appearance to examine them, and every of them, as well upon their oaths, as otherwife, by fuch ways and means as the faid commissioners, on fuch major part of them, are by law authorized to examine! touching or concerning such bankrupts estate, touching any act or acts of bankrupey committed by fuch perfor or perfors an gainst whom such commission shall issue forth; and if any person or persons, upon payment or tender, and refusal to accept of fuch reafonable charge, that refuse or neglect to come and appear; not having a lawful excuse to be made known to the said commissioness, and by them allowed, or being come before them, shall refuse to be sworn, or being of the people called Quekers, to take the folemn affirmation, by law appointed for fuel people. or being fworn, or having taken fuch affirmation, shall refuse to answer all sheh questions, as by the said commissioners shall be put unto him; her or them, relating to any act of bankrupcy committed hip the person or persons against whom such commission is awarded, according to the true intent and meaning of this add. This then it shall and may be lawful for the faid commissioners, or such major part of them, to commit to such prifon as to them shall be thought theet, all such person or persons. and also to direct their warrant or warrants to such person or perform as the faid commissioners, or greater part of them shall think meet, to apprehend and arrest such person or persons as. shall so refuse to appear, and to commit such person on parsons to. fuch prison as the faid commissioners, or such major part of them shall think meet, there to remain without bail or mainprize, until fuch time as fuch person or persons shall submit him or her self to the said commissioners, and be by them ex-М 2 amined,

amined, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

Provided, That no person shall be obliged to travel above twenty miles to be so examined.

Bankrupts
may be committed by
justices warrant to the
county-gaol
where taken,

working.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon certificate made and granted under the hands and feals of the faid commissioners, or such major part of them, that such commission is issued forth, and such person or persons proved before them to become bankrupt, That then it shall and may be lawful to and for all or any of the judges of her Majesty's courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, or Court of

Exchequer, and to and for all and every the justices of the peace within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, (and they are hereby impowered and required, upon application to them for that purpose made) to grant his or their warrant or warrants under his or their hands and seals, as well for the taking and apprehending such

until removed by commissioners warrant.

person or persons, and him, her or them to commit to the common gaol of the county where he, she, or they shall be so taken and apprehended, there to remain, until he, the, or they thall be thence removed by order of the faid commissioners, or such major part of them, by warrant under their hands and feals; and the gaoler or keeper, to whose custody such person or perfons shall be committed, is hereby required forthwith to give notice to some one of the said commissioners in the said commisfion named of fuch perfon or perfons being in his or their custody, to the intent the faid commissioners may fend their warrant to the faid gaoler or keeper (which they are hereby impowered and required forthwith to fend) for the delivering fuch bankrupt or bankrupts to the person or persons named in such warrant, and thereby authorized to convey such person to the said commissioners, in order to such examination and discovery, as aforesaid, as also to take and seize any the wares, goods, merchandizes or effects of such person or persons, or any of his,

Proviso in case of submission.

real or personal estate.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if such person or persons so apprehended and taken within the said thirty days, shall submit to be examined, and in all things conform, as if he had surrendred himself, as by thisact such bankrupt or bankrupts is or are required, then such person or persons so submitting and conforming, shall have the beness of this act, to all intents and purposes, as if he had voluntarily come in and surrendred himself; any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

her or their books, papers or writings, or any other his or their

Goods of felons to be divided among the creditors. VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any person or persons shall by reason of this act incur the penalty of felony, that then such felon's goods and estate shall go to, and be divided amongst the creditors seeking relief by such commission; any law, usage or custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VIL And

· VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefiled. Allowance to That all and every person and persons so becoming bankrupt, bankrupts conforming as aforesaid, who shall, within the time limited by this act, sur-contorming themselves to render him, her, or themselves to the major part of the com- the act. missioners therein-aamed, and in all things conform as in and by this uct is directed, shall be allowed the sum of five pounds per centum out of the neat product of all the offare that shall be recovered in and received on such discovery, which shall be paid unto him by the affiguee or affiguees of the faid commisfioners, so as the said five pounds per centum shall not amount in the whole to above the fum of two hundred pounds, and shall be discharged from all debts by him, her, or them due and owing at the time that he, she, or they did become bankrupt; and in case any such bankrupt shall afterwards be arvefted, profecuted or impleaded for any debt due before fuch time as he, the, or they became bankrupt; fuch banksupt shall be discharged upon common bail, and shall and may plead in general, That the cause of such action or suit did accine before such time as he became a bankrupt, and may give this act and the special matter in evidence, and if a verdict pais for the defendant, or the plaintiff shall become nonfuited. or judgment be given against the plaintiff, the defendant shall

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enact- Proviso in case ed by the authority aforefaid. That if the neat proceed of fuch the neat probankrupes effate to to be discovered, recovered and received, ceed of bank-rupts effate together with what shall be otherwise recovered and received, amounts not -final not amount to so much as will pay all and every the cre- to pay \$i. in ? ditors of such bankrupt the sum of eight shillings in the pound, the pound. after all charges first had and deducted, that then, and in such case, such bankrupt shall not be allowed the said sum of five pounds per centum, of fuch estate as shall be so recovered in, but shall be allowed and paid by the assignces, so much money as the faid affignees and the major part of the faid commissioners shall think fit to allow to such bankrupt, and no more.

recover his costs as in other cases.

IX. And for the better discovery of the said bankrupts estate, Penalty on in case he, the or they shall resule or neglect to surrender him, persons conher or themselves, and conform to this act, as aforelaid; be it cealing bankenacted by the authority aforefaid, That: all and every person and perfore, who shall have accepted of any trust or trusts, and Conceal or protest any effate, either real or personal of any perfon becoming bankrupt; as aforefaid, from his, her or their creditors, and shall not within thirty days next after such commission shall issue forth, and notice thereof given to such person or perions, discover and disclose such trust and affare in writing, to some one of the commissioners, and submit himself to be examined by the commissioners, or such major part of them as by - the faid commission shall be authorized, and truly discover the but fame, that forfsit the fum of one hundred pounds, and double the the value of the estate, either real or personal so concealed, to the care and for the use and benefit of the said creditors; to be recover-

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cd by action of debt, in any of her Mujetty's courts of record. in the name of the assignces of the said commissioners, in which case costs shall be allowed to either party as in other common cafesc

al. per cent. allowed on discovery.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, who shall within fixts days next after the time allowed to such bankrupt to forrender himself, and conform, as aforesaid, voluntarily come in and make discovery of any part of such bankrupts estate, before the major part of the said commissioners, shall be allowed the sum of three pounds per centum, out of the neat proceed of all that shall be recovered on such discovery, which shall be paid to the person or persons so discovering the same, by the affiguee or affiguees to whom the fame shall be affigued.

Commissionjust accounts

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, ers, &c. to ad- That where there shall appear to the commissioners, or the mabetweenbank- jor part of them, that there hath been mutual credit given berupts and their tween such person or persons, against whom such commission shall issue forth, and any person or persons who shall be debtor or debtors to such person or persons, and due proof thereof made, and that the accounts are open and unballanced. That then it shall be lawful for the commissioners in the said commission named, or the major part of them, or the assignee or affiguress of fuch commission, to adjust the said account, and to take the ballance due in full discharge thereof, and the person debtor to such bankrupt, thall not be compelled or obliged to pay more than shall appear to be due on such balance,

Provido in case of marriage. portion.

· (C) · (P)

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, that nothing in this act shall be confirmed to extend to grant any privilege, benefit or advantage to any bankrupt whatfoever, against whom a commission under the great seal shall issue forth, who hath, for or upon marriage of any of his or her children, given, advanced or paid, above the value of one hundred pounds, unless he or the shall prove, by his or her books fairly kept, or otherwife, and upon his or her oath, before the major part of the commissioners in such commission named, that he or the had at the time thereof, over and above the value so given, advanced or paid, remaining in goods, water, debts, ready money, or other real or personal estate sufficient to pay and fatisfy unto each and every person to whom he or the was any way indebted, their full and intire debts.

Commission-: g meetings within the 39 days.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aers to appoint foresaid, That the said commissioners, or the major part of them, shall appoint within the said thirty days, not less than three several meetings for the purposes aforesaid, the last of which shall be on the said thirtieth day hereby limited for such bankrupts appearance.

Persons sued

XIV. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted by the authomay plead the rity aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued or pregeneral iffue. fecuted by any action, bill, plaint or information, for any thing done or to be done by him, her or them in profecution of

this

this act, it shall and may be lawful to and for such person or persons to plead the general issue, and to give this act, and the

special matter in evidence.

XV. Provided also, and be it enacted by the authority afore- Persons befaid. That nothing in this act contained shall extend to give coming bank-or grant any liberty, privilege, benefit or advantage in this act ming, &c. to mentioned, to any person whatsoever, against whom a commission benefion of bankrupts shall be awarded, who shall have lost in any fit of act. one day the sum or value of five pounds, or in the whole the fum or value of one hundred pounds, within the space or term of twelve months next preceding his or her becoming a bankrupt, in playing at or with cards, dice, tables, tennis, bowles, shovel-board, or in or by cock-fighting, horse-races, dogmatches, or foot-races, or other pattimes, game or games whatfoever, or in or by bearing a share or part in the stakes, wagers or adventures, or in or by betting on the fides or hands of luch as do or shall play, act, ride or run, as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Act to conti-That this act shall continue and be in force for the space of nue for 3 years. three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of five years by

parliament, and no longer.

XVII. And for the better encouragement of such persons as Encouragealready are become bankrupts, to make a true and just discovery ment to bankof their estates, and to deliver the same up for the use and be-rupts to surnefit of their creditors; be it further enacted by the authority render themaforefaid. That all and every person and persons who are become bankrupts, and against whom a commission of bankrupt hath issued, before the tenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, who shall voluntarily, on or before the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and fix, furrender him, her or themselves to the commissioners in fuch commission named, or the major part of them, and submit to be examined from time to time upon oath by and before the faid commissioners, or the major part of them, and in all things conform to the several statutes already made concerning bankrupts, and to this present act, shall to all intents and purposes have the benefit of this act.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Penaltyon not authority aforesaid, That if such person or persons so volun-discovering tarily surrendring him, her or themselves, shall afterwards their estates. neglect or omit to discover and deliver his, her or their estates and effects, and in every thing act and do as in this act is directed, every such person or persons shall be taken and adjudged to be a fraudulent bankrupt within the true intent and meaning of this act, and thereof being lawfully convicted, shall suffer as

a felon without benefit of clergy.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the au- No discovery thority aforesaid, That no discovery upon oath to be made by of bankrupt to any bankrupt of his or her estate and effects pursuant to this act, benefit of act, shall intitle such bankrupt to the benefits allowed by this act, unless comunless the commissioners of bankrupts, or the greater part of missioners cer-

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cellor, &c.

tific lord chan-them that shall be named in the commission issued. or to be issued against him or her, shall in writing under their stands and feals, certify to the lord chancellor of England, lord Reeper, or commissioners for the custody of the great seal of England for the time being, that such bankrupt hath made discovery of his estate and effects, and in all things conformed himself according to the directions of this act, and that there doth not appear to them any reason to doubt of the truth of such discovery, or that the same is not a full discovery of all such bankrupts. Estate and effects; and unless such certificate shall be allowed and confirmed by the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners for the custody of the great seal of England for the time being, or by fuch two of the judges of the courts of Queen's-Bench, Common-Pleas, and court of Exchequer at Westminster, to whom the consideration of such certificate shall be referred by the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners for the custody of the great scal of England for the time being, and the creditors of fuch bankrupts are to be allowed to be heard, if they shall think fit, before the respective persons aforesaid, against the making fuch certificate, and against the confirmation thereof.

No expences to be allowed for eating or drinking of the commisfioners, on penalty.

XX. And whereas commissions of bankrupts have been often executed with great expence in eating and drinking, at the meetings of the commissioners, or some of them therein named, to the great prejudice of the bankrupts and their creditors; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there stials not be paid or allowed by the creditors, or out of the estate of the bankrupts, any monies whatfoever for expences in cating or drinking of the commissioners, or of any other persons, at the times of the meetings of the faid commissioners, or of any of the creditors, or others, in order to execute or prepare matters for the execution of such commissions; and if any person or persons named, or to be named, as a commissioner or commissioners in any such commission, shall order any such expence to be made, or eat or drink at any such meeting at the charge of the creditors, or out of the estate of such bankrupt. every such commissioner so offending, shall be disabled for ever after to act as a commissioner in such, or any other commission founded on the statutes made against bankrupts.

CAP. XVIII.

An act for enlarging the pier and harbour of Parton in the county of Cumberland.

Harbour to be enlarged. From 1 May, 1706, for eleven years to be paid to the trustees, for enlarging and repairing the pier and harbour. For every 191 gallons of coals, 2d. by the owner, and 2d. by the mafter of the ship. And after eleven years, one farthing only for every 192 gallons for ever. Trustees to appoint collectors of the duties. Who are to pay the monies to the receivers. Trustees to take security of the receivers and collectors. Collectors to be allowed 6d. in the pound. If duties be not paid, collectors may diffrain. And on non-psyment di-firefs may be fold. No ship to be discharged until master produce col-lectors receipt of duties paid. Trustees may contract for repairing the harbour: and assign the place of building the pier, &c. Trustees may borrow money on credit of the duties, at 6 l. per cent. per annum. Not exceeding

exceeding 1500l. Trufteen accounts to be examined by juffices at quarter fellons. On death of truftees, survivors to choose others. No balast, dust, &c. to be thrown into the harbour. Persons sued may plead the general issue. Act to be allowed a publick act. EXP.

CAP. XIX.

An att for the encouragement and increase of seamen, and : for the better and speedier manning her Majesty's fleet.

A ND for the encouragement of all seamen, who are or How seamen Thall be in her Majesty's service at sea, it is hereby turned over declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every from one ship to another, seaman who from and after the five and twentieth day of March, &c. shall be one thousand seven hundred and six, shall be turned over from paid. one ship to another in her Majesty's service, or turned ashore, as not being fit for her Majesty's service, shall be paid his wages which shall appear to be due to him from the ship which he was turned over, before such ship to which he shall be turned over do go to fea, either in money or by a ticket, which shall entitle him or his affigns to payment within one month after the faid ticket shall be presented to the commissioners of the navy at their office. No mariner entred, and continuing in the Queen's service, to be arrested

during this war, for a debt not exceeding 201.

XVI. And whereas by an act made in the second year of her Ma- 2 & 3 Anne. jesty's reign, intituled, An act for the increase of seamen, and c. 6. better encouragement of navigation, and the security of the coal trade, provision is made for putting out of parish children apprentices to masters of trading ships and vessels at the age of ten years; it it hereby enacted, That no fuch mafter shall be obliged to take No mafter of any fuch apprentice under the age of thirteen years, or who ship to take shall not appear to be fitly qualified both as to health and apprentice ftrength of body for that service; and any widow of the master under y of such ship or vessel, or the executor or administrator of such years old. master, who shall have been obliged to take such parish boys apprentice to them, shall have the same power of assigning over fuch apprentices to any other masters of ships or vessels, who have not their compliment of apprentices required by the said

recited act, to be entertained by them, as is given by the faid act to fuch persons, as have taken children apprentices in pursuance

of the statute made in the forty third year of Queen Elizabeth. 43 Bliz. XVII. And whereas all such persons, who in pursuance of the faid act, have voluntarily bound, or hereafter shall so bind themselves. apprentices to fuch masters or owners, as therein is expressed, are exempted from her Majesty's service for the term of three years, from the date of their respective indentures: and whereas such exemptions from her Majesty's sea service for the term of three years, which was intended for the encouragement of landmen, to bind themselves . apprentices to the sea service, hath been manifestly abused for the exempting and protecting of feamen from the faid service, who having bound themselves apprentices, have claimed such exemption, and demanded protections accordingly, to the great hindrance and prejudite of her Majesty's sea service; be it therefore further enacted and No apprendeciared, That no person or persons of the age of eighteen tices to sea

years, fervice of 18

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vears old. exempt from the Queen's fervice at fea.

years. Atali have any excenption or protection from her Majoky's sea service, who shall have been in any sea-tervice before the time they bound themselves apprentices; any law or fature to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XVIII. And whereas by an all of parliament made in the second

a & 1 Phil. & Mar. c. 16. ſ. **2.**

year of the reign of King Philip and Queen Mary, instituted, An act touching watermen and bargemen upon the river of Thames, it was enacted. That if any person or persons, which from and after the time therein mentioned, should use and energise the eccupation of roseing betwint Gravesend and Windson, which in the time of the execution of any commission of pressing, that should be bad for the service of the King and Queen's majesty in their affairs, should willingly, voluntarily, and obstinately withdraw, bide, or convey best or themfelves in the same time of prossing, into sacret places and act corners, and after, when such time of pressing is overpassed, should return and come again to the river of Thames, to row between Gravelend and Windfor aforefaid, and that duly proved by two indifferent vaitagles before the lard mayor, and court of aldermen, or justices of peace, and two of the rulers of the company of watermen, that then he or they fo doing and offending, shall suffer imprisonment for the space of two avecks, and be banified any more to row from thenceforth upon the faid river of Thames, by the space of one whole year and a day then next solleaving: and subereas by an act made in the eleventh year of bis late 21 & 12 W. 3. majefly King William the Third, intituled; An act for explanation and better execution of former acts made touching watermen and wherrymen, rowing on the river of Thames, and for the better ordering and governing the said watermen wherrymen, and lightermen upon the faid river between Grevefand and Windfer, persons who keep or work, or shall be impleyed in rowing or navigating any lighter or lighters, or other great craft (except, as in the faid act is excepted) shall be neglifized in the company of avatermen: and whereas in this time of war, divers watermen, bargemen, lightermen, and wherrymen, belonging to the faid river, do abscond and not enter themselves into her Majesty's service; and it being bighly necessary that a convenient number of such watermen, bargemen, lightermen, and wherrymen, should from time to time be abliged to serve on board her Majesty's fleet; he it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in case such number of them as the lord high admiral, or any three or more of the commissioners for exed bythe rulers ecuting the office of lord high admiral of England for the time being, shall from time to time give notice to the said company of watermen, there thall be occasion for to serve her Majesty, her heirs and fuccesfors, (being duly fummoned by leaving notice in appearing, &c. writing at the place of their usual abode by the company) within to be disabled, writing at the place of the full not appear before the rulers of the faid watermens company, to be fent on board her Majesty's fleet, such person or persons so summoned, and being duly con-

> -victed before the lord mayor and court of aldermen of the city of London, or two justices of the peace of the said city, and two of the faid rulers, that then he or they so doing and offending, shall fuffer imprisoment during the space of one month, and be dis-

Watermen. ec. fummon. of the company to ferve on board the fleet, and not

C. 21.

abled from edming, or working upon the faid river of Themes, and of enjoying any the advantages or privileges of the faid company for the space of two years.

Infolvent debtors who shall before the shift of May, 1706. surrender E X P. their effects to the use of their ereditors; and take an oath; and enter themselves on board the nayy to serve during the war; to be discharged from all debts, &c. Any three justices may go to any prison, and examine what prisoners are in for debt, not exceeding 601. and grant their warrant for such who are able to serve, to be sent on board the state. Name to have benefit of this act, unless he continue in the tervice during this war a nor be discharged out of prison if indebted more than 601. Discharge of prisoner, not to discharge his debt, &c.

CAP. XX.

An all for the better enabling the master, wardens, and assistants of Trinity House, to rebuild the light bouse on the Edystone rock.

WHEREAS in and by one all of parliament made in the eighth year of the reign of our late sovereign lady Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act to enable the master, wardens, and 8 Eliz. c. 13. affiltants of Trinity House at Deptsferd Strond, to credit sea marks, Go. They the faid master, wardens, and affishants are impowered to error and fet up bearing, marks, and figns for the fea, weedful for everthing the dangers, and to renew, continue, and maintain the fame. in facts manner as in the faid act is mentioned: and whereas there note is, and time out of mind both been, a very dangerous rock celled the Edystone; lying off of Plymouth in the county of Devon, upon Edystone rock. which divers ships and wessels burne been cost eway, and the lives and goods of many subjects of this kingdom left and destroyed: and whereus upon application fome time fince made to the faid master, wardens, and affifiants, by great numbers of mafters and owners of shipping, to have a light house gradled upon the said rock, offering and agreeing, in confideration of the great charge, difficulty, and bazard of fuch an undertaking, to pay to the faid master, wardens, and affistants, one permy per two outcourds, and the like inwards, for all ships and vessels which should pass by fuch hight house (coasters excepted, who should pay swelve peneronly for each voyage;) they the faid master, wardens, and assistances; become a due regard to the safety and preservation of the shipping and navigation of this kingdom, did in the year of our Lord one stronfared for bandred ninety for, easife a light house to be bagun to be errolled on the said rock, and in three years time a light was placed shoremy and the faid light bouse in the term of five years was, with much bexard and difficulty, and a very great expense, fully built and completed, to the great fatisfaction of the flag officers and commanders of the flett and flips of war, and of all others conserved in trade and nautifation, the fame being not only useful for avoiding the dangerous reth upon which it was built, but alfora guide and direction to ships paffing through the channel from and to all parts of the world: and whereas the faid light house was preserved and kept up for several years, notwithstanding the gress force and violence of the wind and sea, (to which it was exposed) until the late dreadful storm in November, one thousand seven hundred and three, when the same was blown.

Master, wardens and aftiftants of Trinity-house, to new erect a the Edystone rock.

Duties to be paid by all ships, &c. paffing by the

Duties where recoverable. Explained and entorced by 8 An. c. 17.

blown down and destroyed: and whereas it was found by exterience. that the faid light bould (during the flanding thereof) was of publick use and benefit to this kingdom, a much to proferue her Majefty's . Ships of war, and the shipping, lives, and astates of her subjects, and was useful and deneficial to navigation; and forasmuch as the speedy rebuilding the laid light house is absolutely necessary for avoiding the dangers attending the navigation and trade of this kingdom, and in regard the same is a work of great charge, bazard, and expence, and all due and proper encouragement ought to be given thereunto; to the end therefore that the faid master, wardens, and assistants, may be encouraged to new erect and build, or cause to be new erected and built, the faid light boule, with all convenient speed, and confantly to keep and maintain the fame for the benefit of the navigation and trade of this kingdom; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majerty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, at the humble light house on petition of the said master, wardens and assistants, That from and after the kindling or placing a light uleful for thipping in the faid light house, so intended to be re-built, as aforesaid, there shall be paid to the said master, wardens and assistants of Trinity-House of Deptford-Strond, their successors and assigns, by the masters and owners of all English ships, hoys, and barks which shall pass by the said light house so intended to be erected, as aforefaid, (except coafters) the duty of one peny per ton outward bound, and also one peny per ton inward bound, (that is to fay) of the merchant one moiety, and of the owner of the thip, hoy or bark the other moiety; and of all such stranger or aliens thips and veffels, as thall happen to pale by the faid light house or beacon, the sum of two pence for every ton of the burden of the faid ship or vessel; and that every coaster passing by the said light house so to be credted, shall pay the duty of two shillings, and no more, for each time they shall pass by the faid light house; the faid several duties to be collected and received by such person or persons as the said master, wardens and affiftants, or their successors, shall appoint in that behalf, in such port or place whence such ship, hoy or bark shall fet forth, or where such ship, how or bark shall arrive before they load or unload the goods therein; the faid duties to be recovered by action of debt in any court of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, wager of law, or protection shall be allowed, nor more than one imparlance.

CAP. XXI.

An ati for the encrease and better preservation of salmon and other fish, in the rivers within the counties of Southampton and Wilts.

Salmon fisheries in the counties of Southampton and Wilts.

THEREAS the salmon and salmon-kind of fish reforting to spawn within the rivers and freshes in the county of Southampton, and southern parts of Wiltshire, are in danger of utter decay, to the great loss of this kingdom, and the royalties and fisheries in the said counties are in great measure consumed and destroyed, by placing

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placing divers engines and other devices in and upon the main rivers, and in the new channels, dykes, and cuts, which now are or shall be cut eset of the same rivers, by means whereof the salmon stripes or kippers. as well as the young fry or smelts are taken and destroyed, and are prevented from running to the sea-in-season: and subcreas the owners and eccupiers of the falmon fisheries within the faid counties, regarding only their private and greedy profit, do destroy the stock of the said saberies, by preventing the breed of good fish to pass in season through their fishing wyres, and fishing hatch-sways, from the sea into the faid rivers to spawn, and by killing such as are under size, and by fishing continually out of season, at and in the said fishing wyres and creeks of the rivers, with nets and other devices, whereby not only the increase of the species of the said sist, but also the growth thereof is in great measure destroyed; and whereas notwithstanding the many good laws before this time made, and still in force, with intens to probibit unlawful killing or otherwise destroying the game of this kingdom, divers sturdy and diserderly persons (through defect in the faid daws for sufficiently punishing of offenders, and neglecting their laruful employments) do poach with nets and angles, gins, and other unlawful engines, and by unlawful means in the night, and at other. times, do take, kill, and destroy the fish, to the great detriment of the lards of manors, and the other owners and occupiers of fifberies in the faid county of Southampton, and fouthern parts of Wiltshire; for Act 4 & 5 W. rentedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent & M. c. 23. majeffy, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spi- for the better ritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament of falmon afferebled, and by the authority of the same, That the statute sishing to be made in the fourth and fifth year of the reign of King William and put in execu-Queen Mary, now in force for the better preservation of the game tion; relating to falmon fishing, and every article and thing therein con- allo stat. 13. tained, shall be duly put in execution, according to the tenor of stat. 1. c. 47. the same; and that the statute made in the thirteenth year of King Edward the First, whereby it is provided that the waters of Humber, Owse, Trent, Dover, Arre, Dervent, Wherse, Niddiere, Swale, Tefe, Tine, Eden, and all other waters wherein salmon be taken, shall be in defence, from taking salmon, from the nativity of our Lady unto Saint Martin's day; and likewise that No young, young falmon thall not be taken nor destroyed by nets, nor by salmon to be other engines, at mill pools, from the midst of April unto the destroyed by nativity of Saint John the Baptist, and in places where fresh nets, &c. waters be; shall extend and be in full force, as well to all and every the rivers, creeks, and waters in the county of Southampten, and foothern parts of Wiltsbire, as to the waters in the lastmentioned act here above enumerated and contained, and in like manner, and under the same pains and penalties as therein

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Overseers of in there shall be affigned overseers of this statute, by any two or this act to be: more justices of the peace, reliding within five miles of the affigned by respective rivers within the said counties of Southampton and justices. Wiltsbire, under their hands and seals, from time to time, who being fworn before the said justices of the peace, shall often see

mentioned and expressed.

quire after offenders.

Penalty on

offenders.

Who shall en and enquire after the offenders against this statute, and shall take and apprehend all and every fuch offender and offenders, and take and defroy all nets and other craft and engines. where they shall find the fame, being kept; used, or in being contrary to this or any other act now in force relating to finhing 1 and all and every offender and offenders to taken or apprehended by the faid overfeers, or may of them, or by any other lawful means, shall be brought before some justice of the peace of the faid counties, to answer for every such offence, and being convicted before any fuch justice of the peace for the said counties. by one or more witnesses upon oath, which oath the kid justice hath hereby power to administer, or confession of such offender. shall for the first trespass or offence, forfeit a sum to be ascertained by fuch justice of the peace, before whom such conviction shall be made, not under twenty shillings, nor more than five pounds, and for the fecond trespais or offence, shall forfeit a sum not under forty shillings, to be ascertained, as aforesaid, nor more than ten pounds, and as the trespals or offence shall increase to double the penalty, to be afcertained, as aforefaid; one half thereof to be paid to the informer, and the other half thereof to the poor of the parith where the laid offence or offences shall be committed; and in case the offender or offenders shall not be able, or do not on demand pay the faid penalty or penalties, then he or they shall be sent by such justice of the peace, before whom fuch conviction shall be made, as aforefaid, to the house or houses of correction within the faid respective counties where fuch offender or offenders shall be taken, and there kept for the

No person, qualified or not, shall take or kill falmon until after the eleventh of November. This clause repealed by 1 Geo. 1. ftat. 2. as to the owners of thefe Moeries, &c.

space of three months.

Owners of meadow rounds to let falmon got into the dykes, pais into the main rivers again. ·

III. And be it further enacted by the authority afortshid, That no person or persons (not being by law duly qualified) shall hereafter kill, destroy, or wilfully hurt any falmon or salmon-kind, or any other fifth, and that neither they, nor any other person or persons whatsoever, shall and may at any time or times after the thirtieth day of Yune, which shall be in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and fix, take, kill, or destroy any falmon, falmon-peale, or falmon-kind, by c. 18. feft. 11. hawks, racks, gins, nets, angles, or other devices whatfoever, until after the eleventh day of November, in every year, or offer to fale any of the faid fish so taken, under the like pains, penalties, forfeitures, and imprisonments, as are herein before-mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefails That if any falmon or falmon-kind shall go into any of the dykes, cuts, or water carriages, that then all owners and occupiers of meadow grounds in and and upon the banks of any waters or rivers in the faid counties within the time limited and restrained by the faid act, shall permit the said fish to pass or go out of the said cuts, or dykes, or fireams, into the main rivers again, and not by any wilful means to destroy them for sale, or otherwise, under the like pains, penalties, forfeitures, and imprisonment, as afore-mentioned.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforelaid, That all Omers of owners and occupiers of corn, fulling and peper pails, and mile to keep other mills, upon any of the waters or rivers in the faid count femile in the ties, shall constantly keep open one scuttle or small hatch of waste hatch: a foot square in the waste-hatch or water-course in the direct for the salmon Aream, wherein no water-wheel kandeth, sufficient for the to pass and refalmen to pass and repass freely up and down the faid rivers pass, &c. in the faid counties, from the eleventh day of November, to the one and thirtieth day of May in every year, during which seafon, the old falmon and the young fry of the preceding year retire to the fea, and the breeding falmon come from the fea to spawn, and shall not make use of any nets, pots, racks, And not use hawks, gins, or other devices whatfoever to be placed in the nets, &c. said feutile or small hatch of a foot square in the said wastehatch, in or about the faid mills respectively, during the said term, to kill or destroy, or take any salmon or salmon-kind, upon the like pains, penalties, forfeitures, and imprisonment, as aforefaid; and in case they shall lay any pots or nets to catch Eel pots to eels, after the first day of January, to the tenth day of March in have racks every year (which they may do) they shall set racks before before them. them, to keep out of the laid pots or nets the old falmon or kippers, which, during that featon, are out of kind, and returning to the sea; and after the tenth day of March, to the one and thirdeth day of May in every year, they shall lay no pot, net, or engine, but what shall be wide enough to let the fry of falmon pais through to the sea, or shall take, or keep, or offer to fale any of the young fry, that, during the feafons aforefaid, are returning from the faid rivers to the sea, upon the pains, penalties, forfeitures, and imprisonments, as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No sea trouts That no bouges, otherwise called sea trouts, shall be taken in the rivers. any of the faid rivers, creeks, or arms of the fea in the counties before-mentioned, after the thirtieth day of June, to the eleventh day of November every year, upon the like pains, pe-

nalties, forfeitures, and imprisonments, as aforesaid.

VII. And whereas divers disorderly, idle, and mean persons, have None to keep and keep nets, angles, leaps, pitches, and other engines for the taking and nets, &c. killing of fish out of the ponds, waters, rivers, and fisheries in the faid what are atcounties, to the damage of the owners thereof; be it therefore enacted lowed by by the authority aforelaid, That no person or persons whatsoever 485W.&M. shall have or keep any net, angle, leap, pitch, or other engine 3&4 W. & for taking of sish, other than as is provided for and allowed of M. c. 10. by an act made in the second year of King William and Queen Here seems to Mary, intituled, An all for the more easy discovery and conviction be a missake of fuch as shall destroy the game of this kingdom, and the subsequent in the roll, acts made in the third, fourth, and fifth years of the faid King fuch flatute as William and Queen Mary, for the more easy conviction of such is bere referas shall destroy the game of this kingdom; none of which acts, red to, in a Wi or any part or matter therein contained, or in any other act re- in 4 & 5 W. lating to the preservation of the game of this kingdom, is here- & M. by intended or deemed to be repealed.

Penalties on : VIII. And be it enacted, That if any person or persons shall felling fairness fell or expose to sale any salmon or salmon-kind in the said acc.

Constitution, from the thirtieth day of Junes, to the eleventh day of November in every year, such person or persons shall for every falmon or falmon-kind so sold or exposed to sale, be subject to the pains, penalties, forfeitures, and imprisonments, as afore-

offenders to be levied by diffress and sale, &c.

Forfeitures of : IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all the forfeitures and penalties arifing by conviction of any offender or offenders against this act, shall be levied by diffress and fale of the offenders goods, by warrant under the hand and seal of the justice before whom the offender or offenders shall be convicted, rendering the overplus, if any be, and for want of diffress, the offender or offenders shall be committed to the house or houses of correction in the said counties. as aforefaid.

Extent of the .

X. Provided always, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to any county or place in this kingdom, fave only to the faid county of Southampton, and the fouthern parts of Wiltsbire; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXII.

An all to impower the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, to issue out of the monies arising by the toinage duty, any sum not exceeding five bundred pounds; over and above the sum of three thousand pounds yearly, for the uses of the mint.

8 Car. 2. c. 🤄

HEREAS in and by one all of parliament made in the eighteenth year of the reign of his majesty King Charles the Second, intituled. An act for encouraging of coinage; it is, amongst other things, enacted. That there should not be issued out of the Exchequer, of the monies accruing by the said act in any one year, for the fees and salaries of the officers of the mint or mints, and towards the providing, maintaining, and repairing the bouses, offices, and buildings, and other nerestaries, for assaying, melting-down, and coining, above the sum of three thousand pounds sterling, which said act has been continued, and is still in force: and whereas the said three thousand pounds has been by experience found not to be sufficient, and the residue of the monies arising by the faid coinage act is appropriated, as in the same act is mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present par-After 25 Dec. liament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord treasurer, and under

treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being,

by orders or warrants, to issue out of the Exchequer, or dis-

pose of the monics arising by the said coinage duty yearly and

2705. lord ' treasurer to issue 5001. yearly out of the coinage duties for the every year, from and after the twenty fifth day of December,

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one thousand seven hundred and sive, any sum or sums of salaries of the money, not exceeding the yearly furn of five hundred pounds, officers of the over and above the yearly furn of three thousand pounds abovementioned, for the fees or falaries of the officers of the mint or misks; and towards the providing, maintaining, and repairing the faid boufes, offices, and buildings, and other neceffaries before-mentioned: the faid recited act or acts, or any other law, fixtute, or ninge to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithflanding.

CAP. XXIII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced, be not repaid; and for an account to be made of trophy monies. EXP.

CAP. XXIV.

An act to enlarge the time for registring unsatisfied debentures upon the EXP. forfeited affates in Ireland, and for renewing of other debentures, which have been loft, burnt, or defiroyed.

CAP. XXV.

An act for the paying and clearing the several regiments commanded by E X P. lieutenant general Stewart, colonel Hill, and brigadier Holt, and for supplying the defect of the muster-rolls of those and several other regiments.

CAP. XXVI.

An all for making effectual a grant of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of the town and lands of Seatown to the archbishoprick of Dublin, and for reforing the same to the faid see.

WHEREAS by the acts of settlement and explanation hereto-Forseited fore made and passed in the kingdom of Ireland, it was lands ancient-enacted. That so much of the then sorfeited lands as were anciently by the inherit the right and inheritance of the see of Dublin, but granted in fee- ance of the see farm by the former archbishaps of that see, in the time of poperty, under a refervation of chief rent from the then forfeiting persons, or those under whom they claimed, should be set out in augmentation to the faid see, as should complete the revenue thereof to the sum of two thousand pounds per annum; and pursuant thereunto the late commissioners for putting in execution the said ass, did set out to the then archbishop of Dublin, and his successors, several lands, and as part thereof, the lands of Seatown, Newton, Blackall, Gamble, Smiths- seatown, land, and feveral other lands and tenements in and about the town Newtown. of Swords, containing together four hundred thirty seven acres, lying Blackhall, in the barany of Nethercross, in the county of Dublin (being formather, smithsland, merly the prioriety of Christopher Russell, a forfeiting person.) Christopher and whereas the faid archbishop, and his successors, remained in full Russell a forand quiet poffession of the faid town and lands, till the year one thou- feiting person, fand fin hundred eighty and eight, when Bartholomew Russell, son Bartholomew of the faid Christopher Russell, set up a pretended title to the fuid Russell his son, town and lands, and the late earl of Tirconnell, being chief governor of the kingdom of Ireland, and the judges being Irish papifts,

judgment

attainted of treason.

judgment was given against the then are bishop of Dublin, in favour of the said Bartholomew Russell, and he obtained possession of the faid town and lands, and continued in the possession thereof, until the reduction of the faid kingdom of Ireland, by his late majefly King William the Third, of glorious memory: and whereas the faid Bartholomew Ruffell, being actually engaged in the faid rebellion, he was indicted and attainted by outlowry of treason, and died so

Seatown, &c. granted to the erchbishop of Dublin, and his fucceffors for ever.

attainted: and whereas their late Majesties, by their letters patent, bearing date on or about the fixth day of September, in the fixth year of their said late majesties reign, did give, grant and confirm unto Narcissus, then lord archbishop of Dublin, and his successors the archbishops of Dublin for ever, all that and those the aforesaid town and lands, and also all the estate, right, title, and interest, which their said late Majesties then had, or might, or ought to have bad of, in, and to the premisses, or any part or parcel thereof, by force of the aforesaid several acts of settlement or explanation, or either of them, or otherwise howsoever, to hold unto the said Narcissus archbishop of Dublin, and his successors, archbishops of Dublin, for ever; to the use of the said archbishop and bis successors for ever, paying therefore thereout yearly, unto their said late Majesties and their successors, the several yearly rents therein particularly mentioned, amounting in the whole to the sum of nine pounds, eighteen shillings, and eleven pence balfpenny, to be paid into the Exchequer of the kingdom of Ireland, at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel, and the annunciation of the bloffed virgin Mary, half-yearly, and whereas by reason the late archbishop of Dublin, did not prosecute a claim made of the said premisses in the right of his church, before the

persons nominated and appointed trustees for the putting in execution

the powers and authorities relating to the forfeited and other effates

of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by sale of the forseited

and other estates and interests in Ireland, and by a land-tax, for the several purposes therein mentioned, the said erthbishes of

Archbishop not profecuting a claim of the premisses before the truftees, in right of his church. 11 & 12 W. 3. چ کی

by the trufrees to Dr. William King, lord archbishop of Dublin, and his beire.

Dublin was put out of possession of all and singular the said premisses, and the same were exposed and put to sale by the said trustees, as the estate The same sold of the said Bartholomew Russel: and whereas by indenture bearing date on or about the twenty third day of June, in the year of our Lard one thousand seven hundred and three, made, or mentioned to be made, between Sir Ceryll Wych knight, Francis Annelley efq; John Baggs esq; John Trenchard esq; John Isham esq; Henry Langford esq; James Hooper esq; John Cary gentleman, Sir Henry Shere knight, Thomas Harrison esq; William Fellowes esq; and Thomas Rawlins esq; surviving trustees, nominated and appainted for putting in execution the powers and authorities relating to the forfeited and other estates and interests in Ireland, enacted in and by the aforesaid act, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his majesty by fale of the forfeited and other estates and interests in Ireland. and by a land-tax, for the feveral purposes therein mentioned,

11 & 12 W. 3. Ç. 2.

> of the one part, and the most reverend father in God, doctor William King, lord archbisbop of Dublin, of the other part, the said

Sir Ceryll Wych, Francis Annefley, John Baggs, John Trenchard, John Isham, Henry Langford, James Hooper, John Cary, Sir Henry Shere, Thomas Harrison, William Fellowes. and Thomas Rawlins, pursuant to the said act of parliament, and to another all of parliament then lately made, intituled, An act for 1 Anne, flat. advancing the fale of the forfeited estates in Ireland, and for yest- 2. c. 21. ing such as remained unfold by the then trustees, in her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for such uses as the same were before vefted in the faid truftees, and for the more effectual felling and fetting the faid estates in protestants, and for explaining several acts relating to the lord Bophen and sir Redmund Everard, and in execution of the powers and authorities to them thereby given, and in consideration of the sum of three thousand one hundred and five For 310sl. pounds sterling, paid and secured to be paid by the said doctor Wil-sterling. liam King, lord archbishop of Dublin, in such manner as therein is mentioned, for the absolute purchase of the lands therein and berein after mentioned, they the faid trustees did bargain and sell unto the faid dector William King, archbifbop of Dublin, all that and those the town and lands of Seatown, containing by estimation two hundred thirty four acres, and thirty two perches profitable land, plantation measure, more or less; Newtown containing one bundred and seventeen acres, and like land and measure, more or less; Blackall and Gamble, containing one hundred and seventy acres, and like land and measure more or less; and all those lands known by the name of Smith's land, with the several gardens, plots, and cabins in the sown of Swords; and all that parcel of land in Broad Meadow, containing two acres, three roods, and fixteen perches profitable land, plantation measure, be the same more or less; lately belonging to the faid Bartholomew Russell, attainted as aforesaid; with all meffuages, edifices, ways, waters, watercourses, woods, underwoods, commons, and all other rights, members, appendencies, and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wife appertaining, and the reversions and remainders thereof, to hold to the faid doctor William King, lord archbishop of Dublin, his beirs and assigns, subject to a yearly quit rent of nine pounds eighteen shillings eleven pence half penny reserved to her Majesty, her heirs, and successors, as by the faid recited letters patents, deed and other proceedings, relation being thereunto had, may more at large appear: and whereas by virtue of the said last recited indenture, the inheritance of the said town and lands herein last-mentioned, was vested in the said lord archbisbop of Dublin, and his beirs, in his natural capacity, the benefit of which grant and conveyance (although the same is of very great advantage) be the faid William lord archbifbop of Dublin is willing to quit, for that the faid lands may be reflored to the church: to the intent therefore that the pious intentions of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, in granting the faid town, lands, and premisses to the see of Dublin may take effect, May it please your most excellent Majesty, That it may be enacted, &c.

town and lands, &c. fold by trustees, &c. vested in the said archbishop, and his successors for ever, and annexed to the revenues of the see. Subject to the yearly rent to the Queen. Archbishop to be reimbursed his N 2

Anno quinto ANNÆ. C.1-2.

[1706.

purchase money, by army debentures. Leases of lands, &c. vested in archbishop shall be made at the improved rent, and to protestants only. Leases made at less than full yearly rent, successor may avoid the same.

CAP. XXVII.

An act for the impropriate tithes of the parish of Saint Bridget alias Brides, London.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ quinto.

A T the parliament summoned to be beld at Westminster the sourteenth day of June, Anno Dom. 1705. in the sourte year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the saith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations to the sive and twentieth day of October, 1705; and then begun and holden being the sirst session of this present parliament. And from thence continued by several prorogations to the third day of December, 1706, being the second session of this it is added, and present parliament.

• In the roll
it is added, and
further continued by adjournments
till the eighth
day of April
in the fixth
year of her
Majefty's
reign.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty by a land tax to be raised in the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, 42. in the pound. EXP.

CAP. II.

An act for continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven. EXP.

CAP. III.

An all for the settling of the bonours and dignities of John duke of Marlborough upon his posterity, and annexing the bonour and manor of Woodstock, and house of Bleinheim, to go along with the said honours.

HEREAS the lords spiritual and temporal in parliament afsembled, having with much satisfaction considered the many
great actions which John duke of Marlborough has performed in her
Majesty's service, to the honour of his country, and for the good of
the common cause of Europe, (such actions as the wisest and greatest people have rewarded with statues and triumphs) and being extremely desirous to express the just sense they have of his merit in a peculiar and distinguishing manner, and in order to perpetuate the memory thereof, that his titles and honours, with his right of precedence,
might be settled and continued in his posterity by act of parliament, as
the method most effectual for that end, and best suiting so great an
occasion: yet having always a just regard for the prerogatives of the
crown (her Majesty being the sole sountain of honour) thought it their
duty, in the sirst place, by their humble address, to have recourse to
her Majesty for her royal allowance, before any order given for bring-

ing in a bill of such a nature; and by their said address did humbly desire, ber Majesty would be graciously pleased to let them know, in subat manner it would be most acceptable to her Majesty, the said titles and beneurs should be limited: in answer whereto, her Majesty bath been pleased most graciously to declare, that nothing could be more acceptable to ber than the faid address, and that she was entirely satisfied spith the services of the duke of Marlborough, and therefore could not but be pleased they bad so just a sense of them; and did thereby declare her reyal intention to be, That after the determination of the estate which the duke of Marlborough now has in his titles and howours, the same should be limited in such manner as is berein after declared and enacted; and her Majesty was pleased in her most gracious answer to the said address, further to declare, That she thought it ewould be proper that the honour and manor of Woodstock, and the bouse of Bleinheim, should always go along with the titles, and did therefore recommend that matter to their consideration: and the duke of Marlborough thereupon declaring, that he had made it his humble request to her Majesty, and did now desire, That the manor and park of Honour and Woodstock, and the bouse of Bleinheim, after the decease of the manor of dutchess of Marlborough, should go along, and be enjoyed with the and house of titles: and whereas the said John duke of Marlborough, was by Blenheim. several letters patents, created baron Churchill of Sandridge, and earl of Marlborough, to him and the heirs males of his body: and by Baron letters patents, bearing date the fourteenth day of December, in the Sandridge and first year of her now Majesty's reign, was created marquess of Bland-earl of Mariford, and duke of Marlborough, to him and the beirs males of his borough, marbody: therefore for perpetuating the memory of the several great quess of Blandactions performed by the faid duke, and for fettling and conti-ford, and nuing the titles and honours aforesaid, and the right of prece- duke of Mariborough. dence, in his posterity; may it please your most excellent Majefty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That in default of heirs males of the body of the faid duke of Marl-Duke of borough issuing, the states, degree, stiles, titles, dignities, and Marlbohonours, aforesaid, shall continue, remain, be vested in, and rough's titles, shall be held and enjoyed by the lady Harriot, eldest daughter of &c. to be enthe faid duke of Marlborough, and wife of Francis Godolphin esquire, lady Hariott fon and heir apparent of Sidney lord Godolphin, lord high treasurer Godolphin, of England, and the heirs males of her body begotten: and for de- and her heirs fault of fuch issue, shall continue, remain, be vested in, and held male, ac. and enjoyed by Anne counters of Sunderland, second daughter of the faid duke of Marlborough, and wife of Charles earl Sunderland, and the heirs males of her body begotten: and for default of Anne counters such iffue, shall continue, remain, be vested in, and held and en-of Sunderland, joyed by Elizabeth counters of Bridgewater, third daughter of the Elizabeth said duke of Marlborough, and wife of Scroope earl of Bridge-counters of evater, and the heirs males of her body begotten: and for de-Bridgwater, fault of such issue, shall continue, remain, be vested in, and Lady Mary held and enjoyed by the lady Mary, youngest daughter of the Monthermer,

faid

N 3

faid duke of Marlberough, and wife of Fohn Montagu esquire. called marquels of Montbermer, fon and heir apparent of Ralph duke of Montagu, and the heirs males of her body begotten: and for default of such iffue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the faid duke of Marlborough, to be begotten, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing, the elder of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred and take before the younger of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, and be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the faid lady Harriott Godolphin begotten, and the heirs males of the body of fuch first daughter begotten: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the said lady Harriott Godolphin, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the said Anne counters of Sunderland begotten, and the heirs males of the body of such first daughter begotten: and for want of fuch issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the faid Anne counters of Sunderland begotten, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body to be preferred and take before the younger of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the said Elizabeth, countess of Bridgwater begotten, and the heirs males of the body of such first daughter begotten: and for want of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the said Elizabeth countels of Bridgwater begotten, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of such daughters and the heirs males of her body to be preferred and take before the younger of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the faid lady Mary Montagu begotten, and the heirs males of the body of such first daughter begotten: and for want of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held

held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daugh. ters of the body of the faid lady Mary Montagu begotten, severally and successively, one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth; the elder of such daughters, and the heirs mades of her body to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body: and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in. and held and enjoyed by all and every daughter and daughters of every other daughter of the faid duke of Marlborough to be begotten, severally and successively, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing: the elder daughter of every such daughter, and the heirs males of her body to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body; the daughzer and daughters of the elder of fuch hereafter to be born daughters, and the heirs males of her and their respective bodies iffuing, to be preferred, and take in manner aforesaid, before the daughter and daughters of the younger of such afterborn daughters: and for default of such issue, to all and every other the issue male and semale lineally descending of or from the faid duke of Marlborough, in such manner, and for such estate, as the same are before limited to the before-mentioned iffize of the faid duke; it being intended, and hereby enacted, That the faid honors shall continue, remain, and be vested in all the iffue of the faid duke, so long as any such issue male or female shall continue, and be held and enjoyed by them severally and succeffively, in manner and form aforesaid; the elder and the descendents of every elder issue to be preferred before the younger of fuch issue.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Dukes daughall and every the daughters of the said duke of Marlborough, and ters to whom the heirs males of their respective bodies, and all and every the faid hodaughters of each and every daughter of the said duke of come, to have Mariberough, and the heirs males of their respective bodies, the same place and all other persons, to whom the said honours, titles, and and precedignities shall come, and when, and as the same shall come dence, &c. unto them respectively, according to the limitations in this act, -Ihall in all affemblies and places, have and enjoy the same place and precedence as the faid duke of Marlborough, or any the heirs males of his body hath or ought to have or enjoy, by virtue of the faid letters patents bearing date the faid fourteenth day

of December, in the first year of her Majesty's reign.

III. And to the intent that the honour, maner, and park of Wood- Entail of the Rock in the county of Oxford, and the house now eresting there, honour of called Bleinheim, and the hundred of Wootton in the faid county, Bleinheim and all other the manors, meffuages, lands, tenements, and beredita- house, and the ments, robich in and by certain letters patents under the great seal of hundred of England, bearing date the fifth day of May, in the fourth year of Wootton. ber Majesty's weign, were by ber Majesty, pursuant to an act of parliament passed in the then last session of parliament, granted to the said duke of Marlborough and his beirs, and the advousens thereby N 4

granted, may always go along and be enjoyed with the titles, benears, and dignities aforesaid, as hereafter is mentioned; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, that the faid duke of Marlberough shall stand and be seized of all the said honour, manor, and park of Woodslock, manors, house, and premisses, granted by the faid last-mentioned letters patents, for and during the term of his natural life, without impeachment of waste; and from and after his decease the same shall be and remain untoand be held and enjoyed by Sarah dutchess of Marlbornugh. wife of the faid duke, for and during the term of her natural life; and from and after her decease the same shall be and remain unto, and be held and enjoyed by the heirs males of the body of the faid duke of Marlborough begotten; and for default of fuch issue, then the same shall be and remain unto, and be held and enjoyed by all and every the daughters of the faid duke of Marlberough, and the heirs males of their respective bodies iffuing, and all others severally and successively, in such manner as the faid titles, honours, and dignities aforefaid are herein before expressed and limited to go, and be enjoyed.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, grant leafes of That the said duke of Marlbarough, and after his decease the faid dutchess of Marlborough, shall have full power and authority, by deed indented, to make any leafe or leafes in pofferfion, of all or any of the faid manors, hundred, messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments aforefaid (other than and except the house called Bleinbeim, and the park of Woodstock) for any number of years, not exceeding one and twenty years, or for any number of years determinable upon one, two, or three lives, reserving the best and most improved rent that can then be had

cept of the house and for 21 years. for the same, without taking any fine.

Meither the duke nor his heirs, &c. fball bar any person on whom the premilles are limited from enjoying the faine, &c.

Duke may

park,

any the ma-

nors, &c. ex-

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That neither the faid duke of Marlberough, or the heirs males of his body, nor any of his daughters, or the heirs males of their bodies, or any other person to whom the premisses shall come or descend by virtue of the limitations aforesaid, shall have any power by fine or recovery, or any other act, assurance or conveyance in the law, to hinder, bar, or disinherit any the perfon or perfons to or upon whom the faid manors, house, lands, tenements, hereditaments or premisses, are hereby vested or limited, from holding or enjoying the same, according to the limitations before in this act mentioned, other than and except such leases as the said duke and dutchess may make, by virtue of the powers herein before-mentioned, and fuch other leafes as tenants in tail may and are enabled to make, by virtue of the statute made in the two and thirtieth year of 33 H. S. c. 28. the reign of King Heary the Eighth, and grants of lands or tenements held by copy of court roll, according to the customs of the respective manors aforesaid; but all such fines, recoveries, act, assurances and conveyances, other than such leases, and grants by copy, as aforefaid, shall be, and are hereby declared and enacted to be void.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Act to be a That this act shall be adjudged, deemed, and taken, in all publick act. cases, and in all courts and places, a publick act.

CAP. IV.

An act for settling upon John duke of Marlborough and bis posterity, a pension of sive thousand pounds per annum, for the more bonourable support of their dignities, in like manner as his honours and dignities, and the honour and manor of Woodstock, and bouse of Bleinheim, are already limited and settled.

MOST gracious sovereign, Whereas the most noble John duke VI of Mariborough, was by several letters patents, created bazon Churchill of Sandridge, and earl of Marlborough, to him and the heirs males of his body: and by other letters patents, bearing date the fourteenth day of December, in the first year of your Majesty's reign, in consideration of his great and eminent services to your Majesty and your allies, as well by his prudent negotiations as your Majefty's plenipotentiary at the Hagne, where to the mutual advantage of your Majesty and the States General of the United provinces, he settled an intire confidence between your Majesty and the States General, as by his valour and good conduct in the command of the confederate armies abroad, was created marquis of Blandford, and duke of Marlborough, to bim and the heirs males of his body; and whereas by other letters patents under the great seal of England, bearing date the two and twentieth day of December, in the first year of your Majesty's reign, your Majesty was gracionsty pleased, as a further mark of your royal favour and fatisfaction with his fervices aforesaid, and for the better support of his said dignity, to give and grant unto the said John duke of Marlborough, one annuity or grant unto the said John duke of Muriborough, one annuity or yearly pension of stree thousand pounds of lawful English money, to be annum grantissuing and payable out of the rents, issues, profits, incomes, revenues, ed to the duke sum and sums of money whatseever, due and payable, or which should of Maribofrom time to time arise, grow, due, or be payable out of, by, or in re-rough, out of spect of your Majesty's general letter office, post office, or office of post the post office, master general, or for or by reason of the postage or carriage of letters, packets, or other things within your Majesty's kingdom of England, or elsewhere, to have, receive, and enjoy the suid annuity or yearly pension of five thousand pounds, unto the said John duke of Markborough, and the beirs males of his body, for and during your Ma-jessy's natural life, the same to be computed from the feast of Saint Queen's life Michael the archangel then last past, and to be paid quarterly at the Queen's life, four most usual feasts or terms in the year (that is to say) the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John the Baptist, and Saint Michael the archangel, by even and equal portions: and whereas an act paffed in the third year of your Majesty's reign, instituted, An act for the 3 & 4 Annes better enabling her Majesty to grant the honour and manor of c. 6. Woodflock, with the hundred of Wootton, to the duke of Marlberough and his heirs, in confideration of the eminent fervices

Presemble of the act.

The duke of Marlborough's servi-

mentioned and recited. That the eminent and unparallel d services of the faid duke to your Majesty and the crown of England, were well known, not only to your Majesty and all your subjects, but to all Europe; and that the alliances which your Majefly's royal brother King William the Third, of glorious memory, bad, in a little time before his death, contracted, by the ministry of the faid duke, as his Majesty's ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the States General of the United Provinces, for preserving the liberties of Europe against the ambition of France, were immediately after your Majesty's happy accession to the throne, by the said duke, then employed by your Majesty in the same character, confirmed and improved, and chat others were contracted, whereby the confederacy, which had been diffolyed at the end of the last war, was re-united in a stricter and firmer league; and that in the first year of your Majesty's reign, the faid duke of Marlborough had so well executed his commission of captain general and commander in chief of your Majesty's forces, that he not only secured and extended the frontier of Holland, by taking the towns and fortresses of Venlo, Ruremond, Stevenswart and Liege, but soon obliged the enemy, (who had been at the gates of Nemeghen) to feek shelter behind their lines; and in the next campaign, by taking Bon, Huy, and Limburg, added all the country between the Rhine and the Macs to the conquests of the preceding year; and that in the memorable year one thousand seven hundred and four, when your Majesty was generously pleased to take the resolution of restaing the empire from that immediate rain, to which, by the defection of the electer of Bavaria, it was exposed, the measures, which by your Majesty's wildom and goodness had been devised and concerted, were pursued by the said duke with the utmost diligence, secrecy, and good conduct, in leading the forces of your Majesty and your allies, by a long and difficult merch, to the banks of the Danube; where the faid duke im-Schellenbergh mediately upon his arrival, did attack and force the Bavarians, (assisted by the French) in their strong intrenchments at Schellenadvantage of number and fituation) gain'd the most absolute and glo--ribus victory as bad been recorded in the history of any age, by which

Battle of

Battle of Bleinheim.

bergh, passed the Danube, distressed the country of Bavaria, and a fecond time fought the enemy, who had been reinferced by a royal army of the French King's best troops, commanded by a marybal of France, and on the second day of August, one thousand seven hundred and four, after a bloody battle at Bleinheim (although the enemy had the Bavaria being intirely reduced, and Rutisbon, Augsbourgh, Ulm, Memminghen, and other imperial towns recovered, the liberty of the diet and the peace of the empire were restored, and Landau, Treeves, and Traarbach being taken, the war was carried into the dominions of France; all which happy atchievements of the faid duke apparently tended, not only to the honour and safety of your Majesty and your subjects, and of their posterity, but also towards the fature tranquility of Europe; and that your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal fubjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, thought themselves thereupon obliged in an humble address to your Majesty, to express their sense of the said glorious victories, and bumbly to desire **FORT**

your Majesty; That you would be graciously pleased to consider of some proper means to perpetuate the memory of such signal services; and that your Majesty was thereupon pleased to signify your intention to grant the interest of the crown in the bonor and manor of Wood-Honour of Rock and bundred of Wootton to the said duke and his heirs; Woodstock, whereupon at the humble petition of your Majesty's most dutiful and &c. loyal commons, it was enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for your Majesty by any letters patents, under the great seal of England, to give and grant unto the said John duke of Marlborough, and his beirs and affigns for ever, all that the faid bonor and manor of Woodstock, and the bundred of Wootton, and the park of Woodstock in the county of Oxon, and divers other manors, messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, in the said recited att particularly mentioned or described; to be held of your Majesty, your Tenura beirs and successors, as of your castle of Windsor, in free and com-mon soccage, by fealty, rendring to your Majesty, your beirs and successors, on the second day of August yearly for ever, at your said castle of, Windsor, one standard or colours with three flower de luces painted thereupon, for all manner of rents, services, exactions, and demands what sever: in pursuance of which said act of parliament, your Majesty by your letters patents, bearing date the fifth day of May, in the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, was graciously pleased to grant all that the said honor and manor of Woostock and bundred of Wootton, and divers other manors, messuages, lands, tenements, and bereditaments, in the faid letters patents particularly mentioned or described, to the said duke of Marlborough, his beirs and affigns for ever: and whereas in the beginning of the year, one thousand seven hundred and five, the said duke of Marlborough led your Majesty's forces, and those of the allies to the Moselle, where, by the progress made in the preceding year, a fair prospect was afforded of removing the war from the countries of your allies, into the enemy's own territories, but that great defign, through unforeseen acfidents, was rendred impracticable; and the enemy taking advantage of the remoteness of your said general, and the troops under his command, press d the armies of the States General, which were left for the defence of their frontiers, with a superior force : on this extraordinary occasion, the duke shew'd all the parts of a great captain, and at the same time the zeal he had for your Majesty's service, and true regard to your allies; by a speedy march he returned to the Macs, where a new face of affairs immediately appeared, and your Majesty's good allies the States General were delivered from the uneafiness they were under, Leige was relieved, Huy retaken, and the enemies obliged to retire behind their lines, which they thought impregnable; but the said duke, with a surprizing conduct and bravery, on the seventh day of July, one thousand seven hundred and five, with an in-Lines forced. considerable loss, forced the same, defeated great part of the enemy's forces, and obliged their whole army to a precipitate retreat; and although all the advantages were not obtained which the duke had propofed to bimself from that success, yet it confirmed the minds of your Majesty's allies, and produced that happy consequence of the duke's being intrusted with such a power, as gave him an opportunity of performing those great actions, which were executed in the last glorious campaign:

beirs

mellies.

campaign; in which the enemy confiding in the superiority of their army, composed of their choicest troops, gave the duke of Mariborough an opportunity of attacking them, which he did at Ramellies, on the twelfth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fix, with fuch resolution and conduct, that in two hours time he obtained a most compleat and glorious victory, and prosecuted his advantage without any intermission during the whole campaign: the battle of Ramellies was followed by the immediate furrender of Louvain, Bruffels, Ma-Battle of Ralines, Liere, Gant, Oudenard, Antwerp, Dam, Bruges, and Courtray, and the taking of Oftend, Menin, Dendermond, and Acth; most of which places had heretofore employed the greatest generals whole campaigns in their fieges: and thus almost the entire Spanish Netherlands, which had been contended for so many ages were conquered in one summer: and whereas by an act passed in this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for the settling of c Ann. C. 3. the honours and dignities of John duke of Marlberough upon his posterity, and annexing the honour and manor of Woodhock. and house of Bleinheim, to go along with the said honours, it was for perpetuating the memory of the several great actions performed by the faid duke, and for fettling and continuing the above-mentioned feveral titles and honours, and the right of precedence, in his posterity, amongst divers other things therein contained, enacted, That in de-Entail of the fault of beirs males of the body of the said duke of Marlborough issuing, the states, degree, stiles, titles, dignities, and bonours afore-Jaid, should continue, remain, he vested in, and should be held and enjoyed by the lady Harriott, eldest daughter of the said duke of Marlborough, and wife of Francis Godolphin efquire, fon and beir apparent of Sidney lord Godolphin, lord high treasurer of England, and the heirs males of her body begotten; and for default of fuch iffue, should continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by Anne countess of Sunderland, second daughter of the said duke of Marlborough, and wife of Charles earl of Sunderland, and

the beirs males of her body begotten; and for default of fuch issue, should continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by Elizabeth countefs of Bridgwater, third daughter of the faid duke of Marlborough, and wife of Scroope earl of Bridgwater, and the heirs males of her body begotten; and for default of such issue, should continue, remain, be vefted in, and held and enjoyed by the lady Mary, youngest daughter of the said duke of Mariborough, and wise of John Montagu esquire, called marquiss of Monthermer, son and heir apparent of Ralph duke of Montagu, and the heirs males of her body begotten; and for default of fuch iffue, then to continue, remain, and be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the faid duke of Mariborough, to be begotten, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies isfuing; the elder of such daughters and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred, and take before the younger of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body; and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the faid lady Harriott Godolphin begotten, and the

duke of Mariborough's honours.

beirs males of the body of fuch first daughter begotten; and for default of fuch issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the faid lady Harriott Godolphin, severally and successively ene after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the beirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of such daughters and the beirs males of ber body, to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body; and for default of fuch issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and beld and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the said Anne countefs of Sunderland begetten, and the heirs males of the body of fuch first daughter begetten; and for want of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vefted in, and beld and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the faid Anne countess of Sunderland begotten, severally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the heirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred, and take before the younger of such daughters, and the beirs males of her body, and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vefted in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the said Elizabeth countess of Bridgwater begotten, and the heirs males of the body of such first daughter begotten, and for want of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the said Elizabeth countess of Bridgwater begotten, Toverally and successively one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the beirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of her body; and for default of fuch isfue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by the first daughter of the body of the said lady Mary Montagu begotten, and the heirs males of the body of fuch first daughter begotten; and for want of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and held and enjoyed by all and every other the daughter and daughters of the body of the said lady Mary Montagu begotten, severally and successively, one after the other, as they shall be in priority of birth; the elder of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body, to be preferred, and take before the younger of such daughters, and the heirs males of her body; and for default of such issue, then to continue, remain, be vested in, and beld and enjoyed by all and every daughter and daughters of every other daughter of the said duke of Marlborough to be begotten, severally and fuccessively, as they shall be in priority of birth, and the beirs males of their respective bodies issuing; the elder daughter of every fuch daughter, and the beirs males of her body, to be preferred and take before the younger of fuch daughters, and the heirs males of ber body; the daughter and daughters of the elder of such then after to be born daughters, and the heirs males of ber and their respective bodies issuing, to be preferred and take, in manner aforesaid, before the daughter and daughters of the younger of such after born daughters; and for default of such issue, to all and every other the issue Intail of Woodstock. Bleinheim, and Wootton.

male and female lineally descending of or from the said duke of Mariborough, in such manner, and for such estate, as the same are by the faid all limited to the before-mentioned iffue of the faid duke; it being intended, and thereby enacted, That the faid honours should continue, remain, and be vefted in all the iffue of the faid duke, fo long as any such issue male or female shall continue, and be held and enjoyed by them severally and successively, in manner and form aforesaid; the elder and the descendents of every elder issue to be preferred before the younger of fuch issue: and to the intent that the said honour, manor. and park of Woodstock, and the house erecting there, called Bleinheim, and the hundred of Wootton, and all other the manors, messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, which in and by the faid letters patents under the great feal of England, bearing date the faid fifth day of May, in the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, were by your Majesty, pursuant to the said act of parliament passed in the third year of your Majesty's reign, granted to the said duke of Marlborough, and his heirs, and the advowsons by the said letters patents also granted, might akways go along, and be enjoyed with the titles, bonours, and dignities, as aforesaid, as therein after is mentioned, it was thereby further enacted, That the faid duke of Marlborough should stand and be seized of all the said honour, manor, and park of Woodstock, manors, house, and premisses, granted by the faid last-mentioned letters patents, during his life, without impeachment of waste; and from and after his decease, that the same should be and remain unto, and he held and enjoyed by Sarah dutchefs of Marlborough, wife of the faid duke, for and during the term of ber natural life; and from and after ber decease, the same should be and remain unto, and be beld and enjoyed by the beirs males of the body of the said duke of Marlborough, begotten; and for default of fuch issue, that then the same should be and remain unto, and be beld and enjoyed by all and every the daughters of the said duke of Mariborough, and the heirs male of their respective bodies issuing, and all others severally and successively, in such manner as the said titles, honours and dignities aforesaid are therein before expressed and limited to go, and be enjoyed: and 'twas thereby provided and enacted, That neither the said duke of Marlborough, or the heirs male of his body, nor any of his daughters, or the heirs males of their bodies, or any other person to whom the premisses should come or descend by virtue of the limitations aforefaid, should have any power, by fine or recovery, or any other act, assurance, or conveyance in the law, to hinder, bar, or disinherit any the person or persons to or upon whom the said manors. house, lands, tenements, hereditaments, or premisses, were thereby vested or limited, from holding or enjoying the same, according to the limitations in the faid act mentioned (other than and except such leases as the said duke and dutchess might make, by virtue of the powers therein before-mentioned, and fuch other leases as tenants in tail might and were enabled to make, by virtue of the statute made in the two and 32 H. S c. 28. thirtieth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, and grants of lands or tenements held by copy of court roll, according to the cuftoms of the respective manors aforesaid) but that all such fines, recoveries, act, assurances, and conveyances, other than such leases and grants

grants by copy, at aforesaid, should be, and were thereby declared and enacted to be void. And whereas we your Majesty's most dutiful and Address of the loyal commons, taking into our consideration the many eminent services house of comof the faid duke of Marlborough, whereby the glery of your Maje-mons. sty's government, the honour and safety of your kingdoms; and the interest of the common cause have been so highly advanced, did with all submission address ourselves to your Majesty's most sacred person, bumbly to desire, That as your Majesty is, at your expense, graciously herears due pleased to erest the bouse of Bleinheim as a monument of his glorious for this work actions, and the house of peers, by your Majesty's permission, have provided for given rife to the said all passed in this present session for continuing by 1. Geo. 1. bis honours to his posterity, we your Majesty's most obedient commons stat. 2. C. 12. might be permitted to express our sense of so distinguishing a merit, 1. 34. and our ready disposition to enable your Majesty to make some provision for the more honourable support of his dignities in his posterity, in fuch manner as should be mast agreeable to your Majesty, whereby the gratitude of this whole kingdom might remain upon record to afterages, and encourage others to follow his great example; to which address your Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious answer, That your Majesty, in consideration of the great and eminent services performed by the said duke in the sirst year of your reign, as well by The Queen's his prudent negetiations as your Majesty's plenipotentiary at the Hague, answer. as by his valuer and good conduct in the command of the confederate armies abread, thought fit to grant to him and the heirs male of his body, the title of a duke of this realm; and as a further mark of your favour and satisfaction with his services, and for the better support of his dignity, your Majesty had granted to the said duke and the beirs male of his body, during your Majesty's life, a pension of sive thousand pounds per annum out of the revenue of the post office; and that an act baving passed this sessions for settling the honours and digmities of the said duke upon his posterity, and annexing the honor and manor of Woodstock and boule of Bleinheim to go along with the faid bonours; it would be very agreeable to your Majefty, if the penfion of five thousand pounds per annum be continued and limited by act of parliament to his posterity, for the more honourable support of their dignities, in like manner, as his honours and the honor and manor of Woodstock and house of Bleinheim are already limited and settled: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, duly considering your Majesty's mest gracious answer, and also the wife provision made by your Majesty, through your Majesty's abundant grace and goodness to your people, by an all passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, for preserving the inheritance of the several revenues of the crown, think ourselves obliged to transmit to all succeeding times the memory of so many glorious actions, together with the just sense of the kingdom, after what manner fuch transcendent merit ought to be rewarded; and thereupon do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That in

In lieu of the goool. per annum granted to the duke during the Queen's life,

socol. per annum to be paid out of 12 Car. 2. c.

quarterly,

to the duke, &c. and all limited.

How, and by whom the faid annuity shall be paid.

lieu of the faid annuity or yearly pension of five thousand nounds: by the faid letters patents, bearing date the two and twentiethday of December, in the first year of your Majesty's reigngranted to the faid duke of Marlborough, and the heirs males of his body, during your Majesty's life, as aforesaid, which, said pension is from henceforth to cease and determine, one annuity. or yearly pension of five thousand pounds of lawful money of England, shall be issuing and payable out of, and charged and chargeable upon all the revenues and monies arising, due and payable, or which shall arise, grow due, or be payable by virtue the post office, or in pursuance of an act of parliament made in the twelsth year. of the reign of her Majesty's royal uncle King Charles the Second, of bleffed memory, intituled, An all for eretting and effablishing a post office, or by virtue, or in pursuance of any other act or acts of parliament whatfoever, for establishing, vesting, or fettling the revenue of the general letter office, or post office, or office of post master general in the crown, or any other act or. acts of parliament relating to the faid office or revenue: and the same shall from time to time be paid quarterly, at the four most usual feasts, or days of payment in the year, (that is to say) the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John the baptist, the feast of St. Michael the archangel, and the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, in manner and form following, (that is to fay) to the faid duke of Mariborough, for and during the term of his natural life, and from and after his deothers, &c. in cease to Sarab dutchess of Marlborough, wife of the faid duke, the same man- for and during the term of her natural life; and from and after titles, &c., are her decease, to the heirs male of the body of the faid duke of Marlberough begotten; and for default of fuch iffue, to all and every the daughters of the faid duke of Marlborough, and the heirs male of their respective bodies issuing, and to all others severally and successively, in such manner as the said titles, bonours, and dignities aforefaid, are by the faid act made in this present session of parliament, expressed and limited to go and be enjoyed.

Il. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the faid annuity, or yearly pension of five thousand pounds hereby enacted to be paid, as aforefaid, shall be paid by the immediate hands of all and every the commissioners, post masters, farmers, treasurers, receivers, and collectors for the time being of the faid revenues respectively, by authority of this act, with-.. out any further or other warrant, order, or direction to be obtained for that purpose, and without any fees or charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any part thereof, unto the said Febn duke of Marlborough, and to all others severally and successively to whom the same shall, after the decease of the faid duke, come, descend, remain, or belong by virtue of this act, when and as they shall respectively become entitled to receive the fame, at the aforefaid four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, the first of the said payments to be made on the feast of the annunciation of the blesled virgin Mary DOW

now next enfuing, and the payment of the faid annuity, or yearly pension of five thousand pounds herein before enacted to be paid, as aforesaid shall not at any time hereafter be stop'd or delay'd by any order or direction whatfoever; and if the faid commissioners, post masters, farmers, treasurers, receivers, and collectors for the time being of the faid revenues, or any of them, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said annuity, or yearly pension of five thousand pounds hereby enacted to be paid, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, to the said duke of Marlborough, or any other person to whom the same after the decease of the faid duke shall come, descend, remain, or belong, by virtue of this act, then the faid duke and every other person respectively, being intitled to receive the same, as aforesaid, may sue, prosecute, and implead the said commissioners, post masters, farmers, treasurers, receivers general, and collectors, or any of them, and all or any of their securities, heirs, executors, and administrators, by bill, plaint, or action of debt, and shall and may recover judgments, and fue out executions thereupon, against the said commissioners, post masters, farmers, treasurers, receivers, and collectors respectively, and their respective securities, heirs, executors, and administrators, for such sum and sums of money then due and owing upon the faid annuity or yearly penfion, as shall be in the hands of the said commissioners, post masters, farmers, treasurers, receivers, and collectors respectively of the faid revenue, at the time when demand shall be made of the payment of the faid annuity or yearly pension, or any part thereof, or of any arrears thereof.

III. And tis hereby further enacted, That the acquittance or Duke's acacquittances of the laid duke, and of every other person to quittance a whom the said annuity or yearly pension of five thousand pounds, sufficient difafter the decease of the said duke, shall come, descend, remain, charge. or belong, by virtue of this act, expressing the receipt of any fum or fums of money in pursuance of this act, shall be a good and fufficient voucher and discharge for the payment thereof, and every such payment shall be allowed upon the respective account and accounts of the aforesaid officer and officers, person or persons paying the same, without any further or other warrant or authority whatfoever to be had or obtain'd for that purpofe.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the au-Neither the thority aforesaid, That neither the said duke of Marlborough, or duke nor his any other person to whom the said annuity or yearly pension of heirs, &c. to five thousand pounds hereby enacted to be paid, as aforesaid, ber any person shall come, descend, remain, or belong, by virtue of the limitation annuity is litions aforesaid, shall have power by any act, assurance or con-mitted from veyance in the law whatfoever, to hinder, bar, or difinherit any receiving the the person or persons, to whom the said annuity or yearly pen-same. sion is by virtue of this act limited or appointed to come, descend, or remain, from holding, enjoying, receiving, or taking the same according to the limitations thereof made by this act, but that every such act, assurance, or conveyance, thall be, and is hereby declared and enacted to be void.

V. Pro-Vol. XI.

Not to prejudice the payment of any annuity payable out of the post office, &c.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this prefent sercontained, shall extend, or be construed to take away, integrupt or prejudice the payment of any annuity, pension, or yearly fum of money whatfoever, issuing or payable out of, or charged or chargeable upon the faid revenue of the post office, granted or confirmed by or in pursuance of any act or acts of parliament, or by any letters patents under the great feat of England to any person or persons whatsoever, (except the said yearly pension of five thousand pounds granted by the said letters gatents, bearing date the faid two and twentieth day of December, in the first year of her Majesty's reign, to the said duke and the heirs males of his body during her Majesty's life, as aforesaid) but that every fuch annuity, pension, or yearly sum (except before excepted) shall continue, remain, and be payable as if this act had never been made; any thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof, in any wife notwithstanding.

Act to be a publick act.

VI. And be it declared and enacted by the authority aforcated, That this act shall be adjudged, deemed, and taken, in all cases, and in all courts, and places, to be a publick act.

CAP. V.

EXP.

An act for securing the church of England as by law established.

Acts 13 Eliz. c. 12. and 13 and 14 Car. a. c. 4. &c. to be in force for ever.

Queen's successors at their coronation to take an oath to maintain the church of England, &c. This act to be for ever an essential part of any treaty of union, &c.

This all is inferted in the all of the union, 5 An. c. 8 f. 7. Sc. and is therefore omitted here.

CAP. VI.

An all for repedling a clause in an all, instituted, An all for the better apprehending, prosecuting, and punishing felons that commit burglaries, house-breaking, or robberies in shops, ware-houses, coach-houses, or stables, or that steal horses.

10 & 11 W. 3. C. 23.

XX7HEREAS by an act made in the tenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled. An act for the better apprehending, profecuting, and punishing felons that commit burglaries, house-breaking, or rebbery in shops, ware-houses, coach-houses, or stables, or that steal horses; it is (amongst other things) enacted, That from and after the twentieth day of May, one thousand fix hundred ninety nine, all and every person and persons, who should be convicted of or for any these or larceny, and fould have the benefit of the clergy allowed thereupons or suight to be burnt in the hand for fuch offence, instead of being burnt in the hand, should be burnt in the most visible part of the lest cheek nearest the nose: and whereas it bath been found by experience, that the faid punishment hath not had its defired effect, by deterring fuch offenders from the further committing such crimes and offences, but on the contrany. fuch offenders being rendered thereby unfit to be intrusted in any service or employment to get their livelihood in any honest and latoful way, become the more desperate; be it enacted by the Queen's most excelexcellent majefty, by and with the advice and confent of the Clause for lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present par-burning of ofliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from fenders in the and after the fourteenth day of February, which shall be in the cheek, reyear of our Lord one thouland feven hundred and fix, fo much of the faid act as inflicts or concerns the inflicting the faid punishment of burning in the cheek, shall be and is hereby

repealed. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Offenderstobe in all cases where any person or persons shall, from and after the burnt in the faid fourteenth day of February, be convicted of any theft or hand, as forlarceny, and shall have the benefit of this act allowed thereupon, or ought by the laws in force before the making the faid act. to be burned in the hand for such offence, shall be burnt in the hand, as formerly they should or ought to have been before the making of the faid act; and the judge or justices before whom fuch offender or offenders shall be tried and convicted, shall also, at his or their discretion, award and give judgment, That And commitsuch offender and offenders shall be committed to some house of ted to workcorrection or publick work-house within the county, city, town, house, &c. for or place where such conviction shall be, there to be, remain, and 6 months, &c. be kept, without bail or mainprize, for fuch time as fuch judge or justices shall then judge and award, not less than six months, and not exceeding two years, to be accounted from the time of such conviction, and an entry thereof shall be made of record, pursuant to such judgment and award, and such offender and offenders so judged and awarded to remain and be kept in such house of correction or publick work-house, shall be there set at work, and kept at hard labour for and during fuch time as shall be fo adjudged and recorded; and in case such person or persons Penalty on shall refuse or neglect to work and labour as they ought to do, such as refuse the master or keeper of such house of correction or publick to work. work-house respectively, is hereby required to give such persons fuch due correction as shall be fit and necessary in that behalf.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, If offenders That in case any such offender or offenders shall, after such escape and be judgment given, escape out of prison, or out of such house of retaken, to be committed unto as aforefaid such perfor or perfore hair to work-house committed unto, as aforesaid, such person or persons, being af- for 12 months, terwards retaken, shall be brought before some or one of her &c. Majesty's judges, or before two or more justices of the peace (whereof one to be of the Quorum) of fuch county, city, town, or place, where such offender or offenders shall be so retaken; which judge or justices are hereby required to commit such offender and offenders to some house of correction or publick work-house, within fuch county, city, town, or place, where he, the, or they shall be for retaken, there to remain without bail or mainprize for any time not less than twelve months, and not exceeding four years, to be accounted from the time of such retaking, and there be let at work and kept at hard labour, and receive fuch due correction, as aforefaid; and in case any master

and kept at hard labour. or keeper of any house of correction, or publick work-house, shall neglect to do his duty, as above directed, any judge or judice of affize or gaol delivery, upon complaint, and due proof thereof upon the oath of one or more witnesses to him made, shall be, and is hereby impowered to remove every such person from his said office.

Felons convict, to have benefit of this act, without to read, &c.

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VI. And for a smuch as when any person is convicted for any felony within the benefit of clergy, upon his prayer to have the benefit thereof allowed to him, it bath been used to administer a book to him to try being required whether he can read as a clerk, which by experience is found to be of no use; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid fourteenth day of February, if any person be convicted of any fuch felony, for which he ought to have had the benefit of his clergy, if this act had not been made, and shall pray to have the benefit of this act, he shall not be required to read, but without any reading, shall be allowed, taken, and reputed to be, and punished as, a clerk convict, which shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes, and be as advantageous to him, as if he had read as a clerk; any thing in this act, or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VII.

Am act for regulating and afcertaining the duties to be paid by the unfreemen importers of coals into the port and borough of Great Yarmouth.

in the county of Norfolk.

From 25 March, 1707, persons not freemen of corporation of Great Yarmouth, may import and fell coals there, paying 6d. per chalder, and 6d. ob. per chalder, for ballaft. On paying rate, corporation to furnish importers with ballaft. Importers, &c. not freemen, to pay 4s. 6d. for pilottage, &c. besides a halfpenny per chalder coal tonnage. All persons except freemen to pay the duties, &cc. Ships, tackle, &cc. may be detained for duties not paid, and diffres sold, &c. Not to impeach duties granted by 10 & 11 W. 3. C. 5. Sixty pounds yearly payable out of duties, &c. to chamberlain of Norwich, for cleaning and depthning the rivers Yarr, Waveney, and the North River, &c. 10 & 11 W. 3. C. 5. Mayor, &c. of Norwich in common council to dispose of the monies, &c. Mayor, &c. of Norwich may levy money by warrant, &c. Provilo for cleanfing the river to Dilham. Not to alter 16 Car. 2. Saving of right to all perions, &cc.

CAP. VIII.

An act for an union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland.

Mostagracious Sovereign,

ITHEREAS articles of union were agreed on, the twomen fe-VV cond day of July, in the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, by the commissioners nominated on behalf of the kingdom of England, under your Majesty's great seal of England, bearing date at West-minster the tenth day of April then last past, in pursuance of an act of parliament made in England, in the third year of your Majefty's reign, and the commissioners nominated on the behalf of the kingdom of Scotland, under your Majesty's great seal of Scotland, bearing date the twenty seventh day of February, in the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, in pursuance of the fourth all of the third session of

the present parliament of Scotland, to treat of and concerning an union of the said kingdoms: and whereas an act hath passed in the parliament of Scotland at Edinburgh, the sixteenth day of January, in the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, wherein 'tis mentioned, That the estates of parliament considering the said articles of union of the two kingdoms, bad agreed to and approved of the faid articles of union, with some additions and explanations, and that your Majesty. with advice and confent of the estates of parliament, for establishing the protestant religion and presbyterian church government within the kingdom of Scotland, had paffed in the same session of parliament an all, intituled, An act for fecuring of the protestant religion and presbyterian church government, which by the tenor thereof was appointed to be inserted in any act ratifying the treaty, and expressy declared to be a fundamental and effential condition of the faid treaty or union in all times coming: the tenor of which articles, as ratified and approved of, with additions and explanations by the faid all of parliament of Scotland, follows:

ARTICLE I.

THAT the two kingdoms of England and Scotland shall up Union of the on the first day of May, which shall be in the year one two kingdoms.

f thousand seven hundred and seven, and for ever after, be uanited into one kingdom by the name of Great Britain; and

's that the enfigns armorial of the faid united kingdom be fuch as her Majesty shall appoint, and the crosses of St. George and Ensigns ar-

St. Andrew be conjoined in such manner as her Majesty shall morial.

think fit, and used in all flags, banners, standards, and enfigns, both at sez and land.'

ARTICLE II.

* That the succession of the monarchy to the united kingdom Succession to of Great Britain, and of the dominions thereto belonging, af- the monarchy. ter her most sacred Majesty, and in default of issue of her Maiesty, be, remain, and continue to the most excellent princess Sephia, electoreis and dutcheis dowager of Hanever, and the heirs of her body being protestants, upon whom the crown 4 of England is settled by an act of parliament made in England in the twelfth year of the reign of his late Majesty King Wil-F liam the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of 12 & 13 W. 9. the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject : C. 2. f and that all papifts, and persons marrying papists, shall be ded.
f exchanged from, and for ever incapable to inherit, possess, or

enjoy the imperial crown of Great Britain, and the dominions thereunto belonging, or any part thereof; and in every such eafe, the crown and government shall from time to time de-

frend to, and be enjoyed by fuch perfon, being a protestant, 'as should have inherited and enjoyed the same, in case such

papift, or perfor marrying a papift, was naturally dead, acconding to the provision for the descent of the crown of Eng-

cland, made by another act of parliament in England in the first . year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen

Mary,

1 W. & M. fl. Mary, incitaled, An all declaring the rights and liberties of the 2. C. 2. febjest, and fettling the succession of the crown.

ARTICLE III.

One parliament. / That the united kingdom of Great Britain be represented by one and the same parliament, to be stilled The Parliament of Great Britain.

ARTICLE IV.

Freedom of trade.

That all the subjects of the united kingdom of Great Britain shall, from and after the union, have sull freedom and interscourse of trade and navigation to and from any port or place within the said united kingdom, and the dominions and plansations thereunto belonging; and that there be a communication of all other rights, privileges, and advantages, which do or may belong to the subjects of either kingdom; except where it is otherwise expressly agreed in these articles.

ARTICLE V.

Seatch thips to be British thips.

* That all thips or veticls belonging to her Majesty's subjects of Scotland, at the time of ratifying the treaty of union of the two kingdoms in the parliament of Scotland, though foreign built, be deemed, and pals as thips of the built of Great Britain; · 6 the owner, or where there are more owners, one or more of the owners, within twelve months after the first of Maynext. f making outh, That at the time of ratifying the treaty of union in the parliament of Scotland, the fame did, in whole or in part, belong to him or them, or to fome other fubject or fubjects in Scotland, to be particularly named, with the place of their ref spective abodes; and that the same doth then, at the time of fathe faild depolition, wholly belong to him or them; and that no foreigner, directly or indirectly, bath any share, part, or inf terest therein; which oath shall be made before the chief offi-• cer or officers of the cuftoms, in the port next to the abode of f the faid owner or owners; and the faid officer or officers shall be impowered to administer the said oath; and the oath being 's fo adminished shall be attested by the officer or officers, who of attiminished the fame; and being registred by the faid officer or sofficers, that be delivered to the master of the ship for security of her pavigation; and a duplicate thereof shall be transmitted f by the faid officer or officers, to the chief officer or officers of the colloms in the port of Edinburyb, to be there entred in a segififter, and from thence to be fent to the port of London to be A there entred in the general register of all trading ships belonging to Great Britain.

ARTICLE VI.

Trade. See 5 Geo. 1. c. 20. & 9 Geo. 1. C. 21. That all parts of the united kingdom for over, from and after the union, shall have the same allowances, encourage-ments, and drawbacks, and be under the same prohibitions, restrictions, and regulations of tinde, and stable to site same customs

" Customs and duties on import and expert; and that the albwances, encouragements, and drawbacks, prohibitions, re-Exictions, and regulations of trade, and the customs and duties on import and export, fottled in England when the union commences, shall, from and after the union, take place, throughout the whole united kingdom; excepting and referving the duties upon export and import of such particular commodities, from which any persons, the subjects of either kingdom, are specially liberated and exempted by their private rights, which after the wition, are to remain fafe and entire to them in all respects, as before the fame. And that from and after the union, no Scots cattle carried into Bagland, shall be Scots cattle. " liable to any other duties, either on the publick or private accounts, thus these duties to which the cattle of England are or shall be liable within the said kingdom. And seeing by the laws of England, there are rewards granted upon the exportation of certain kinds of grain, wherein cats grinded or ungrinded are not expressed; that from and after the union, when east shall be fold at fifteen shillings sterling per quarter, or under, there shall be paid two shillings and ax pence sterling for every quarter of the oatmeal exported in the terms of the law, whereby and so long as rewards are granted for exportation of "other grains, and that the bear of Scotland have the same re-" words as barley; and in respect the importation of victuals in- Importation to Seetland, from any place beyond lea, would prove a discour of victuals. ragement to tillage, therefore that the prohibition as now in force by the law of Seetland, against importation of victuals 14 Geo. 2. c. 76 from Ireland, or may other place beyond sea into Scotland, do, after the union, remain in the fame force as now it is, until " more proper and effectual ways be provided by the parliament s of Great Britain, for discouraging the importation of the said victuals from beyond fea."

ARTICLE VII.

That all parts of the united kingdom be for ever, from and Excises.

after the union, liable to the same excises upon all excisable See 5 Geo. 1.

biquors, excepting only that the thirty sour gallons English harmed of beer or ale, amounting to twelve gallons Scots present measure, sold in Stational by the brewer at nine shillings fix pence c. 4. 6.58.

thering, excluding all duties, and setailed, including duties and the remilers profit, at two pence the Scots pint, or eighth part of the Scots gallon, he not after the union liable, on account of the present excise upon exciseable liquors in England, to any higher imposition than two shillings sterling upon the afterstate thirty sour gallons, English barrel, being twelve gallons the present Scots measure; and that the excise settled in England on all other houses, when the union commences, take place throughout the whole united kingdom.

ARTICLE VIII.

That from and after the union, all foreign falt which shall Foreign salts be imported into Scotland, shall be charged at the importation

there, with the same duties as the like falt is now changed with · · being imported into England, and to be levied and fecured in 4 the fame manner: but in regard the duties of great quantities of foreign falt imported may be very heavy upon the metchants · importers, that therefore all foreign falt imported into Swilerd. fhall be cellar'd and locked up under the cultody of the meif chant importers, and the officers employed for levying the duof ties upon falt, and that the merchant may have what unantity

thereof his occasion may require, not under a wey or forty buthels at a time, giving focurity for the duty of what quantity he receives, payable in fix months. But Stockard shall, for the fpace of seven years from the faid union, be exempted from

paying in Scotland, for falt made there; the duty of excise now is payable for salt made in England; but from the expiration of

Scotch falt.

Home falt. 9 & 10 W. 3. C. 44.

Repealed by imported.

Geo.2. C.20.

from Scotland.

if the faid feven years, shall be subject and liable to the fame duties for falt made in Scotland as shall be then payable for falt 6 made in England, to be levied and secured in the same menf ner, and with proportionable drawbacks and allowances as in England, with this exception, That Scotland shall, after the * faid feven years, remain exempted from the duty of two shils ling four pence a bushel on home salt, imposed by an act made in England in the ninth and tenth of King William the Third 6 of England; and if the parliament of Great Britain shall, at or before the expiring of the faid feven years, substitute any other fund in place of the faid two shillings four pence of excise on the bushel of home falt, Scotland shall, after the faid seven ' years, bear a proportion of the faid fund, and have an equivalent in the terms of this treaty; and that during the said seven years, there shall be paid in England, for all salt made in Scot-' land, and imported from thence into England, the fame duties upon the importation, as shall be payable for falt made in ' England, to be levied and secured in the same manner as the duties on foreign falt are to be levied and secured in England; and that after the faid seven years, as long as the faid duty of two shillings four pence a buthel upon falt is continued in Eng-2. 3. 2s to falt fland, the faid two shillings and four pence a bushel shall be payable for all falt made in Scotland, and imported into Engfland, to be levied and secured in the same manner; and that during the continuance of the duty of two shillings four pence of a bushel upon salt made in England, no salt whatsoever be brought from Scotland to England by land in any manner, under the penalty of forfeiting the falt, and the cattle and car-* riages made use of in bringing the same, and paying twenty fillings for every bushel of such falt, and proportionally for 1 'a greater or leffer quantity, for which the carrier as well as the f owner shall be liable, jointly and severally, and the persons bringing or carrying the fame to be imprifored by any one justice of the peace, by the space of fixt months without buil, and until the penalty be paid. And for establishing an equality Flesh exported in trade, that all slesh exported from Scotland to England, and put on board in Scotland to be exported to parts beyond the f feas,

· fear, and provisions for thips in Septland, and for foreign voy-4 ages, may be faited with Scots fait, paying the same duty for A what fall is fo employed as the like quantity of fach falt pays of in England, and under the fame penaleies, forfeigures, and - i provisions for preventing of stands as are mentioned in the s laws of England; and that from and after the union, the laws Curing of and acts of parliament in Scotland, for pining, curing, and Herrings. fracking of herrings, white fifth and falmon for exportation with foreign fair only, without any mixture of British or Trifb • falt, and for preventing of frauds in curing and packing of fifth, of be continued in force in Sectland, subject to such alterations as 6 shall be made by the parliament of Great Britain; and that all Fish exported. fish exported from Seetland to parts beyond the seas, which " shall be cured with foreign falt only, and without mixture of British or Irish falt, shall have the same eases, premitting, and indrawbacks, as are or shall be allowed to such persons ar export the like fish from England; and that for encouragement of the herring fishing, there shall be allowed and paid to the subjects. inhabitants of Great Britain, during the prefent allowances for "other fish, ten shillings five pence-sterling for every burvel of white herrings which shall be exported from Scotland; and that there shall be allowed five shilling sterling for every barrel of beef or pork falted with foreign falt, without mixture of British or Irish falt, and exported for fale from Sectional to parts beyond fea, alterable by the parliament of Great Birtain; These duties e and if any matters of fraud relating to the faid duties on falt revived for 's shall hereafter appear, which are not sufficiently provided a- 3 years, by gainst by this article, the same shall be subject to such further 5 Goo. s. c. 6. provisions as shall be thought fit by the parliament of Great · Britain.

ARTICLE IX.

F That whenfoover the fum of one million nine hundred Land tax. .s ninety feven thousand seven hundred and fixty three pounds, eight shillings, and four pence halfpenny, shall be enacted by the parliament of Great Britain to be raised in that part of the " united kingdom now called England, on land and other things subsally charged in acts of parliament there, for granting an aid to the crown by a land tax; that part of the united kingdown now called Scotland, shall be charged by the same act, a with a farther fum of forty eight thousand pounds, free of all charges, as the queta of Scotland, to fuch tax, and to propor- Queta of Scottionably for any greater or leffer fum raifed in England by any land.
tax on land, and other things usually charged together with f the latidy and that food quote for Scotland, his the cafet afore-"Maid; be tailed and collected in the fame manner as the refs' onominate. Scotland: but fubject to fuch regulations in the man-" neriof collecting; as shall be unalle by the parliament of Great * Beitain. Logis and bet bear of A bold and harm of ំខ្នាស់ការដ្ឋាធិសាកាម សភាពយា និយាយ សេក

ARTICLEX

Stampt vellum. That during the continuence of the respective duries on sampt paper, vollum, and parchanent, by the leveral acts now in force in England, Seeland shall not be charged with the fame suspection, duties."

ARTICLE XL

Window tax.

That during the continuous of the duties payable in Engimul on windows and lights, which determine on the first day sof August, one thousand sevens hundred and ten, seeded stall and be charged with the same duties.

ARTICLE XII.

Coals, culm, and cynders.

"That during the continuance of the duties payable in Eng"land on code, culm, and cynders, which determine the this"tieth sky of Separate, one thousand seven hundred and ten,
"Sessiond shall not be charged therewith for code, culm, and
"cynders consumed there; but shall be charged with the same
"duties as in England for all codes, culm, and cynders not conformed in Sections."

ARTICLE XIII.

Malt.

That during the continuance of the duty payable in Engis lead upon malt, which determines the twenty south day of
Your, one thousand seven hundred and seven, Seeland theil not
be charged with that duty.

ARTICLE XIV.

Scotland not chargeable with any other duties before the winon, except these consented to. See 5 Geo. 1. 6 C. 20.

That the kingdom of Scotland be not charged with any other duties laid on by the parliament of England before the union, except these consented to in this treaty; in regard it is agreed, That all necessary provision shall be made by the parliament of Scotland for the publick charge and service of that kingdom, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seven. Provided nevertheless, That if the parliament of England shall think fit to lay any further impositions by way of customs, or fact excises, with which by virtue of this treaty, Scotland shall the liable to the same enstowns and excises, and have an equivalent to be dettied by the parliament of Grant Britain; with this surther provision, That any mult to be made and consumultin that part

Provise.

* cain will ever lay any fort of burthers upon the united kingdem, but what they shall find of secoffity at the time for the
species and good of the whole, and with this regard to
the circumstances and abilities of every part of the united kingdom, therefore it is agreed. That there be no further exemption infifted upon for any part of the united kingdom, but that
the

Sof the united hingdom now called drolled, (hull not be charged to with any impolition on male, during this prefer wire. And selving it cannot be supposed that the parliament of Grace Pri-

the confidention of any examplions beyond what are already agreed on in this treaty, shall be left to the determination of ? the perliament of Great Britain lin and the great to the

ARTICLE That whereas by the terms of this treaty, the subjects of See's Equivalent. ! lead, for preferving an equality of trade throughout the united kingdom, will be libble to loveral cultoms and excites now pay-Subjective Allegates de relicion will be applicable son and payment of which will be applicable son and payment of which will be applicable son and applicable son applica the debts of England, contracted before the union; it is agreed; That footland shall have an equivalent for what the subjects See 1 Geo. x. thereof shall be so charged towards payment of the faid dobts fac. a. c. 27. of England, in all particulars whatfoever, in manner follow- & 5 Geo. t. ing, viz. That before the union of the faid kingdoms, the Case fush of three hundred ninety eight thousand and tighty five pounds, ten skillings, be greated to her Majetly by the parliament of England, for the uses after-mentioned, during the sequivalent to be answered to Souther for such parts of the said cultures and excises upon all exciteable liquous with which that f kingdom is to be charged upon the unions as will be applieable to the payment of the faid debts of England, according to the proportion which the present customs in Steeland, being thirty thousand pounds per annum, do bear to the customs in England. + constated at one million three hundred forty one thousand five handred and fifty nine pounds our amon; and which the prefent excites on exciteable liquous in Scotland, being thirty three thousand and five hundred pounds per annem, do bear to the exciles on excileable liquors in England, computed at nine hundred forty seven thousand fix hundred and two pounds per famour which fum of three hundred ninety eight thouland eighty five pounds, ten shillings, shall be due and payable from the time of the union. And in regard that after the union " Septland becoming liable to the fame customs and duties pay. sable on import and export, and to the fame excises on all ex-4 eileable liquors as in England, as well upon the account, as supon the account of the increase of trade and people, (which will be the happy confequence of the union) the faid revenues f will check improve beyond the before-mentioned annual vaflues thereof, of which no prefent estimate can be made profef navertheless, for the reasons aforesaid, there cought to be a proof portionable equivalent answered to Stational; it is agreed, That e after the union there shall be an account kept of the laid duries "arising in fictions, to the end it may appear what ought to be. fram(wated to free/and as an equivalent for fuch propertion of should increase as shall be applicable to the payment of the Sabbase Bredand. And for the further and more effectual an-* fyriting the leveral ends hereafter mentioned in it agreed. That from and after the union, the whole increase of the revenues establiques, and deries on import and exports and excites upon acceptable liquors in Soutland, were and above the sunual of produce of the laid respective duties, as above stated, thall go

and be applied, for the term of seven years, to the uses hereafter mentioned; and that upon the said account there shall
be answered to Scotland annually from the end of seven years
after the union, an equivalent in proportion to such part of
the said increase, as shall be applicable to the debts of England;
and generally, that an equivalent shall be answered to Scotland for such parts of the English debts, as Scotland may hereafter become liable to pay by reason of the union, other than
such for which appropriations have been made by parliament
in England, of the customs, or other duties on export and import, excises on all excisable liquors, in respect of which
debts, equivalents are herein before provided. And as for the
sign to which the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousaids to which the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousaids to which the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thou-

faid, and all other monies which are to be answered or allowed to Scotland, as aforesaid, are to be applied, it is agreed, That in the first place, out of the aforesaid sum, what consideration shall be found necessary to be had for any losses,

* which private persons may sustain by reducing the coin of Scat-

* land to the standard and value of the coin of England, may be smade good; in the next place, that the capital stock, or fund of the African and Indian company of Scotland advanced, toge-

ther with interest for the said capital stock, after the rate of

five per centum per annum, from the respective times of the pay-

Uses to which equivalent money is applied.

Coin of Scot-

African company.

Overplus.

ment thereof, shall be paid: upon payment of which capital flock and interest, it is agreed, the faid company be dissolved 4 and cease, and also, that from the time of passing the act of parliament in England, for raising the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds, ten shillings, the faid company shall neither trade, nor grant licence to trade; oroviding, that if the faid stock and interest shall not be paid in twelve months after the commencement of the union, that * then the faid company may from thenceforward trade, or give f licence to trade, until the faid whole capital stock and interest f shall be paid. And as to the overplus of the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds, ten shil-Ilings, after payment of what confideration shall be had for folles in repairing the coin, and paying the faid capital stock and interest, and also the whole increase of the said revenues f of customs, duties, and excises, above the present value, which fhall arise in Swiland, during the said term of seven years, together with the equivalent which shall become due upon the improvement thereof in Scotland after the said term; and also, if as to all other fums, which, according to the agreements aforesaid, may become payable to Scotland by way of equivae lent, for what that kingdom shall hereafter become liable towards payment of the debts of England; it is agreed, That the same be applied in the manner following, viz. That all the publick debts of the kingdom of Sastland, as shall be ad-'s justed by this present parliament, shall be paid: and that two * thouland pounds per annum for the space of seven years, shall

Publick debts.

fame.

be applied towards encouraging and promoting the manufac-Manufacture tute of coarse wool within those shires which produce the of coarse wool; and that the first two thousand pounds sterling be paid wool. at Martinmas next, and so yearly at Martinmas, during the fpace aforesaid; and afterwards, the same shall be wholly ap-Fisheries. plied towards the encouraging and promoting the filheries, See 13 Geo. 1. and such other manufactures and improvements in Scotland, c. 30. f. 1.

as may most conduce to the general good of the united king- tat. 2. c. 1. s. 6.

dom. And it is agreed. That her Majesty be impowered to Commissionappoint commissioners, who shall be accountable to the par-ers for the e-"liament of Great Britain, for disposing the said sum of three quivalent.

hundred minety eight thousand and eighty five pounds, ten fhillings, and all other monies which shall arise to Seotland, upon the agreements aforefaid, to the purposes before-mentioned: which commissioners shall be impowered to call for, receive, and dispose of the said monies, in manner aforesaid, * and to inspect the books of the several collectors of the said revenues, and of all other duties, from whence an equivalent "may arise: and that the collectors and managers of the said revenues and duties be obliged to give to the faid commissioners fubicribed authentick abbreviates of the produce of fuch revenues and duties arifing in their respective districts: 'and' that the said commissioners shall have their office within the Imits of Scotland, and Itali in fuch office keep books containing accounts of the amount of the equivalents, and how the fame shall have been disposed of from time to time, which 4 may be inspected by any of the subjects, who shall desire the

ARTICLE XVI.

That from and after the union, the coin shall be of the Coin.

same standard and value throughout the united kingdom, as now in England, and a mint shall be continued in Scotland, under the same rules as the mint in England, and the present officers of the mint continued, subject to such regulations and alterations as her Majesty, her heirs or successors, or the parliament of Great Britain shall think sit.

ARTICLE XVII.

That from and after the union, the fame weights and mea-weights and fures shall be used throughout the united kingdom, as are measures.
now established in England, and standards of weights and mea-fures shall be kept by those burghs in Scotland, to whom the keeping the standards of weights and measures, now in use there, does of special right belong: all which standards shall be sent down to such respective burghs, from the standards kept in the Exchequer at Westminster, subject nevertheless to fuch regulations as the parliament of Great Britain shall think fit.

ARTICLE XVIII.

That the laws concerning regulation of trade, customs, Regulation of and such excises to which Scotland is, by virtue of this treaty, trade.

< to im liable, be the fame in Scational from and after the union. son in England; and that all other laws in use within the kine-"does of Stational do after the union, and notwithfunding shereof, remain in the fame force as before, (except such as fare contrary to, or inconfident with this treaty) but alterable he the parliament of Great Britain; with this difference be-" twist the laws concerning publick sight, policy, and civil goe variament, and those which concern private right, that the laws which concern publick right; palicy, and civil government, may be made the same throughout the whole united kingdom; but that no alteration be made in laws which concoers private right, except for evident utility of the subjects. within Scotland.

ARTICLE XIX.

College of juffice.

That the court of fession, or college of justice, do after the Sunion, and notwithstanding thereof, remain in all time coming Geo. s. C.16. within Scatland, as it is now conflicted by the laws of that kingdom, and with the same authority and privileges as before the union, subject nevertheless to such regulations for the betster administration of justice, as shall be made by the parliament of Greet Britoin; and that hereafter none shall be samed 5 by her Majesty, or her royal successors, to be ordinary lords of fallion, but fuch who have served in the college of justice as advocates, or principal clerks of lession for the space of live sense; or as writers to the fignet for the space of tem years; with this provision. That no writer to the super be capable to be admitted a lord of the fession, unless he undergo a private sand publick trial on the civil law, before the faculty of advoe cates, and be found by them qualified for the faid office. two e years before he be named to be a lord of the fession; yet so as the qualifications made, or to be made, for capacitating perfons to be named ordinary lords of fession, may be altered by Court of justi- the parliament of Great Britain. And that the court of justiciary do also after the union, and notwithstanding thereof, re-

ciary.

ridictions.

main in all time coming within Scotland, as it is now conftituted by the laws of that kingdom, and with the fame authority and privileges as before the unique, subject nevertheless to such regulations as shall be made by the parliament of Great Britain, and without prejudice of other rights of justiciary; Admiralty fu- 6 and that all admiralty jurisdictions be under the ford high ade miral or commissioners for the admiralty of Great Britain for the time being; and that the court of admiralty now establishsed in Scotland be continued, and that all reviews, reductions, or suspensions of the sentences in maritime cases, competent to the jurisdiction of that court, remain in the same manner after the union, as now in Scotland, until the parliament of Great Britain shall make such regulations and alterations, as finall be judged expedient for the whole unled kingdom, to as there be always continued in Scotland a court of admiralty, fuch as in England, for determination of all-markime cases rei lating disting the polymete rights in Soldand, compendent to the guididic. tion, of the admissipy court, fishjeck nevertheless to fuch regu-Intigua and alterations as that be thought apoper to be made. by the purliament of Greet Britain; and that the heritable e rights of admiralty and vice admiralties in Scatland be selested. " to the reflective progrictors as rights of property, fubject metherthelpis, as to the manner of enerciang fuels heretable rights, 40 fuch regulations and alterations, as final be thought proper to be made by the parliament of Great Britain; and that all Other courts. cother course now in being within the kingdom of Sustant do. e remain, but fithjest to alterations by the parliament of Grape -Britain; and that all inferior courts within the faid limits do remain subordinate, as they are now, to the supreme courts' of justice within the fame, is all time coming; and that no entities in Scotland be cognoscible by the courts of Chancity, Duest's Beneb, Common Place, or any other court in Wallmin-"An Hall; and that the faid courts, or my other of the like Court of Exi-"metare, after the union, shall have no power to cognoles, chequer ela-4 review, or alter the acts or features of the judicatuses within blished for Scotland, or App the execution of the fame; and that there be ever, by 6 a court of Enchoquer in Sectland after the union, for deciding L 1. questions concerning the revenues of customs and excites there, having the same power and authority include cases, as the court of Embeguer has in Employed; and that the faid court of - Embeguer in Scotland have power of passing signatures, gifts; tentories, and in other things, as the court of Embourer at pre-" feat in Seveland hath; and that the court of Enduquer that most is in Scotland do remain, until a new court of Rashauer be efettled by the parliament of Great Britain in Stational after the sunion; and that after the union, the Queun's majerby, and her royal fucessions, may continue a privy souncil in Scattant? Privy council. for preferring of publick peace and order, until the parliament e of Great Britain shall think fit to alter it, or whablish any other

ARTICLE XX.

• effectual method for that end.'

4 That all heretable offices, superiorities, beretable jurisdic Heretable ofs tions, offices for life, and jurifdictions for life, be seferved to fices. the owners thereof, as rights of property, in the fame manner s they are now enjoyed by the laws of Beetland, netwith • Randing this treaty.'

ARTICLE XXL

That the rights and privileges of the croyel burghs in Seat Royal burghs. fund as they now are, do remain entire after the union, and * notwithstanding theroof."

ARTICLE XXII.

That by virtue of this treaty, of the pears of Scotland, at Sixteen peers the time of the union, fixteen shall be the number to fit and of Scotland to wose in the hause of lords, and forty five the number of the fit in the house repre- of lords.

Forty five members to fit in the bouse of commons. Sons relating bereto. 6 Annæ, c.23.

..::: . .:

First parliament of Great & Britain.

representatives of Sestland in the house of dominous of the e perliament of Great Britain; and that when her Majesty, her heirs or fuccessors, shall declare her or their pleasure for holding the first or any subsequent parliament of Great Britain, "until the parliament of Great Britain shall make further provisions therein, a writ do iffue under the great feal of the united kingdom, directed to the privy council of Scotland, commanding them to cause sixteen peers, who are to fit in the house of lords, to be fummoned to parliament, and forty five members. to be elected to fit in the house of commons of the parliament of Great Britain, according to the agreement of this treaty, in. fuch manner as by an act of this present session of the parlia-"ment of Scotland is or shall be settled; which act is hereby de-Farther provi- clared to be as valid as if it were a part of, and ingroffed in this treaty. And that the names of the persons so summoned and elected shall be returned by the privy council of Scaof land into the court from whence the faid write did issue. And ' that if her Majesty, on or before the first day of May next, onwhich day the union is to take place, shall declare under the great seal of England, That it is expedient that the lords of e parliament of England, and commons of the present parliament of England, should be the members of the respective houses of the first parliament of Great Britain, for and on the part of England, then the faid lords of parliament of England, and com-'mons of the present parliament of England, shall be the members of the respective houses of the first parliament of Great Britain, for and on the part of England: and her Majesty may by her royal proclamation, under the great seal of Great Britain, appoint the faid first parliament of Great Britain to meet at such time and place as her Majesty shall think sit; which time shall not be less than fifty days after the date of such proclamation; and the time and place of the meeting of such parliament being so appointed, a writ shall be immediately issued under the great seal of Great Britain, directed to the privy council of Scotland, for the summoning the sixteen peers, and for electing forty five members, by whom Scotland is to be represented in the parliament of Great Britain. And the lords of parliament of England, and the fixteen peers of Scotland, fuch fixteen peers being fummoned and returned in the manner agreed in this treaty, and the members of the house of commons of the said parliament of England, and the forty. five members for Scotland, such forty five members being elected and returned in the manner agreed in this treaty, shall affemble and meet respectively, in the respective houses of the parliament of Great Britain, at such time and place as shall be so appointed by her Majesty, and shall be the two houses of the first parliament of Great Britain; and that parliament may continue for such time only, as the present parliament of England might have continued if the union of the two kingdoms had not been made, unless sooner dissolved by her Maze jesty. And that every one of the lords of parliament of Great

"Britain, and every member of the house of commons of the Members to parliament of Great Britain, in the first and all succeeding para take the oaths, ' liaments of Great Britain, until the parliament of Great Bri- &c. tain shall otherwise direct, shall take the respective oaths apopinted to be taken inflead of the oaths of allegiance and ful-" premacy, by an act of parliament made in England in the first " year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary; 1 W. & M. intituled, An act for the abrogating of the oaths of supremacy and fes. 1. c. 8. allegiance, and appointing other oaths, and make, subscribe, and audibly repeat the declaration mentioned in an act of parliament made in England in the thirtieth year of the reign of " King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the more effectual 30 Car. 2. stat. preserving the King's person and government, by disabling papists 2.c. 1. from fitting in either house of parliament; and shall take and subscribe the oath mentioned in an act of parliament made in England, in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An I Anne, flat. att to declare the alterations in the oath appointed to be taken by the z. c. 22. att, inticuled, An att for the further security of his Majesty's perfon, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and their open and fecret abettors, and for declaring the affociation to be determined; at such time, and in such manner as the members of both houses of parliament of Eng-' land are by the faid respective acts directed to take, make, and fubscribe the same, upon the penalties and disabilities in the said respective acts contained. And it is declared and agreed, That these words, This realm, The crown of this realm, and The Queen of this realm, mentioned in the oaths and declaration contained in the aforelaid acts, which were intended to fignify the crown and realm of England, shall be understood of the ' crown and realm of Great Britain; and that in that lense the faid oaths and declaration be taken and subscribed by the members of both houses of the parliament of Great Britain.

ARTICLE XXIII.

That the aforesaid sixteen peers of Scotland mentioned in the Privileges of Iast preceding article, to fit in the house of lords of the parathe fixteen liament of Great Britain, shall have all privileges of parlia-peers; ement, which the peers of England now have, and which they, or any peers of Great Britain shall have after the union, and particularly the right of fitting upon the trials of peers: and in case of the trial of any peer, in time of adjournment, or prorogation of parliament, the faid fixteen peers shall be sume moned in the same manner, and have the same powers and privileges at such trial, as any other peers of Great Britains And that in case any trials of peers shall hereafter happen, when there is no parliament in being, the fixteen peers of Scot-· land, who fat in the last preceding parliament, shall be sums moned in the same manner, and have the same powers and ' e privileges at fuch trials, as any other peers of Great Britain p and that all peers of Scotland, and their successors to their ho-Vol. XI.

land.

and of all the 'nours and dignities, shall from and after the union, be peers peers of Scot. of Great Britain, and have rank and precedency next and immediately after the peers of the like orders and degrees in Engaland at the time of the union, and before all peers of Great Britain of the like orders and degrees, who may be created after the union, and shall be tried as peers of Great Britain, and shall enjoy all privileges of peers, as fully as the peers of England do now, or as they, or any other peers of Great Britain may hereafter enjoy the fame, except the right and privie lege of fitting his the house of lords, and the privileges depending thereon, and particularly the right of fitting upon the ' trials of peers.'

ARTICLE XXIV.

One great feat.

'That from and after the union, there be one great feal for the united kingdom of Great Britain, which shall be different from the great feal now used in either kingdom: and that the ouartering the arms, and the rank and precedency of the lyon king of arms of the kingdom of Scotland, as may belt suit the union, be left to her Majesty: and that in the mean time, the great seal of England be tried as the great seal of the united kingdom, and that the great seal of the united kingdom be " used for sealing writs to elect and summon the parliament of Great Britain, and for scaling all treaties with foreign princes and states, and all publick acts, instruments and orders of flate, which concern the whole united kingdom, and in all other matters relating to England, as the great seal of England is now used: and that a seal in Sectional after the union be always kept and made use of in all things relating to private

Seal in Scot. land.

Privy seal, &c. continued.

rights or grants, which have usually pussed the great seal of Scotland, and which only concern offices, grants, commissions; and private rights within that kingdoms; and that until fuch e seal shall be appointed by her Majesty, the present great seal of Scotland shall be used for such purposes; and that the privy fear, fignet, casset, fignet of the justiciary court, quarter seal, sand leads of courts now used in Scotland be continued; but that the faid feals be altered and adapted to the state of the union, as her Majesty shall think sit; and the said seals, and all of them, and the keepers of them, shall be subject to such regu-Intions as the parliament of Great Britain shall hereafter make:

Regalia, records of parliament, &c.

And that the crown, scepter, and sword of state, the records of parliament, and all other records, rolls and registers whatfoever, both publick and private, general and particular, and " warrants thereof, continue to be kept as they are within that s part of the united kingdom now called Stotland; and that they

hall to remain in all time coming, notwithstanding the union.

ARTICLE XXV.

Laws inconfiftent, void.

"That all laws and statutes in either kingdom, so far as they are contrary to, or inconfishent with the terms of these articles, or any of them, thall, from and after the union, cease and · become

• become void, and shall be so declared to be, by the respective parliaments of the said kingdoms.'

As by the said erticles of union, ratified and approved by the said est of parliament of Scotland, relation being thereunto bad, may appear. And the tener of the aforesaid ast for securing the protestant religion and presbyterian church government within the kingdom of Scotland, is as follows:

II. UR fovereign Lady, and the estates of parliament, Act for securconsidering that by the late act of parliament, for a ing the pro-4 treaty with England for an union of both kingdoms, it is pro-testant reliwided, That the commissioners for that treaty should not treat gion, and of or concerning any alteration of the worship, discipline, and church gogovernment of the church of this kingdom as now by law esta-vernment in blished: which treaty being now reported to the parliament, Scotland. and it being reasonable and necessary that the true protestant e religion, as prefently professed within this kingdom, with the worship, discipline, and government of this church, should be effectually and unalterably secured: therefore her Majesty, with advice and confent of the said estates of parliament, doth hereby establish and confirm the said true protestant religion, and the worship, discipline, and government of this church, to continue without any alteration to the people of this land in all fucceeding generations; and more especially her Mae jesty, with advice and consent aforesaid, ratifies, approves, and for ever confirms the fifth act of the first parliament of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, Act ratifying the confession of faith, and settling presbyterian church government; with all other acts of parliament relating thereto, in profecution of the declaration of the estates of this kingdom, containing the claim of right, bearing date the eleventh of April, one thousand six hundred and eighty nine: and her Majesty, with advice and confent aforefaid, expresly provides and declares, That the foresaid true protestant religion, contained in the above mentioned confession of faith, with the form and s purity of worthip presently in use within this church, and its • presbyterian church government and discipline (that is to say) • the government of the church by kirk fellions, prefbyteries, provincial fynods, and general affemblies, all effablished by 4 the forefaid acts of parliament, pursuant to the claim of right, finall remain and continue unalterable, and that the faid prefbyterian government shall be the only government of the church within the kingdom of Scotland."

III. And further, for the greater security of the foreskid protestant religion, and of the worship, discipline, and govern-

6 ment of this church, as above established, her Majesty, with Universities 6 advice and consent aforesaid, statutes and ordains, That the and colleges 6 universities and colleges of Saint Andrews, Glasgow, Aberdeen, to continue.

and Edinburgh, as now established by law, shall continue within this kingdom for ever; and that in all time coming, no

professors,

for professors, principals, regents, masters, or others, bearing office in any university, college, or school within this kings dom, be capable to be admitted, or allowed to continue in the exercise of their said functions, but such as shall own and acknowledge the civil government in manner prescribed or to be prescribed by the acts of parliament; as also, that before, or at their admissions, they do and shall acknowledge and profess, and shall subscribe to the foresaid confession of faith, as the confession of their faith, and that they will practise and conform themselves to the worship presently in use in this church, and submit themselves to the government and discipline thereof, and never endeavour directly or indirectly the prejudice or subversion of the same, and that before the refective presbyteries of their bounds, by whatsoever gift, prefentation or provision they may be thereto provided.

Subjects not liable to any oath inconfiftent with the faid church government.

Queen's fuccellors to maintain the fame.

Act to be for ever observed as an effential part of any treaty, &c.. between the kingdoms.

IV. And further, her Majesty, with advice aforesaid, exprefly declares, and statutes, That none of the subjects of this kingdom shall be liable to, but all and every one of them for ever free of any oath, test or subscription within this kingdom, contrary to, or inconsistent with the foresaid true protestant religion, and presbyterian church government, worship, and discipline, as above established; and that the same within the bounds of this church and kingdom, shall never be imposed upon, or required of them, in any fort. And laftly, That after the decease of her present Majesty, (whom God long preserve) the sovereign succeeding to her in the royal government of the kingdom of Great Britain, shall in all time coming at his or her accession to the crown, swear and subscribe, that they shall inviolably maintain and preserve the foresaid settlement of the true protestant religion, with the government, worship, discipline, right, and privileges of this church, as above established by the laws of this kingdom in prosecution of the claim of right.'

V. 'And it is hereby statute and ordained, That this act of parliament, with the establishment therein contained, shall be held and observed in all time coming, as a fundamental and effential condition of any treaty or union to be concluded betwixt the two kingdoms, without any alteration thereof, or derogation thereto in any fort for ever: as also, That this act of parliament, and settlement therein contain'd, shall be infert and repeated in any act of parliament that shall pass for agreeing and concluding the foresaid treaty or union betwixt the two kingdoms; and that the same shall be therein expresty declared to be a fundamental and effential condition of the faid * treaty or union in all time coming: which articles of union, and act immediately above-written, her Majesty, with advice and consent asoresaid, statutes, enacts, and ordains to be and continue, in all time coming, the fure and perpetual foundation of a compleat and entire union of the two kingdoms of Scotland and England, under the express condition and provision, that this approbation and ratification of the forefaid

faid articles and act shall be no ways binding on this kingdom, until the faid articles and act be ratified, approved, and confirmed by her Majesty, with and by the authority of the parliament of England, as they are now agreed to, approved and confirmed by her Majesty, with and by the authority of the Parliament of parhament of Scotland; declaring nevertheless, that the par- England may

liament of England may provide for the security of the church provide for seof England as they think expedient, to take place within the church of bounds of the said kingdom of England, and not derogating England, &c. from the fecurity above provided for establishing of the church of Scotland within the bounds of this kingdom; as also the

faid parliament of England may extend the additions and other provisions contained in the articles of union, as above infert, in favours of the subjects of Scotland, to and in favours of the subjects of England; which shall not suspend or derogate from the force and effect of this present ratification, but shall be

understood as herein included, without the necessity of any new ratification in the parliament of Scotland.'

VI. And lastly, her Majesty enacts and declares, That all All laws, &c. laws and statutes in this kingdom, so far as they are contrary inconsistent to, or inconfishent with, the terms of these articles, as above-with articles mentioned, shall from and after the union cease and become of union, to " void.

VII. 'And whereas an act hath passed in this present session 5 Anna, c. 5. of parliament, intituled, An act for securing the church of Engand as by law established; the tenor whereof follows:

THEREAS by an act made in the session of parliament Act for securheld in the third and fourth year of her Majesty's ing the church reign, whereby her Majesty was impowered to appoint com- of England, missioners, under the great seal of England, to treat with com-recited. missioners to be authorized by the parliament of Scotland, concerning an union of the kingdoms of England and Scotland, it is provided and enacted, That the commissioners to be named in pursuance of the said act should not treat of or concerning any alteration of the liturgy, rites, ceremonies, difcipline, or government of the church as by law established within this realm: and whereas certain commissioners appointed by her Majesty in pursuance of the said act, and also other commissioners nominated by her Majesty by the authority of the parliament of Scotland, have met and agreed upon a treaty of union of the faid kingdoms; which treaty is now under the confideration of this present parliament: and whereas the faid treaty (with some alterations therein made) is ratified and approved by act of parliament in Scotland; and the faid act of ratification is, by her Majesty's royal command, laid before the parliament of this kingdom: and whereas it is reasonable and necessary, that the true protestant religion f professed and established by law in the church of England, and the doctrine, worship, discipline, and government thereof, should be effectually and unalterably secured; be it enacted by

gion

the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That an act made in the thirteenth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, of famous memory, intituled,

13 Eliz. C. 13.

11 & 14 Car. 2.

C, 4.

An all for the ministers of the church to be of found religion; and also another act made in the thirteenth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An all for the uniformity of the publick prayers and administration of sacraments; and other rites and teremonies, and for establishing the form of e making, ordaining, and confecrating bifbeps, priests, and deacens in the church of England (other than such clauses in the said acts. or either of them, as have been repealed or altered by any fublequent act or acts of parliament) and all and fingular other acts of parliament now in force for the establishment and prefervation of the church of England, and the doctrine, worthin, discipline, and government thereof, shall remain and be in full force for ever.

Oueen's facan oath, to maintain the church of England.

VIII. 'And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, cellors to take ! That after the demise of her Majesty (whom God long preferve) the fovereign next fucceeding to her Majesty in the ' royal government of the kingdom of Great Britain, and so for ever hereafter, every King or Queen succeeding and coming to the royal government of the kingdom of Great Britain, at his or her coronation, shall in the presence of all persons who fhall be attending, affifting, or otherwise then and there prefent, take and subscribe an oath to maintain and preserve in-5 violably the faid settlement of the church of England, and the doctrine, worthip, discipline, and government thereof, as by e law aftablished within the kingdoms of England and Ireland, the dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, and the territories thereunto belonging."

Ad to be an ellential part of any treaty, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That this act, and all and every the matters and things therein contained, be, and shall for ever be holden and adjudged to be a fundamental and effential part of any treaty of union to be concluded between the faid two kingdoms; and also that this act shall be inserted in express terms in any act of parf liament which shall be made for settling and ratifying any such treaty of union, and shall be therein declared to be an effenf tial and fundamental part thereof."

Articles of union, and the act for establishing presbyterian church government, &c. ratified and confirmed.

X. May it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majerty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every the faid articles of union as ratified and approved by the faid act of parliament of Scotland, as aforefaid, and herein before particularly mentioned and inferted; and also the said act of parliament of Scotland for establishing the protestant religion and presbyterian church government within that kingdom. intituled, An act for securing the protestant religion, and presbyterian church government, and every clause, matter, and thing in the faid articles and act contained, shall be, and the said articles and act are hereby for ever ratified, approved, and confirmed.

XI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- 5 Anne, c. 5. faid, That the faid act passed in this present session of parlia-Acts for setment, intituled, An all for fecuring the church of England, as by-church go-low established, and all and every the matters and things therein vernments in contained, and also the said act of parliament of Scotland, in-England and tituled, An act for securing the protestant religion, and prespyterian declared effenchurch government, with the establishment in the said act con-tial parts of tained, be and shall for ever be held and adjudged to be, and the union. observed as fundamental and essential conditions of the said union; and shall in all times coming be taken to be, and are bereby declared to be effential and fundamental parts of the faid articles and union; and the faid articles of union so as aforefaid ratified, approved and confirmed by act of parliament of Scotland, and by this present act, and the said act passed in this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for securing & Anne, c. 5. the church of England as by law established, and also the said act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intimled, An ass for securing the protestant religion, and presbyterium church government, are hereby enacted and ordained to be and continue in all times coming the compleat and entire union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland.

XII. And whereas fince the passing the said att in the parliament Att settling of Scotland, for ratifying the faid articles of union, one other act, the manner of intituled, An act lettling the manner of electing the fixteen electing the peers, and forty five members, to represent Scatland in the par-representaliament of Great Britain, bath likewise passed in the said parlia-tives of Scotment of Scotland at Edinburgh, the fifth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and seven, the tenor whereof follows:

UR fovereign Lady confidering, That by the twenty fe-Tenor of the cond article of the treaty of union, as the same is rati- act. fied by an act passed in this session of parliament, upon the sixteenth of January last, it is provided. That by virtue of the

faid treaty, of the peers of Scotland, at the time of the union, fixteen shall be of the number to sit and vote in the house of lords, and forty five the number of the representatives of * Scotland in the house of commons of the parliament of Great * Britain; and that the said sixteen peers, and forty five members in the house of commons, be named and chosen in such

manner as by a subsequent act in this present session of parliament in Scotland, should be settled; which act is thereby deelared to be as valid, as if it were a part of, and ingroffed in

the faid treaty: therefore her Majesty, with the advice and consent of the estates of parliament, statutes, enacts, and

ordains. That the faid fixteen peers, who shall have right to How the fixs fit in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, teen peers tha on be elected.

· Dum-

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from the part of Scotland; by virtue of this treaty, shall be named f by the faid peers of Scotland, whom they represent, their heirs or successors to their dignities and honours, out of their own f number, and that by open election and plurality of voices of f the peers present, and of the proxies for such as shall be abfent, the faid proxies being peers, and producing a mandate in writing duly figued before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law; declaring f also, That such peers as are absent, being qualified as aforefaid, may fend to all such meetings lists of the peers whom they judge fitter, validly figned by the faid absent peers, which 6 shall be reckoned in the same manner as if the parties had been present, and given in the said list; and in case of the death, or legal incapacity of any of the faid fixteen peers, that the aforefaid peers of Scotland shall nominate another of their own number, in place of the faid peer or peers, in manner before and after mentioned: and that of the faid forty five reprefentatives of Scotland in the house of commons in the parliament of Great Britain, thirty shall be chosen by the shires or fitenartries, and fifteen by the royal burrows, as follows, viz. one for every thire and steuartry, excepting the shires of Bate and Cathness, which shall choose one by turns, Bute having the first election; the shires of Nairn and Cromarty, which fhall also choose by turns, Nairn having the first election; and in like manner the shires of Clackmanan and Kinross shall choose by turns, Clackmanan having the first election; and in case of the death or legal incapacity of any of the faid members from the respective shires or steuartries above-mentioned, to sit in the house of commons, it is enacted and ordained, That the shire or steuartry, who elected the said member, shall elect another member in his place; and that the said fifteen reprefentatives for the royal burrows be chosen as follows. viz. That the town of Edinburgh shall have right to elect and send one member to the parliament of Great Britain; and that each of the other burghs shall elect a commissioner in the same manner as they are now in use to elect commissioners to the parliament of Scotland, which commissioners and burghs (Edinburgh excepted) being divided in fourteen classes or districts, shall meet at such time and burghs within their respective districts, as her Majesty, her heirs or successors shall appoint, and elect one for each district, viz. The burghs of Kirkwall, Week, Dornock, Dingwall, and Taine, one; the burghs of Fortrase, Inverness, Nairn, and Porress, one; the burghs of Elgin, Cullen, Banff, Inverury, and Kintore, one; the burghs of Aberdeen, Inverbervy, Montrofe, Aberbrothock, and Brochine, one; the burghs of Forfar, Perth, Dundee, Coupar, and St. " Andrews, one; the burghs of Craill, Kilrennie, Anstructer " Easter, Anstruther Wester, and Pittenweem, one; the burghs of Dyfart, Kirkaldie, Kingbern, and Bruntisland, one; the burghs of Innerkithen, Dumfermline, Queensferry, Culrofs, and Sterling, one; the burghs of Glafgow, Renfrew, Ruglen, and

And also the forty five re-, presentatives.

Dumbartan, one; the burghs of Haddington, Dunbarr, North Berwick, Lauder, and Jedburgh, one; the burghs of Selkirk, Peebles, Linlithgow, and Lanerk, one; the burghs of Dumfries, Sanqubar, Annan, Lockmaten, and Kirkeudbright, one; the burghs of Wigtown, New Galloway, Stranraver, and Whitebern, one; and the burghs of Air, Irvin, Rothefay, Cambletoun, and Inverary, one: and it is hereby declared and ordained, That where the votes of the commissioners for the said burghs, " met to choose representatives from their several districts to the "parliament of Great Britain, shall be equal, in that case the president of the meeting shall have a casting or decisive vote, and that by and according to his vote as a commissioner from " the burgh from which he is sent; the commissioner from the, eldest burgh presiding in the first meeting, and the commisfioners from the other burghs in their respective districts prefiding afterwards by turns, in the order as the said burghs are onow called in the rolls of the parliament of Scotland; and that in case any of the said fifteen commissioners from burghs shall decease or become legally incapable to fit in the house of commons, then the town of Edinburgh, or the district which chose the said member, shall elect a member in his or their place: it is always hereby expresly provided and declared, That none, fhall be capable to elect or be elected for any of the faid estates, but fuch as are twenty one years of age compleat, and protellant, excluding all papifts, or fuch who being suspect of popery, and required, refuse to swear and subscribe the Formula contained in the third act made in the eighth and ninth fessions of King William's parliament, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of popery; and also declaring, that none fhall be capable to elect, or be elected, to represent a shire or burgh in the parliament of Great Britain, for this part of the united kingdom, except fuch as are now capable by the laws of this kingdom, to elect, or be elected as commissioners for finites or burghs to the parliament of Scotland; and further, her Majesty, with advice and consent aforesaid, for the effectual and orderly election of the persons to be chosen to sit, wote, and serve in the respective houses of the parliament of "Great Britain; when her Majesty, her heirs and successors, fhall declare her or their pleasure for holding the first or any fubsequent parliament of Great Britain, and when for that effeet a writ shall be iffued out under the great seal of the united kingdom, directed to the privy council of Scotland, conform to the faid twenty second article, statutes, enacts, and ordains, That until the parliament of Great Britain shall make further, for provision therein, the said writ shall contain a warrant and command to the faid privy council, to iffue out a proclamation in her Majesty's name, requiring the peers of Scotland, for the time, to meet and affemble at such time and place within Scotland, as her Majesty and royal successors shall think fit, to make election of the faid fixteen peers, and requiring the · lord clerk register, or two of the clerks of session, to attend all fuch

fuch meetings, and to administer the oaths that are or shall be by law required, and to ask the votes; and having made up. the lift in the presence of the meeting, to return the names of. the fixteen poers chosen (certified under the subscription of the faid lord clerk register, clerk or clerks of session attending) to the clerk of the privy council of Scotland, and in like man-16Geo. s. c. 11. 6 ner requiring and ordaining the several freeholders in the respective shires and steuartries, to meet and convene at the head burghs of their feveral shires and steuartries, to elect their commissioners, to conform to the order above set downand ordaining the clerks of the faid meetings immediately after the said elections are over, respectively to return the names of the persons elected to the clerks of the privy council: and alastly, ordaining the city of Edinburgh to elect their commisfigner, and the other royal burrows to elect each of them a commissioner, as they have been in use to elect commissioners to the parliament, and to fend the faid respective commissioners at such times, to such burghs, within their respective diftricts, as her Majesty and successors by such proclamation fhall appoint; requiring and ordaining the common clerk of the respective burghs, where such election shall be appointed to be made, to attend the faid meetings, and immediately after the election to return the name of the person so elected " (certified under his hand) to the clerk of privy council, to the end that the names of the fixteen peers, thirty commissioners for thires, and fifteen commissioners for burghs, being so returned to the privy council, may be returned to the court from whence the writ did issue under the great seal of the united kingdom, conform to the faid twenty second article: e and whereas by the faid twenty second article it is agreed, That ' if her Majesty shall on or before the first day of May next declare, that it is expedient the lords and commons of the pre-Int parliament of England, should be the members of the refpective houses of the first parliament of Great Britain, for and on the part of England, they shall accordingly be the members of the faid respective houses, for and on the part of • England; her Majesty, with advice and consent aforesaid, in that case only, doth hereby statute and ordain, That the sixteen peers, and forty five commissioners for shires and burghs, "who shall be chosen by the peers, barons, and burghs respectively, in this present session of parliament, and out of the members thereof, in the same manner as committees of par-I liament are usually now chosen, shall be the members of the * respective houses of the said first parliament of Great Britain, for and on the part of Scotland. Which nomination and election being certified by a writ under the lord clerk register's

hand, the perfons to nominated and elected shall have right to fit and vote in the house of lords, and in the house of com-

mons, of the faid first parliament of Great Britain.

XIII. As by the fuid all paffed in Scotland, for fettling the man- Act aforesaid ner of electing the fixtuen poers, and forty five members, to represent declared valid. Scotland in the parliament of Great Britain, may oppear; be it therefore further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That the faid last-enentioned act passed in Sectland for settling the manner of electing the fixteen peers, and forty five members, to represent Scotland in the parliament of Great Britain, as aforefaid, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be as valid as if the same had been part of, and engrassed in the said articles of union ratified and approved by the faid act of perliament of Scotland, and by this act, as aforefaid.

CAP. IX.

An all for rendring more effectual an all passed in the first year of ber Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better preventing escapes out of the Queen's Bench and

THEREAS the inheritance and cuffody of several county gools are in private persons, by means whereof the good intent of a certain act made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, insituled, An act for the better preventing escapes out of the Queen's Bench : Annæ, stat. 2. and Fleet Prifons, may be in some counties deseated and eluded: to the c. 6. end therefore that the faid act may be rendred more effectual; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That all and every person and persons, who Persons taken from and after the five and twentieth day of March, in the year by virtue of of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven, shall be Annæ, c. 6 feized or taken by virtue or authority of the faid act, shall in- to be commit-flead of being committed to the common gaol of the county where sheriff wherein such person or persons shall be taken, be conveyed and keeps prisoncommitted to the prison or place where the sheriff of such coun- ers for debt, ty detains or keeps the debtors or prisoners for debt or damage, and remain in there to remain in the custody of the sheriff of such county, flody. fubject to the fame rules and directions, and under the fame restrictions, regulations, and penalties, and in such manner and form in all and every respect, as if the said person or persons had been committed to the common gaol of the county; and if any person or persons so taken and committed, as aforesaid, shall at Sheriff anany time make any escape out of the said prison or place to swerable for which he, she, or they be so committed, as aforesaid, the sheriff escape. in whose custody he, she, or they was or were, shall be answerable for such escape to the party grieved, in like manner as in the case of any other escape.

11. And to the intent that the benefit of the faid former act may Escape warthe more easily be had, in case the person or persons escaping shall rant may be be seen in places distant from the city of London; be it further granted upon be seen in places distant from the city of London; we it institute affidavit made enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any one of in the country. the judges of the respective courts in the said former act mentioned, to grant like warrant and warrants, upon oath in writing

to be made before any person commissionated under the seal of the same court to take affidavits in the country, (the same oath being first duly filed) as by the said former act he is impowered to do upon like oath made before himself.

Persons may be apprehended by warrant on a Sunday.

Persons in cuftody of sheriff on a decree, and making his escape, theriff liable to pay, &c.

III. And be it declared and enacted, That it is and shall be lawful to apprehend and take, upon the Lord's day, any perfon or persons by virtue of any warrant or warrants granted in pursuance of this or of the said former act.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons is, are or shall be in custody of any sheriff or other officer, either by virtue of the said act, or of this present act, or otherwise, for not performing any decree of the high court of Chancery, or court of Exchequer, whereby any fum or fums of money is ordered or decreed to be paid. and shall afterwards make any escape from the said sheriff or other officer, that then and in such case the person and persons, their executors or administrators, to whom the money was to be paid by the faid decree, shall have the same remedy against the faid theriff, as if such person or persons so escaping had been in cultody upon an execution at law, and shall and may recover the several sum and sums of money decreed to be paid to him, her, or them in and hy such decree, against such therist or other officer, together with his, her, or their costs of suit, in any action or actions of debt, or upon the case to be brought or commenced against such theriff or other officer in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no protection or wager of law shall be admitted, or any more than one imparlance; any law, ulage, or cultom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Act to be a general law.

V. And for the prevention of disputes touching this present act; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same and every clause and thing therein contained, shall be adjudged and taken to be a general law, and that it shall not be needful to set forth the same in pleading, or any part thereof.

CAP. X.

EXP.

An act for repairing the highway between Hockliffe and Woborne in the county of Bedford.

CAP. XI. An act for continuing the acts formerly made for repairing of the high-

15 Car. 2. C.1. 4& 5 W. & M. c. 9. 6 Geo.z. c. 10.

ways in the county of Hertford. 26 & 17 Car. 2. For repair of the highways in the county of Hertford. Moiety of the toll taken at Wades Mill, continued for 15 years. If highways be before fufficiently repaired, toll to cease. Power of officers, &c. in the former acts continued. Repealed as to the county of Hertford, by 6 Geo. s. c. 24.

CAP. XII.

An act for the enlarging the passage leading to New Palace Yard through the Gatehouse, Westminster. EXP.

CAP. XIII.

z Ann. fat. z. C. 13. 9 & 10 W. 3, C. 44.

An act for continuing the duties upon houses to secure a yearly fund for circulating Exchequer bills, whereby a fum not exceeding fifteen hundred thouland pounds is intended to be raifed for carrying on the war and other her Majetty's occasions.

Duties

Duties on houses granted by 7 & 2'W. 3. c. 13. &c. continued for ever,
Subject to redemption. Former powers revived. Farther provisions 1 Ann. Rat. 1.
relating hereto, 7 Ann. c. 7. Duties after last July, 1710. appropriated C-13.
for a yearly fund for circulating Exchequer bills. Exchequer bills to be made forth for any fum not exceeding 1500000l. Bills so issued to be taken for taxes, &c. Bank to have 41. so s. per cent. for circulating Exchequer bills, in proportion as the same shall be issued, &c. . Lord treasurer, &c. on the four quarterly feast days of the year, from the first issuing of the bills until Michaelmas, 1710. to compute the sum due to bank on every fuch feaft day; &c. and make out new bills, &c. Officers. &c. to be appointed for managing and levying the duties. Account of monies to be kept in auditor's office. Allowance to be paid at the Exchequer weekly. Penalty on officer misapplying monies, &c. Surplus of duties, &c. disposable to publick use. Bank to exchange Exchequet bills for ready money, with interest due, and remain a corporation until bills be cancell'd. Bank refusing to pay bill, person demanding may bring his action. No interest to run after bill is paid into Exchequer, &c. Interest bills paid to collector of taxes, &c. to be sign'd, and day of the month wrote when paid, &c. On one year's notice, and payment of the principal and interest, bills to be cancell'd, and the fund to cease, &c. Forging or counterfeiting bill, &c. stelony. Bank to have one part of the checques of all such bills. Governor, &c. may call in any sums necessary for circulating bills. Member neglecting to pay his share, dividend to be stopt. Fund not liable to foreign attachment. Exempt from taxes, and to be deemed a personal estate, and go to executors. Until bills be cancell'd no other Exchequer bills to be issued. Not to binder redemption of original fund of 100,000l. per annum granted to bank. Lottery tickets, Exchequer bills, &c. burnt or lost before 6 February, 1706. Officers, &c. on certificate and affidavit, &c. to make forth new ones. Repealed, and other duties granted, by 20 Geo. 2. C. 3.

CAP. XIV.

An all for the better preservation of the game.

WHEREAS several lows have been already enacted for the better preservation of the game, and by experience been found not sufficient to prevent destroying the game, by reason of the multitude of highers and other chapmen, which give great encouragement to idly loofe persons to neglect their lawful employments, to follow and destroy the same; for remedy whereof, and the more effectual preserva- All laws for tion of the game, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent preservacion. majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spirit of the game to tual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament as force, &c. sembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every of the laws now in being for the better preservation of the game. shall continue, remain, and be in the same force, not hereby repealed or altered.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Higlar, carrier any higlar, chapman, carrier, inn-keeper, victualler, or ale-rier, &c. not house-keeper, shall from and after the first day of May, one to have in his thousand seven hundred and seven, have in his or their custody custody any or possession any hare, pheasant, partridge, moor, heath-game, hare, pheasant, fant, partridge, or grouse, or shall buy, sell, or offer to sell any hare, pheasant, sec. or buy or partridge, moor, heath-game, or grouse, every such highar, chapr sell hare, &c. man, inn-keeper, victualler, alehouse-keeper, or carrier (unless on penalty of fuch game in the hands of fuch carrier be fent up by person or 51. persons qualified to kill the game) shall upon every such offence be carried before some justice of the peace for the county, riding,

to be levied by diffres, &c.

cky, or town corporate, or liberties where the said offence is committed; and upon view, or upon the oath of one or more credible witnesses, shall be convicted of the same, shall forfeit for every hare, pheafant, patridge, moor, heath-game, or groufe, the furn of five pounds, one half to the informer, and the other half to the poor of the parish where the offence was committed; the same to be levied by distress and sale of the offenders goods, by warrant under the hand and feal of the justice or justices of the peace before whom fuch offender or offenders shall be convicted, rendring the overplus (if any be) the charge of diffraining being first deducted; and for want of distress, the offender or offenders be committed to the house of correction for the first offence, for the space of three months, without bail or mainprize, and for every such other offence, for the space of four months; provided, that such conviction be made within three months after such offence committed; and that if any Certiorari shall be allowed to remove any conviction made, or other proceedings of or concerning any matter or thing in this act, into any of the courts at Westminster, upon any pretence whatsoever, unless the party or parties, against whom such conviction shall be made, shall, before the allowance of such Certiorari, become bound to the person or persons prosecuting the same, in the sum of fifty pounds, with such sufficient securities as the justice or justices of the peace, before whom such offender shall be convicted, shall think fit, with condition to pay unto the prosecutors, within fourteen days after such conviction or Procedendo granted, their full cofts and charges, to be afcertained upon their paths; and that in default thereof, it shall be lawful for the said justice or justices, or others, to proceed for the due execution of fuch conviction, in such manner as if no such Certiorari had been awarded.

Encouragement to defineyens of the game, to make discoveries.

III. And for the better discovery of such higher, chapman, carrier, inn-keeper, alchouse-keeper, and victualler, as shall offer to buy or fell any hare, pheafant, patridge, moor, heath-game, or groufe; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of May, any person that shall defiroy, fell, or buy any hare, pheafant, moor, heath-game, or grouse, and shall within three months make discovery of any higlar, chapman, carrier, inn-keeper, alehoufe-keeper, or victualler, that hath bought or fold, or offered to buy or fell, or had in their possession any hare, pheasant, partridge, moor, heathgame, or grouse, so as any one shall be convicted of such offence, in manner as aforefaid, fuch discoverer to be discharged of the pains and penalties hereby enacted for killing or felling fuch game, as aforelaid, shall receive the same benefit or adwantage as any other informer shall be entitled to, by virtue of this act, for fuch discovery and information.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, not qualified by the laws of this realm so to do, shall keep or use any grey hounds, setting dogs, hayes, surchers, tunnells, or any other engines to kill and destroy the

game,

Persons not qualified to keep greyhounds,&c.

game, and thall be thereof convicted upon the eath of one or and deftrov two credible witnesses, by the justice or justices of the peace the game, to where such offence is committed, as aforelaid, the person or forfeit st. persons so convicted, shall forfeit the sum of sive pounds; one to be levied by half to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the poor diffress and of the parish where the fame was committed; the same to be sale, &c. levied by diffress and sale of the offenders goods, by warrant under the hand and leal of fuch justice or justices, before whom fitch person or persons shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and for want of such distress, the offender or offenders shall be sent to the house of correction for the space of three months for the first offence, and for every such other offence, four months; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any of her Majesty's. fustices of the peace, in their respective counties, ridings, cities, Justices, or towns corporate, or liberty, and the lords and ladies of his, her, lords of matheir, or any of their respective manors, within the faid manors, take away any to take away any such hare, pheasant, partridge, moor, heath-hare, &c. game, or grouse, or any other game, from any fach higher, from higher, chapman, inn-keeper, victualler, or catrier, or any other person or person not or persons not qualified to kill the fame, and shall be found in qualified: their custody or possession; and likewise to take away such dogs. And also their nets, or other engines, which shall be in the power or custody dogs, nets, &c. of any person or persons not qualified by the laws to keep the by 3 Geo. I. same, to their own proper use, without being accountable to c.r. any person or persons for the same; and that it shall and may None shall be be lawful for any lord or lady of his or her respective lordship heapers her or matter, by writing under his or her hand and feal, to im-perfeus enalipower his or her game-keeper or game-keepers, upon his or her fied or the own lordship or manor, as aforesaid, to kill have, pheafant, par lords servants. tridge, or any other game whatfoever; but if the faid gamekeeper shall, under colour or pretence of the said power and Penalty on authority to kill or take the same for the use of such lord or lady, game keeper, and afterwards sell and dispose thereof to any person or persons killing the whatfoever, without the confent or knowledge of the lord or game, and lady of fuch manor or manors that hath given such power or felling it with-authority, in manner as aforesaid, and shall be thereof convicted lord of maupon the complaint of fuch lord or lady of any manor, and up-nor, &c. on the dath of one or more credible witnesses, before any one This att made or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, as afordaid, up-perpetual by on fuch conviction fuch game-keeper shall be committed to the as altered by house of correction for the space of three months, and there to that all. be kept to hard labour. And this act shall remain and be in force for the space of three years, from the first day of Mag, one thousand seven hundred and seven, and from thence to the end of the next fessions of parliament, and no longer.

V. And robereas the burning of heath, ling and brakes or ferm upon the forest of Sherwood in the county of Nottingham, and in the parts thereunto adjacent, as it is frequently used by divers disorderly and dissolute persons, doth not only destroy the breed of game, but bath also very frequently been the occasion of burning, damaging, and destroying, of great quantities of wood, timber, and fences within the Said.

faid forest, and places thereunte adjacent, to the great damage and No heath. ling, or brakes to be burnt in forest of Sherlicence of owner, on penalty.

None to buy fern afhes on penalty.

redices to iffue their warrants for offenders.

prejudice of the owners thereof; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if any person or persons shall, at any time after the faid first day of May, set fire to any ling, heath, or wood, without brakes growing upon any part of the faid forest, or on any other waster common, or land within the said county of Nottingbam. or shall cut any ling, heath, or brakes, in order to be burnt to ashes upon the ground, or shall burn the same to ashes upon the ground, in any part of the said forest, or in any waste, common. or land, lying within the faid county, without licence from the owner of the foil where such offence shall be committed. shall forfeit to the owner of the soil where such offence shall be committed, ten shillings, and all the ashes which shall be so burnt: and every person and persons who shall buy fern ashes of any such unlicensed person or persons within the said county, shall forfeit for every peck of such ashes, which shall be so bought, the fum of ten shillings; one moiety thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall give information of the faid offence; and it shall be lawful for the keepers and officers of such parts of the said forest, and for the owners of the land or foil where any the faid offences shall be committed, their fervants and agents, to take away, for his and their own use, the scithes, rakes, and other instruments to be used for any the purposes aforesaid, of every person and persons whom they shall find so offending; and it shall be lawful for any one or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, upon complaint made to him or them against any person or persons for any the faid offences, to fend forth his or their warrant or warrants to bring the person or persons so complained of before him or them; and if the person or persons so complained of, shall be convict of any of the said offences before such justice or justices, by the oath or oaths of one or more witness or witnesses, then and in such case the party so convict, shall immediately after fuch conviction, pay fuch penalties and forfeitures as are hereby before imposed for the faid offences respectively, to such person and persons as the same penalties and forfeitures are hereby appointed to be paid; and in default thereof shall be committed by such justice or justices to the house of correction, there to be kept to hard labour for the space of one month, unless the faid penalties and forfeitures shall be in the mean time paid.

CAP. XV.

RXP. An act for the better recruiting of her Majesty's land forces and the marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seven.

CAP. XVI.

An act for continuing an act made in the third and fourth years of her EXP. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for punishing mutiny and defertion, and falle musters, and for the better payment of the army and quarters.

CAP. XVII.

An all to repeal all the laws probibiting the importation of foreign lace made of thread.

ATHEREAS it is by experience found, That an all passed in the parliament holden at Westminster, in the thirteenth and 13 & 14 Car. 4. fourteenth years of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act prohibiting the importation of foreign bone lace, cut work, embroidery, fringe, band strings, buttons, and needle work, as also divers other acts heretofore made, prohibiting or restraining the importation of foreign lace, or for rendring the laws more effectual for preventing the importation of foreign lace, have obstructed the exportation and vending or selling of the woollen manufactures of England in the Spanish Low Countries, and other places abroad: now for the remedy thereof, be it enacted. and it is hereby enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the aforesaid act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the All acts which Second, and also all and every other act and acts of parliament prohibit the whatfoever which prohibit or restrain the importation, vending, foreign lace, or selling of foreign lace, be henceforth repealed so far forth as repealed. the faid acts relate to foreign lace made of thread in the faid Spanish Low Countries, or in any other place not within the dominions of the French King; and that the afore-mentioned acts, and every clause, matter, and thing in them contained, so far as they relate to such foreign lace made of thread (except as is before excepted) be and are hereby repealed and made void.

II. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act contained Not to extend thall any ways extend, or be construed to extend to permit or to lace made allow of the importation of lace made in any the dominions of in French the French King, or in any of the lands, towns, or countries in duke of Anthe possession of the duke of Anthe possession of the duke of Anthe continue in the possession of the said French King or duke nions.

respectively.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for involuments of bargains and fales within the West Riding of the county of York, in the register office there lately provided, and for making the faid register more effectual.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twenty ferenther provents year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, wissons relating For involuments of bargains and sales, it is enasted, That no man bereto. nors, lands, tenements, or other bereditaments shall pass, alter, or 6 Annæ, c. 35. change from one to another, whereby any estate of inharitance or from 1.34. bold shall be made, or take effect in any person or persons, or any use 1.7 H. 8. c. 16. thereof to be made, by reason only of any bargain and sale thereof, except the said bargain and sale be made by writing indented, sealed, Vol. XI.

groffing

and inrolled in one of the King's courts of record at Westminster, or else within the same county or counties where the same manors. lands, or tenements so bargained and sold lie or be, before the Cutios Rotulorum, and two juffices of the peace, and the clerk of the peace of the same county or counties, or two of them at the least, whereof the clerk of the peace to be one; which act bath been found by experience to be of little or no use within the West riding of the county of York, as to the inrollments of bargains and fales within the faid West riding, for that the clerk of the peace thereof for the time being, who hath the keeping of the said inrollments within the said West riding, is not by the said act enjoined to give any security for the safe keeping, nor under any penalty for the negligent keeping of the said invollments, nor is there by the said act any certain place appointed & 3 Anne, for keeping thereof: and whereas by an act of parliament made in the second year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, and wills, that shall be made of any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments within the West riding of the county of York, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hun-Register office dred and four; a publick office hath been erected and established at wakefield. Wakefield within the said West riding, at the publick charge thereof, for registring and safe keeping of memorials of all deeds, conveyances, and wills within the said riding, and a publick register hath been chosen, who hath, according to the direction of the same act, given sufficient security for the due execution of the said office: for the rendring therefore the aforesaid act, made in the twenty seventh year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, more effectual and beneficial to the inhabitants of the said West riding, as to all inrollments of bargains and sales within the said West riding; may it please your most excellent Majesty that it may be enact-From 24 June, ed, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by 1707, all bar- and with the advice and confere of the latest may be enacted. poral, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the four and ding of York- twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand thire, inroll'd feven hundred and seven, all bargains and sales of any manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, fituate, lying, and being within the faid West riding, which shall be inrolled before the said register, or his deputy for the time being, in the said publick office at Wakefield, shall be as good, effectual, and available, to all intents and purpoles whatloever, as if the same had been

> or before the Custos Rotulorum, and two justices of the peace, and the clerk of the peace of the faid West riding, or two of them, according to the aforesaid act made in the twenty seventh year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth; and the faid regifter, or his deputy, for the time being (together with one or more justice or justices of the peace of the said riding) shall have power to take and enter the acknowledgement of the bargainer, if but one, or of one of the bargainers, if more, in such bargains and fales; and shall well and sufficiently inroll, by in-

gains and fales of lands, &c. in West Riin register's office at Wakefield, to be good in law, as if inroll'd at Westminster. inrolled in one of the Queen's courts of record at Westminster, groffing in parehment rolls or parchment books, all fuch bar- Involuments to gains and fales as shall for that purpose be acknowledged before be in parchhim, as aforesaid; and shall endorse a certificate on such bar-ment, gains and fales, of the times of invoiling thereof, and fign the fame: and the rolls or books thereof shall fafely keep in the said publick office, there to remain upon record amongst the memorials of deeds there registred.

II. And be it further enacted, That all deeds of bargain and and allowed in fale fo involled in the fald publick or register office, as aforefaid, all courts, which shall appear to be so inrolled by an indorsement or certificate on the faid deeds of bargain and fale figned by the faid register, or his deputy, and that all copies of the invollments thereof remaining on record in the faid register office, shall be allowed in all courts where such bargains and sales, or copies shall be produced, to be as good and sufficient evidence as any bargains and fales involled in any of the courts at Westminster,

and the copies of the invollments thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That every fuch involument Such invollof every such deed in the said register office, as aforesaid, shall ment deemed be deemed and adjudged to be the entring of a memorial there-entring a meof, pursuant to the said act made in the second year of her pre-morial therefent Majesty's reign, and shall have the same force and effect upon the estate therein mentioned, in relation to all subsequent deeds, conveyances, and wills, and to all other intents and purposes, as if a memorial of such involled deed had been entred

in the faid register office, pursuant to the said act.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No judg-That no judgment, statute, or recognizance (other than such as ment, &c. to shall be entred into in the name, and upon the proper account of affect any her Majesty, her heirs, and successors) which shall be obtained, in west riding, or entred into, after the faid four and twentieth day of June, in but from time the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and se- that a memoven, shall affect or bind any manors, lands, tenements, or here-rial thereof be ditaments, fituate, lying, and being in the faid west riding, but entred in regionly from the time that a memorial of fuch judgment, ffatute, or recognizance shall be entred at the said register office, expressing and containing, in case of such judgment, the names of the plaintiffs, and the names and additions therein of the defendants, the fums thereby recovered, and the time of the figning thereof; and in case of flatutes and recognizances, expressing and containing the date of such statute or recognizance, the names and additions of the cognizors, and cognizees therein, and for what fums, and before whom the fame were acknowledged; and that in order to the making an entry of such me-morials of judgments, statutes, and recognizances, as aforesaid, making entry. the party and parties defiring the fame, shall produce to, and leave with the faid register, or his deputy, to be filed in the said publick or register office, a memorial of such judgment, statute, or recognizance, figned by the proper officer, who shall fign such judgment, or his fucceffor in the same office, or by the proper officer in whose effice such statute or recognizance shall be inroll-

ed, together with an affidavit sworn before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in chancery, that such memorial was duly figned by the officer whose name shall appear to be thereunto set; which memorial such respective officer is hereby required to give such plaintiff or plaintiffs, cognizee or cognizees, or his, her, or their executors or administrators, or attorney, or any of them, he, she, or they paying for the same the sum of one shilling, and no more.

Register to enter fuch momorials.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid register, or his deputy, shall make an entry, and likewise, if required, shall give a certificate in writing under his hand, testified by two credible witnesses, of every such memorial of any judgment, statute, or recognizance brought to him to be so registred, as aforesaid, and therein mention the certain day on which such memorial is so registred or entred, expressing also in what book, page, and number the fame is entred.

Condition of register's re-' cognizance.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the recognizance entred into by the present register, and hereafter to be entred into by the register for the time being, at the time of his being sworn into the said office of register, conditioned for the true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office, shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to stand and be to all intents and purposes a security, as well for the due invollment, and safe keeping when involled, of the said inrollments of all bargains and fales that shall be inrolled before the faid register, or his deputy, for the time being, by virtue of this present act, and for all other duties appointed by him to be done by this act, as for the true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his said office of register; and that the faid register and his deputy for the time being, shall be liable to the like breaches and forfeitures of the faid recognizance, for and in respect of any neglect or breach of his duty required of him by this present act, as for any neglect or breach of his duty in the execution of his faid office of register.

The fame fees as by 2 Annæ, c. 4.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the faid register for the time being, shall be allowed for inrolling every such bargain and fale, and memorial, as aforefaid, and for certificates, copies and fearches respectively, the like respective fees that are, by the aforesaid act made in the second year of her present Majesty's reign, appointed for the entring memorials of deeds, conveyances, and wills, and for certificates, copies, and fearches respectively, and no more.

Penalty on forging or entry.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall at any time forge or counterfeit any entry of the accounterfeiting knowledgement of any bargainer in any such bargain and sale, as aforefaid, or any such memorial, certificate, or indorfement as are herein mentioned or directed, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur, and be liable to fuch pains and penalties as in and by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act against forgers of false deeds and writings, are imposed upon persons for forging

forging or publishing of falle deeds, charters, or writings sealed, court rolls or wills, whereby the freehold or inheritance of arry person or persons of, in or to any lands, tenements, or hemeditaments, shall or may be molested, troubled, or charged:
Andon person
and that if any person or persons shall at any time for swear him-for swearing self before the faid register, or his deputy, or before any judge himself. or mafter in chancery, in any of the cases herein mentioned, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur, and be liable to the same penalties, as if the same oath had been made in any of the courts of record at Westminster.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all certificates required Certificates to by this act, or by the faid act made in the second year of her be signed by present Majesty's reign to be given by the said register, or his register. deputy, in case of searches in the said publick or register office, thall be figured by the faid register, or his deputy, in the presence of two credible persons, who shall set their names thereto as

witnesses to the figning thereof.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, On certificate That in case of mortgages that shall be inrolled in the said re-that money gifter office, pursuant to this act; or whereof memorials have due on morts been, or shall be entred, pursuant to the said act made in the second year of her present Majesty's reign; and also in case of to make an judgments, statutes, and recognizances, whereof memorials entry thereof, shall be entred in the said register office, pursuant to this act; &c. if at any time afterwards, a certificate shall be brought to the c. 4. faid register, or his deputy, figned by the respective mortgagors and mortgagees in such mortgage, plaintiffs, and defendants in fuch judgment, cognizor, and cognizees in fuch statute or recognizance respectively, their respective executors, administrators, or affagns, and attefted by two witnesses, whereby it shall appear, that all monies due upon such mortgage, judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, have been paid or satisfied in discharge thereof; which witnesses shall upon their oath before the said register, or his deputy, (who are hereby respectively impowered to administer such oath) prove such monies to be satisfied or paid accordingly, and that they faw fuch certificate figned by the faid mortgagore and mortgagoes, plaintiffs, and defendants, cognizors, and cognizees respectively, their respective executors, administrators, or assigns, that then, and in every such case the faid register, or his deputy, shall make an entry in the margents of the faid register books, against the inrollment of such mortgage or registry of the memorial thereof, and against the registry of such judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, That fuch mortgage, judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, was fatisfied and discharged, according to such certificate, to which the same entry shall refer; and shall after file such certificate, to remain upon record in the faid register office.

XI. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if any Proviso in case judgment, statute, or recognizance, be registred in the said regi- of judgment ster office, within thirty days after the acknowledgement or entred in 30 figning thereof, all the lands that the defendant or cognizor had days after

at the time of such acknowledgment or figning, shall be bound theraby.

A& to be a publick a&.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act, and all judges, justices, and other persons therein concerned, are hereby required, as such, to take notice thereof, without special pleading the same.

CAP. XIX.

An uti for continuing the duties on low wines and spirits of the first extration, and the duties payable by bawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on sweets, and the one third subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and for settling and establishing a sund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies, and otherwise, for payment of annuities to be sold for raising a surther supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and soven, and other uses therein expressed.

Most gracious Sovereign,

For the application of 400001, per ann. out of the furplus arifing from this all, see 6 Annæ, c. 5. f. 1, 2.
11200001, and 350001, to be raised.

Duties on low wines, hawkers, yellum, &c. granted.

TE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, confidering the great charges necessary for carrying on the war, and how far your Majesty's subjects are at present burthened with taxes already laid for that purpole; and being therefore willing, by fuch easy and effectual ways and means as in this act are expressed and intended, to raise a sum of money not exceeding one million and one hundred and twenty thouland pounds, part of the money necessary to be provided in this session of parliament for your Majesty's supply, and a further sum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds, to be applied in such manner as is herein after mentioned, towards making good the payment of the annuities to be purchased upon this act, have for that end and purpose cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majerty the rates and duties upon low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties to be paid by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and the rates and duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, and the duties upon fweets, and the additional subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties hereafter in this act expressed or referred unto, for and during such term and terms of years respectively as are in this act mentioned in that behalf; and do most humbly befeech your Majesty to accept thereof, and that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majefly, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every such or the like duties for and upon all low wines, or spirits of the first

Lów wines, 3 & 4 Annæ, C. 4. farst extraction, as by the act of parliament made and passed in made perpethe the third year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for con-tual by 1 Geo. tinating duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, 1. ftat. 2. C. 12. and pictures, and upon bowkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon (. 8. mustines, and for granting new duties upon several of the said cam. 1 Geo. 2. c. 16. modities, and also upon callicoes, China wares and drugs, were continued or granted until the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, for and upon all low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, to be made or drawn by any distiller, or other persons making or drawing spirits or strong waters for sale or exportation, within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, from the three and twentieth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety six years, from thence next and immediately ensuing, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed: and that all and every such further contiand the like several duties, impositions, and sums of money, to nued for 96 be paid by every hawker, pedlar, petty chapman, and such other years; persons as are described in one act of the ninth year of the reign made persons as are described in one act of the ninth year of the reign made persons tual by a Geo. of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memo- 1. stat. 2. C. 12. ry, for licenfing hawkers and pedlars, and all the powers for f. 8. granting licences, and other powers, and all clauses, directions, Hawkers and allowances, penalties, forfeitures, articles, matters, and things pedlars. therein contained, relating to the faid duties payable by hawk- 9 & 10 W. 3. ers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and other persons described in the said act, which by the said act of the third year of her Majesty's 3 & 4 Annæ, reign hath continuance until the faid four and twentieth day of c. 4. June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall be further con-further contitimued, and be paid and payable, and be practifed, observed, and made perpeput in execution, by virtue of this act, from the three and twen- tual by I Geo. twieth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord 1. stat. 2. c. one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the like term of nine-12. s. ty fix years from thence next and immediately ensuing: the faid In what manseveral duties, impositions, and sums of money, for and upon ner duties all low wines, spirits of the first extraction, and upon all hawk- shall be levied. ers, pediars, petty chapmen, and all other persons described as aforesaid, to be paid during the said respective terms of ninety fix years, and to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, to the uses and purposes in this act expressed, by such rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such distribution of the faid penalties and forfeitures, and with such power of mitigation, and subject to such drawbacks, allowances, and sepayments, and in such manner and form in all respects, as the like duties, impositions, and sums of money respectively granted or continued by the said act of the third year of her Majesty's 3 & 4 Ann. reign are thereby, or by any other act of parliament whereunto c. 4. the faid act hath reference, or by any other law now in force, prescribed, enacted, or appointed to be ascertained, secured,

Former pow-

ers revived.

raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for during the continuance thereof respectively.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefuld, That all fuch of the powers, directions, penalties, and forfeinares, clauses, matters, and things provided, sattled, or established by the faid acts, or any of them, or by any other act now in force, whereunto the fame, or any of them have or hath relation, for the better raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the said respective duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and upon hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and other persons, described as aforesaid, thereby granted, or for making any drawbacks, repayments or allowances out of any of the faid several and respective duties upon exportations, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue, during the continuance of this act, and further, for the recovery of all the arrearages and fums of money, which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the faid powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted

in the body of this present act. .

& 6 W. & M. c. 21.

8 & 9 W. 3. Ç. 20.

Ann. ftat. 1. C. 13.

Rates on vellum, &c. for 96 years;

made perpetual by 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. C. 12. f. 8,

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fuch of the rates and duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, as were granted to their faid late majesties King William and Queen Mary, by an act made in the parliament holden at Westminster, in the fifth and sixth years of their reigns, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties, several duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper for four years, towards carrying on the war against France, and which by an act of parliament made in the eighth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William, were continued until the first day of August, one thoufand seven hundred and fix, and which by an act of the first year of her now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and preserving the publick credit, were continued from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and six, to the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majelty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety fix years from thence next and immediately enfuing, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed: and that the faid act for granting the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, and all powers, provisions, penalties, and forfeitures, articles, and clauses therein, or in any other act or acts of parliament now in force, concerning the said duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, shall continue and be in full force and effect, and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution, for the raifing, levying, collecting, answering, and paying, the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, hereby . CORT

continued, idening the faid term of ninety fix years, and all asrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this act.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That Alterations to in all cases where any further or other provision or alteration is be observed. made thy any other act or acts of parliament now in being, in relation to the faid duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and the faid duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, and the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, or any of them, such other provisions, or alterations shall be observed and complied with, during the continuance of the respective terms hereby granted in the same duties respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there Sweets to pay shall be raifed, levied, collected, and paid to her Majesty, her 36s. per barheirs and successors, (for the purposes in this act expressed) for rel, for 99 every barrel of sweets made, which shall be for sale, from and years. after the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven Made persental bundred and fix, within or during the space of ninety nine years, by 1 Geo. 1. from thence next and immediately enfuing, the fum of thirty and fat. 2. C.12. fix shillings, the same duty to be paid by the maker and makers Reduced to of the faid sweets, and so in proportion for any greater or leffer 125, by 10 Geo.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

quantity.

That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, which in and by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An 12 & 13 Car. att for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in capite, and by knights service, and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon his Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force relating to the duties of excise upon beer, ale and other liquors; and which in and by another act made in the tenth year of the reign of his late majesty, King William the third (of 10 & 11 W. 3. glorious memory) intituled, An act for laying further duties upon C. 21. fweets, and for lessening the duties as well upon vinegar as upon certain low wines and whale-fins, and the duties upon brandy imported, and for the more easy raising the duties upon leather, and for charging conders, and for permitting the importation of pearl ashes, and for preventing abuses in brewing beer and ale, and frauds in the importation of tobacco, or by any other law then in force relating to the duties on sweets, granted by the last-mentioned act, are provided, settled, or established, for raising, levying, collecting, recovering, Former powadjudging, or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of ers in force for them, shall be exercised, practised, applied, used, levied, recoverties on sweets. ed, and put in execution, for the raising, levying, collecting, recovering, and paying the duties on sweets hereby granted, during the continuance of the fame, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles, as if all and every the faid powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses,

railed, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for during the continuance thereof respectively.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all fuch of the powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things provided, settled, or established by the faid acts, or any of them, or by any other act now in force, whereunto the fame, or any of them have or hath relation, for the better raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the faid respective duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and upon hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and other persons, described as aforesaid, thereby granted, or for making any drawbacks, repayments or allowances out of any of the faid feveral and respective duties upon exportations, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue, during the continuance of this act, and further, for the recovery of all the arrearages and fums of money, which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and

things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted

in the body of this present act.

Former powers revived,

& 6 W. & M. c. 21.

8 & 9 W. 3. Ç. 1Q.

Ann. flat. 1. C. 13.

Rates on vellum, &c. for 96 years;

made perpetual by 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. C. 12. Ç. 8,

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fuch of the rates and duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, as were granted to their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, by an act made in the parliament holden at Westminster, in the fifth and sixth years of their reigns, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties, several duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper for four years, towards carrying on the war against France, and which by an act of parliament made in the eighth year of the reign of his said late majesty King William, were continued until the first day of August, one thoufand seven hundred and six, and which by an act of the first year of her now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and preferring the publick credit, were continued from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and six, to the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety fix years from thence next and immediately enfuing, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed: and that the faid act for granting the faid duties upon vellum; parchment, and paper, and all powers, provisions, penalties, and forfeitures, articles, and clauses therein, or in any other act or acts of parliament now in force, concerning the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, shall continue and be in full force and effect, and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution, for the raifing, levying, collecting, answering, and paying, the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, hereby

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continued idening the faid term of ninety fix years, and all arrears thereof, according to the tener and intent of this act.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That Alterations to in all cases where any further or other provision or alteration is be observed. made thy any other act or acts of parliament now in being, in relation to the faid duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and the faid duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, and the faid duties upon vellum, perchment, and paper, or any of them, such other provisions, or alterations shall be observed and complied with, during the continuance of the respective terms hereby granted in the same duties respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there Sweets to pay shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to her Majesty, her 36s. per barheirs and fuccessors, (for the purposes in this act expressed) for rel, for 99 every barrel of fweets made, which shall be for fale, from and years. after the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven Made perpetual hundred and fix, within or during the space of ninety nine years, by 1 Geo. 1. from thence next and immediately enfuing, the fum of thirty and flat. 2. C.12. fix shillings, the same duty to be paid by the maker and makers Reduced to of the faid sweets, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser 125. by 10 Geo.

quantity.

VJ. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, which in and by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An 12 & 13 Car. alt for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in 2. C. 24. capite, and by knights service, and purveyance, and for settling a reversue upon his Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force relating to the duties of excise upon beer, ale and other liquors; and which in and by another act made in the tenth year of the reign of his late majesty, King William the third (of 10 & 11 W. 3. glorious memory) intituled, An act for laying further duties upon C. 21. fiveets, and for lessening the duties as well upon vinegar as upon certain low wines and whale-fins, and the duties upon brandy imported, and for the more easy raising the duties upon leather, and for charging cynders, and for permitting the importation of pearl ashes, and for preventing abuses in brewing beer and ale, and frauds in the importation of tobacco, or by any other law then in force relating to the duties on sweets, granted by the last-mentioned act, are provided, settled, or established, for raising, levying, collecting, recovering, Former powadjudging, or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of ers in force for them, shall be exercised, practised, applied, used, levied, recoverties on sweets. ed, and put in execution, for the raifing, levying, collecting, recovering, and paying the duties on fweets hereby granted, during the continuance of the fame, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles, as if all and every the faid powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses,

ed, together with an affidavit (worn before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in chancery, that such memorial was duly figned by the officer whose name shall appear to be thereunto set; which memorial such respective officer is hereby required to give such plaintiff or plaintiffs, cognizee or cognizees, or his, her, or their executors or administrators, or attorney, or any of them, he, she, or they paying for the same the sum of one shilling, and no more.

Register to enter fuch memorials.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid register, or his deputy, shall make an entry, and likewise, if required, shall give a certificate in writing under his hand, testified by two credible witnesses, of every such memorial of any judgment, statute, or recognizance brought to him to be so registred, as aforesaid, and therein mention the certain day on which such memorial is so registred or entred, expressing also in what book, page, and number the same is entred.

Condition of register's recognizance.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the recognizance entred into by the present register, and hereafter to be entred into by the register for the time being, at the time of his being sworn into the said office of register, conditioned for the true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office, shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to stand and be to all intents and purposes a security, as well for the due inrollment, and fate keeping when inrolled, of the faid inrollments of all bargains and fales that thall be inrolled before the faid register, or his deputy, for the time being, by virtue of this present act, and for all other duties appointed by him to be done by this act, as for the true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office of register; and that the faid register and his deputy for the time being, shall be liable to the like breaches and forfeitures of the faid recognizance, for and in respect of any neglect or breach of his duty required of him by this present act, as for any neglect or breach of his duty in the execution of his faid office of register.

The fame fees as by s Annæ, c. 4.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the faid register for the time being, shall be allowed for inrolling every such bargain and fale, and memorial, as aforefaid, and for certificates, copies and fearches respectively, the like respective sees that are, by the aforesaid act made in the second year of her present Majesty's reign, appointed for the entring memorials of deeds, conveyances, and wills, and for certificates, copies, and fearches respectively, and no more.

Penalty on forging or entry.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any person or perfons shall at any time forge or counterfeit any entry of the accounterfeiting knowledgement of any bargainer in any such bargain and sale, as aforefaid, or any fuch memorial, certificate, or indorfement as are herein mentioned or directed, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur, and be liable to fuch pains and penalties as in and by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act against forgers of false deeds and writings, are imposed upon persons for

forging or publishing of false deeds, charters, or writings sealed, court rolls or wills, whereby the freehold or inheritance of arry person or persons of, in or to any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, shall or may be molested, troubled, or charged: And on person and that if any person or persons shall at any time for swear him-for swearing solf before the faid register, or his deputy, or before any judge himself. or master in chancery, in any of the cases herein mentioned, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall ancur, and be liable to the same penalties, as if the same path had been made in any of the courts of record at Westminster.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all certificates required Certificates to by this act, or by the faid act made in the second year of her be signed by present Majesky's reign to be given by the said register, or his register.

deputy, in case of searches in the said publick or register office, shall be figned by the said register, or his deputy, in the presence of two credible persons, who shall set their names thereto as

witnesses to the signing thereof.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, On certificate That in case of mortgages that shall be inrolled in the said re- that money gifter office, purfuant to this act; or whereof memorials have due on morte been, or shall be entred, pursuant to the said act made in the second year of her present Majesty's reign; and also in case of to make an judgments, statutes, and recognizances, whereof memorials entry thereof, shall be entred in the said register office, pursuant to this act; &c. if at any time afterwards, a certificate shall be brought to the 2.4. · faid register, or his deputy, figned by the respective mortgagors and mortgagees in such mortgage, plaintiffs, and defendants in fuch judgment, cognizor, and cognizees in such statute or recognizance respectively, their respective executors, administrators, or affigns, and attefted by two witnesses, whereby it shall appear, that all monies due upon fuch mortgage, judgment, statute, or secognizance respectively, have been paid or satisfied in discharge thereof; which witnesses shall upon their oath before the said register, or his deputy, (who are hereby respectively impowered to administer such oath) prove such monies to be satisfied or paid accordingly, and that they faw such certificate signed by the said mortgagors and mortgagees, plaintiffs, and defendants, cognizors, and cognizees respectively, their respective executors, administrators, or assigns, that then, and in every such case the faid register, or his deputy, shall make an entry in the margents of the faid register books, against the inrollment of such mortgage or registry of the memorial thereof, and against the registry of fuch judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, That fuch mortgage, judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, was fatisfied and discharged, according to such certificate, to which the same entry shall refer; and shall after file such certificate, to remain upon record in the faid register office.

XI. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if any Proviso in case judgment, statute, or recognizance, be registred in the said regi- of judgment ster office, within thirty days after the acknowledgement or entred in 30 figning thereof, all the lands that the defendant or cognizor had days after

at figned,

first

at the time of such acknowledgment or figning, shall be bound thereby.

Act to be a publick act.

XII. And be it further enacted. That this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act. and all judges, justices, and other persons therein concerned, are hereby required, as such, to take notice thereof, without special pleading the same.

CAP. XIX.

An all for continuing the duties on low wines and Spirits of the first extraction, and the duties payable by bowkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on sweets, and the one third subsidy of tonuage and poundage, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies, and otherwise, for payment of annuities to be sold for raifing a further supply to ber Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and seven, and other uses thereix expressed.

Mast gracious Sovereign,

For the applieditor of 40000l. per ann. out of the furplus arifing from thu all, see 6 Annæ, c. 5. ſ. 1, 2. 112000ol. and 3 scool, to be raifed.

TTE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament affembled, confidering the great charges necessary for carrying on the war, and how far your Majesty's subjects are at present burthened with taxes already laid for that purpose; and being therefore willing, by such easy and effectual ways and means as in this act are expressed and intended, to raise a sum of money not exceeding one million and one hundred and twenty thouland pounds, part of the money necessary to be provided in this session of parliament for your Majesty's supply, and a further sum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds, to be applied in such manner as is herein after mentioned, towards making good the payment of the annuities to be purchased upon this act, have for that end and purpose cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majesty the rates and duties upon Duties on low low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties to be paid by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and the rates and duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, and the duties upon fweets, and the additional subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties hereafter in this act expressed or referred unto, for and during such term and terms of years respectively as are in this act mentioned in that behalf; and do most humbly befeech your Majesty to accept thereof, and that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majefly, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every such or the like duties for and upon all low wines, or spirits of the

wines, hawkers, vellum, &c. granted.

Low wines, g & 4 Annæ, ć. 4.

first extraction, as by the act of parliament made and passed in made perpethe third year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for con-tual by 1 Geo. tinning duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, 1. ftat. 1. C. 12. and pictures, and upon bouckers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon 6.8. mushins, and for granting new duties upon several of the said cam. 1 Geo. 2. c. 16. modities, and also upon callicoes, China wares and drugs, were continued or granted until the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, to be made or drawn by any distiller, or other persons making or drawing spirits or strong waters for sale or exportation, within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, from the three and twentieth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety six years, from thence next and immediately ensuing, for the uses and purpoles in this act expressed: and that all and every such further contiand the like several duties, impositions, and sums of money, to nued for 96 be paid by every hawker, pedlar, petty chapman, and such other years; persons as are described in one act of the ninth year of the reign made perpetual by a Geo. of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memo- 1. stat. 2. C. 12. ry, for licensing hawkers and pedlars, and all the powers for s. s. granting licences, and other powers, and all clauses, directions, Hawkers and allowances, penalties, forfeitures, articles, matters, and things pedlars. therein contained, relating to the faid duties payable by hawk- c. 27. ers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and other persons described in the faid act, which by the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's 3 & 4 Anna, reign hath continuance until the said four and twentieth day of c. 4. June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall be further confurther contitimued, and be paid and payable, and be practifed, observed, and made perpeput in execution, by virtue of this act, from the three and twen- tual by 1 Geo. twieth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord 1. stat. 2. c. one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the like term of nine-12. s. 8. ty fix years from thence next and immediately ensuing: the said In what manseveral duties, impolitions, and lums of money, for and upon ner duties all low wines, spirits of the first extraction, and upon all hawk- shall be levied. ers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and all other persons described as aforesaid, to be paid during the said respective terms of ninety fix years, and to be afcertained, fecured, raifed, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, to the uses and purposes in this act expressed, by such rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such distribution of the faid penalties and forfeitures, and with such power of mitigation, and fubject to fuch drawbacks, allowances, and sepayments, and in such manner and form in all respects, as the like duties, impositions, and sums of money respectively granted or continued by the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's 3 & 4 Ann. reign are thereby, or by any other act of parliament whereunto c. 4. the faid act hath reference, or by any other law now in force, prescribed, enacted, or appointed to be ascertained, secured,

Q 4

railed.

. con:

Former pow-

ers revived.

railed, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for der-

ing the continuance thereof respectively.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all fuch of the powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things provided, settled, or established by the faid acts, or any of them, or by any other act now in force, whereunto the fame, or any of them have or hath relation, for the better raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the faid respective duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and upon hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and other persons, described as aforelaid, thereby granted, or for making any drawbacks, repayments or allowances out of any of the faid feveral and respective duties upon exportations, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue, during the continuance of this act, and further, for the recovery of all the arrearages and fums of money, which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the faid powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid.

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5 & 6 W. & M. c. 21,

8 & 9 W. 3. G. 20.

Ann. stat.,

Rates on vellum, &c. for 96 years;

made perpetual by 1 Geo. 1. Itat. 2. C. 12. [. 8.

That fuch of the rates and duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, as were granted to their faid late majesties King William and Queen Mary, by an act made in the parliament holden at Westminster, in the fifth and fixth years of their reigns, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties, several duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper for four years, towards carrying on the war against France, and which by an act of parliament made in the eighth year of the reign of his said late majesty King William, were continued until the first day of August, one thoufand seven hundred and six, and which by an act of the first year of her now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and preferring the publick credit, were continued from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and six, to the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety fix years from thence next and immediately enfuing, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed: and that the faid act for granting the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, and all powers, provisions, penalties, and forfeitures, articles, and clauses therein, or in any other act or acts of parliament now in force, concerning the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, shall continue and be in full force and effect, and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution, for the raifing, levying, collecting, answering, and paying, the faid duties upon vellum, parchment; and paper, hereby

continued, idering the faid term of ninety fix years, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this act.

IV. Provided adways, and it is hereby further enacted, That Alterations to in all cases where any further or other provision or alteration is be observed. made by any other act or acts of parliament now in being, in relation to the faid duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and the faid duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, and the faid duties upon vellum, perchment, and paper, or any of them, such other provisions, or alterations shall be observed and complied with, during the continuance of the respective terms hereby granted in the same duties respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary motwithstanding.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there Sweets to pay shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to her Majesty, her 36s per barheirs and successors, (for the purposes in this act expressed) for rel, for 99 every barrel of sweets made, which shall be for sale, from and years. after the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven Made perpetual bundred and fix, within or during the space of ninety nine years, by 1 Geo. 1. from thence next and immediately enfuing, the fum of thirty and ftat. 2. C.12. fix shillings, the same duty to be paid by the maker and makers Reduced to of the faid sweets, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser 123. by 10 Geo.

quantity. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, which in and by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An 12 & 13 Car. att for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in 2. C. 24. capite, and by knights service, and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon his Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force relating to the duties of excise upon beer, ale and other liquors; and which in and by another act made in the tenth year of the reign of his late majesty, King William the third (of 10 & 11 W. 3. glorious memory) intituled, An act for laying further duties upon C. 21. sweets, and for lessening the duties as well upon vinegar as upon certain low wines and whale-fins, and the duties upon brandy imported, and for the more easy raising the duties upon leather, and for charging cynders, and for permitting the importation of pearl ashes, and for preventing abuses in brewing beer and ale, and frauds in the importation of

tobacco, or by any other law then in force relating to the duties on sweets, granted by the last-mentioned act, are provided, settled, or established, for raising, levying, collecting, recovering, Former powadjudging, or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of ers in force for them, shall be exercised, practised, applied, used, levied, recover- ties on sweets. ed, and put in execution, for the raifing, levying, collecting, recovering, and paying the duties on fweets hereby granted, during the continuance of the fame, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles, as if all and every the faid powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses,

collecting du-

or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being. payments, &c. thall, from time to time, during the continuance of the faid subfidies, rates, duties, and other funds fettled by the faid act of the fourth year of her Majesty's reign, as aforesaid, and every or any of them, cause all the said overplus monies of the same subsidies, rates, duties, and other funds contained in the act lastmentioned, to be justly and duly computed, at the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, in every year, or within fix days after, the first computation thereof to be made at the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, one thoufand seven hundred and eight, or within six days after, and after paying, or referving sufficient to pay so much as shall be incurred or grown due upon the faid annuities, by virtue of the faid act of the fourth year of her Majesty's reign, at or before every such feast of the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary respectively, the same overplus monies (except the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the faid annuities, purchased on the said act of the fourth year of her Majesty's reign) or so much of the overplus last-mentioned, as shall be sufficient for this purpose, shall be applied for and towards the making good, paying and fatisfying the quarterly payments of all and every, or any the annuities to be purchased by virtue of this act. during the whole term of ninety nine years by this act intended to be granted of and in such annuities respectively.

3 5000l. referved for quarterly payments, till Michaelmas. 1710.

Ann. c. 6.

X. And for the better fecuring the quarterly payments which shall grow due on or before Michaelmas, one thousand seven hundred and ten, upon the annuities to be purchased in pursuance of this act, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid fum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds, part of the contribution monies to be raifed by fale of annuities upon this act, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient in this behalf, shall and may be referved and applied for and towards the discharging the quarterly payments last-mentioned.

XI. And whereas by and in pursuance of several former acts of

parliament, fundry other annuities payable at the receipt of Exchequer

Sundry annuities purchased and charged, &c.

have been purchased, and are charged upon the several other branches of the publick revenues or funds herein after particularly expressed, which revenues or funds do also annually produce more than sufficient to discharge the faid annuities charged thereupon respectively, and the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the same, and the over-Overplus mo plus monies thereby arifing do belong to her Majesty for the publick use and service, that is to say, The rates and duties of excise which computed, &c. were granted to their late majefties King William and Queen Mary, 4 & 5 W. & M. by an act of the fourth year of their reign, for the term of ninety nine years therein mentioned, and are liable to the payment of several annuities, with benefit of furvivorship, and other annuities; the overplus of which rates and duties bath been, and is to be computed on the four and twentieth day of June, yearly: the rates and duties of extise which were granted to their said late Majestibs, their heirs, and successors for ever, by an act of the fifth year of their Majesties reign;

the overplus whereof bath been and is to be computed at followeth, that

nies thereby ariting, to be is to fay, As to five seventh parts thereof (being appropriated to make good the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England) the same have been and are to be computed on the first day of June rearly; and as to the other two seventh parts thereof, being for payment of several other annuities, the same have been and are to be computed on the five and twentieth day of March yearly: the, rates and duties of excise which were granted to their said late Majesties by another all of the fifth year of their reign, for the term of fixteen 5 &6 W.&M. years, for payment of the lottery annuities therein mantioned; the o. c. 7. verplus whereof, when the same shall arise, is to be computed on the five and twentieth day of March yearly: and the particular rates and duties upon salt, and the particular duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, which were granted to his faid late majesty King 9 & 10 W. 3. William, his heirs and successors, by several acts of the ninth year c. 25. of his reign, and are charged with several annuities amounting to one o & 10 47. 34 bundred and fixty thousand pounds per annum to the companies or c. 44. perfons entitled to the trade to the East Indies; the overplus of which several rates and duties last-mentioned bath been and is to be computed on the nine and twentieth day of September yearly: now it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lord Lord treahigh treasurer of England, or any three or more of the commissioner, &c. to fioners of the treasury for the time being, shall from time to apply the time cause all the said overplus monies of the said several rates, same, sec. duties, and funds fo charged with the faid annuities formerly purchased, as aforesaid, to be justly and duly computed at such respective days and times as are before-mentioned in that behalf: and after paying or referving sufficient to pay all the payments then incurred thereupon respectively, the said overplus monies last-mentioned, so to be computed at any day or time, between the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fix, and the thirtieth day of September, one thousand feven hundred and ten (except the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the faid annuities formerly purchased, as aforesaid) or so much of the overplus monies last-mentioned, as shall be sufficient for this purpose, shall be reserved and applied for or towards the making good such quarterly payments of the to make good annuities to be purchased on this act, as shall incur or grow due payments on at or before the feast of Saint Michael the archangel, which shall this act. be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Auditors to That there shall be provided and kept in the office of the audi- keep books tor of the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer one or more books, for entring all in which all the monies of the faid several rates and duties here-monies paid by appointed to be paid in weekly, as aforefaid, and which shall be brought to the faid receipt for that purpole, and the faid fum, not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds, hereby directed to be referred out of the faid contribution-money, and also the said overplus monies of the faid former annuity funds hereby directed to be computed and applied, as aforefaid, shall be entred apart and distinct from all other monies paid into the said re-

ceipt on any other account whatfoever.

XIII. And

Commission-ers, &c. to be appointed,

XIII. And to the end all the monies by this act appropriated for payment of the annuities to be purchased on this act, may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for that purpole; it is hereby further enacted, That from time to time, during the continuance of this act, there fhall be continued or appointed commissioners, receivers general, comptrollers, collectors, and other proper officers, for raifing the feveral rates and duties by this act intended for the payment of the sumuities to be purchased thereupon, and for keeping the accounts of the same; and that the respective comnsissioners or chief managers thereof, shall from time to time, weekly, compute and afcertain the monies of each branch of the fuid rates and duties, which ought to be paid into the Excheever on every Wednesday, or on the subsequent day, not being an holy day, as aforefaid; and that all commissioners, receivers general, comptrollers, collectors, and other officers, who are or shall be concerned in the managing, raising, levying, receiving, collecting, or paying the same, or in keeping the accounts there-

and compute weekly, and perform their duties,

on penalty.

9 & 10 W. 3. C. 44collecting, or paying the fame, or in keeping the accounts thereof, shall perform their several and respective duties therein, as
to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like
penalties, forseitures, and disabilities, for any offence or neglect
therein, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of
the said monies, as are prescribed and to be inslicted by virtue
of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the
reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, intituled,
An act for raising a sum not exceeding two millions, upon a sund for
payment of amustics, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per
annuth, and for settling the trade to the East Indies, for the like
offence or neglect in relation to the duties upon sait, and other
duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the
monles which were granted by the act last-montioned.

XIV And it is hereby enacted and declosed. That all the

Monies arising to be a general fund.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all the monies arifing, as aforefaid, of or for the faid feveral and respective rates and duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and the faid duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, as aforefaid, and the duties upon fweets, and the faid duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, hereby appointed to be paid weekly into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, and the faid additional fubfidy, and the faid fum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds hereby directed to be referved out of the contribution-money, as aforefaid, and the faid respective overplus monies of the said former annuity funds, hereby appointed to be computed and applied for such several and respective times, and in such manner as are before-mentioned, and every of them, or so much of the said several rates, subsidies, and duties, contribution-money, and overplus money, as shall be sufficient for answering the full and due payment of all the annuities to be purchased on this act, and all arrearages thereof from time to time incurred according to the true meaning of this act, are, and shall be the general fund for payment payment of the same, and are and shall be liable thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the penalties, forseitures, and dis-

abilities in this act expressed.

XV. And for the raising any sum and sums of money, not exceed. For purchase ing in the whole the fum of eleven hundred and fifty five thousand of annuities pounds, that is to say, The sum not exceeding one million one for 99 years, bundred and twenty thousand pounds thereof, for carrying on the advance present war and other her Majesty's occasions, and the said sum 1, 155,000s. not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds, residue thereof, to be by 6 Geo. 1. applied for or towards the making good the quarterly payments e. 4. f. t. to be incurred on the annuities to be purchased in pursuance of company may this act: it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, surchass these That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or per- amusities. fons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to comtribute, advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million one hundred fifty five thousand pounds, for purchasing any annuity or annuities, to be paid and payable during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and feven, at the rate of fixteen years purchase, which rate At 16 years doth amount to the fum of one hundred and fixty pounds for purchase, from every such annuity of ten pounds per amum, and proportionably 25 March, for any greater annuity; and the fame rate or confiderationmoney is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt, at To be paid in or before the respective days and times herein after-mentioned a parts, so (that is to say) one fourth part thereof on or before the tenth May, 10 July, day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun- 10 September, and 10 Novemdred and seven; one other fourth part thereof en or besore ber, 1707. the tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven; one other fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of Nevember, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven: all which annuities to to be purchased, shall not exceed in the whole, the fum of seventy two thousand one hundred eighty seven pounds Annuities not and ten shillings per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the to exceed four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year; that is to 7%,1871 103. fay, the feafts of the nativity of Saint John baptift, Saint Michael per annum, the archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, and the annumic payable quarthe archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, and the annuncia-terly. tion of the bleffed virgin Mary, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be made at the feast of the nativity of Saint John baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the Contributors auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells in the Exchequer, names, &c. severally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in to be entred.

which

which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the fuld contributors shall pay in any of the faid sums upon this act, and also the sums so paid, and the times when the same are respectively paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the respective contributors, their executors, administrators, and afferns, from time to time, and at all feafonable times, to have refort, and to infoct the same without fee or reward.

Annuities to, be paid with preference to all other payments.

....

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That all and every the annuities whatfoever which shall be purchased upon or in pursuance of this present act, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time, in the first place, and with preference to all other payments whatfoever, out of the monies arising from time to time. as aforefaid, of or for the faid feveral and respective duties upon low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen and others, as aforefaid, and the faid duties upon sweets, and the faid duties upon : stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, hereby appointed to be brought and paid weekly into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, and out of the faid subsidies, and every of them, and also out of the faid fum not exceeding thirty five thouland pounds, hereby directed to be referved out of the faid contribution-money, as afore-· said, and also out of the said overplus monies of the said former annuity funds hereby appointed to be computed and applied for such several and respective times, and in the manner be--fore-mentioned, and every of them; and fo much of the faid feveral and respective rates, subsidies, and duties appointed by this act to be brought and paid into the Exchequer, and so much of the faid fum of thirty five thousand pounds, and of the faid feveral and respective overplus monies of the said former annuity funds, as are and shall be sufficient to satisfie and discharge all the annuities to be purchased upon this act, and all the arreatages thereof, at any time due or owing, are and shall be, by virtue of this act, appropriated and applied to and for fatisfying and discharging of the same annuities, and such arrearages thereof accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed, and applied to that use, and to none other use, intent, or purpose what-· foever; any thing herein contained, or any other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Surplus dispofable to publick uses. Farther provifions relating bereto, C. 12. S. 7.

XVIII. Provided always. That if at the end of any year of the said term of ninety nine years, for which the said annuities are to be purchased, the first computation to be made at Lady day, one thousand seven hundred and eight, or within six days after, the monies arising at the Exchequer within such year, by 1Geo.1. Rat. 2. the said rates, duties, subsidies, overplus monies, and other monies hereby appropriated for payment of the said annuities, purfuant to this act, shall exceed all the monies then due for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or furplus shall be disposable from time to time for the publick use and fervice, and not otherwife; any thing herein contained to

the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Contributors That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, paying, &c. duly paying the confideration or purchase-money, at the rate to enjoy sure aforelaid, at or before the respective days or times in this act estates in anlimited in that behalf, for any fuch annuity or annuities, as a-nuities purforesaid, or such as he, she, or they shall appoint, his, her, or chased. their respective executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased, out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed for the payment thereof, during the faid whole term of ninety nine years, as is above-mentioned; and that all and every such purchasers, their executors, administrators, and affigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests in the several annuities, so by them to be purchased according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, and that all the faid annuities to be purchased upon this act, and every of them, during the term aforesaid, shall be free from all taxes, Tax-free:

charges, and impositions whatsoever.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, and have tal-That every contributor upon this act, for any annuity or an-lies and ornuities, as aforesaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, ders, &c. or assigns, upon payment of the consideration or purchase-these orders money for the same, at the rate aforesaid, or any part or pro-rectified by portion thereof, within the time or times in this act limited in 8 Annæ, c. 7. that behalf, shall immediately have, one or more tally or tallies f. 64levied, importing the receipt of so much consideration-money as shall be so paid; and upon payment of all the purchasemoney for any such annuity or annuities, at the rate aforesaid, every such contributor, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, shall have an order for paying of the faid annuity and annuities, for and during the faid term of ninety nine years; which order shall be signed by the treasurer, and under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and after the figning thereof, the same shall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer, or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office, or offices of them, or any of them, nor shall any lord high treasurer of England, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury now or for the time beings. have power to revoke, countermand, or make void fuch orders fo figned, as aforefaid, or any of them, ...,

XXI. And for the encouragement of the contributors to ad- 6 per cent. for vance and pay forthwith into the receipt of the Exchequer, the prompt pay-Yor. XI. fums 10 May, 1707.

fums by them intended to be advanced upon this act, it is provided and enacted by the authority aforefaid. That every fach contributor who shall advance and pay into the faid receipt of Exchequer all or any part of the purchase-money, payable for any such annuity, or annuities, as aforesaid, before the said tenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the money so advanced, from the time of the actual advancing and paying the same, until the said tenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven.

Annuities affignable, &c.

· XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any contributor or contributors, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, at any time or times during the continuance of his, her, or their term, estate, or interest of and in any annuity to be purchased upon this act; by any writing under his, her, or their hands and feals, or under the common feal of the corporation, or by his or her laft will in writing, to affign or devise such annuity, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatfoever, and so toties quoties, and no such assignment to be revokable, so as an entry or memorandum of such assignment or will be made in books to be kept for that purpole in the faid office of the auditor of the receipt, within the space of three months, after fuch affignment or death of the devilor; and that upon producing fuch affignment or will; or probat thereof, in the faid office of receipt, to be entred as aforefaid, the party fo producing the fame shall bring therewith an affidavit, taken before one or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, of the due execution of the faid affignment or will; which affidavit, shall be severally filed in the faid office; which said entry or memorandum the proper officers in the faid receipt of Exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to file the faid affidavits: and in default of fuch affignment or devise by deed or will, the interest of such contributor shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

Guardians to infants may advance 1601. &c.

XXIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any guardian, or trustee, having the disposal of the money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, for the use and benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the sum of one hundred and fixty pounds of the money of such infant, to purchase an annuity upon this act for the benefit of such infant; and the said guardian or trustee, as to the said sum of one hundred and sixty pounds so advanced, is hereby discharged.

Penalty on officers taking fees, or dia verting monice, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, for the better encouragement of persons to advance the monies on this act, That all receipts and issues, and all other things directed by this act to be personned in the Exchequer; shall be done and personned by

the officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, gratuity, or reward for the same; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer shall take or demand any such fee or reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the monies of the faid duties, or monies hereby appropriated, or any part thereof, which should make good the payment of the said annulties, or shall pay or iffue out the same otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books and registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act they are required to perform, every such officer shall forfeit his office, and be for the future incapable of any office or place of truft, and shall answer and pay treble damages to every contributor or person who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, order of restraint, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in the said action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have full costs; one third part of which fum to be recovered for damages, shall be to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other two third parts, with the cofts, shall be to the use of the prosecutor; and in case there shall be any collusion, or faint prosecution, between the plaintiff and defendant in fuch action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or her executors, administrators, or affigns, to bring another action, wherein he or the shall recover, as aforesaid, to the like uses, as aforesaid.

XXV. Provided always, That no person or persons whatso- No purchase ever finall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase unless one or obtain, any annuity whatfoever upon this act, unless the fourth part whole or one fourth part at least of the confideration-money paid before to for the same, at such rate, as aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the faid receipt of Exchequer, on or before the faid tenth

day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven.

XXVI. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as Contributors aforesaid, who shall, on or before the said tenth day of May, one paying one fourth part, thousand seven hundred and seven, have advanced one fourth and not the part of his or her purchase-money, or his, her, or their execu-remainder, tors, administrators, succeffors, or affigns, do not advance and such payment pay into the receipt of the Exchequer, one other fourth part forfeited. of his or her confideration-money fo to be paid for fuch respective annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, on or before the said tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and leven, and one other fourth part thereof on or before the faid tenth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and seven, and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the said tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven, then and in every such case respectively, no order shall be drawn or signed for such respective annuity, for which the consideration-money shall not be fully paid, as aforefaid; but so much of the consideration-money as fhall

shall have been actually paid into the receipt of the Exchequer for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, and be applied together with other the monies to be raised by this act for such publick services, as aforesaid: any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Lord treasurer to reward officers, clerks,

XXVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of any the monies of the faid weekly payments, hereby appointed to be paid into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, or out of any the faid overplus monies of the former annuity funds, to reward the officers, clerks, and others to be employed in the payments of the said annuities, or the accounts thereof, for their labour, pains, charges, and service therein respectively, and to defray all other the necessary charges incident to the payment of the faid annuities, as to the faid lord treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Attornies, &c. who by miflake, &c. have omitted to enter actions, &c. on

fuch persons 'freed from forfeitures incurred before 20 March, 1706. paying the duties, &c.

In default to fit, &c.

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XXVIII. And whereas divers persons, clerks, stewards, mayors, and bailiffs, keeping and bolding inferior courts of record, and other persons concerned in inferior courts, and corporations, and divers officers, attornies, and clerks of the courts at Westminster, bave through inadvertency, mistake or misconstruction of the law, or by neglect, ftampt vellum, omitted the issuing, entring, enrolling, or fileing of divers actions, plaints, bails, appearances, pledges, declarations, and other process and proceedings, upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, as by several alls of parliament made in that behalf they ought to have done, and have delivered declarations where no bail or appearance have been filed or entred, and proceeded further thereon; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the faid clerks, stewards, bailiffs, officers, attornies, and other persons so concerned, as aforesaid, shall be, and they are hereby freed and discharged of and from all and every the pains, penalties, and forfeitures not already recovered, and by them respectively incurred, for or in respect of the premisses, before the twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and six: provided, that such person or persons having so neglected and offended, as aforesaid, do before the three and twentieth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and seven, pay or cause to be paid to the treasurer or receiver general of the stampt duties, the several duties which by him or them respectively ought to have been paid by virtue of the faid feveral acts; and in default thereof such person or lose the bene-persons respectively shall lose the benefit of the indemnity granted by this act; and that all penalties and forfeitures for any offence committed as aforefaid, which shall not be discharged by paying fuch duties before the faid three and twentieth day of November, shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered, fo as the profecution be commenced at any time within one year after the faid three and twentieth day of November, and not afterwards.

XXIX. And

XXIX. And for a smuch as by the doubtful wording of the statute 1 Annu, stat. 2. made in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for c. 22. preventing frauds in her Majesty's duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, the attornies and clerks of the several courts of record at Westminster may be in danger of incurring the penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities mentioned in the said act, and other former acts relating to the faid duties, by reason of their proceeding in any actions or fuits, in any of the faid courts, before the attorney or clerk of the adverse part bath entred, filed, or recorded such bail, appearance, or other matter or thing, as he or they ought to have entred, filed, or recorded in the faid respective courts: for the explaining whereof, be it declared Attornies, &c. and enacted by the authority aforelaid, That no person or persons not to incur shall forfeit, incur, or be prosecuted for any penalty, forfeiture, penalties for or disability mentioned in the said act made in the said first year proceeding of her Majesty, for or by reason of his or their transacting, en-other party tring, recording, or filing, or having transacted, entred, record-hath filed bail, ed, or filed any further or other proceeding, matter, or thing, &c. subsequent or relating to any action, plaint, bail, or appearance, which by any other person or persons whatsoever ought to have. been, or is to be first entred, filed, or recorded in any of her faid Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, before the same. hath been or shall be duly entred, filed, or recorded; any thing in the faid several acts, or any of them, or in this present act, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XX.

An all for the better encouragement of the royal lustring company.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the third and 3 & 4 Annæ, fourth years of the reign of our mest gracious sovereign Queen c. 13. Anne, intituled, An act for prohibiting all trade and commerce with France; it is declared (amongst other things) That all filks of the manufacture of France, imported into this kingdom, shall be seized and condemned, one moiety to ber Majesty, her beirs and successors, and the other moiety to the informer: and whereas divers of her Majesty's subjects, under colour of the said act, have taken upon them to sell and dispose of French lustrings and alamodes so seized and forfeited, as if they were allowed to be used and worn in England, which: is contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said act, which was designed more effectually to prevent the importation and use of the faid filks, and also to the manifest prejudice of so prositable a manufacture fet up in this kingdom by the royal lustring company, and thereby evading the force of several acts of parliament past for the encouragement of the faid manufacture: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That neither the before recited act for prohibiting alltrade and commerce with France, nor any thing therein contain. Not to couned, shall be construed to extend to countenance the using and tenance wearwearing any French alamodes or lustrings in this kingdom, but ing French

that lustrings, &c.

that the fame shall be seized, condemned and exported in like manner and form, and under the like penalties, as they are or ought to have been before the passing the said act.

A&s to be in farce.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the feveral acts of parliament heretofore made for the encouragement of the manufactures aforefaid, shall remain in full force and virtue, as if the faid act for prohibiting all trade and commerce with France had never been made; any thing therein corrtained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

None but officers of the customs, &c. to leize lustrings or alamodēs.

III. And whereas great trouble has been occasioned to shopkeepers and others, by common informers, who are persons of mean reputation; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That only fuch person or persons who is or are officer or officers belonging to the cufroms, or who shall be deputed by the royal lustring company, and shall have write of affishance from her Majesty's court of Exchequer, and no others, shall and may seize any lustrings or alamodes within the cities of London and Westminster, and the bills of mortality; any thing herein or in any former act to the contrary notwithflanding. .

9 & 10 W. 3. C. 43.

IV. And whereas by an act made in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the better encouragement of the royal luftring company, and the more effectual preventing the fraudulent importations of lustrings and alamodes; it is amongst other things enotted, That before any person or persons shall be admitted to claim any of the said filks, they shall give good security by recognizance, in the court where such claim shall be entred, not only to pay the costs of suit, in case such claimer or claimers shall be cast, but also so answer and pay the penalthes and forfestures incurred by the faid act: and the fecurity on fuch chaim connot be discharged by yielding the claimer's body to prison, which is found a great discouragement to fair traders dealing in English alamades and buffrings : for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That when any person or persons claim any alamodes or lustrings seized, it shall be sufficient that such perion or persons give good security in the court where such claims nonfuited, &c. shall be made, to answer and pay the full costs of suit only, in case a verdict shall pass against him, her, or them, or the claimer

Claimers of seized alamodes to give fecurity only to pay costs if

> shall be nonsuited, or a judgment pass by default. V. And whereas since the making the said act of prohibition of

33 pieces of foreign lufirings condemned, &c. England. 3 & 4 Annæ, €. 13. Proviso.

trade and commerce with France, thirty three pieces of foreign lustrings have been seized and condemned, being imported contrary to the may be fold in fold att, and fold to Mr. David Martin, merchant, to be used in England, and have not been fealed and marked with the custom-house feel and mark; it is hereby further enacted. That the laid thirty three pieces of foreign luftrings may be used in England, and that the same shall not be seized or forseited; provided that the possessors thereof respectively do on or before the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, bring the said thirty three pieces of luftrings, or fuch part thereof as remain undifpoled of, to be fealed and marked at the custom-house with the sealand mark used for sealing alamodes and luftrings imported, and

92th being made, That such silks are the same individual thirty three pieces of files, or part thereof, to fold at the custom-house. and the commissioners of her Majesty's customs are hereby impowered and required (fuch oath being made) to cause the said files to be sealed and marked accordingly; any law to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXI.

An act for repairing the highway between Fornhill in the county of Bed-EXP. ford, and the town of Stony Stratford in the county of Buckingham.

CAP. XXII.

An act to explain and amend an act of the last session of parhameset, for preventing frauds frequently committed by · · bankrupīs.

XTHEREAS an act made in the first session of this present parliament, held in the fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for preventing frauds frequently com- Cap. 17. mitted by bankrupts, hath not answered the good intent thereof; but on the contrary, many notorious frauds and abuses have been committed; not with standing the provisions and penalties in the said ast: for prevention whereof for the future, and for explaining and amending the said late act, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person Bankrupts or persons, who shall become bankrupt within the several sta- who shall after tutes made against bankrupts, or any of them, or any other per- 25 May, 1707, son or persons, by or with his, her or their order, consent or carry away or privity, shall from and after the five and twentieth day of April, their effects, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and seven, remove, carry away, conceal, destroy or imbezel any of the goods, wares, merchandizes, monies, or effects, whereof he, The or they, or any person or persons in trust for him, her or them, is or are possessed or entitled unto, to the value of twenty pounds, or upwards, or any books of accompts, bonds, bills, notes, papers or writings relating thereunto, with intent to de- with intent to fraud his, her or their creditors, every such person and persons defraud their creditors, to to becoming bankrupt, and being thereof lawfully convicted, fuffer as felons. shall suffer as a felon without benefit of clergy; and in such case such bankrupts goods and estate shall go to, and be divided. amongst the creditors; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That No bankrupte from and after the said five and twentieth day of April, in the to be dischar year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and seven, no ged from their person or persons that have, or hath, or shall become bankrunts, debts, &c. person or persons that have, or hath, or shall become bankrupts, shall be discharged from all or any of his, her or their debts owing at the time of such bankrupcy, or be entitled to any allowance or benefit given or provided by the faid late act of parliament made in the fourth and fifth years of her now Majesty's

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unless 4 fifths reign, unless the allowance thereby given, and the certificate by in number and the faid act directed to be made and confirmed, shall be first value of credifigned by four parts in five in number and value of the credicertificate, &c. tors of such bankrupts, who shall have duly proved their debts; or some others by them authorized thereunto, tellifying their consent to such allowance and certificate, (saving and excepting only fuch allowances and certificates which have been already , made and granted according to the true intent and meaning of the laid late act, which shall be good and effectual in the same manner (and no other) as if this present act had not been made) any thing in the faid late act, or herein contained, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bond, bill, &c. of bankrupt given in truft for creditor. &c. void.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the applicate aforelaid, That every bond, bill, note, contract, agreement, or other security whatsoever to be made or given by any bankrupt. or by any other person for him, unto or to the use of, or in trust for any creditor or creditors, or for securing the payment of any debt or fum of money due from such bankrupt, at the time of his becoming bankrupt, or any part thereof, between the time of his becoming a bankrupt, and the time of fuch bankrupts discharge, as a consideration, or to the intent to induce or persuade him or her to consent to or sign any such allowance or certificate, shall be wholly void and of no effect a and the monies thereby secured or agreed to be paid, shall not be recovered or recoverable; any thing herein contained, or any law, cultom or ulage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Notice to be given in London Gazette, of the issuing . commissions of bankrupt, &c.

of this follows

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IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where any commission of bankrupts shall issue out from and after the said five and twentieth day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and seven, the commissioners therein named, or the major part of them, shall forthwith cause notice thereof to be given in the Gazette, and shall appoint a time and place for the creditors to meet, which meeting, for the city of London, and all places within the bills of mortality, shall be at the Guildhall of the said city, in order to choose assignee or assignees of the bankrupts estate; and the faid commissioners, or the major part of them, shall assign every such bankrupt's estate and effects unto such person or persons only, and no other, as shall be nominated and chosen by the major part of the creditors then present; and the assignee or affignees to chosen, shall be obliged to keep books of the accompt of the bankrupts estate, with liberty for any of the creditors to refort to and inspect them.

Commissioners

V. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for the may make one faid commissioners, or the major part of them, as often as they or more affig shall see cause, for the better preserving or securing the bankrupts estate, immediately to appoint and make one or more assignee or assignees of the said estate, or any part thereof, which affignee or affignees, or any of them, shall or may be removed or displaced at the said meeting of the creditors, if the major part of them then present shall so think sit; and such assignee

who may be removed, &c.

noes, &c.

or

or affiguees as shall be so removed or displaced, thall deliver up and affigurall the effects and effate of the bankrupt, which before that time shall have come to his, her or their hands or possession, or shall have been assigned to him, her or them, unto fuch other affigues or affiguess as shall be chosen by the faid major part of the creditors present at such meeting, and the effects and estate of the bankrupt which shall be so delivered up or assigned, shall be to all intents and purposes as effectually, vefted in such new affiguee or affiguees, as if the first affigument: had been made to him, her or them by the faid commissioners; and if any of the faid first assignees shall refuse or neglect, by the space of sourteen days next after notice given of the choice: of such new affigure or assignees, and of his, her or their consent to accept such assignment, signified to the first assignee or affignees, by writing under his, her or their hands, to make fuch affignment and delivery, as aforefaid, every fuch first affigures or affigures shall respectively forseit the sum of one hundred pounds, over and above the value of such mondy, goods and effects that came to his or their hands respectively by virtwo of such affignment, to be divided and distributed among thet creditors as the bankrupts cliate is or ought to be, and to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any! of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by such perfor or persons as the said plajor part of the creditors hall appoint to fue for the same, with full costs of suit, wherein no privilege, protection or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed; any law, custom or usage to the contra-. ry notwithstanding.

VI.: And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such assignee or assignees so to be chosen, as aforesaid, Affignees may or the major part of them, shall be and are hereby impowered compound to make compositions with any person, debtor or accomptant to bankrupt, to fuch bankrupt, where the fame shall appear necessary and asalphable, and to take fuch reasonable part as can upon such composition be gotton, in full discharge of such debts or accompts; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwith-

standing.

· VII. And for preventing the taking out commissions of bank- No commisrupt fraudulently of maliciously, beilt further enacted by the sion to be issuauthority aforefaid, That no commission of bankrupts under ed out on pethe great feel of England, shall, after the five and twentieth day ditor, unless of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred single debt be and feven, be awarded or iffued out against any person what-100 l. &c. soever, at the instance or upon the petition of any one or more ereditor or creditors, unless the fingle debt of such creditor do amount to the funt of one hundred pounds or upwards, or unlefs the debt of two creditors so petitioning, as aforefaid, shall amount to one hundred and fifty pounds, and upwards, or un-Jess the debt of three or more creditors so petitioning, as aforefaid, shall amount to two hundred pounds, and upwards; and the creditor or creditors petitioning for such commission, shall,

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before this fluite the granting, give band to the lard chancellon. land keeper, or commissioners of the great feal for the time being, in the penalty of two hundred pounds, to be conditioned for passing his, her or their fights, and also for proving the party a benkrant at the time of taking out such commission; and if fuch debt or debts shall not be really due and owing, or if after such commission taken, out, it cannot be proved that the party was a bankrupt at the time, but on the centrary it shall appear, that such commission was taken out freudulently or maliciously, That then the lord chancellor, lord keeper, or commissioners of the great seal for the time being, shall and may, upon petition of the party or parties grieved, assign such bond to recompence him, her or them in damages; any law. custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

No farmer,&c. taxes, to be deemed a bankrupt.

· VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further declared and nor receiver of enacted by the authority aforefaid. That no farmer, grazier or drover of cattle, or any perfon who is or hath been a receiver general of taxes granted by parliament, shall be entitled to any. of the benefits given by this or the faid late act made in the: fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign, nor he deemed a bankrupt within the fame, or any former acts made neglinik. bankrupts; any law, custom of usage to the contrary notwithflanding.

Act to conti-

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. nue two years. That this act shall continue and be in force for the space of two years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of perliament. and no longer....

CAP. XXIII.

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3.& 4 Anna, An act to subject the estate of Thomas Brerewood to the creditors of Thomas Pitkin, notwithflanding any agreement or composition made with the creditors of the faid Thomas Pitkin.

CAP. XXIV.

An all for discharging small levings from their first swits and tentbs, and all arrears thereof.

2 & 3 Annæ, C. 114

THEREAS pursuant to an act of parliament made in the se-cond year of her Majesty's raign, intituled, An act for the making more effectual her Majesty's gracious intentions for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by enabling her Majesty to grant in perpetuity the revenues of the first fruits and tenths, and also for enabling any other persons to make grants for the fame purpose; the Queen's most excellent majefty, by letters patent, bearing date the third day of November, in the third year of her Majesty's reign, did make, appoint, nominate, confitute, and establish certain persons and officers therein named, to Corporation of he one bedy politick and corporate, by the name of The bounty of the bounty of Queen Aure, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor eletgy; and did thereby give and grant to the faid governors all the revenues of first fruits and yearly perpatual tenths of all dig-

nities, offices, benefices, and promotions forritual subatfacver, populo

Queen Annæ.

to her Majafy, her beirs and futteffers, by virtue of an ast of perdiament made in the twenty fixth year of the reign of King Henry the 26 H. S. c. 3. Righth, or by wirthe of an off of parkement made in the first year of 1 Eliz. c. 4who reigh of the late Queen Elizaboth, for refitation of first fruits and tenths to the execus, or by virtue of any other ast on ass of per-Liament subatforner, and all arrears of the faid first fruits and touchs There due and undistinuezed (extept as therein is excepted) to be applied and disposed of so and for the augmentation of the maintmense of such parfons, vicers, curates, and ministers, efficiating in any church or chapel within the kingdom of England, deminion of Walos, and sown of Berwick upon Tweed, where the littergy and nites of the church of England, as now by low established, Shall be used and obferned, under fuch rules, restrictions, and directions, and in such manner and form, as should be established pursuant to these letters potents: and whereas it is thought that the payment of first fenits and withs fur small livings with cure of fouls, is a very heavy burden mpon the power elergy, for subom her Majesty's unparallel'd bounty was defigned; and that the immediate discharging of the said first fruits and tenths, and the arrears thereof, of the faid small levings, will be a prefent proper augmentation of the same (soveral whereof by reason of the said charges are now held in sequestration by temporary curates, without being regularly filled with institution and induction) he it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, Ecclesiastical, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and benefices not temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, exceeding 50 l. and by the authority of the fame, That all ecclesialical bene, per annum, fices with cure of fouls, not exceeding the clear yearly value of from payment fafty pounds by the improved valuations of the same (the tenths of first fruits, whereof are by the faid recited charter vefted in the faid corpo- &c. for ever. ration) and the incumbents thereof for the time being, and English (6 Ams. c. 27-1 every of them, their respective heirs, executors, administrators, & 1 Geo. z. successors, and sureties, shall be free and clearly discharged and stat. 2. C. Io. acquitted for ever of and from the faid first fruits and tenths, and of and from all arrears of the fame.

II. And for the afcertaining of the clear improved yearly va- Biffieps, &c. i luations of the said ecclesiastical benefices with cure of souls, in- before as tended by this act to be discharged from payment of first fruits March, 1708, tended by this act to be discharged from payment of interior to certify into and tenths; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. Eachequer the That the respective bishops of every diocese, or the guardians clear yearly of the spiritualities fede vacante, and the ordinaries of peculiars, value of small and places of exempt jurisdictions, shall and are hereby im-benefices with powered and required, as well by oaths of two or more credi-within their ble witnesses (which they or ethors duly commissioned by them, dioceses, &c., under their hands and feals, are thereby impowered to adminifler) as by all other lawful ways: and meane, to inform themselves of the clear improved yearly value of every benefice with oure of fouls within their respective dioceles and jurisdictions, the clear improved yearly value whereof doth not exceed fifty pounds; and on or before the five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and eight, ander their respective hands and seals, or seals

of their respective offices, to certify into her Majesty's court of Exchequer at Westminster, the clear improved yearly value of every such benefice with cure of souls, the clear improved yearly value whereof doth not exceed fifty pounds, and fuch certificate being made, and filed in the faid court of Exchange, shall ascertain the clear yearly value of the benefice with cure of souls. intended by this act to be discharged from first fruits and tenths.

Not to difcharge tenth of benefices granted for ever.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That this. act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend to discharge any benefices with cure of fouls, the tenths whereof were granted away by any of her Majesty's predecessors to any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, in perpetuity, before the faid third day of November, in the third year of her

Majesty's reign.

IV. And whereas the faid former ult was intended for the augmentation of the maintenance, not only of parsons and vicars, but also of curates, and other ministers officiating in churches or chapels, as is therein mentioned; now for the preventing all doubts touching the sapacity of such ministers to take any certain estate to them and their species of or in any part or portion of the first fruits and tenths, as fball to them be allotted or applied; be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That when any part or portion of the first fruits or tenths remaining to be applied or disposed of by ane to for ever, virtue of the faid former act, shall be annually, or otherwise applied or disposed of, for or towards the maintenance of any minister officiating in any church or chapel, as aforesaid, such part or portion shall from thenceforth for ever be in like manner continued to the minister from time to time to officiating in the fame church or chapel; and every such minister, whether parto receive the fon, vicar, curate, or other minister for the time being, so offi-... eisting in such church or chapel, shall and may from time to time take and receive, and by virtue hereof is and shall be entitled to have and enjoy the fame for ever.

First fruits once applied, &c. to conti-

Minister, &c.

Act to be a publick act:

Not to diminih penhans, &c. heretofore granted get of first fruits.

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V. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That this act shall be taken and accepted in all courts

and places whatfoever, as a publick act.

VI. Provided nevertheless, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to avoid or diminish any annual sum, stipend, pension, or annuity now in being, which hath heretofore been granted to any person or persons, body politick or corporate, and charged upon the said revenues of first fruits and tenths, or any part thereof; but in case it shall so happen that by discharging such small livings, or benefices with cure of fouls, as afore-mentioned, of the payment of first fruits and tenths, and all arrears thereof, the first fruits and tenths which hereafter shall be collected in any diocese or dioceses, shall not be sufficient to pay and satisfy such annual futts as they now stand respectively charged with, then the whole revenues arising from the first fruits and tenths, throughout the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be liable to make good allfuch

fuch deficiencies, and the faid deficiencies shall, out of the faid Whole reverevenues (during the continuance of such grants, from time to nues, &c. liatime as any such annual payments shall become due) be paid of such a payment of s and fatisfied to all such person and persons as shall in any wise be entitled to receive the fame, in such proportions as are limited and appointed in such respective grants.

CAP. XXV.

An all for making the alls more effectual for appropriating the forfeited impropriations in Ireland, for the building of churches, and augmenting poor vicaridges there.

THEREAS by an act of parliament made in the eleventh and 11 & 12 W. 3. twelfth years of the reign of his late majesty King William & 2- the Third, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by fale of the forfeited and other estates and interests in Ireland. and by a land tax in England, for the several purposes therein mentioned, the faid forfeited and other eftates and interests were vested in the trustees therein named for the purposes in the said all mentioned: and whereas by the said all it was provided and enatted, Recital of all. That the said trustees, or any seven or more of them, should and might, and they were thereby required, as foon as conveniently might be, after the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and one, by bargain and sale, to be involled as therein mentioned, to convey all and every the rectories impropriate, with the tythes, oblations, obventions, glebes, advowsons of vicaridges, and other things thereunto severally and respectively belonging or appertaining, forfeited by reason of the said rebellion, and therein before wested in the faid trustees, to such person or persons, and their beirs, as the bishop of each respective diocese, wherein such rectories impropriate respectively were, should nominate, upon trust nevertheless, and to the intent and purpose that the profits thereof should be disposed and employed, from the second day of November, one thousand six bundred and ninety nine, for the space of twenty years thence next ensuing, in rebuilding or repairing fuch parish churches within the said kingdom of Ireland, as the lords justices, lieutenant general, or other chief governor or governors of the said kingdom for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of the bishop of each respective diocese for the time being, should direct or appoint; and after the expiration of the said term of twenty years, for the perpetual dugmentation of fuch small rectories and vicaridges within the said kingdom of Ireland, as the said lords justices, or other chief governors of the said kingdom, by any writing under his or their hands and seals, with confent of the bishop of each diocese, wherein any fuch augmentation should be made, should direct or appoint, which appointments should before the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and three, be made and involled in the court of Chancery in Ireland, as a perpetual memorial thereof: and for the making the same more ef- 1 Anna, flat. fellual and beneficial for the pious ends and purposes aforesaid, one v. c. 3v. other all passed in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making more effectual the provisions out of the forfeited

effates in Ireland, for the building of churches, and augmenting small vicaridges in Ireland; whereby it is enacted, That where any fuch rectories impropriate, tythes, advowfons, or other things fo vefled in the said trustees, and directed to be conveyed in trust, as aforefaid, were charged with, or liable to any debts, charges, or incumbrances, jointly with any other lands, tenements, or bereditaments, by the said act vested in the said trustees, such other lands, tenements, or hereditaments in the first place should be liable to, and should anfiver and satisfy such debts, charges, and incumbrances; and the said truffees, or any seven of them, were thereby authorized and required to make sale of such other lands, tenements, or bereditaments, or of a competent part thereof, for or towards the paying off, clearing, and discharging such debts, charges, and incumbrances, and as soon as conveniently might be, from and after fuch fale, and the clearing and discharging such debts and incumbrances, such rectories impropriate. tythes, advowsons, and other things so vested in the said trustees, and directed to be conveyed in trust, as aforesaid, as were, together with fuch other lands, tenements, or hereditaments, jointly charged or incumbred, should be conveyed, and the said trustees, or any seven of them, were thereby authorized and required to convey the same to such person and persons, and in such manner, and to such uses, intents, and purposes, as in the said first recited act is directed and appointed, freed, and discharged of and from all such debts, charges, and incumbrances, be the same by matter of record, mortgage, or otherwise: and whereas the said trustees, according to the powers given to them, did convey the faid restories impropriate, with the tythes, oblations, obventions, glebes, advowsoms, vicaridges, and other things thereunto severally and respectively belonging or appertaining, as aforesaid, to William Neave esquire, one of ber Majesty's serjeants at law in Ireland, Marmaduke Coghill and Morley Saunders, dostars of law, Samuel Dopping, John Uther and Stephen Ludlow efquires; their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, for the purposes in the said first act mentioned: and whereas by several subsequent acts of parliament passed since the making the said first recited act, divers 11 & 12 W. 3- parts of the faid for feited and other estates and interests by the said first act vested in the said trustees, have been given, granted, or restored to several persons, and for several uses, intents, and purposes in such fubsequent acts mentioned, in the passing of all which subsequent acts it was intended that no person or persons was or were, by any such fubsequent act of parliament, in which any clause or provision was made or inserted for or in favour of the said church of Ireland, to be restored, or to bave, by any such all of parliament, any right, title, ar interest into or out of any of the said rectories impropriate, tythes, ablations, obventions, glebes, advowsons, vicaridges, or other things thereunto respectively belonging or appertaining, as aforesaid, but that they should remain, continue, and be in the faid trustees in the faid first recited att named, to and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned: and whereas it was likewife intended that sufficient provision should be made in every such subsequent att of parliament for that purpose, and several clauses and provises were respectively inserted in every such subsequent act and acts; nevertheless several doubts, fuits, and

Irish rectories impropriate convey'd to William Neave, &c.

C. ź. .

and controversies relating thereinto have arisen, whereby the church reaps little or no benefit by the faid first recited acts; for semedy is & is W. 3. whereof, and for making the faid intended gift of parliament. C. 2. more effectual for the pious ends and purpoles mentioned in c. sa. the faid first recited act, be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That All rectories all and every the rectories impropriete, with the tythes, obla-impropriate tions, obventions, glebes, and advewtons of vicaridges, and with the other things thereunto feverally and respectively belonging or vested in truappertaining, which in and by the faid first recited act were flees by 11 & vested in the said trustees therein mentioned, as aforesaid, and 12 W. 3. c. 2. which in and by any of the said hiblequent act or acts of pare and since reliament passed in savour of any person or persons, in which any persons, &c. express provision or clause is contained in favour of the said contrary to church of Ireland, were any ways given, granted, or refeored, intent of act contrary to the uses, intents, and purpoles in the faid first re- of parliament, cited acts mentioned, be, and is, and are heroby divosted out to be divested of such persons and of and from all the titles, in thereof, &c. tents, and purposes in such subsequent acts mentioned, in which and the same any such provision is made in favour of the said church of Ire- settled in William, and be and are hereby vested and settled in the said IPA- liam Means, hom Neave, Marmaduke Cogbill, Morley Saunders, Samuel Dep- toc. ping, John Usber, and Stephen Ludlow, their heirs, executors, administrators, and affigns, according to the feveral estates and interests vested in the said trustees by the said first recited act appointed, to fuch uses, intents, and purposes, as therein mentioned, as fully and amply as if the same had been reserved out... of, or not given, granted, or reftored by the faid subsequent act or acts of parliament, or as if such subsequent act or acts of parliament, in which any clause or provision in favour of the church of Ireland is inferted, and not otherwife, had never been made and enacted.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all Bonds taken bonds taken in the names of the truftees in the first recited act in trustees mentioned, or in the name or names of any other person or names, for persons, for any sum or sums of money due since the passing monies due for the faid first recited act. For tuthes or other profits issued at the sum of th the faid first recited act, for tythes or other profits issuing out and not disof any the faid rectories impropriete, advowious, and other charged, recothings fo intended for the building and repairing of the faid verable, churches, and not already paid and discharged, shall be and are hereby made recoverable in the name or names of the respective obligees, and shall be paid and payable by the respective obligees, their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, to the and payable to Said William Neave, Marmaduke Coghill, Morley Saunders, Sa- the said Wilmuel Dopping, John Usher, and Stephen Ludlow, their executors, liam Neave, administrators, and assigns, for repairing and building decayed &c. and ruined churches in the faid kingdom of Ireland; any judgment, decree, or other thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

Where tythes dave been leased with dands at a &c. the faid William part of the rent, &c.

III. And whereas several of the said forfeited tythes in the said kingdom have been fet to several persons with lands at a rent in gross, before they became forfeited, and the leases thereof claimed and allowed by the said trustees, pursuant to the said first recited act, be rent in Geoss, it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all such cases the faid William Neave, Marmaduke Cogbill, Morley Saunders, Samuel Neave, &c. to Dopping, John Ufber and Stephen Ludlow, their heirs, executors. receive atenth administrators, and affigns, shall have, hold, and receive the tenth part of the said rent in lieu and full satisfaction of the faid tythes, during the continuance of the faid leafe or leafes thereof, and after expiration of fuch leafe or leafes respectively. the full tythes in kind, or such Modus as have or hath been legally settled in lieu thereof; in trust nevertheless for and to the uses, intents, and purposes in the said first recited act mentioned,

Acts declared

IV. And be it hereby declared and enacted, That as well the publick acts. said first recited act, as all other acts or clauses in any act made subsequent to the said first recited act, relating to the said forfeited or other estates and interests in Ireland, vested in the said trustees, be, and is, and are hereby declared and enacted to be in all

courts and places publick acts of parliament.

Not to alter acts, &c. made in favour of Dudley Bagenail or Nicholas Bagenall. 2 W. & M. feff. 2. C. 17. a private act. 1 Ann. stat. 1. c. 17, 2 private act. Or affect the estate of Nicholas, &c.

V. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed, or extend to alter or repeal the act of parliament made and passed in the second year of the reign of our late sovereign lord and lady King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to bar a remainder limited to Dudley Bagenall esquire, in the estate of Nicholas Bagenall esquire in Ireland; or to alter or repeal an act made and passed in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An att for the relief of Nicholas Bagenall esquire, with relation to the forfeited estates in Ireland; or to annul, alter, or repeal any clauses or provisions in either of the said acts contained, or any ways to affect the estate and interest of the said Nicholas Bagenall in the said acts mentioned; but that the right, title, estate, and interest of the said Nicholas Bagenall, of, in, and unto the several tenements, impropriations, right of patronage, advowsons, tythes, and hereditaments in the said acts mentioned, shall be, remain, and continue in the same fort, manner, and form, as they were before the passing of this act, and as if this act had never been made.

CAP. XXVI.

An act for repairing the highways between Sheppards Shord and the De-vizes, and between the top of Ashlington Hill and Rowd Ford in the county of Wilts.

Continued and enlarged by 11 Geo, 1. C. 27, & 18 Geo. 2, C. 14.

CAP. XXVII.

An all for continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for making provisions therein mentioned to raise money by way of loan for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for afcertaining the wine measure.

Most gracious Sovereign,

I. W E your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of England in parliament assembled, duly confidering how necessary it is that a full and ample provision be made for enabling your Majesty to carry on the present war with fuccess, and that your Majesty's supply for that purpose, and for other your Majesty's necessary and important occasions. be sufficient and compleat, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majesty the subfidies, impositions, and duties herein after mentioned, for the terms herein after expressed; and do most humbly befeech your Majesty to accept thereof, and that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the subsidies of tonnage Tonnage and and poundage, and other duties and sums of money payable up- poundage inon wines, goods and merchandizes imported, which were given wards contiand granted unto his late majesty King Charles the Second for nued, 12 Car, his life, by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of his reign, (intituled, A fubfidy granted to the King of tonnage and poundage, and other fums of money payable upon merchandizes enported and imported) and which by several subsequent acts of parliament were continued until the first day of August, one thoufand seven hundred and six, and by an act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, 1 Anna, stat. and for preserving the publick credit, are granted to continue until 1. C. 13. the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes whatfoever, which shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times between the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred to 1 Aug. and twelve; and that the faid act made in the twelfth year of 1 Geo. 1. C. 12. the reign of King Charles the Second; and every article, rules 12 Car. 2. C. 4. and clause therein mentioned, or thereby referred to, shall be of Duties how lefull force and effect, for raising, levying, and recovering the said vied. fublidies and duties hereby granted and continued, for and upon 6 Ann. c. 11. all wines, goods, and merchandizes imported, and all arrears thereof, according to the true meaning of this act, as fully and Vol. XI.

in like manner as if the same were particularly and at large recited and fet down in the body of this act.

Acts continued.

2. C. II.

C. 34.

C. 20.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That an act of parliament made in the twelfth 22 Car. 2. C. 19. year of the reign of the faid King Charles the Second, intituled, An act to prevent frauds and concealments of his Majesty's customs 13 & 14 Car. and subfidies; as also an act made in the fourteenth year of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second, intituled. An act

for preventing frauds and abuses in his Majesty's customs; and also 22 Car. 2. c. 13. an act made in the two and twentieth year of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the im-

provement of tillage, and the bread of cattle; and also one other act as Car. a. c. 6. made in the five and twentieth year of the reign of the faid lage King Charles the Second, intituled, An atl for taking off aliens duties upon commodities of the growth, product and manufacture of the nation; and also one other act made in the faid five and twen-

as Car. a. c. 7. tieth year of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second. intituled, An act for the encouragement of the Greenland and Builtland traders, and for the better securing the plantation trade; and also one other act made in the first year of the reign of King James the Second, intituled, An additional act for the improve-1 Jac. 1. C. 19. ment of tillage; and one act made in the eighth year of the reign 8 & 9 W. 3.

of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, As ast for the lessening the duty upon tin and pewter exported, and grant! ing an equivalent for the same by a duty upon drugs; and another s & 10 W. 3. act of the ninth year of his reign, For encreasing his Majesty's duties upon luftrings and alamodes; and one act made in the ele-11 & 12 W. 3. venth year of his reign, intituled, An all for taking away the duties upon the woollen manufactures, corn, grain, bread, biscuit, and meal experted; and all clauses and directions whatsoever contained therein, or in any other act or acts of parliament now in force

> concerning the faid subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other fums of money upon merchandize imported, which were granted in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, as aforefaid, shall be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord, one

thousand seven hundred and twelve.

perpetual.

III. Provided nevertheless, and be, it declared and enacted, Except clauses III. Provided nevertheless, and be it declared and enacted, intended to be That nothing herein contained shall be construed or taken to determine any articles or clauses in any of the last-mentioned acts, hereby enacted to be in force until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, which were appointed and intended to be perpetual, or which were continued by any act of parliament for any time which will not expire by or before the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve: but that the fame, and every of them, shall continue and remain in force as if this present act had not been made: but fuch of the faid acts, and fuch clauses in any of them, as would otherwise determine before the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall hereby be revived, and stand, continue, and be in force until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no

longer.

longer.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Duties on That the leveral impolitions and duties upon wines and vine-wines and gar, granted by an act made in the first year of the reign of his continue to faid late majesty King James the Second, intituled, An act for 1 Aug. 1712. granting to his Majesty an imposition upon all wines and vinegar im-1 Jac. 2. C. 3. ported between the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand fix bundred eighty and five, and the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand fix hundred ninety and three: which said act, by several' subsequent acts of parliament, was continued until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and six; and by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for 1 Ann, stat. 20 making good deficiencies, and preserving the publick credit, are granted c. 13. to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten; shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the faid act to made in the first year of the reign of the faid late King James the Second, and all powers, provisions, penal-x Jac. 2. c. 3. ties, articles, and clauses therein contained, for or concerning the faid impositions on wines and vinegar, shall continue and be in . full force and effect until the said first day of August, one thousand. seven hundred and twelve, and shall be applied, practised, and executed for raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the faid duties upon wine and vinegar, hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this prefent act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the clauses, matters, and things in the said act of the first year of the reign of the faid King James the Second contained, had been again repeated in this act, and particularly enacted.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Duties on to-That the rates, duries, and impositions upon all forts of tobac-co, granted by an act made in the first year of the reign of the med to 1 Aug. faid late King James the Second, intituled, An act for granting to' 1 Jac. 2. c. 4. bis Majesty an imposition upon all tobacco and sugar imported between the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand six hundred eighty and five, and the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand six hundred ninety and three: which said act, as for and concerning the faid duties and impositions upon tobacco only, by several subsequent acts of parliament, was continued until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and six, and by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for I Ann. stat. I. making good deficiencies, and preserving the publick credit, are grant- c. 13. ed to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this act be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no

To be levied as by 7 & 8 W. 3. C. 10.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the said duty upon tobacco, which shall be imported during the term hereby granted, and all arrears thereof, shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered, and. paid to her Majesty, in such method, and with such discount and allowances, and according to fuch rules and directions as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed as to the duties or impofitions upon tobacco, in and by the act made in the parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for continuing several duties granted by former alls upon wine, vinegar, and upon tobacco. and East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France, and not otherwise. VIL And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Dáties on East India goods &c. continued to 1 Aug. 1712. 2 W. & M.

fess. 2. c. 4.

That the several additional and other rates, impositions, duties, and charges upon the several sorts of goods and merchandizes, granted by an act made in the second year of the reign of King William the Third, and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain impositions upon all East India goods and manufactures, and upon all wrought filks, and several other goods and merchandizes, to be imported after the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand six hundred and ninety, and which thereby, and by several subsequent acts of parliament, were continued until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fix, and by the faid act of the first year of her Ann. stat. 1. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and

C. 13.

preserving the publick credit, are granted to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall be further continued to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the faid act made in the fecond year of their said late Majesties reign, concerning East India goods and other things therein charged, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, shall continue, and be of full force and effect, until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed for the raifing, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the said respective duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if the faid last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, had been again repeated, and par-Except where ticularly enacted; except only as to such part of the said acts alterations are concerning the faid impositions on wines, vinegar, tobacco, East

made.

India goods, and other merchandizes imported, touching which other provisions or alterations are made by any act or acts of parliament now in being; which other provisions or alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the continuance of this present act, and the said act, intituled, An att for continuing several duties granted by former acts upon wine and vinegar, and up-

7 & 8 W. 3. C. 10.

on tobacco, and East India goods and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France; and every article, clause, matter, and thing therein contained, for the raifing, levying, securing, answering, and paying the impositions and duties on the merchandizes and commodities thereby charged, and which are by this act continued, shall be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, New Impost That the additional and other rates, duties, impositions, and continued to charges upon the feveral forts of goods and merchandizes grant- 1 August 1712. ed by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of their faid 4 & 5 W. & M. c. 5. late Majesties reign, intituled, An act for granting to their Maje-fries certain additional impositions upon several goods and merchandizes, for the profecuting of the present war against France, which by several subsequent acts of parliament were continued until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and six, and by the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An , Ann. stat. 1. ast for making good deficiencies, and preserving the publick credit, are c. 13. granted to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the faid act lastmentioned, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, (except as herein after is excepted and Exception. provided) as for and concerning the faid rates, duties, and impositions, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the faid duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as if the said last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters and things therein contained, had been again repeated, and particularly enacted in this present act.

IX. Provided also, That in all cases where any other provi- Alterations fion or alteration is made by any act or acts of parliament now made by acts in being, in or about any other matter or thing contained in the to be observed. faid act of parliament for the impositions last-mentioned, such other provisions or alterations shall be observed, during the continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein con-

tained to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And it is hereby further enacted, That the several impo- Duties on fitions and duties for and upon all whale-fins imported, which whale-fins, by an act of parliament in the ninth year of the reign of his &c. faid late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for 9 & 10 W. 3 taking away half the duties imposed on glass wares, and the whole duties laid on stone and earthen wares, and tobacco pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof new duties on whale-fins and Scotch linens, were granted to his faid late majesty King William, and by an

C. 13.

act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, were continued until the first day of August, one thousand leven hundred and ten, shall be, and are hereby continued to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven Continued to hundred and ten, to the first day of August, one thousand seven 1 Aug. 1712. I Ann. flat. 1. hundred and twelve, and no longer; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, in such manner and form, and by such ways and means, and under fuch penalties as are mentioned in the faid act for granting the faid impositions on whale-fine and Scotch linens; which act, with all the powers, provisoes, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, or thereby referred to, shall continue and be in full force until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution for raifing and levying the faid duties on whale-fins, hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, concerning the faid duties on whalefins, were repeated, and again enacted in the body of this prefent act.

XI. And whereas the said subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and 12 Car. 2. C. 4. the said other duties granted therewith, in the twelfth year of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid; and the said impositions on wines, 1 Jac. 2. c. 3. vinegar, and tobacco, which were first granted to King James the 1 Jac. 2. C. 4. Second, in the first year of his reign; and the said impositions on East India goods, and other goods charged therewith, which were first granted to their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, in the second year of their reign; and the said additional impositions which were first granted to them in the fourth year of their reign; and the said duties on whale fins imported, which were granted to his faid late majesty King William, in the ninth year of his reign, were by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and preserving the publick credit, continued as aforesaid, until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten, in the manner therein mentioned;

ff. 2. c. 4. 4 & 5 W. & M. c. 5. 9 & 10 W. 3. C. 45.

2 W. & M.

2 Ann. ftat. 1. C. 13.

After principal and interest monies by in this act.

liable to the fatisfaction of the principal and interest monies therein mentioned, great part of which principal monies do flill remain unlatisfied, and are (together with all the interest due, and to grow due thereupon) to be paid and discharged in the first place out of the subsidies, impositions, and duties granted or continued by the act last mentioned: now it is hereby further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the principal and interest monies, which by the said act of c. 13. are paid the first year of her Majesty's reign, for making good deficienoff, remainder cies, and preferving the publick credit, are charged upon the feto be paid in-veral subsidies, duties, and impositions last-mentioned, shall be to the Exche-quer for uses fully paid off and satisfied, or that sufficient money shall be referved in the Exchequer for that purpole, then the aforesaid subfidies, duties, and impolitions last-mentioned, to arise by the said act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, for the remainder

and the said subsidies, impositions, and duties arising by the said att of the first year of her Majesty's reign, are thereby made subject and of the several terms thereby granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, and accounting for the same) shall from time to time be paid into the receipt of the Exchequer distinctly, for the purpoles in this present act expressed, and for no other use, intent,

or purpole whatloever.

XII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the Clause of loan authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for for eight hunany person or persons, natives, or foreigners, bodies politick or dred twenty corporate, to advance and lend to her Majesty at the receipt of three hundred her Majesty's Exchequer, as well upon credit of the several sub-eighty one fidies, impositions, and duties by this act granted or continued, pounds, fifas also upon credit of the monies which by the said act of the teen shillings, first year of her Majesty's reign, after satisfaction of the principence farmed interest the same of the principence farmed interest the same of the same of the principence farmed interest the same of th pal and interest thereupon, as aforesaid, shall arise by the subsi-thing. dies, impositions, and duties thereby granted, any sums which I Ann. stat. 1. shall not exceed in the whole the sum of eight hundred twenty c. 14 two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence farthing, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's occasions; and moreover the lord high treasurer of England for the time being, or any three or more of the commillioners of the treasury for the time being, are hereby authorized and directed to cause the officers of the said receipt of the Exchanger to receive from time to time by way of loan, from any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, willing to make the same at the said receipt, any further sum and sums of money, over and above the faid fum of eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence farthing, as shall be sufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies appointed or allowed by this act, every three months, until the faid subsidies, impositions, and duties erifing by this or the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, or either of them first happening, shall come a Ann. stat. 2. into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that purpose, pursuant c. 13. to the intent and true meaning of this act; and that all the lenders, as well of the faid furn not exceeding eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and fix pence farthing, as of the said further sums for enaking good the payment of the intermediate interest as aforesaid, shall have and receive interest for the forbearance thereof, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum; and that no money to at 6 per cent. be lent upon the security of this act, shall be taxed, rated or as-Tax-free. selfed by any act of parliament whatfoever.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every Lenders to person or persons who shall lend any money upon such credits have tallies as aforesaid, and pay the same into the said receipt of Exchequer, and orders, shall immediately have a talley of loan struck for the same, and &c. an order for his, her, or their repayment, bearing the same date with his, her, or their tallies, in or upon which order shall be also contained a warrant for payment of interest for the forbearance thereof at the rate aforesaid, to be paid every three months

S 4

tintil the re-payment of the principal; and that all fuch orders for re-payment of money to be lent, shall be registred in course, according to the dates respectively, without other preserence of one before another; and that all and every person and persons shall be paid in course, according as their orders shall stand registred in the said register books, so as the said person, native or foreigner, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, who shall have his or her order or orders first entred in the said respective books of register, shall be taken and accounted the first perfon to be paid out of the monies to come in by this act; and he, she, or they who shall have his or their order or orders next entred, shall be taken and accounted to be the second person to be paid, and so successively, and in course; and that the monies to come in, of or for the several subsidies, impositions, and duties by this act granted or continued as aforesaid, and also the monies which by the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign (after satisfaction of the principal and interest thereupon as aforesaid) shall arise by the subsidies, impositions, and duties

thereby granted as aforefaid, shall be in the same order liable to the latisfaction of the monies to be lent as aforesaid, to the respective parties, their executors, administrators, successors and

Monies not divertible.

1 Ann. stat. 1. C. 13.

No fee to be taken on penalty,

Or undue preference made &Ç.

affigns respectively, without undue preference of one before another, and not otherwise; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever; and that no fee, reward, or gratuity, directly or indirectly, to be demanded or taken of any her Majesty's subjects, for providing or making of any fuch books or registers, or any entries, views, or search in or for payment of money lent, or the interest thereof as aforesaid, by any of her Majesty's officer or officers, their clerks or deputies, on pain of payment of treble damages to the party grieved by the party offending, with treble costs of suit, or if the officer himself take or demand any such see or reward, then to lose his place also; and if any undue preference of one before another shall be made, either in point of registry or payment, contrary to the true meaning of this act, by any such officer or officers, then the party offending shall be liable by action of debt, or on the case, to pay the value of the debt, with damages and costs to the party grieved, and shall be forejudged of his place or office; and if such preserence be unduly made by any his deputy or clerk, without direction or privity of his mafter, then such deputy or clerk only shall be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, and shall be for ever incapable of his place or office; and in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct, or the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment, according to each person's due place and order, as before directed, then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks herein offending to be liable to such action, debt, damages, and cofts, in fuch manner as aforefaid; Penalties how all which faid penalties, forfeitures, damages, and costs to be incurred by any of the officers of the Exchequer, or any their deputies or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of dcbt,

recoverable.

debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record & Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint shall be in any wife granted or allowed.

XIV. Provided always, and be it hereby declared, That if it No undue happen that several tallies of loan, or orders for payment as a-preference, forefaid, bear date, or be brought the fame day to the auditor of the receipt to be registred, then it shall be interpreted no undue preference, which of those be entred first, so as he enters them

all the same day.

XV. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any un-subsequent due preference, to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the orders. auditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the tellers do pay subsequent orders to persons that come and demand their monies, and bring their orders, before other persons that did not come to take their monies, and bring their orders in their course, so as there be so much money reserved as will satisfy precedent orders, which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them, interest upon loan being to cease from the time the money is so

referved and kept in bank for them.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every person Orders affignand persons, to whom any money shall be due for loans to be able. registred by virtue of this act, after order entred in the book of register as aforeszid, his executors, administrators, or assigns, by proper words of affignment, to be endorsed and written upon his order, may affign or transfer his right, title, interest, and benefit of such order, or any part thereof, to any other, which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt aforefaid, and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the book of registry aforesaid for orders, which the officers shall upon request without see or charge accordingly make, shall entitle such assignee, his executors, administrators, and assigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon, and fuch affignee may in like manner assign again, and so, toties quoties, and afterwards it shall anot be in the power of fuch person or persons who have or hath made such assignment, to make void, release, and discharge the same, or any the monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

XVII. And to the end the contents of the wine gallon, where- wine gallon by the duties hereby granted are to be levied, may be afcertain- afcertained. ed and known to all her Majesty's subjects, and that all disputes and controversies touching the wine measures, according to which any customs, subsidies, or other duties, are, from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, to be paid or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or succesfore, may be lettled, be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That any round vessel (commonly called a A cylinder. cylinder) having an even bottom, and being seven inches diameter throughout, and fix inches deep from the top of the infide to the bottom, or any veffel containing two hundred thirty one cubical inches, and no more, shall be deemed and taken to be a lawful wine gallon; and it is hereby declared, That two

hun-

ton of wine. 126 a butt or

252 gallons a bundeed fifty two gallons, confishing each of sweetundred thirty one cubical inches, shall he deemed a ton of wine, and that one hundred twenty fix such gallons shall be deemed a butt or 63 a hoghead, pipe of wine, and that fixty three fuch gallons shall be deemed an hoesthead of wine.

Magine re-Joans fatisfied, how appropriated. 5 Ann. c. 1.

XVIII. And he it further gnafted by the authority aforesaid. maining after That all the monies lent and to be lent unto her Majety on one act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting on aid to her Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in the year one thoufand seven bundred and seven, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and romain (after all the loans made, or to be made upon that act, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to

discharge the same) and all the monies lent and to be lent unto her Majesty upon one other act of this session of parliament. insituled, An all for continuing the duties upon malt, mune, cyder. and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven bondred and from, and so much money of the said duties on mak, mum, cyder, and perry thereby granted, as shall arise and remain (after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby granted, shall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same) and the sum not expeeding fifteen hundred thousand pounds to be issued in Exchequer bills, pursuant to another act of this session of parlia-5 Ann.c. 13. ment, intituled, An all for continuing the duties on houses, to secure s poorly fund for circulating Exchequer bills, whereby a fum not excreding fifteen hundred thouland pounds is intended to be raifed

for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions; and

the fum not exceeding cleven hundred and twenty thouland spounds, mentioned and intended to be raifed by another act of 5 Ann. c. 19. this festion of parliament, incituled, An act for continuing the duties on low wines, and spirits of the first entraction, and the duties payable by hawkers, padlers, and party chapmen, and part of the duties on flamp'd vellum, perchment, and poper, and the late duties on fronts, and the one third subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and for feetling and establishing a sund thereby, and by the application of cerstain overplus maries, and otherwise, for payment of annaties to be fold far raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the mar are thousand seven hundred and seven; and the said sum not exceeding night hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence farthing, intended to be raised upon this present act, shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for or towards the feveral uses and purposes herein after expected (shat is so fay) For or towards the defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for nichude, wages, wear, tear, and other fervices of the navy, and the violualling there-

of performed, and to be performed, and for the less lenvice in

Ordinary of the navy and ordnance.

the

the office of the ordnance, performed, and to be performed; and for or towards the making of a wharf and storehouse at wharf at Portsmouth; and for or towards the land services performed, and Portsmouth. to be performed, by the office of ordnance; and to and for fub, &c. fiftence, off-reckonings, and clearings for one year, from the three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven handred and fix, to her Majesty's guards and garrisons in England, Guards and and the dominions thereunto belonging (Ireland excepted) and garrisons. the contingent charges of the same, and for payment of invalids for the faid year, beginning from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and six; and For or towards the defraying the charges of her Majetty's army, Armies in the and fuch forces as are or shall be added thereunto, in the Low Low Coun-Countries or Germany, within or for one year, to be reckoned tries, &c. from the laid three and twentieth day of December, one thoufand seven hundred and six, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of eight thousand men sent to the affictance of the Proportions of duke of Savoy, for the service of the year one thousand seven the charge of duke of Savoy, for the tervice of the year one thousand leven some men in hundred and feven; and for or towards the defraying the charge Savoy. of her Majesty's forces, and additional forces to be employed Forces in in Spain or Portugal, and for the general officers, contingencies, Spain and hospitals, forage, and waggon money there, and for the garri- Portugal. fon at Gibraltar, and for general officers ferving the King of Garrison of Portugal for the said year one thousand seven bundend and said of Gibraltar. Portugal, for the faid year one thousand seven hundred and seven; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the further Recovery of charges necessary to profecute the successes already gained by Spain. King Charles the Third, for the recovery of the monarchy of Spain to the house of Austria; and for or towards the payment Treaties with of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due upon treaties allies. made or to be made with her Majesty's allies, and other charges for the service of the war, for any time before or until the said five and twentieth day of December; one thousand seven hundred and seven; and for the payment of another year's intenest Unfatisfied on the unfatisfied debentures charged upon the Irif forfeitures; debentures. and for or towards the transportation of land forces performed and to be performed; and for or towards discharging the pre- Exchequer miums and other charges for circulating for another year the bills. bills commonly called the Exchequer bills, which were iffeed before this session of parliament; and for or towards the making Duke of good the fum of fifty thousand pounds which was advanced by Savoy. her Majesty to the duke of Savey, for the better desence of Turin, . and for the service of the war in Hely, in the year one thousand feven hundred and fix; and for or towards the making good the Loan to the fum of forty seven thousand five hundred pounds, being her emperor. Majesty's share of a loan to the emperor of Germany, for the service of the war in Italy, in the faid year one thousand seven hundred and fix; and for or towards the making good the fum Expedition of fixty three thousand six hundred sixty one pounds, thirteen under earl shillings, and six pence, computed for levy-money, pay, and Rivers. contingencies of the forces fent on the expedition under the command

thouland

Treops of Portugal.

Palatine troops,

Pruffian troops.

Landgrave of Heffe Caffel.

Pruffians.

Augmenta-Hesse.

command of earl Rivers; and for or towards making good a fum not exceeding three thousand and fourteen pounds, for defraving her Majesty's expence for the pay of the general officers of a body of thirteen thousand men of the troops of the King of Portugal, pursuant to the treaty in that behalf, until the three and rwentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and for or towards making good a fum not exceeding twenty fix thousand fix hundred ninety two pounds, thirteen shillings and ten pence, three farthings, for defraying her Majesty's share of the pay of three thousand Palatine troops, purfoant to the treaty with the elector Palatine, from the seventeenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and five, to the three and twentieth day of December following; and for or towards a sum not exceeding thirty seven thousand and twelve pounds, seven thillings, and six pence, for defraying her Maiesty's share of the agio bread and forrage, for twelve thousand Prussians imployed in her Majesty's service in the Netherlands; and for or towards a fum not exceeding twenty thousand pounds, for an additional subsidy to the landgrave of Hesse Cassel for augmenting his troops, and marching them into Italy, and for defraying their expence of bread, waggons, and carriages, and of holpitals for their fick and wounded, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven; and for or towards the making good a sum not exceeding nineteen thousand seven hundred fifty five pounds, nine shillings, and six pence, for defraying her Majesty's proportion of the agio bread and forrage for the faid twelve thousand Prussians, from their coming into her Majesty's service, until the said three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and six; and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding eleven thousand seven hundred and eighty pounds, and eighteen shillings, for defraying her Majesty's proportion of the extraordinary charge for the augmentation troops of the landgrave of Hesse Cassel imployed tion troops of in Italy, from the twentieth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fix; and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding thirty four thousand six hundred and seven pounds, thirteen shillings, and five pence half penny, for levymoney to recruit several horses of the foreign troops in her Majesty's pay, that were killed or died of the common distemper in Flanders, in the year one thousand seven hundred and five; and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding eleven Levy-money. hundred forty fix pounds, for a further allowance of levy-money for recruiting the horses of the English horse and dragoons lost in the same campaign in Flanders; and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding seven thousand five hundred seventy three pounds, for levy-money to recruit other horses of the English horse and dragoons, and for officers horses which died of the common distemper after the said campaign there,

> between the one and thirtieth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and five, and the latter end of February following; and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding eleven

thousand two hundred ninety eight pounds, for levy-money for recruiting the horses of the English horse and dragoons, which were killed and died of the common distemper in the Low Countries, between the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred' and fix, and the one and thirtieth day of December following: and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding fixteen thousand fifty five pounds, twelve shillings and fix pence. for defraying her Majesty's share of the levy-money for recruiting the horses of the Danis troops in the pay of England and Helland, that were lost in the same manner between the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and sive, and the lastday of October, one thousand seven hundred and six and for or towards the making good a fum not exceeding one thousand feven handred seventy five pounds, for the like loss sustained by the troops of Hanover in her Majesty's pay during the last campaign in Flanders; and for fatisfying and discharging the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds ten shillings, mentioned in the fifteenth article of the treaty of union between England and Scotland, confirmed by acts of parliament Equivalent in both kingdoms, being the equivalent to be answered by the money. faid article to Scotland, for such customs and excise which Scotland' is to be charged with, and will be applicable to the debts of England; and for enabling her Majesty to make a recompence Recompence not exceeding two thousand fix hundred forty one pounds, to the to the city of mayor, aldermen, and citizens of the city of Carlifle, for such tolls as they are to be deprived of by the fixth article of the faid treaty of union: which recompence is to go to and for the same uses and purposes to which the said tolls ought to have been applied; and for enabling her Majesty to make a recompence, not exceeding five thousand pounds, to Joseph Musgrave, Thomas Musgrave, and George Musgrave, sons of Sir Christopher Musgrave baronet, deceased, in full discharge of all tolls in Westmoreland and Cumberland, that were granted to Sir Philip Musgrave baronet, by King Charles the Second, and which are specified in the grants of King James the Second, and King William the Third, to the late Sir Christopher Musgrave; and for. enabling her Majesty to apply what may be convenient for the better securing the islands of Nevis and St. Christophers, and supplying them with necessaries in order to a re-settlement; and to no other uses, intents, or purposes whatsoever.

XIX. Provided always, That out of the monies to be iffued For mainteto the guards and garrifons as aforefaid, there shall and may be mance of the
taken and applied any sum not exceeding eighty seven thousand
one hundred twenty five pounds ten shillings, towards the charge
of maintaining the soldiers raised and to be raised, for sea service,
with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and out of the monies to be issued for the service of
the navy and sea services, as aforesaid, there shall be taken and
applied such sums as, together with the said sum, not exceeding
eighty seven thousand one hundred twenty sive pounds ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the said

foldiers

11705.

soldiers for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP XXVIII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred EXP. and feven, notwithstanding the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for an account to be made of trophy money.

CAP. XXIX.

An alt for ease of ber Majesty's subjetts in relation to the duties upon falt, and for making the like allowances upon the exportation of white berrings, flesh, oatmeal, and grain called beet, alias birt, as are to be made upon expertation of the like from Scotland.

5 Ann. c. 8.

Article 8.

TATHEREAS by the articles of union between the kingdoms of England and Scotland, which are agreed upon and confirmed by an act of this present parliament, there are certain concesfions made for the advantage of her Majesty's subjects of that part of Great Britain called Scotland, in matters relating to the duties upon falt, and other goods and merchandexes, as are herein after-mentioned, whereby her Majesty's subjects in England, trading in salt and other the commodities herein after particularly expressed, will be liable to

trade.

great disadvantages, unless prevision be likewise made for their ease in the faid trade: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal sub-For preferring in the jeta trode: we your Majetty's most dutiful and loyal 10b-an equality of jects the commons, in parliament affembled, being definous that there may be as great an equality of trade as is possible among all your Majesty's subjects, do beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled,

Foreign falt imported after z May, 1707, to be weighed. cellared, and locked up.

and by the authority of the same, That all foreign salt that shall be imported into the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, shall, upon the landing thereof, be weighed, cellared, and locked up in the presence of an officer for the duties on salt, under the custody of the merchant or importer (who is to be at the charge of the cellarage or store-house) and such officer as the commissioners for the duties on falt for the time being, shall appoint, in the

port or place where the same shall be so imported and landed; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the merchant or im-

Merchant to have any quantity, &c. not under forty bushels, fix months.

porter of the said salt, from time to time, in the presence of an officer for the duties on falt, and by warrant or permit, under fuch officer's hand and feal, to have what quantity thereof his paying duty in occasions may require, not under a weigh or forty bushels at a time, giving security for the duty of what quantity he receives, payable in fix months time after the delivery of any fuch falt; and in case such merchantor importer shall pay ready money upon the delivery of the falt, he shall have after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum out of the said duties abated him. II. And

II. And he is further enacted by the authority aforefaid. Penalty on That if such foreign salt imported, shall not, upon the landing landing foreign self-resided, as aforesaid, the same shall be liable to pay for secured, mean of duties, and to such penalties and forfeitures, for not or removing paying or fecuring fuch duties, as if this act had not been made; it without and that no falt to cellared and locked up; as aforefaid, shall be permit. removed from any fuch cellar or place, without notice first given to the officer appointed for that purpole, and without a warrant or permit for conveying the same, as aforesaid, upon pain of forfeiting such falt, and also upon pain of forfeiting ten shilkings per bushel, and also the sum of twenty pounds for every such offence, to be recovered from the person or persons who imported the fame; and that every carrier, or person who shall carry, convey, or remove any facts falt without notice first given to the officer, and without a warrant or permit for conveying the fame, 'shall be liable to the like forfeitures of ten shillings per bushel, and also twenty pounds for every such offence.

III. Provided nevertheless. That where the whole quantity Proviso if of foreign falt, liable to duty, imported in any flip or veffel, quantity a-dues not amount to forty bushels, the duties shall be paid and forty bushels. secured, according to the provisions made by former laws; any

shing herein to the contrary notwithflanding.

IV. And subtrest fall carried confruite is or may be liable to suffe, Allowances be it enacted by the authority storefaid, That any merchant of confinied person who, from and after the said first day of May, one thoufund seven hundred and seven, shall thip any English falt, or rock falt, to be carried coastwile, (viz.) from one port of England or Wales, or the port of Berwick upon Tweed, to any port of England or Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, the duties having been paid, or secured to be paid, according to former laws, shall have an allowance made to him, after the rate of three builheld for every forty bushels of English white salt, and after the rate of one bushel and an half for every forty bushels of English rock falt so shipped to be carried coastwise, and proportionably for a This clause greater or less quantity, in confideration of the ordinary waste explained by in the carriage thereof, which allowance shall be made but once 6 Ann. c.12. for the same salt, although such falt be carried from several ports f. I. eoastwife, as aforesaid, and the proper officer of the port, where fuch falt or rock falt shall be first shipped to be carried coastwife, shall not only express the said allowance on the coast cocquet or transire for the fame, but also give gratis to the said merchant, or other person there shipping the same, a certificate under hand and feal, of the number of bushels of salt so shipped, and how much the allowance hereby directed to be made at the rates aforesaid doth amount to, which certificate being produced to the officer who first received the duties of the faid falt, or took fecurity for the same, the officer last-mentionallowed for allowed for much money as he received for duties of the payment of faid sale or rock falt are is to be allowed for many and a same sale of the payment of faid sale or rock falt are is to be allowed for many as a facility. faid falt, or rock falt, as is to be allowed for waste, as aforesaid; duties on rock and if the duties thereof shall not then have been paid in mo-salt.

obtained

ney, then the faid officer shall discount the said allowance for wafte on the faid fecurity.

months on . falt.

V. And it is hereby enacted. That in all cases where, by the other English former laws relating to the duties on falt, the time for payment of the duties on rock falt is appointed to be nine months, there is shall be twelve months time allowed, instead of the said nine months; and where the time for payment of the duties on other English falt is by the said former laws appointed to six months. there shall be nine months time allowed instead of the said fix months; and the securities and discounts for prompt payments after the said first day of May next, shall be regulated accordingly. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Allowances rings export-

for white her- That for all white herrings, which shall, from and after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, be exported from any port or place in the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, to parts. beyond the feas, by any person or persons whatsoever, there shall be the like allowances as are to be made upon the exportation of white herrings from Scotland, to be paid by the officer appointed to collect the duties upon falt in the same port from whence any fuch herrings shall be exported, within thirty days ' after a demand thereof, on a depenture to be prepared by the collector of the customs where such herrings shall be entred out for exportation, and verified by the person executing the office of fearcher in fuch port, as to the quantity of herrings actually. Farther provi- shipped, and that the same were well cured, and merchantable, and full packed, and that the oath of the exporter or agent be. be first taken before the principal officers of the said port, before the debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the faid oath, That the herrings in such debenture mentioned were cured with falt, for which the duties had been paid, and not drawn back, and that the same is really. exported to parts beyond the seas, and not relanded or intended to be relanded in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; for which debenture no fee or reward shall be taken; and in case the officer hereby directed to pay such debenture, shall not have fufficient money in his hands to pay the same, then upon certificate thereof by him made (which certificate he is hereby required to give the party gratis) the principal commissioners for managing her Majesty's revenue of excise upon salt for the time being, shall be chargeable with the said payment, to be made in course out of the first money in their hands arising out of the duties upon falt; and that it shall and may be lawful for the officers of the faid duties on falt, in the several and respective ports of the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon the exportation of any herrings,

as aforefaid, and before the same shall be laid on board for ex-

known that such herrings have been exported, and allowances

fon relating bereto, 6 Ann. c. 12. £ 3.

Exported and portation, to mark any cask, barrel, or other vessel, wherein relanded, for any fuch herrings shall be exported, to the intent it may be feited, and 208. per barrei.

obtained on exportation thereof, in case the same, or any part

thereof, shall be relanded and reimported.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Allowances That in ease any such herrings shall, after the same shall be ex- for salted beef-ported, be relanded or reimported, all the said herrings so re-ported, &c. landed or reimported shall be forfeited and lost, and twenty shillings per barrel for every barrel thereof, and so in proportions for a greater or lesser quantity, to be recovered of the importer

or proprietor thereof.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That 15.6d. to be for every barrel of falted beef or pork, which shall be exported paid per bara for fale from any port of this kingdom, dominion of Wales, or 3 Geo. 2. C.20. town of Berwick upon Tweed, to parts beyond the seas, after the s. 16. said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, Revived by by any person or persons whatsoever, there shall be for each bar- 5 Geo. a. c. 6. rel the like allowances as are to be allowed upon exportation of fuch beef and pork exported from Scotland, which allowance shall be paid by the officer appointed to collect the duties upon falt, in the fame port from whence any fuch beef or pork shall be exported, within thirty days after demand thereof, on a debenture to be prepared by the collector of the customs where fuch beef or pork shall be entred out for exportation, and verified by the person executing the office of searcher in such . port, as to the quantity of beef and pork actually shipped for fale, and that the same is good and merchantable, and that the' oath of the exporter or agent be first taken before the principal' officers of the faid port, before the debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the faid oath, That the beef or pork in such debenture mentioned, was salted with falt for which the duties had been paid, and not drawn back, and that the same is really exported to parts beyond the seas for fale, and that any part thereof was not spent, or intended to be fpent for the ship's use, and was not relanded, or intended to be relanded; for which debenture no fee or reward shall be taken; and in case the officer hereby directed to pay such debenture. shall not have sufficient money in his hands to pay the same, then upon certificate thereof by him made, (which certificate he is hereby required to give the party gratis) the principal commissioners for managing her Majesty's revenues of excise upon falt for the time being, shall be chargeable with the said payment, to be made in course out of the first money in their hands arising out of the duties upon falt: and that it shall and may be lawful for the officers for the faid duties on falt, in the feveral and respective ports of the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon the exportation of any beef or pork, and before the same shall be laid on board for exportation, to mark any cask, barrel, or other vessel wherein any such beef or pork shall be exported, to the intent it may be known that such beef or pork has been exported, and allowances obtained on exportation thereof, in case the same, or any part thereof, shall be relanded or reimported. Vol. XL IX. And

Exported and relanded, forfeited, and 40 s. per barrd.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefairl, That in case any beef or pork shall, after the same shall be. exported, be relanded or reimported, all the faid beef or pork so relanded or reimported shall be forfeited and lost, and forty shillings per barrel for every barrel thereof, and so in proportion for a greater or leffer quantity, to be recovered of the inn-

Allowances tor oatmeal and beer. alias bigg, exported, &c.

porter or proprietor thereof. X. And whereas by the aforefaid articles of union, it is provided, That from and after the union there shall be certain allowances for all oatmeal, and grain called beer, experted from Scotland, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That for all ontreal and arain called beer alias bigg, which from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seveny shall be exposted from any port of this kingdom of England, dotpinion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, to parts beyond the feas, by: any merchant, or other person or persons whatsoever, there shall be the like pramium given upon the exportation thereof, as is to be given upon exportation of outmeal and beer from Scotland; such merchant or other person first bringing a certificate in writing under his or their hands, containing the quarttity of such oatmeal, or beer alias bigg, so shipped, to the collector or other person appointed, or to be appointed for the time: being, to collect the duties or rates arising by customs within any fuch port, and making proof of fuch certificate by one or more credible person or persons upon their outhe, (which oaths the faid collector, or other person, is hereby authorized and required to administer) and giving bond in the sum of ten pounds at least for every ton of natmeal so shipped, confisting of twenty hundred weight, and for every forty bushels of beer alias bigg, so shipped, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, That the same shall be so exported to parts beyond the seas, and not be relanded; which premium every merchant, or other person so shipping off any such cauneal, or beer alias bigg, and giving certificate and bond, as aforefaid, shall have and receive from such collector, or other person, asaforefaid, in any port respectively where the fame shall be so shipped, out of her Majesty's revenue of the customs, and upon certificate returned under the common feal of the chief magistrate in any place or places beyond the seas, or under the: hands and feals of two known English merchants upon the place, that fuch oatmeal, or beer alias bigg, was there landed, or upon proof by credible persons that such oatmeal, or beer alies bigg, was taken by enemies, or perished in the few; which proof being made, or certificate delinered to the collector, or other person, who took bond, as aforesaid, the said bond shall be delivered up to such merchant, or other person, or his order, to be cancelled, without any fee for the fame,

Penalties, &c.

XI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That all how distribut-penalties and forfeitures given by this or any former law relating to the duties of excise upon falt, shall be diffributed in manner following; (that is fay) one moiety thereof to the Queen,

her

her helts and facceffors, and the other molety thereof to the officer or officers who shall feize, sue, or inform for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information

in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster.

All. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, and it is Persons havhereby declared. That all and every person and persons, who ing exported
have exported any salt, or rock salt, out of the kingdom of salt to Ireland,
England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, drawback.
and landed the same in the kingdom of Ireland, although the
same was entred in England, on the exportation thereof, for
other foreign parts, and afterwards landed in Ireland, such persen or persons having so landed the same in Ireland, shall be entitled to a debenture or drawback of the said duty of such salt,
notwithstanding the same was entred for other foreign parts:
and all suits or prosecutions commenced, or to be commenced
against any person or persons having exported such salt or rock
salt for foreign parts, and landed the same, as aforesaid, shall
cease and determine.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further eracted by the au-Butnot hence-thority aforefaid. That from and after the faid first day of May, forth, unless one thousand seven hundred and seven, there shall be no deben-entry at extere made out or drawback allowed for any salt or rock salt portation be landed in Ireland after the said sirst day of May, one thousand seven port in Ireland and seven, unless the entry of the same salt at expor-land.

tution, be made for some port in the kingdom of Ireland.

KIV. And whereas white falt and rock falt in the exportation Allowances from England to Ireland, are liable to waste, be it therefore en-for walks. acted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the said first day of May, upon producing such a certificate as is by law required, from the collector and proper officers of the port or place in Ireland, of the quantity of what white falt and rock falt was there landed, the exporter or proprietor of such white falt and rock falt shall have an allowance of four bushels for every forty buffiels of white falt, and of two for every forty buffiels of rock falt put on board in England in order to be exported to Iteland, in confideration of the ordinary waste in the carriage thereof; and a debenture or debentures thall be iffued out gratis accordingly, by the collector or proper officer of the port or blace in England, from whence such white falt or rock fait was exported, and the same thall be allowed or paid to the exporter or prophetor, in like manner as debentures are or shall be payable for fair exported.

XV. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the first year, w. & M. of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary of blessed less i.c. 12. numary, initialed, An act for the encouraging the exportation of corn, it was amongst other things thereby enacted, That every such merchant by the said act described, shipping any malt or barley, rye, or wheat, and giving certificate and bond as the said act directs, shall bave and receive from the samers, commissioners, collectors, or other persons appointed or to be appointed for the time being, to collect the duties and rates arising by sustains, within any such port where the

Ta

faid

said corn shall be shipped off, for every quarter of barley or mal; ground or unground, two shillings and fix pence; for every quarter of rye, ground or unground, three shillings and fix pence; for every quarter of wheat, ground or unground, five shillings: and whereas fince the making of the said act there have been divers quantities of malt made of wheat, some part whereof have been exported, and some doubts have arisen touching the bounty-money to be paid upon the exportation thereof, to the discouragement of the exportation of corn: and for clearing thereof, and for preventing future disputes touching the same; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every merchant or other person exporting malt made of wheat, from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand feven hundred and feven, shall have and receive of the faid farmers, commissioners or persons aforesaid, five shillings for every quarter of malt made of wheat, or wheat malt, ground or unground, to be paid by the respective persons in the said recited act mentioned.

Exporters of malt to have 5 s. per quarter bountymoney.

No exporters of rock falt, &c. to have any greater allowance, &c. on exportawas before paid for duty, &c. C. 28. C. 21. 2 & 3 Ann. C. 14í 4 Ann. c. 12.

Importers of foreign falt chargeable with the duties for the full quantity cellared, &c.

XVI. And whereas by the several acts of parliament for laying duties on rock falt, and falt refined from rock falt, the exporters of the same draw back more money from the salt revenue than they pay to her Majesty; for prevention thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the said first day of May, tion than what one thousand seven hundred and seven, no person or persons who shall export rock salt, or salt refined from rock salt, shall have any other or greater allowance on prompt payment and 10 & 11 W. 3. exportation of the same, by way of debenture, than what really and bona fide was before paid for the duty of the said salt; and 1 Ann. flat. 1. that no person giving bond and security for the said duty, payable within the time limited by law, and paying the same in twenty eight days after giving the faid fecurity, shall be entitled, on exportation from England, Wales, or Berwick, to any other advantage than to such a debenture as shall discharge the bond and fecurity only given for the payment of the faid duty.

> XVII. And whereas foreign salt imported is allowed to be cellared, or put into warehouses, and the duties thereof are to be paid or secured upon delivery, as in this act is mentioned; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all merchants and other persons importing such foreign salt, from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, shall be, and are hereby charged with the duties for the full quantity of falt fo cellared, or put into warehouses; and if upon clearing any cellar or warehouse, in which the said salt was locked up, there be any want of the faid quantity, the importer or importers of the faid falt fo wanting shall be answerable for the same; any thing herein

contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

. Ann. c. 6. ζ. 35.

XVIII. And whereas by a clause in an act passed in the last session of this present parliament, intituled, An act for continuing an additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm, and cynders, and additional duties of excife, and for fettling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities to be fold for

raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and six, and other uses therein mentioned, all interest on bonds entred into, and due and payable before the fixth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and five, by merchants and others, for the customs, additional duties, imposstions, and other duties on goods and merchandizes imported into the kingdom of England, was thereby discharged, provided the principal fums secured by such bends were paid before the first day of June, one Merchants of thousand seven hundred and six; and whereas several merchants and Bristol, who others of the city of Bristol had, before the said first day of June, paid 30881. one thousand seven hundred and six, paid several sums of money, rest on bonds amounting in the whole to the sum of three thousand eighty eight given for cupounds, eight shillings, in to the collector of the customs of the ports stome, &c. there, for the interest of several principal sums of money, upon several bonds by them given for customs, and other duties of goods and merchandize by them imported into the faid port of Bristol, which principal monies they bad also before that time paid, and which principal monies and interest have been since applied to the use of the publick; and it is equally just that those monies so paid for interest should be allowed back to the said persons, as the other interest should be forgiven to the said persons, pursuant to the said before-mentioned clause; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Lord treasurer it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treasurer, or to direct colcommissioners of the treasury for the time being, or any three store of cufroms of or more of them, to direct the collector of the customs of the Bristol, to refaid port of Briftol for the time being, out of the monies which pay the same, shall be at the time of such direction in the hands of such col- &c. lector, upon account of customs, additional duties, impositions, and other duties on goods and merchandizes respectively, imported there, or which shall from thence next after come into his hands upon that account, and fuch collector is hereby authorized and required accordingly to refund and repay to the faid several merchants and others, (who paid in the faid three thousand eighty eight pounds, eight shillings) their executors, administrators, and assigns, the sum and sums of money so paid in by all and every fuch merchants, or others; and that thereupon, and upon the faid collector's producing receipts and acquittances for such sum and sums, such collector shall be allowed the same upon his account, as if the same had been by him paid upon account of drawbacks for goods exported; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XXX.

An all for the better securing ber Majesty's purchase of Cotton House in Westminster.

WHEREAS Sir John Cotton, late of Westminster in the county of Middlesex, baronet, was in the twelfth year of the reign of King William the Third, of glorious memory, seized for the term of his life, with remainder to John Cotton the grandfon, (now Sir John Cotton, baronet) and the heirs male of his body, with other remainders, of and in the capital messure called Cotton House,

House, and the gardens and buildings used and enjoyed with the same

Act for fettleing Cotton House and library. C. 7.

being in the parish of St. Margaret's, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex; and being so seized, in the said twelstb year of the reign of the faid late King William, at the request of the faid Sir John Cotton the grandfather, in the absence of the said Sir John Cotton the grandfon beyond the feas, an act of parliament, intituled, An act for the better fettling and preserving the library kept in the house at Westminster, called Cotton House, in the name and family of the Cottons, for the benefit of the publick, was made, 12 & 13 W. 3. thereby reciting, That Sir Robert Cotton, late of Connington in the county of Huntingdon, baronet, did, at his own great charge and expense, and by the affiftance of the most learned antiquaries of his time, collect and purchase the most useful manuscripts, written books, papers, parchments, records, and other memorials, in most languages, of great use and service for the knowledge and preservation of our constitution both in church and state: which manuscripts and other writings were procured, as well from parts beyond the seas, as from several private collectors of such antiquities within this realm, and are generally esteemed the best collection of its kind now any where extant; and that the said library had been preserved and very much augmented by the late Sir Thomas Cotton, son of the said Sir Robert, and by the faid Sir John Cotton, and was ledged in the faid Sir John's ancient mansion house at Westminster; and that the said Sir John, in pursuance of the desires and intentions of bis said father and grandfather, was content and willing that the faid manfion butle and library should continue in his family and name, and not be sold or otherwise disposed or imbezilled, and that the said library should be kept and preferved by the name of the Cottonian Library, for publick use and advantage, it is enacted. That from and after the death of the faid Sir John Cotton the grandfather, the faid manfion boufe, with the gardens and all other appurtenances, and also all the faid library or collection of manuscripts, written books, papers, parchments, records, and other memorials mentioned and named in a schedule then and now remaining in the faid library, together with all coins, medals, and other varities and curiofities in the faid library then and now contained, ba fettled, limited, and vested in the trustees therein after named, to have, hold, and enjoy, to them and their successors for ever, to the uses, intents, and purposes therein mentioned (that is to say) as for the said bouse, gardens, and appurtenances, other than the room where the said library then was, or then after might be lodged, and a convenient way, passage, and resort to the same, at the will and discretion of the heirs of the family, and the library therein after-mentioned, to the only proper use and behoof of the said now Sir John Cotton the grand fon and heir of the late Sir John Cotton, and ofter his decease, to the first and every the son and sons of his body to be begotten, and the heirs male of the body of such son on sons iffing furcessively, with other remainders as therein are particularly mentioned, remainder to the right beirs of the faid Sir John Cotton (new living) grandson and heir of the said late Sir John Cotton, for ever; and as for and concerning the faid library and room wherein the fame then was, or should be contained, together with a convenient possess

for referring thereunte, upon this trust and considence, that the faid Trustees for trustees and their fucceffors Bould and would, from time to time, and managing the at all times bereafter, as eccasion should require, inspect, consult, and library. take care of the faid library, and other particulars above-mentioned, and also make and appoint such orders and rules as they shall think proper for the reading and using the same, and for their better preservation; and to the intent or purpose that the faid trustees, or the major part of them, should nominate and appoint a good and sufficient person, well read in antiquities and records, to have the immediate care and custody of the faid library. And it is thereby further enacted, That the faid house, with the appurtenances, and the library, and other particulars aforesaid, should never be subject or liable to any judgments, statutes, recognizances, or any other incumbrances, nor should ever be sold or aliened, forfeited, or forfeitable, upon any acsount or presence what soever; and further that the lord chancellor or lord keeper for the time being, the honourable Robert Harley; efquire, then speaker of the house of commons, the honourable the speaker of the house of commons for the time being, the lord chief justice of the King's Boneh for the time being, Sir Robert Cotton of Hatley St. George in the county of Cambridge, Knight, Philip Cotton of Commington in the said county esquire, Robert Cotton of Giddin in the county of Huntington, esquire, and William Hanbury, of the Inner Temple, London, equire, shall be the trustees, to and for the pumposes aforesaid; and in case of the decease of any of the aforefaid last recited four persons, the said Sir John Cotton the grandfon, or other beir male of the faid family, who should be in possession, or entitled to the possession of the mansion house, by virtue of the limitations therein recited, should nominate and appoint one or more fit persons to succeed him or them, and supply the place of him or them so dying. And whereas smce the making of the said act very little bath been done in pursuance thereof, to make the said library useful to the publick, except what has been lately done at her Majefly's charge, and there is no way or passage to it set out as the all did direct, nor can there be any passage to the same but through the best rooms of the house, which would render the house wholly useless to the family, so that the library cannot be reforted unto; nor have any orders or rules been appointed for reading or using the same, and thereby the publick is wholly deprived of the benefit and advantage defigned by the ast; and the place wherein the library was then contained, was a narrow little room, damp, and improper for preserving the books and papers; and the condition thereof boving been humbly represented to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her Majesty, to the intent so great a treasure of broks and manuferipts, so generously given for the publick service, might not remain any longer useles, and in danger of perishing for want of due core; and that it may be in her Majesty's power to make this most valuable collection useful to her own subjects, and to all learned strangers, did give directions for treating with the faid Sir John Cotton for the purchase of the said Cotton House and gardens, and an a- Cotton house greenunt has been made for the purchasing the inheritance thereof, for purchased by

the sum of four thousand five hundred pounds, which her Majesty the Queen for hath 45001.

hath directed to be paid on the investing the inheritance of the semifles

Coton House

and gardens, &c. vefted in

heirs, &c.

in her Majesty, her beirs and fuccessors, which comes be dine but by aft of parliament, the faid recited aft backing directed it may not be fold or aliened; may it therefore please your most excellent Manjesty, at the humble suit and petition of the faid Sir John Cotton the grandson, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That the faid capital messuage, called Cotton House, and the gardens and buildings used and enjoyed with the same, with their anpurtenances, shall be, and are hereby vested in her Majesty, her the Queen, her heirs and successors; and her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall for ever have, hold, and enjoy the same, against the said Sir John Cotton the grandson, and against all and every the sons of the faid Sir John Cotton, to be begotten, and the heirs male of the bodies of such son or sons, and against all and every other person and persons claiming or to claim by virtue of any of the uses or limitations contained in the said recited act, and against the heirs of the bodies of Sir Thomas Gotton, and dame Alice his wife, both deceased, and against the right heirs of the said Sir Thomas Cotton, and against all and every person and persons claiming or to claim, by, from, or under the faid Sex John Cotton deceased, and freed and discharged of and from their res-

A convenient room to be built for the hbrary,

and to be galled the Cottonian library.

Trustees anpointed.

pective titles and estate, II. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That a convenient room shall be built on or near part of the said ground. hereby intended to be vested in her Majesty, as her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall by writing under the fign manual appoint; in which room, when built, all the faid manuscripts, written books, papers, parchments, records, and other memorials, as also all coins, medals, and other rarities and curiosities in the faid library contained, shall be lodged, and there remain to all posterity; and the said room, when built, shall for ever be called and known by the name of the Cottonian Library; and from the building thereof, the faid library shall be managed and directed by the lord chancellor or lord keeper of the great seal of England for the time being, the honourable Robert Harley, Esq. principal secretary of state, the honourable the speaker of the house of commons for the time being, the lord chief justice of the Queen's Bench for the time being, Sir Rebert Cetten of Hatley St. George in the county of Cambridge, Knt. Philip Cotton of Connington in the faid county, Elq; Robert Cotton of Giddin in the county of Huntington, Esq; and William Hanbury of the Inner Temple London, Elq; and their successors, as trustees to and for the use of the publick for ever; and in case any of the said recited four persons should happen to die, the said Sir John Cotton, or other heir male of his family for the time being, shall nominate and appoint one or more fit person or persons for the time being, to succeed him or them, and to supply the place of him

or them to dying, and fo topic quoties, as any of the faid last sour traffees, or others fucceeding them skall happen to die.

Ill wound the it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all library to be the faid manuscripts, written books, papers, parchments, refame regulacords, and other memorials, as also all coins, medals, rarities, tions as at and cutiolities in the faid library, hereby intended to be ledged present. in the faid room when rebuilt, shall be under the same regulations, directions, and management of the faid truftees, to all intents and purpoles, as the prefent library and every thing therein contained, now is by the faid recited act liable and subject to; and a fit person for library keeper, shall be appointed by the faid trustees from time to time as they or the major part of them, shall think fit; and the said library, and library keeper, shall be in every respect under the same directions and government as the present library and library keeper by the faid recited act are subject to, except where the same is herein particularly altered.

IV. Saving to all and every person and persons, bodies poli-Samo of right tick and corporate, their heirs and fuccessors (other than and to all persons, except the faid Sir John Cotton the grandfon, and his fon and Exception. fons, begotten or to be begotten, and the heirs males of the bodies of fuch fon and fons, and other than the person and persons claiming or to claim by virtue of, or under any of the uses or limitations contained in the said recited act, and other than the heirs of the bodies of Sir Thomas Cotton and dame Alice his wife, and other than the right heirs of the faid Sir Thomas Catter, and other than the person and persons claiming or to claim, by, from, or under the faid Sir Thomas Cotton deceased) all such right, title, estate, interest, or demand, into or out of the faid premisses hereby vested in her Majesty as aforesaid, as they or any of them had or might enjoy if this act had not been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

V. And to the intent that an equivalent in lieu of the faid house, called Cotton House, gardens and buildings, hereby vested in her Majesty, may be settled to the same uses the said house gardens and buildings were settled and limited by the said recited act of parliament; be it further enacted by the authority afore, fon to fettle faid, That the faid Sir John Cotton, or his heirs, shall before or 3001, per an. at the time of receiving the faid four thousand five hundred num in lieu of pounds from her Majesty by good and sufficient conveyances Cotton House. and affarances in the law, convey and affure lands, tenements, and hereditaments of inheritance in the counties of Huntingdon or Bedford, or one of them, part of the present estate of the faid Sir John Cotton, of the clear annual value of three hundred pounds beyond ordinary reprizes, free from all incumbrances, To the use of to the use of him the said Sir John Cotton, for and during the himself, &c. term of his natural life, and after his decease, to the use of the first, and every other son and sons of the body of the said Sir John Cotton, to be begotten, and the heirs males of the body of such son or sons issuing successively; and for default of such

issue.

issued to the use of Thomas Course, brother of the laid Sir Yoka Cotton, for the term of his natural life; and after his decease, to the use of the first and every other son and sons of the body of the faid Thomas no be begotten successively, and to the heit's snales of the body of fuch ion and ions; and for default of fuch issue, to the rife of Rubert Cetton of Giddin in the country of Huntingden, Eig; uncle of the faid Sir John Cotton, for the term of his natural life; and after his decease, to the use of Yeber Catton, fon of the faid Robert Cotton, for his natural life; and after his decesse, to the use of the nisk and every other son and sons of the said Yahn Cotton to be begotten successively, and the heirs males of their bodies issuing; and for default of such issue, to the use of all and every other the son and sons of the body of the faid Rebert to be begotten, and the heirs males of the bodies of fuch fon or fons successively; and for default of such issue, to the mie of Sir. Robert: Cetton of Hatley St. George in the country of Cambridge, knight, for his natural life; and after his decease, to the use of the first and every other ion and some of his body to be begetten, and the heirs males of the bodies of fuch fon and fons iffuing fucceffively; and for default of fueh iffue, to the wie of Philip Cetten of Connington in the county of Combridge, elg; for his natural life; and after his decease, to the use of the first and every other son and sons of his body to be begotten, and the heirs males of the bodies of fuch fon and fons issuing fuccessively; and for default of such issue, to the use of Thomas Cetten of Cotten in the county palatine of Cheffer, esq; for the term of his natural life; and after his decease, to the use of the first and every other the son and sons of his body to be begotten, and the heirs males of the bodies of such fon and sons issuing successively; and for default of such issue, to the use of the right heirs of the faid Sir John Cotton for ever.

Lands, &c. when fettled not to be fubject to future. judgments, &c.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the faid lands, tenements, and hereditaments, when settled as aforesaid, shall never be subject or liable to any suture judgments, statutes, recognizances, or incumbrances, nor shall ever be sold or aliened, forseited or forseitable by the said Sir John Cotton, or any other of the said persons in remainder, upon any account or pretence whatsoever.

CAP. XXXI.

An all for the encouraging the discovery and apprehending of house-breakers.

I. WHEREAS the crimes of burglary and breaking open boufes in a felonious manner, are of late years become more frequent than formerly, to the great disquiet, terror, and impoverishing of many of your Majesty's good subjects; which crimes wight be, in great measure, prevented, if due encouragement be given to such as shall vigorously endeavour the discovery and apprehending of such malesastors, and some severe punishment instituted on such as shall receive or buy stolen goods, and barbour and poetest the suidiossanders: sor remody whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excel-

lent majefty, by and with the advice and confeat of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and Apprehenders after the teath day of May, one thousand seven hundred of binglars, and seven, all and every person and persons who shall apprehend 401 over and take any person or persons guilty of burglary, of the selo-above the renious breaking and entring of any house in the day time, and wards by 10 de. prosecute him, her, or them so apprehended and taken, until 17 W. 3. c. 23. he, she, or they be convicted of such burglary or felony, shall have and receive, over and above the rewards given by one act of parliament made at Westminster, in the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of his late majesty King William of glorious memory, intituled, An act for the better apprehending, preventing, and punishing of felons that commit busglary, house-breaking, or rebery in stops, warehouses, coach houses, or stables, or that stab horses, the sum of forty pounds within one month after such convicti- payable by on, to be paid by the sheriff or sheriffs of the county where fuch felony or burglary shall be made and done, without any fee for the fame, to the person or persons so taking, apprehending, and profecuting the faid offenders, he and they rendring a certificate to the said sheriff or sheriffs, under the hand or hands of the judges or justices before whom such salon shall be convicted for such burglary or felony, certifying the conviction of fuch felon for the faid offence or offences, and in what parish the same was committed, and also that such felon-or felons was or were taken by the person or persons claiming the said reward; and in case any dispute shall happen to arise between the persons to apprehending any the faid felons, touching their right and title to the said reward, That then the said judge or justices so Justices in case respectively certifying as aforesaid, shall in and by their said cer- of dispute to tificate direct and appoint the faid reward to be paid to and a-direct in their mongst the parties claiming the same, in such share and propor certificate how tions as to the faid judge or justices shall seem just and reason- be paid. able; and if it shall happen that any such sheriff or sheriffs shall die or be removed before the expiration of one month after such conviction, and demand made of the faid reward (not being paid. as aforefaid) that then the next fucceeding sheriff or sheriffs shalk pay the same within one month after demand, and certificate brought as aforefaid; and if default of payment of the faid fum or sums of money shall happen to be made by any sheriff or theriffs, such theriff or theriffs to making default thall forfeit to the person or persons to whom such money is due as asosessid, double the fum or fums of money he or they ought to have paid, to be recovered by him or them, or his or their executors or administrators, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein but one imparlance, and no effoir, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed, with treble costs of fuit, by him or them expended in the recovery of the same. II. And be it further enacted, That in case any watchmen, Watchmen or

or any other person or persons shall happen to be killed by any other kill'd in

fuch pursuit of

Sheriffs may apply to the

house-break- fuch burglar or house-breaker, endeavouring to apprehend or er, his execu- in making pursuit after him or them, that then the executors or tor, the entitled administrators or like person or persons to whom the rich of to the 40l. by administrators, or such person or persons to whom the right of Geo. I. C. 15, administration of the personal estate of such person so killed shall belong, upon certificate delivered under the hands and feals of the judge or justices of affize of the county where the fact was treatury with committed, or the two next justices of the peace, of such person out charging or persons being so killed, which certificate the faid judge or this money in justices, upon sufficient proof before them made, are immeditheir accounts ately required to give without fee or reward, shall receive the fum of forty pounds from the sheriff or sheriffs of the county where the faid fact was done and committed; and upon failure of payment thereof by the said sheriff or sheriffs, double the from of forty pounds to be recovered against them, with treble costs of suit, in manner and form as aforesaid. III. And it is hereby further enacted, That all sheriffs, their

Sheriffs to deduct monies to executors, and administrators, upon producing such respective accounts,

paid on their certificates, and the receipts for the money paid by them, in pursuance of this act, shall be allowed, and are hereby impowered to deduct, upon their accounts, all monies, other than double the fum and fums of money, and treble costs of fuit, which they shall disburse as aforesaid; and that if upon account of any theriff or theriffs, there that not be money sufficient in the hands of fuch theriff or theriffs to reimburfe him or them fuch monies paid by him or them by virtue of this act, that then the sheriff or sheriffs having so paid the said monies, shall have the same repaid by the lord treasurer, or commissioners of her Majesty's treasury for the time being, out of the revenue of the crown, upon certificate from the clerk of the pipe to that effect.

and be repaid by lord treafurer.

Felon, &c. discovering two or more felons, shall on conviction mward.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any person or perfons, being out of prison, shall from and after the said tenth day of May, commit any burglary or felony as aforefaid, and afterwards discover two or more persons who already have, or be entitled to hereafter shall commit any such burglaries or felonies, so as two or more of the persons discovered shall be convicted of such burglary or felony, any luch discoverer shall himself have the like reward and allowance of forty pounds hereby promifed to be paid to the person or persons who shall apprehend and convict house-breakers, and all other advantages given to such taker and profecutor, and shall also be himself entitled to the gracious pardon of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for all burglaries, robberies, and felonies (except murder and treason) by him committed at any time or times before such discovery made, which pardon shall be likewise a good bar to any appeal brought for such burglary, robbery or felony.

and be pardoned

Buyers or receivers of stolen goods, &c. made accessaries, &c.

V. And for a smuch as the said felons are much encouraged to commit fuch burglaries and felonies, because a great number of personi make it a trade to receive and buy of the faid felons the goods for by them feloniously taken, and also do make it their business to borbour and conceal the faid offenders after the faid facts, knowing the faid felonies

felonies and burglaries to have been by them committed; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall receive or buy any goods or chattels that shall be feloniously taken or stolen from any other person, knowing the fame to be stolen, or shall receive, harbour, or conceal any burglars, felons, or thieves, knowing them to be fo, shall be taken and received as accessary or accessaries to the said selony or. felonies; and being of either of the said offences legally comvicted, by the testimony of one or more credible witnesses, shall fuffer and incur the pains of death as a felon convict.

VI. Provided always, That if any such principal felon can-If principal not be taken, so as to be prosecuted and convicted for any such felon cannot offence, yet nevertheless it shall and may be lawful to prosecute be taken, ac-and punish every such person and persons buying or receiving tried as for a any goods stolen, by any such principal felon, knowing the missemeanor. same to be stolen, as for a misdemeanor, to be punished by fine, and imprisonment, or other such corporal punishment as the. court shall think fit to inflict, although the principal felon be and the not before convict of the faid felony, which shall exempt the. offender from being punished as accessary, if such principal fe-

lon shall be afterwards taken and convicted.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- Judges, &c. foresaid, That the judge or justices (before whom such selons right and and house-breakers shall be convicted, as aforesaid) shall deter- shares of permine and fettle the right, rights, and shares of such respective sons to the persons, who by virtue of this act shall be entitled to the certi- certificate, &c. ficate herein directed to be given, and shall also (being thereunto required) make out and deliver, or cause to be made out and delivered the said certificate without see or reward to such. person or persons entitled thereunto, before the end of such affizes or fessions wherein such conviction, as aforesaid, shall be had.

VIII. And whereas the effences mentioned in this act are generally no therist of committed in London and Middlelen, and the rewards hereby grant- London or ed being to be paid by the under-sheriffs of the said counties, by reason Middlesex to whereof they will be obliged to disburse great sums of money; be it der sherist any therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no sheriff of gratuity for London and Middlesex, shall accept, demand, take, or receive his place of of his or their under theriff, directly or indirectly, either by under theriff. himself, or any person or persons in trust for him or them, any him to be at fum or fums of money, gratuity or present whatsoever, for the any expence, execution of the place of under-theriff; nor in any manner &c. oblige his or their under-sheriff by covenant, promise, or other-Exception. wife to be at any expence or charge in relation to the faid place of under-theriff, which ought and hath been usually paid and disbursed by the high-sheriff; except the rewards given by this. or any other act for the apprehending highwaymen, clippers, coiners, and house-breakers, and the sees of passing such highsheriffs accounts in the Exchequer, and such other disbursements as hath been heretofore customarily sustained by the under-sheriff.

CAP. XXXII.

An all for the continuance of the laws for the purishmen of vagrants, and for making fuch laws more effectivel.

C. 18.

WHEREAS on all of parliament made in the descath and twelfth years of the late King Williams, intituled, An all for the more effectual punishment of vagrants, and funding them whither by law they ought to be fent, was continued by ene other aft made in the first year of her present Majesty's seign, insitu-

z Annæ, ftat. 2. C. 13.

led, An act for continuing former acts for the exporting lather. and for the dale of juncts, and for making more effectual as act relating to vagratife, for the space of three years, from the entiretion of the faid first out made in the eleventh and twelfth years of King William, and from thence to the end of the next foffices of porliament, and no larger: And whereas the faid acts have been found of good use for lessening the charge, and preventing the chasts and france in convering of vegrants, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confeast of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parlimment affinished, and by the authority of the fame, That the faid several acts made in the eleventh and twelfth years of King William, and in the first year of her Majosty's teight, and every article, clause, matter, and thing in them, and each of them contained re-

lating to vagrants, shall from henceforth continue and be in full force, and be put in practice and execution, according to the --- true intent thereof, from the expiration of the faid kalt-maximeduct, for the space of seven years, and from therecase the end

Acts for punishment of vagrants, &c. continued for seven years. EXP.

How allowanailed. Altered by 17 Geo. 2. C. , 5. f. 16, &c.

of the next fellion of parliament, and no longer. III. And for the bester raising of what mondes shall be found needfory to laterly the allowantes made to sinfiables, and others, for their pences in pat- left of time, and expences in possing of wagrance, in pursuance of the ting of va- acts before-mentioned in a small continued. grants shall be rdifing the fames, butte in many phases been found impracticable; be it further enached by the authority aforefaid. That where the gaol and marshalfes money shall not be sufficient to satisfy and pay the faid allowances, the justices of peace within the feveral limits of their commissions, shall in such case at any time or times hereafter, have full power and authority at their general or quarter sessions of the peace, to assets upon every sown, , parish, or place within their respective commissions, fuch sum and fuens of money, as they in their diferation shall think reufonable for fatisfaction of the allowances made to constitutes. and others, for their lass of time, and expenses in pushing of vagrants, and that the money to affelfed thall be levied and collocked according to the rules and methods preforibed by an act of parliament now in force, for the lovying and collecting of money for the repair of county bridges; and that the thichies fo levied and collected shall be disposed of its such enumber as the leid justices, by their order at such sessions, shall in that behalf direct and appoint.

22 H. 8.c. 5. r Annæ, stat. 1. C. 18.

III. And

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III. And be it further enacted, That where there are two or Treasurers to more treasurers for one and the same county, riding, liberty, obey justices or division, the treasurers thereof stall be and are hereby obli-

maged to give obedience to furth order or orders as shall be made by the justices of the peace, in partiasce or by virtue of this act, x ne at their first general quarter sessions, to be held quarterly for ki every county, riding, liberty, or division, for the discharge of

m h all fuch furns as that arise by or from the conveyance of vagrants through every such county, riding, liberty or division: provided. That all fuch charges be levied according to the cuftor

mary rate of gaol or bridge money; and that no such order of If they have more as the creation of the place or be effectual, till such time as the creation money in their. furer or treasurers to whom such order or orders shall come hands have money in their hands sufficient for the payment thereof.

IV. And whereas it is by experience found, That the constables Personage rotes bave sometimes been very unjust and grievous to the inhabitants grieved may of their respective townships or constableries; be it enacted by the lessions. authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall find him; or themselves grieved by the demands for disbursements, which any the constables, headboroughs or tything-men throughout, this realm shall charge upon, or require of the parishes or.

towns unto which they or any of them shall or do belong, or by any lefs, tax, rate, or other act done by any of the faid conflables, headboroughs, or tythingmen, or other person whatloever, which may any ways concern or relate to any of the aforefaid demands, it shall and may be lawful for such person. and persons to appeal to the justices at their next general quar-

ter fessions which shall be held for that county in which any fuch cause of complaint shall arise, as often as there shall be any occasion for complaint, which justices, or the greater number of them, shall take order therein, as to them shall seem meet, and the judgment of the justices of such county, as aforesaid,

at their quarter sessions, shall conclude and bind all parties. V. And whereas some doubts and disputes have been made about the How justices privilege and jurisations of liberties and towns corporate, that he shall act in li-and are within several counties of this realm, wherein the justices of towns corpothe peace, and chief magistrates of the faid liberties and towns corporizate. rates, do keep separate or distinct quarter sessions of their own, and have separate treasurers for their said corporations and liberties, or fuch like publich stocks, whother all such liberties and towns corporate shall be taken and deemed as counties at large, for the several purposes and pravilians mentioned in the acts intended to be continued by this act: for the quieting and preventing all such doubts and disputes, beit further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the justices of the peace, chief magistrates, treasurer, constables, and other officers reliding in the faid liberties and towns corporate, shall in the certifying and conveying of passengers, vagabond beggars, and other idle persons, and raising and paying of money, act in such liberties and towns corporate, as they were by the faid acts impowered and directed to do in counties at large.

CAP. XXXIII..

An act for obliging John Rice to account for debentures granted to him in the last session of parliament.

C A P. XXXIV.

An all for continuing the laws therein mentioned, relating to the poor, and to the buying and selling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing of piracy.

19 & 14 Car. 2. C. 12. for relief of poor continued for 7 years.

THEREAS the temporary laws following, which by experience have been found useful and beneficial, are expired or near expiring, therefore, for continuing the same, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That an act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, which was enacted to have continuance (except what related to the corporations therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) until the twenty ninth 1 Jac. 2. C. 17. of May, one thousand fix hundred and fixty five, and from thence to the end of the first session of the next parliament;

which faid act, by an act made in the first year of the reign of the late King James the Second (except what related to the cor-

3 & 4 W. & M. c. 11.

porations therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) was enacted to be in force from the first day of May, one thousand fix hundred eighty five, and to to continue for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; and by an act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of his late majesty King William, the said act (as to what' therein related to the fettlement of the poor) was enacted to be in force from the first day of March, one thousand six hundred ninety one; but no provision was thereby made for continuing divers other parts of the faid act; which faid act, for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, as to all parts thereof not mentioned and continued in and by the faid act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of their late Majesties (other than, and except what relates to the corporations mentioned in the said act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, and thereby constituted) was, by an act made in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of their late Majesties, continued for the space of seven years, from the thirteenth day of February, one thousand fix hundred ninety two, and from thence to the end

4 & 5 W. 3. C. 24.

21 & 12 W. 3.

1. C. 18.

by an act of the eleventh and twelfth years of King William, intituled, An act for continuing several laws therein mentioned, was continued for seven years, from the twenty ninth day of Sep-Made perpetual tember, one thousand seven hundred, shall be in force from the 28 Annæ, stat. five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven (except what relates to the corporations therein men-

of the next fession of parliament; which said act afterwards,

tioned.

tioned, and thereby constituted) for seven years, and from thence

to the end of the next sessions of parliament.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That wa & 23 Car.a. fo much of an act made in the twenty second and twenty third c. 19. to preyears of King Charles the Second, intituled, An all to prevent buying and frauds in the buying and selling of cattle in Smithfield and elfewhere, selling of catwhich relates to the preventing butchers within the cities of tle, continued London and Westminster, or ten miles thereof, to buy fat cattle, for 7 years. and fell the same again to any other butcher, either alive or dead; as also so much as relates to the preventing fat cattle bought in Smithfield in one market to be fold there again alive: which was expired, and was afterwards, by an act made in the first year of the reign of the late King James the Second, en 1 Jac. 2. e. 172 acted to be in force from the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand fix hundred eighty five, for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament, with a proviso, That the said act should not extend to salesmen or factors employed by farmers or feeders; and the said acts were after. continued by an act made in the fourth and fifth years of King 4 & 5 W. & William and Queen Mary for seven years, from the thirteenth M. c. 44. of February, one thousand six hundred ninety two; and by another act made in the eleventh and twelfth years of King 11 & 12 W. 3. William, was continued for seven years, from the twenty ninth c. 14. day of September, one thousand seven hundred, shall be continued, with all the clauses and provisoes therein mentioned (except one clause which was afterwards repealed by an act made Except one in the twenty fifth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, clause. intituled, An act for repeal of a clause in a former act to prohibit scar. 2. Car. 2. C. 4. salesmen from selling fat cattle) for and during the space of seven EXP. years, after the faid twenty fifth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and seven: and whereas there is, notwithstanding the provision of the aforesaid act, a pernicious practice, now in use, for one butcher to buy a greater quantity of fat cattle or sheep than he can vend, unless by selling them again to other butchers, which reduces the number of buyers in Smithfield, and may be a very great inconvenience both to the graziers and housekeepers, by subjecting both the one and the other to such price as they shall think fit to give or demand; be it therefore From 29 Sept. enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the 1707. no twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred butcher to sell and seven, no person using the trade of a butcher, shall sell, or within 10 offer to sale, in any market or elsewhere, either by himself or miles of London and son to another. Westminster, or within ten miles thereof, to any person or per-butcher any fons exercifing or using the trade of a butcher, any fat cattle or fat cattle or fheep, dead theep, either alive or dead, upon pain to forfeit the value of the or alive, by 7 cattle, or of each sheep so sold or offered to sale as aforesaid; Anne, c. 6. one moiety of which forfeiture shall be to the Queen's majesty, One butcher her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them, ther dead that will sue for the same in any of her Majesty's courts of re-calves, Se. cord, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein Vol. XI.

no effine protection, or wager of law shall be allowed. an ann more than one imparlance.

11 & 12 W. j. c. 7. for fuppreffing piracy, continued. Amended 18 Geo, 2. C. 30.

Full costs on recovery of penalty.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That an act made in the eleventh and twelfth years of King William, intituled, An act for the more effectual suppressing of piracy, which Made perpetual was to be in force for feven years, and from thence to the end 6 Geo. 1. c. 19. of the next session of parliament, shall be and rumain in full force for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next fessions of parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon recovery of any penalty or forfeiture imposed or given in and by this present act, full costs shall be allowed the plaintiff.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ sexto.

 In the record is **e**dded, and by adjournments continued till the fift day of April in the feventh year of her Majesty's reign. EXP.

T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster . the twenty third day of October, Anno Dom. 1707, in the fixth year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. *

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight.

CAP. II.

An all for repealing and declaring the determination of two acts passed in the parliament of Scotland; the one intituled, An act for the fecurity of the kingdom; the other, Act anent peace and war.

THEREAS by the third aft of the second session of the last parliament held in Scotland, intituled, Act for the security of the kingdom, divers provisions were made for such purposes, and in such manner as is therein contained; and whereas in the first session of that parliament one other act passed, intituled, Act anent peace and war; which faid last-mentioned act, and also the first berein before-mentioned act, or the greatest part thereof, are inconsistent with the terms of the articles of union, and upon the union became weld: to the end therefore that no doubt may remain touching the continuance of the faid acts, or either of them, or any part thereof; may it please your most excellent majesty that it may be declared and enacted; and be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the herein before-mentioned acts, and each of them, and every part

Two Scotch acts repealed. thereof, thall from henceforth be adjudged; deemed, and taken to stand and be absolutely repealed, and to cease and become void.

CAP. III.

An act for better securing the duties of East India goods.

ITHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of 9 & 10 W. 33 the reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, of c.44. glorious memory, intituled, An act for raising a sum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for fettling the trade to the East Indies; it was enacted. That no company, or particular person or persons who should have a right, in pursuance of the Said act, to trade to the East Indies, or other the parts within the limits of the said act mentioned, should be allowed to trade thither, until sufficient security was first given (which the commissioners of the customs in England, or any three or more of them for the time being, were thereby authorized and required, to take, in the name and to the use of his said late Majesty, his beirs and successors) That such company or particular persons should cause all the goods, wares, merchandizes, and commodities, which at any time or times afterwards, during the contimuance of the said act, should be laden by or for them, or any of them, er for their or any of their accounts, in any ship or ships whatsoever bound from the East Indies, or parts within the limits mentioned in the said act, should be brought (without breaking bulk) to some port of England or Wales, and there be unladen and put on land (the danger of the feas, enemies, pirates, restraints of princes and rulers, and barrates of scamen excepted:) and whereas the said act, and the security to be given in pursuance thereof, have been by experience found not to be sufficient to hinder and prevent the unlading or putting on shore in divers places and countries other than the kingdom of England or dominion of Wales, great quantities of goods brought from the East Indies, or some port or places within the limits mentioned in the said recited act, to the great loss of her Majesty's customs, and the trade and navigation of this kingdom in general: and whereas some difficulties bave arisen touching the acceptance of the security directed by the said ect; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That the security to be hereafter given in 25001. securipursuance of the said act, shall be after the rate of two thousand ty to be given five hundred pounds for every hundred ton the ships or vessels dred ton that shall be respectively let for, that shall be sent to the said East ship sent to the Indies, or other parts within the limits in the faid act mention- East Indies ed, and so proportionably for any lesser part than an hundred shall be let tons; and that the English company trading to the East Indies shall Company to for each Imp or veffel which shall be sent out from Great Britain, give such feand employed by them, or for their account, give fecurity as curity. aforefaid, by their common feal; the condition whereof shall be in the form following, viz.

Form of the condition.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of parliament made in the ninth year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for railing a fum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling the trade to the East Indies, the ship whereof capsain

is master, of the burthen of tons, is, under the regulation of the said act, bound out upon a voyage to the East Indies, or other parts within the limits prescribed by the said act, with a cargo or loading of goods, upon account of the above bound English company trading to the East Indies: the condition of this abligation is such, That if all the goods, wares, merchandizes, and commodities which shall at any time or times hereafter, during the continuance of this present intended voyage, be laden by or for the faid company, or any of them, or for their, or any of their accounts in the faid ship, from the said East Indies, or parts aforesaid, shall be, without breaking bulk, brought to some port of Great Britain, and there be unladen and put on land (the danger of the seas, enemies, pirates, constraint of princes and rulers, barratry of seamen, and necessary provisions, stores and merchandizes for the people and garrison of St. Helena, only for their own proper consumption excepted) then this obligation shall be void, or else shall remain in full force, effect, and virtue.

All goods shipt in India, &c. to be unnecessaries for St. Helena. By 13 Geo. 1. c. 8. delivering Negroes, as mentioned in the all, not to be deemed breaking bulk.

Penalty on landing elsewhere.

II. And that besides the several and respective securities to be given by this or the said former act against breaking bulk, all the goods, wares, merchandizes, and commodities which shall laden in Great be loaden in the East Indies, or other the parts within the limits Britain, except mentioned in the faid act, upon any ship or vessel belonging to any of her Majesty's subjects, with intent to be transported out of and from the faid East Indies, or other the parts within the limits aforesaid, the same shall be brought to some port of Great Britain, and there shall be unladen and put on shore (necessary provisions, stores, and merchandizes for the people and garrison of St. Helena, for their own proper confumption only, excepted) and except also where the breaking of bulk or landing of goods in breach of this or the faid former act shall happen to be by the danger of the feas, ehemies, pirates, restraint of princes or rulers, or barratry of seamen, on pain of forfeiting all such goods which contrary to this act shall be landed elsewhere than in some port of Great Britain, or the value thereof, to be recovered, one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to the person or persons who shall seize, inform, or fue for the same in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed.

CAP. IV.

An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight.

CAP. V.

An all for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and eight, and other uses, by sale of annuities charged on a fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several surplusses, and by granting further terms in the duties on low wines, and on bawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, the stamp duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on sweets; and one of the branches of excise, and by making other provision in this act mentioned.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas in and by an act of par- Preamble re-liament made in England in the fourth year of your Majesty's citing the anreign (intituled, An act for continuing an additional subsidy of nuity act, reign (intituled, An act for continuing an additional lublidy of Annæ, c. 6. tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm, Deficiencies on and cynders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and these annuities establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for made good by payment of annuities to be fold for raising a further supply to 10 Ann. c. 26. her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, and other uses therein mentioned) the additional subsidy of t onnage and poundage, and other duties (commonly called the one third fubfidy) payable for and upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, whach were thereby granted to your Majesty for the term of ninety eight years, from the eighth day of March, one thousand seven bundred arid fix; and the duties upon coals, culm, and cynders by the same all granted or continued from the fourteenth day of May, one thousand seven bundred and eight, until the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ten; and the particular rates and duties of excise thereby granted for the term of ninety five years, from the seventeenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and all the monies to arise by virtue of an act of the fifth year of the 5 & 6 W. & M. reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of glo-c.7. rious memory, of or for the duties of excise thereby granted, after paying off, or referving sufficient to pay off the lottery annuities therein mentioned, together with other monies mentioned in the faid act of the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, are appropriated and made liable 4 Ann. c. 6. to the payment of certain annuities purchased thereupon, not exceeding one hundred eighty four thousand two hundred forty two pounds and fourteen stillings per annum, for ninety nine years, from Lady day one thousand seven hundred and six, payable at the receipt of the Exchequer; which subsidies, rates, duties, and other funds or provisions charged by the faid act of the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, with the annuities last mentioned, will by estimation produce annually a considerable sum more than sufficient to discharge all these annuities, and the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the same; and the overplus monies thereof are since enacted to be justly and duly computed at the feast of the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, in every year, or within fix days after: and whereas by an act of parliament made in England in the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled,

Annuity act. 5 Ann. c. 19.

An act for continuing the duties on low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, and the duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on sweets, and the one third subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies, and otherwise, for payment of annuities to be fold, for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, and other ples therein expressed, certain duties upon low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, thereby granted and continued from the three and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety fix years from thence next enfuing, and certain duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others therein described, and thereby continued for the like term of years; and such of the duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper as are therein mentioned, and thereby granted and continued for the term of ninety fix years, to commence from the last day of July, one thousand seven bundred and ten; and the duties upon fweets thereby laid for the term of ninety nine years, commencing from the four and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and six; and the additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, which are commonly called, as aforefaid, the one third subsidy, by the same act granted, and continued for one whole year, commencing from the expiration of the ninety eight years granted therein by the faid former act; and all the overplus monies of the subsidies, rates, duties, and other funds contained in the said act of the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, after paying, or reserving sufficient to pay so much as shall be incurred or grown due upon the said annuities by virtue of that act, at or before every feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary respectively, the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the same annuities purchased thereupon being excepted, are appropriated and made liable to the payment of certain annuities purchased upon the said act of the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, not exceeding in the whole the sum of seventy two thousand one bundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings per annum, for ninety nine years, from the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven at or before Michaelmas, one thousand seven hundred and ten, upon

g Ann. c. 19.

4 Ann. c. 6.

pundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings per annum, for ninety nine years, from the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven, payable at the said receipt of the Exchequer; and for the better securing the quarterly payments which should grow due at or before Michaelimas, one thousand seven hundred and ten, upon the said annuities, not exceeding seventy two thousand one hundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings per annum, divers other temporary provisions are made in the said att of the sist year of your Majesty's reign; and thereby it is also provided. That if at the end of any year of the said term of ninety nine years, for which the said annuities upon the said att of the sisth year of your Majesty's reign were to be purchased (the sist computation to be made at Lady day, one thousand seven hundred and eight, or within six days after) the monies arising at the Exchequer within such year by the said rates, duties, suchidies, purplus-monies, and other monies thereby appropriated for payment of the said annuities, pursuant to that att, shall exceed all the monies then

due for or upon the same annuities, and all arregrages thereof, they er at any time er times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus shall be disposable from time to time for the publick use and service, and not atherwise: and whereas by an act of parliament made in England in the fourth year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of glorious memory, (intituled, An act Annuity act. for granting to their Majesties certain rates and duties of excise 4 & 5 W. & upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for securing certain recompen-M.c. 3. ces and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to fuch persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of ten hundred thousand pounds towards carrying on the war against France) certain other rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors therein particularly expressed, were granted to their said late Majesties, their heirs and successors, for the term of ninety nine years, from the five and twentieth day of January, one thousand six hundred and ninety two. and are by that, and by several other acts relating thereunto, made liable to the payment of several annuities, with benefit of survivorship and other annuities charged thereupon; which rates and duties of excise lust-mentioned, do also produce annually a considerable sum more than Jufficient to discharge all those annuities so charged thereupon, and the necessary charges of paying and accounting for the same; and the over-plus monies thereby arising have been and are to to be computed on the four and twentieth day of June yearly, and are comprehended amongst the temporary provisions made in the faid att of the fifth year of your 5 Ann. c. 19. Majesty's reign, for better securing the quarterly payments of the said annuities, not exceeding seventy two thousand one hundred eighty seven pounds ten sbillings per annum, which should grow due at or before the feast of St. Michael the archangel, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, from which time the overplus monies of the rates and duties of excise last-mentioned do belong to ber Majesty for the publick use and service: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being desirous to raise a sum of 6400001. to be money not exceeding fix hundred and forty thousand pounds, raised. that is to fay, a fum not exceeding five hundred and forty thoufand pounds, part of the money necessary to be provided in this session of parliament for your Majesty's supply, and a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand pounds to be applied in such manner as is herein after mentioned, towards making good the payment of the annuities to be purchased upon this act, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, for and during the full term of ninety nine years from thence next and immediately ensuing, the full sum of forty thousand pounds of lawful 400001. per money of Great Britain by the year, or so much thereof as shall annum to be be applied to the payment of annuities for 99 years from Lady day 1708.

be fulficient for paying and discharging all the annuities to be purchased upon this present act, shall be set apart and appropriated, and the same is by this act appropriated for the payment and fatisfaction of the faid annuities to be purchased on thes act. in such manner and form as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

To be charged upon the overplus monies of the annuities.

4 Ann. c. 6. 5 Ann. c. 19.

plus of the excise act, . & 5 W. & M. c. 3.

Treasury to

compute the overplus,

and apply it for making good this tund, soci

II. And for the better raising, securing, and establishing of the faid fund, it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid fund, or fum not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, shall be charged upon and payable out of all the overplus or surplus monies of the faid rates, duties, subfidies, and other funds lettled for payment of the faid leveral annuities purchased upon the said several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign respectively, which shall from time to time remain, after latisfying, or referving in the Exchequer sufficient to satisfy so much as shall be incurred, or grown due upon those annuities, and every of them, and which, by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, were left to be disposed from and the over- time to time for the publick use and service, as aforesaid; and shall also be charged upon, and payable out of all the overplus monies which shall arise after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ten, of or for the said rates and duties of excise granted in the said fourth year of the reign of their faid late majesties King William and Queen Mary, and which from time to time, during the then remainder of the faid term of ninety nine years therein granted, shall remain, after payment and fatisfaction of all the annuities charged thereupon by the said act of the fourth year of their said late Majesties reign. or by any other act or acts of parliament before this time made for charging any annuities what foever upon the rates and duties of excise last-mentioned; and the treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are hereby directed from time to time, during the continuance of the faid subsidies, rates, duties, and other funds fettled by the said several annuity acts of the fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign, as aforesaid, and every or any of them, to cause all the said overplus monies of the same subsidies. rates, duties, and other funds contained in the faid several annuity acts of the faid fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign, to be justly and duly computed at the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary in every year, or within fix days after; and during the continuance of the faid rates and duties of excise granted by the said not of the fourth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, to cause all the said overplus monies of the same rates and duties of excise to be justly and duly computed on the four and twentieth day of Fune yearly; and to cause all the overplus monies which shall appear upon such several and respective computations as aforested, from time to time, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient, to be set apart, referved, and applied for and towards the making good the faid fund or fum not exceeding forty thousand pounds str

annum, hereby intended and appointed to be fettled and established for the payment of all the annuities to be purchased on this act, without diverting or misapplying any of the monies which by the laid former acts, or any of them, ought upon every fuch computation to have been referred for payment of any the annuities formerly purchased, as aforefaid, if this present act had not been made.

IH. And for the better securing the quarterly payments which 100,000h reshall grow due on or before Michaelmas, one thousand seven hun-served to make dred and ten, upon the annuities to be purchased in pursuance good the of this act, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the quarterly payment till the fum of one hundred thousand pounds, part of the contribution- 30 of Sept. monies to be raised by sale of annuities upon this act, or so 1710. much thereof as shall be sufficient to make good the said yearly fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum for the first two years and an half of the said term of ninety nine years, shall and may be referved and applied for and towards the discharging the quarterly payments last-mentioned, to grow due at any time or times before the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ten.

· IV. And to the end there may be no failure in the payment of fuch annuities or any of them, as shall be purchased upon

this act at any time or times until the full expiration of the term of ninety nine years, for which the fame are intended to be purchased, we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, have chearfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant to your Majesty the duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, and the duties to be paid by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and the duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, and the additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and the duty upon fweets, and the particular rates and duties upon excise hereafter in this act expressed, for and during such further term and terms of years respectively as are herein after mentioned: and do most humbly befeech your Majesty to accept thereof, and that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every Duties on low fuch or the like duties for and upon all low wines, or fpirits of wines, &c. the first extraction, as by the faid act of the fifth year of her 5 Ann. c. 19.

Majetty's reign were continued or granted for the term of ninety fix years above-mentioned, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be paid and payable unto her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, for and upon all low wines, and spirits of the first extraction, to be made or drawn by any distiller, or other person making or drawing spirits or strong waters for sale or exportation, within the kingdom of Great Britain, from or after the expiration of the faid term of ninety fix years, for and during the term of one whole year from thence next and immediately enfuing: and that all and every fuch and the like du-

ties and fums of money to be paid by every hawker, pedlar, petty on hawkers, phapman, and fuch other perfors as are described in one act of pedlars, &c.

Itamo dutico,

and the one third subsidy.

5 Ann. c. 19.

further continued for one ter the expiration of their respective terms. Sweets continued for 2 years longer.

Excise act. 4 & 5 W. & M. c. 3. continued for 15 years longer.

the ninth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William for licensing hawkers and pedlars, and all the powers for graning such licences, which by the said act of the fifth year of ber 5 Ann. c. 19. Majesty's reign are to continue for the like term of ninety fix years, from the faid twenty fourth day of June, one thouland seven hundred and ten, shall be further continued, and be paid and payable, and be put in execution by virtue of this act within the whole kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the expiration of the faid term of ninety fix years, during the term of one whole year from thence next and immediately enfuing: and that such of the duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper, as by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign were continued for the term of ninety fix years from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, shall, by virtue of this act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, within and throughout the

whole kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the expiration of the term of ninety fix years last-mentioned, for and during the term of one whole year from thence next and immediately enfuing: and that the additional subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes,

commonly called, the one third subsidy, which by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, are granted and continued for the term of one whole year from the expiration of a term of ninety eight years, which commenced from the eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and six, shall by virtue of this act, be further continued, and be due and payable to

her Majesty, her heirs and successors, within and throughout

year more af the whole united kingdom of Great Britain, from the expiration of the faid term of one year so granted and commencing as aforefaid, for and during the further term of one whole year from thence next and immediately ensuing: and that the duty upon fweets made for fale, which by the faid act in the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, was granted for the term of ninety nine years, commencing from the twenty fourth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and six, shall, by virtue of this act, be

> heirs and fuccessors, within and throughout the united kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the expiration of the term of ninety nine years last-mentioned, for and during the further term of two years from thence next and immediately ensuing. V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the several rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and

> further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her

other liquors, which by the said act of the fourth year of the reign of their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of glorious memory, were granted for the term of ninety nine years, from the twenty fifth day of January, one thousand fix hundred ninety two, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, within and throughout the whole united kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the expiration of the term of ninety nine years last-mentioned, for and during the further term of fifteen years from thence next and immediately ensuing, for the wies and purpoles in this act expressed.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid several duties Former powupon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction; and the faid ers continued.

duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others described as aforesaid; and the said rates and duties upon vellum, parchment and paper; and the faid additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, by this act severally granted for a further term of one year as aforesaid; and the said duty upon sweets by this act granted for a further term of two years as aforefaid: and the faid rates and duties of excise by this act granted for a further term of fifteen years as aforefaid, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed, be severally and respectively raised and levied by fuch rules and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch distribution of the said penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such power of mitigation, and fuch respective drawbacks, allowances, and repayments, and in such manner and form as the like duties granted or continued by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or any 5 Ann. c. 19. of them respectively, are prescribed, enacted, or appointed to be

raised or levied.

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VII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the faid Overplus mooverplus monies of the faid rates, duties, subfidies, and other nies, &c. apfunds settled for payment of the said several annuities purchased propriated for payment of upon the faid several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her the 40,000l. Majesty's reign respectively; and the said overplus monies of the per annum, faid rates and duties of excise which were granted in the fourth 4 & 5 W. & year of their said late Majesties reign as aforesaid; and the said fum not exceeding one hundred thousand pounds, directed to be referved out of the contribution monies as aforefaid; and the several grants made by this act of the said duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction; and of the said duties to be paid by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen; and of the faid duties upon vellum, parchment, and paper; and of the faid additional lubfidy of tonnage and poundage severally, for the further term of one year as aforesaid; and of the said duties upon Iweets for two years as aforefaid; and of the faid particular rates and duties of excise for the term of fifteen years as aforefaid; or so much of the said several overplus monies, reserved monies, rates, additional subsidy, and other duties, as shall be fufficient for making up the faid fund not exceeding forty thoufand pounds per annum, for answering the full and due payment of all the annuities to be purchased on this act, and all arrearages thereof from time to time incurred, are, and shall be by Firtue of this act liable and appropriated thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or putpose Whatfoever, under the penalties, forfeitures, and difabilities in this act expressed; and all the momes arising by the said overplusses, grants, and provisions hereby made, out of which the

and to be enfor that purpole.

Any person may lend 640,000l. for purchasing annuities at 16 years purchafe.

ment.

to exceed 40,000l. per. ann. and to be paid quarterly.

Contributors names to be entred, &c.

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faid fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, is to be raifed, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more book or tred in a book books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells for that purpose, to which all persons concerned at all seasonable times shall have free access without fee or charge.

VIII. And for the raising any sum or sums of money, not

exceeding in the whole the faid fum of fix hundred and forty thousand pounds, for such uses as aforesaid, it is hereby further

enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be

lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners. bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of fix hundred and forty thousand pounds. for purchasing any annuity or annuities to be paid and payable during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, at the rate of fixteen years purchase, which rate doth amount to the sum of one hundred and fixty pounds for every fuch annuity of ten pounds per annum, and proportionably for any greater annuity; and the fame rate, or confideration money, is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt at or before the respective days and Times of pay- times herein after mentioned; that is to fay, one fourth part thereof on or before the fix and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; one other fourth part thereof on or before the fix and twentieth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; one other fourth part thereof on or before the fix and twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and eight; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the five and twentieth day of September, in the Annuities not year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight: all which annuities so to be purchased, shall not exceed in the whole the faid fum of forty thousand pounds per annum; and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year; that is to fay, The feafts of the nativity of Saint John baptist, Saint Michael the archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, and the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, by even and equal portions, the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of the nativity of Saint John the baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight. IX. And it is hereby enacted. That in the offices of the au-

ditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells in the Exchequer severally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the said sums upon this act, and also the fums to paid, and the times when the same are respectively paid:

to which book it shall be lawful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators, and affigns, from time to time, and at all feafonable times, to have refort, and to inspect the fame without fee or reward.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefald, The 40000l. That all and every the annuities whatfoever, which shall be charged with purchased upon or in pursuance of this present act, shall be and the said anare hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from nuities. time to time out of the faid fund or fum, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, by this act intended and appointed to be established, as aforesaid; and the said yearly fund or sum of forty thousand pounds per annum, or so much thereof as shall be fufficient to fatisfy and discharge all the annuities to be purchased upon this act, and all the arrearages thereof, at any time due or owing, are and shall be, by virtue of this act, appropriated, and applied to and for fatisfying and discharging of the same annuities, and such arrearages thereof accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed, and applied to that use, and to no other ule, intent or purpole whatfoever, under the penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities in this act expressed; any thing herein contained, or any other matter or thing whatfoever, to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

XI. Provided always. That if at the end of any year of the Surplus to be faid term of ninety nine years, for which the faid annuities upon applied to this act are to be purchased, the first computation to be made Farther proat the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, one wifton relating thousand seven hundred and nine, or within fix days after, the bereto, 1 Geo. monies arising at the Exchequer within such year, which by this 1. stat. 2.c. 12. act are chargeable to make good the faid yearly fund, not ex- f. 7. ceeding forty thousand pounds (excepting such part of the said contribution-money, as is to be referved for making good the future quarterly payments until the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ten, as aforesaid) shall exceed all the monies which at every such feast day shall be due for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus shall be disposeable from time to time for the publick use and service, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Contributors That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, entitled to the duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate a annuities, &c. foresaid, at or before the respective days or times in this act limit annuities were ed in that behalf, for any fuch annuity or annuities, as afore-fubscribed unto faid, or such as he, she, or they shall appoint, his, her, or their bouth Sea respective executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall Stock purfuhave, receive, and emoy; and be entitled by virtue of this act, to c. 4. have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed for the payment thereof, during the faid whole term

Tax free.

of sinety sine years, to be purchased therein, as is above-mentioned; and that all and every such purchasers, their executors, administrators, and assigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests in the several annuities so by them to be purchased, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all the said annuities to be purchased upon this act, and every of them, during the term asoresaid, shall be see from all taxes, charges, and impositions whatsoever.

And have tallies and orders struck for payment, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That every contributor upon this act, for any annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators or affigure, upon payment of the confideration or purchase money for the same, at the rate aforesaid, or any part or proportion thereof, within the time or times in this act limited in that behalf, thall immediately have one or more talley or tallies levied. importing the receipt of so much consideration-money as shall be to paid; and upon payment of all the purchate-money for any fuch annuity or annuities, at the rate aforefaid, every fuch contributor, his, her, or their executors, administrators, succesfors, or affigns respectively, shall have an order for paying of the faid annuity and annuities, for and during the faid term of ninety nine years, to be purchased therein, which order shall be signed by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Euchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and after the figning thereof, the fame shall be firm. good, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office or offices of them, or any of them, nor shall any lord high treasurer of Great Britain, treasurer of the Euchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury now or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, or make void fuch orders to figured, as aforefaid, or any of them.

5 per cent. for prompt payment before a6 March, 2708.

XIV. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance and pay forthwith into the receipt of the Exchequer the fums by them intended to be advanced upon this act, it is provided and enacted by the authority aforelaid. That every fuch contributor who shall advance and pay into the said receipt of Exchequer, all or any part of the purchase-money payable for any such annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, before the said six and twentieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution money arising by this act, interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the prompt payment of the money so advanced, from the time of the actual advancing and paying the same, until the said six and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

Annuities affignable, &c. XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

lewful to add for any contributor or contributors, his, here ar their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, at any since or times, during the continuance of his, ber, or their term. eflate, or interest of and in any annuty to be perchased upon this ach, by any writing under his, her, or their hands and feals. or under the common feal of a corneration, or by his, her, or their last will in writing, to assign, or devise such antetity, or any part thereof, or any interest thetain, to any person or persons whatfoever, and to twiss queties, and no fuch affignment to be revokable; in as an entry, or memorandum of such assignment or will be made in books to be kept for that purpose in the fair office of the auditor of the receipt, within the space of three months after such assignment, or death of the devilor; and that upon producing such affiguratent, or will, or probat thereof, in the faid office of rescipt to be entred, as aforefaid, the party to producing the same shall bring therewith an affidavit taken before one or more of her Majerty's justices of the peaces of the due execution of the faid affigument or wills which affidavit shall be severally filed in the said office, which said entry or memorandum the proper officers in the faid receips of Exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to sle the said affidavits; and in default of such assignment or devile by deed or will, the interest of such contributor shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That it shall and may be Guardian may lawful for any guardian or trustee, having the disposal of the advance 160 le money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, for benefit of for the use and benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the infant. fum of one hundred and fixty pounds of the money of such infant, to purchase an annuity upon this act, for the benefit of such infant 1 and the said guardian or trustee, as to the said funt of one hundred and fixty pounds to advanced, is hereby dif-

charged. XVII, And be it further enacted, for the better encouragement Officer at the of persons to advance the monies on this act, That all receipts and Exchequer to issues, and all other things directed by this act to be performed in take no fee, the Exchequer, shall be done and performed by the officers there, without demanding or receiving discerly or indirectly, any fee, gramity, or reward for the same; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer shall take or demand any such fee or reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the monies of the faid fund, duties, or monies hereby appropriated, or any part thereof, which should make good the payment of the said anunities, or shall pay, or issue out the same otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books or regifters, and make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act they are required to perform, every fuch offieer shall forfeit his office, and he for ever incapable of any office or place of trust, and shall answer and pay treble damages to Penalty. every contributor or person who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, hill, plaint, or information.

in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster. wherein no effoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, order of reftraint, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in the faid action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have full costs, one third of which fum to be recovered for damages, shall be to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and saccessors, and the other two third parts with the costs shall be to the use of the prosecutor: and in case there shall be any collusion or feint prosecution between the plaintiff and defendant in such action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or het executors, adminiftrators or affigns, to bring another action, wherein he or the shall recover, as aforesaid, to the like uses, as aforesaid.

No purchase unless one fourth paid by 26 March. **2708.**

XVIII. Provided always, That no person or persons whatfoever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase or obtain any annuity whatsoever upon this act unless the whole or one fourth at least of the confideration-money for the same, at such rate, as aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the said receipt of Exchequer, on or before the said fix and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

Contributor paying one fourth part, and not the remainder, paid.

XIX. Provided also. That in case any such contributor, as eforesaid, who shall on or before the said six and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, have advanced one fourth part of his or her purchase-money, or his, forfeits what is her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, do not advance and pay into the faid receipt of Exchequer, one other fourth part of his or her confideration-money, so to be paid for fuch respective annuity or annuities, as aforciaid, on or before the faid fix and twentieth day of Moy, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; and the other fourth part thereof, on or before the faid fix and twentieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the faid five and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; then and in every fuch cafe respectively no order shall be drawn or figured for such respective annuity, for which the confideration-money shall not be fully paid, as aforefaid, but so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid into the receipt of the Exchequer for fuch respective annuity, shall be forfeited to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and be applied, together with other the monies to be raifed by this act, for fuch publick fervices, as aforefaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury may reward officers.

XX. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of the overplus of the revenues hereby appropriated for making good the faid fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, which shall arise over and above

for much applicable be fufficient to make up the faid yearly fund. for diffherging all the annuiries to be purchased on this ach, toreward the officers, clorks, and others to be employed in the payment of the faid annuities, or the accounts thereof, for their . labour, paint, charges, and service therein respectively, and to defragall other the necessary charges incident to the payment of the faid nanuities, as to the faid treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall seem meet and reason. able in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. And whereas there are admitted in the Exchequer many subscriptions subscriptions for answittes to this all before the same has had the royal admitted beaffent, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That fore the royal all fubferiptions made on taken, or which shall be made and affent, voidtaken, before the royal affent given to this act, shall be, and

are hereby declared to be null and void.

CAP. VI.

An all for rendring the union of the two kingdoms more intire and compleat.

THEREAS by her Majesty's great wisdom and goodness the We will of the two kingdoms bath been happily effected, and the whole island is thereby subject to one sovereignty, and represented by one parliament: to the end therefore that the faid union may be rendred more compleat and intire, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present patliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of May, in the year of our Lord one From 1 May, thousand feven hundred and eight, the Queen's majesty, her Queen to have heirs and successors, shall have but one privy council in or for but one privy the kingdom of Great Britain, to be sworn to her Majesty, her council in heirs and fuccessors, as sovereigns of Great Britain; and such Great Britain. privy council shall have the same powers and authorities as the privy council of England lawfully had, used, and exercised at the time of the union, and none other.

II. And to the end the publick peace may be in like manner justices of preserved throughout the whole united kingdom; be it further peace to be enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in every shire and appointed in flewartry within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, and and flewartry also in such cities, boroughs, liberties, and precincts within of Scotland. Scotland; as her Majefty, her heirs or fucceffors thall think fit, there shall be appointed by her Majesty, her heirs or successors, under the great seal of Great Britain, a fufficient number of good Explained as and lawful men to be justices of the peace within their respect to dittags and tive shires, stewartries, cities, boroughs, liberties, or precincts; portrone rolls, which persons so appointed, over and above the several powers by 8 Anna, and anthorities verted in justices of the peace by the laws of Seatland; shall be further authorized to do, use and exercise over all persons within their several bounds, whatever doth appertain to the office and trust of a justice of peace, by virtue of the laws · Vol. XI, and

Proviso.

and acts of parliament made in England before the union, in relation to and for the preservation of the publick peace. Provided nevertheless, That in the sessions of the peace the methods of trial and judgments shall be according to the laws and customs of Scotland.

Not to alter

III. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be the privileges construed to alter or infringe any rights, liberties, or privileges of Edinburgh, heretofore granted to the city of Edinburgh, or to any other royal borough, of being justices of peace within their respective bounds.

Circuit courts to be kept swice a year.

IV. And whereas by an act made in Scotland in the third softian of the second parliament of the late King Charles the Second intituled. An act concerning the regulation of the judicaturies. several good and wholsome provisions were made concerning the justice court, and amongst others it was thereby enacted. That once a near circuit courts should be kept at the time and places in the faid at mentioned: now for the better and speedier administration of justice, and further preservation of the publick peace in that part of the kingdom of Great Britain, called Scotland, be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for the future, twice in the year, that is to say, in the months of April or Man, and in the month of Ottober, circuit courts shall be kept in the several places in the faid act mentioned, and in manner and form as in the faid act contained.

In what manof Scotland

V. And for the more uniform and express method of electing ner the 45 re- and returning members of parliament, be it likewife further enpresentatives acted by the authority aforesaid, That when any parliament shall at any time hereafter be summoned or called, the forty shall be elected five representatives of Scatland, in the house of commons of the parliament of Great Britain, shall be elected and chosen by authority of the Queen's writs under the great leal of Great Britain, directed to the several sheriffs and sewarts of the respective shires and stewartries; and the said several sheriss and slewarts shall, on receipt of such writs, forthwith give notice of the time of election for the knights or commissioners for their respective shires or stewartries, and at such time of election the several freeholders in the respective shires and stewartries shall meet and convene at the head burghs of their several shires and stewartries, and proceed to the election of their respective commissioners or knights for the shire or stewartry; and the clerks of the faid meetings, immediately after the faid elections are over, shall respectively return the names of the persons elected to the sheriff or stewart of the shire or stewartry, who shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the fame into the court out of which the writ issued: and as to the manner of election of the fifteen representatives of the royal boroughs, the sheriff of the shire of Edinburgh shall, on the receipt of the writ directed to him, forthwith direct his precept to the lord provolt of Edinburgh, to cause a burgels to be elected for that city; and on receipt of such precept, the city of Edinburgh shall elect their member, and their common clerk shall certify his name to the

therist of Edinburgh, who shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the same into the court from whence the writ iffued: and as to the other royal burghs, divided into fourteen classes or districts, the theriffs or stewarts of the several shires and stewartries, shall on the receipt of their several writs, forthwith direct their feveral precepts to every royal borough within their respective shires or stewartries, reciting therein the contents of the writ, and the date thereof, and commanding them forthwith to elect each of them a commissioner as they used formerly to elect commissioners to the parliament of Biotland. and to order the faid respective commissioners to meet at the prefiding borough of their respective district (naming the said prefiding borough) upon the thirtieth day after the day of the Teste of the writ, unless it be upon the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, and then the next day after, and then to choose their burgels for the parliament; and the common clerk of the then prefiding borough shall immediately after the election, return the name of the person so elected to the sheriff or stewart of the shire or stewartry wherein such presiding borough is, who shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the same into the court from whence the writ issued; and in case a vacancy shall How vacanhappen in time of parliament, by the decease or legal incapaci- cies happening in time of ty of any member, a new member shall be elected in his room, parliament conformable to the method herein before appointed; and in shall be supcase such vacancy be of a representative for any one of the said plied. fourteen classes, or districts of the faid royal boroughs, that borough which prefided at the election of the decealed or difabled member, shall be the presiding borough at such new election.

VI. Provided always, That upon the issuing of write of fum-Shire or flewmons for the electing of a parliament, if any thire or flewartry arrry, &c. not wherein a royal borough is, hath not them a turn or right to to elect, to be elect a commissioner, or knight of the shire or stewartry for omitted out of that parliament, that then it shall be omitted out of the writ the writ, &c. directed to such sheriff or stewart, to eause a knight, commissioner for that thire or stewartry, to be elected for that parliament.

CAP. VII.

Ast ast for the security of her Majesty's person and govern-ment, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line.

[THEREAS by the bappy union of England and Scotland, it is become necessary to make divers alterations in relation to en all passed in the parliament of England, in the fourth year of the 4 Ann. C. & reign of her present Majesty, whom God long preserve, intituled, An act for the better fecurity of her Majefty's person and government, and of the fuccession to the crown of England in the protestant line, and to extend the provisions of the said all throughout the whole united kingdom, for the better fecurity of our mest gracious · lovo-X 2

made

fovereign's perfon and government, and of the succession to the croton

Persons who &c. the Queen not to be Tawthat the pretended prince of Wales bath any right to the crown, &c. z W. & M. fest. 2. c. 2.

Guilty of high treason.

Preachers, &c. who shall declare and affirm the Queen not to be lawful Queen, &c.

1 W. & M. Şelī. 2. C. 2.

C. 2.

of Great Britain in the protestant line, as it is now by the laws and flatutes of this realm sottled, limited, and appointed; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That if any person or persons by writing, &c. shall maliciously, advisedly, and directly, by writing or print-shall declare, ing, maintain and affirm, That our sovereign lady the Queen that now is, is not the lawful and rightful Queen of these realms, ful Queen, or or that the pretended prince of Wales, who now stiles himself King of Great Britain, or King of England, by the name of James the Third, or King of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, hath any right or title to the crown of these realms, or that any other person or persons hath or have any right or title to the same, otherwise than according to an act of parliament made in England in the first year of the reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, of ever blessed and 21 & 12 W. 3. glorious memory, intituled, An att declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown; and one other act made in England in the twelfth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject; and the acts lately made in England and Scotland mutually for the union of the two kingdoms; or that the Kings or Queens of this realm, with and by the authority of parliament, are not able to make laws and statutes of sufficient force and validity to limit and bind the crown, and the descent, limitation, inheritance, and government thereof; every such person or persons shall be guilty of high treason, and being thereof lawfully convicted. shall be adjudged traitors, and shall suffer pains of death, and all losses and forfeitures as in cases of high treason.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall maliciously and directly, by preaching, teaching, or advifed speaking, declare, maintain, and affirm, That our fovereign lady the Queen that now is, is not the lawful or rightful Queen of these realms, or that the pretended prince of Wales, who now stiles himself King of Great Britain, or King of England, by the name of James the Third, or King of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, hath any right or title to the crown of these realms, or that any other person or persons hath or have any right or title to the same, otherwise than according to an act of parliament made in England in the first year of the reign of their said late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown; and one other act made in England, in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject; and the acts lately

made in Exiginal and Scotland mutually for the union of the two kingdoms; or that the Kings or Queens of this realm, with and by the authority of parliament, are not able to make laws and statutes of sufficient force and validity to limit and bind the crown, and the descent, limitation, inheritance, and govern- To incur the ment thereof; every such person or persons shall incur the penalty of danger and penalty of pramunire mentioned in the statute of pramunire.

pramunire made in England in the sixteenth year of the reign of 16 R 2. C. 5. King Richard the Second.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- No profecu-foresaid. That no person shall be prosecuted by virtue of this tion unless inact for any words spoken, unless the information of such words formation be be given upon oath to one or more justice or justices of the within 3 days peace within three days after such words spoken, and the prospection of such offence be within three months after such information; and that no person shall be convicted by virtue of this act for any fuch words spoken, but by the oaths of two

credible witnesses.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Parliament not That this present parliament, or any other parliament which by Queen's shall hereaster be summoned and called by her majesty Queen death. Anne, her heirs or successors, shall not be determined or disfolved by the death or demise of her said Majesty, her heirs or fuccessors, but such parliament shall, and is hereby enacted to continue, and is hereby impowered and required, if fitting at the time of such demile, immediately to proceed to act, notwithstanding such death or demile, for and during the term of six months, But continue and no longer, unless the same be sooner prorogued or dissolved for 6 months by such person to whom the crown of this realm of Great Britein thall come, remain and be, according to the acts for limiting and lettling the succession, and for the union above-mentioned; and if the faid parliament shall be prorogued, then it shall meet and sit on and upon the day unto which it shall be prorogued, and continue for the relidue of the faid time of fix months, unless sooner prorogued or dissolved as aforesaid.

• V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Parliament to That if there be a parliament in being, at the time of the death diately after of her Majesty, her heles or successors, but the same happens death. to be separated by adjournment or prorogation, such parliament shall immediately after fuch demise meet, convene and sit, and shall act, notwithstanding such death or demise, for and during the time of fix months, and no longer, unless the same shall

be found prorogued or diffolved as aforefaid.

When And the it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, In case there be no parliament in being at the time of such ment, then the demile: that bath met and fat, then the last preceding parlia- last preceding ment shall immediately convene, and fit at Westminster, and be to meet. a parliament to continue as aforefaid, to all intents and purpoles, as if the same parliament had never been dissolved, but subject to be prorogued and dissolved as aforesaid.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no-Queen's power thing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed to ex- to prorogue or

Not to abridge

6 W. & M.

dissolve parlia-tend to alter or abridge the power of the Queen, her heirs or successors, to prorogue or dissolve perliaments, nor to repeal, or make void one act of parliament made in England in the fixth year of the reign of their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An all for the frequent meeting and call-To extend to ing of parliaments; but that the faid act shall continue in force

of Great Bri. tain.

the parliament in every thing that is not contrary to, or inconfident with the direction of this act; and the faid act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments is hereby declared and enacted to extend to the parliament of Great Britain, as fully and effectually, to all intents, constructions, and purposes, as if the same were herein and hereby particularly regited and enacted.

Privy council not to be diffolved by Queen's death.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the privy council of her Majesty, her heirs or successors for the kingdom of Great Britain, shall not be determined or dissolved by the death or demise of her Majesty, her heirs or

Nor the places of the great officers.

Ltary.

Nor any offices civil or mi-

successors; but such privy council shall continue and act as such by the space of fix months next after such demise, unless sooner determined by the next successor to whom the imperial crown of this realm is limited and appointed to go, remain, and descend; nor shall the office or place of lord chancellor or lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain, or of lord high treafurer of Great Britain, lord prefident of the council for Great Britain, lord privy seal of Great Britain, lord high admiral of Great Britain, or of any of the great officers of the Queen or King's houshold for the time being, nor shall any office, place, or employment, civil or military, within the kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick upon Tweed, illes of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sarke, or any of her Majesty's plantations, become void by reason of the demile or death of her present Majesty, her heirs or successors, Queens or Kings of this realm; but the faid lord chancellor or lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain, the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, the lord president of the council, the lord privy feal, the lord high admiral of Great Britain, the great officers of the houshold, and every other person and perions in any of the offices, places, and employments aforefaid, shall continue in their respective offices, places, and employ-

But continue ments, for the space of six months next after such death or defor fix months, mile, unless sooner removed and discharged by the next in fucceffion as aforefaid.

Great seal, &c. to be used.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the great seal of Great Britain, the privy seal, privy signet, and all other publick feals in being, at the time of the demise of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, shall continue and be made use of as the respective seals of the successor, until such fuccesfor shall give order to the contrary.

On Queen's death, privy council to

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when soever her Majesty (whom God long preserve) shall happen to demile and depart this life without iffue of her body, cause the next the privy council for Gress Britain in being at the time of such

demile

demile of her Majesty, shall with all convenient speed cause the protestant sucnext protestant successor entitled to the crown of Great Britain, cessor to be by virtue of the acts before-mentioned, to be openly and so-proclaimed. lemaly proclaimed in Great Britain and Ireland, in such manner and form as the preceding Kings and Queens respectively have been usually proclaimed after the demise of their respective predeceffors; and that all and every member and members of the faid privy council, wilfully neglecting or refusing to cause such proclamation to be made, shall be guilty of high treason, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged traitors. and shall suffer pains of death, and all losses and forfeitures as in cases of high treason; and also all and every officer and ofsicers within the faid kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, who shall by the said privy council be required to make such proclamations, and thall wilfully refule or neglect to make the fame, shall be guilty of high treason, and being thereof lawfully convicted shall be adjudged traitors, and shall suffer pains On pain of of death, and all losses and forfeitures as in cases of high trea-high treason.

XI. And because it may happen that the neut protestant successor In case sucmay, at the time of such demise of her Majosty, he out of the realm selfor be out of Great Britain in parts beyond the seas; he it therefore enacted of the realm at by the authority aforesaid, That for the continuing of the ad-Queen's death, ministration of the government in the name of such protestant fuccessor, until her or his atrival in Great Britain, the seven officers herein after named, who shall be in the possession of their offices at the time of such demise of her Majesty, that is to Seven lords fay, The archbishop of Canterbury at that time being, the lord justices apchancellor or lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain at pointed. that time being, the lord high treasurer of Great Britain at that time being, the lord prefident of the council for Great Britain at that time being, the lord privy seal of Great Britain at that time being, the lord high admiral of Great Britain at that time being, and the lord chief justice of the Queen's Bench at that time being, shall be and are, by virtue of this act, constituted and appointed lords justices of Great Britain, and are and shall be, by virtue of this act, impowered, in the name of such succeffor, and in her and his stead, to use, exercise, and execute all powers, authorities, matters, and acts of government, and administration of government, in as full and ample manner as fuch next successor could use or execute the same, if she or he were present in person within this kingdom of Great Britain, until such successor shall arrive, or otherwise determine their authority.

XII. Nevertheless be it further enacted by the authority a- The successor foresaid. That such person who by the limitations aforesaid is (by three inor shall be next to succeed to the crown of this realm, in case struments) of her Majesty's demise without issue, shall and is hereby im-may add seven powered, at any time during her Majesty's life, by three instru-others. ments under her or his hand and seal, revocable or to be altered at her and his will and pleasure, to nominate and appoint

fuch

X 4

fuch and to many perform, being natural born subjects of this realm of Great Britain, as the or he shall think fit, to be added to the feven officers before named, to the lords justices as aforefaid; who shall be impowered, by authority of this act, to act with them as lords justices of Great Britain, as fully and in the same manner as if they had been herein particularly named: which faid lords justices, or the major part of them, which shall affemble, so as such major part be not fewer than five, shall and may use and exercise all the powers and authorities before-mentioned, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if all of them had been affembled together and confenting. XIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the

said three instruments, revocable and to be altered, as aforesaid.

person next to succeed, as aforesaid, whose credentials shall be

enrolled in the high court of Chancery, and to the archbishop of

The three inftruments to be transmitted shall be transmitted into Great Britain, to the resident of such into Great Britain.

And severally sealed up and

Canterbury, and the lord chancellor or lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain, close sealed up; and after they are so transmitted, shall be put into several covers, which shall be severally fealed up with three feveral feals of fuch refident, and of the archbishop of Canterbury, and of the lord chancellor or depolited, &c. lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain; and one of them. after it is so sealed up, shall be lodged and deposited in the hands of fuch resident, one other of them in the hands of the faid archbishop of Canterbury, and one other of them in the hands of the lord chancellor or lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain: and that if the next successor shall be minded to revoke or alter her or his nomination or appointment made, as aforefaid, and shall by three writings of the same tenor, under her or his hand and feal, require the faid infiruments deposited, as aforefaid, to be delivered up to some person or persons thereby authorized to receive the same, then and in such case the said persons with whom the said instruments shall be deposited, and every of them, and in case of any of their deaths, their executors or administrators respectively, and every other person in whose custody any of the said instruments shall happen to be, shall deliver up the faid instruments accordingly; and they are hereby respectively authorized and required so to do: and if any of the faid persons with whom the said instruments shall be so deposited shall happen to die, or be removed from their respective offices or employments, during the life of her present Majesty, such person and persons, and in case of any of their deaths, their executors or administrators respectively, and every other person in whose custody any of the said instruments shall happen to be, shall, with all convenient speed, deliver fuch of them as shall be in his or their custody, to the successor or successors of the person so dying or removed, as assessing; which faid feveral instruments to sealed up and deposited, as aforefaid, shall immediately after the demile of her Majesty without issue, be brought before the privy council, where the same Mall

shall be forthwith opened and read, and afterwards involled in

the high court of Chancery.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons open-That if any of the said persons with whom the said instruments ing any of the said instruments said instruments said instruments said instruments said instruments, accomministrators, or any other person in whose custody the same shall guilty of a happen to be after the deceases of any of the said persons, shall promunire. open any of the faid instruments, or shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce before the said privy council, as aforesaid, such of the said instruments as shall be in his or their custody as aforefaid, every fuch person so opening, neglecting or refusing, shall incur the pains and penalties of a promunire inflicted by the faid 16 R. 2. c. 5. statute of pramunire.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Any one of That if all the faid inftruments deposited as aforesaid, shall not the instrube produced before the faid privy council as aforefaid, then any ments produced to the one or more of the faid instruments so produced as aforesaid, privy council, shall be as effectual to give such authority as aforesaid, to the to be effectual. persons therein named, as if all of them had been produced as aforesaid: and if there be not any nomination by such instruments, then the faid feven officers, or any five of them, are constituted and appointed to be lords justices of Great Britain, and are hereby invested with the powers and authorities mentioned

in this act.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Nomination of lords justices That any nomination and appointment already made by the by successor, next fucecifor, fignified by fuch inftruments deposited as afore- already made; faid, pursuant to the faid former act for the better security of her to be as effec-Majerty's person and government, and of the succession to the tual as if apcrown of England in the protestant line, shall be deemed and this act. taken to be as effectual for constituting and appointing the persons so mominated lords justices of England to be lords justices of Great Britain, to all intents, constructions and purposes, as if such nomination and appointment were made pursuant to this act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid lords justices Lord justices constituted as aforesaid, shall not dissolve the parliament contis not to dissolve mucd and ordered to affemble and fit as aforefaid, without ex-the parliament without press direction from such succeeding Queen or King; and that direction, nor the faid londs justices shall be, and are hereby restrained and dis-alter. abled from giving the royal affent in parliament to any bill or bills for the repealing or altering the act made in England in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the 13 & 14 Car. Second, incituled, An all for the uniformity of publick prayers, and 2. C. 4. edministration of sacraments, and other rites and ceremonies; and for efterdiffing the form for making, ordnining, and confecrating bifloops, prists, and deacons in the thurth of England; or the act made in Sectland in the fast session of parliament there, intituled, Ast for Or an act focuring the protestant religion, and presbyterian church government; made in Scotand all and every the faid lords justices concurring in giving the land. royal affent to any bill or bills for repealing or altering the faid

acts,

acts, or either of them, shall be guilty of high treaton, and fuffer and forfeit as in cases of high treason.

Lords justices to take the oaths, 1 W. & M. 6f. r. c. %.

By 1 Geo. 2. fat. 1. c. g. and by 1 Geo. 2. fat. 2. C. 23. Repealed as to cers qualify. me themselves DUTU.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the faid lords justices before they act or intermeddle in their faid offices, or any of the authorities hereby to them given, shall take the caths mentioned in an act made in England in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intimled, An act for obvogating the eaths of allegiance and supremary, and appointing other eaths; and also the oath herein after expressed and enacted to be taken after the demise of her Majesty without issue of her body; which said oaths shall be taken before the privy council appointed to continue by virtue of this act, who are hereby required and impowered to administer the fame; and that all the members of both houses of parliament, and every member of the privy council, and all officers or persons in any offices, places, or employments civil or military, who are or shall be by this act continued as aforefaid, thall take the faid oaths, and do all other acts requiste by the laws and flatutes of this realm, to qualify themselves to be and continue in such their respective places, offices and employments, within such time, and in such manner, and under such pains, penalties, and disabilities, as they should or ought to do, had they been newly elected, appointed, constituted, or put into such offices, places, or employments in the usual and ordinary way.

ed officers of truft -

XIX. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That And be deem- all and every the persons that shall be any of the lords justices by virtue of this act, shall be deemed and taken as persons exeeuting offices of trust within England, and shall be required to do all acts requisite by the laws and statutes of England, to qualify themselves to be and continue in their said offices or places of truft, within such times, and in such manner, and under such pains, penalties, and disabilities as in and by the said act are required.

After Queen's death, i Ann. fat. J. C. 22.

XX. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the demile of her Majesty without issue of her body, instead of the oath appointed to be taken by the act, intituled, An act for the further security of her Majesty's perfou, and the succession of the crown in the pretestant line, and for estimguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and for declaring the afficiation to be determined, the following outh thall be taken by all persons required by the said set to take the said outh therein mentioned, and hereby altered and changed (that is to fay)

following oath to be taken.

The oath.

[A.B. de truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and A declare in my conscience, before Ged and the world. That our severeigu is lawful and rightful

of this realm, and of all other majefty's deminions and countries thereunte belonging. And I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe in my conscience, that the person pretended

to be prince of Wales during the life of the late King James, and fince his decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the still and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, hath not any right or title whatforver to the erown of this realm, or any other the dominions thereto belonging; and I do renounce, refu/e, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do focar, That I will bear faith and true allegiance to will defend to the utmost of my power, against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts what soever which shall be made against person, crown, or dignity. And I will do my utmost endeavour to Majesty and distilese and make known to treasons and traiterous conspiracies which I shall know to be against er any of them. And I do faithfully promise, to the utmost of my power, to support, maintain, and defend the sectosism of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons what foever, as the same by an act, intituled, An act for the further li- 11 & 12 W. 1. mitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject, is and stands limited to the princess Sophia, electress and duschess dewager of Hanovet, and the heirs of bor body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and succeedy acknowledge and fivear, according to the express words by me fooken, end according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the

fame words, without any equivocation, mental evafion, or focret re-Servation whotever. And I do make this recognition, asknowledgment, abjuration, renunciation, and promise, heartily, willingly and

truly, upon the true faith of a christian.

So help me God. .

XXI. The blanks of which oath shall be filled up with the name of her or him, as Queen, or King, who shall be next in in the oath fuscession, according to the said act for the further limitation shall be filled of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the up. subject, when the said outh is to take place, and with the other proper additions of the words ber, bis, or bim, and from and after the death of the said pretended prince of Wales, these words following, viz. [And I do folethily and fincerely declare, That I do believe in my conscience, that the person pretended to be prince of Walns, during the life of the late King James, and frace his decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the sile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, bath not any right or title ubatheever to the crown of this realm, er any other the dominions thereto belonging : and I do renounce, refuse, and abjuse any allegiance or shedience to bim | Itiali be left out, and also the words sugainst him the said James, and all other persons whatforver] shall be omitted, and instead thereof shall be inserted [against all persons subastoever.]

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The successor That such next succeeding Queen or King shall and may make may use any wie of any feel, to affix to any writing or instrument, which seal before her the or he shall, before her or his arrival in Great Britain, make or his arrival, and role to execute and do or capitate he executed as done in Great Britain and pale, to execute and do, or cause to be executed or done, min.

any regal act; and it being signified by such writing or instrument, that the same shall have the same effect as if passed under the great seal of Great Britain, or any other publick seal used there, the same shall be of the same force and effect, as if it were actually sealed by the great seal of Great Britain, or fuch other publick feal, which the same is declared to be intended to have the force and effect of in such writing or instrument.

Parliament cessor.

XXIII. And be it further declared and enacted. That if, afcalled by lords ter the death of her Majesty without issue, and before the arjustices not to rival of any succeeding Queen or King in Great Britain, any be diffolved by parliament shall be called by the lords justices, by write sested in their names; by the arrival of such succeeding Queen or King in Great Britain, such parliament shall not be dissolved. but after such arrival shall proceed without any new summons.

Proviso in case any of the 7 reat offices be in commisfion at Queen's death.

XXIV. Provided always, That if any of the aforesaid seven officers, other than the office of lord high treasurer of Great Britain, shall be in commission at the time of such demise of her Majesty, that then the first commissioner of such respective commission shall be one of the said lords justices of Great Britein, and use, exercise, and execute all powers, authorities, matters, and acts of government by this act vested in the faid lords justices of Great Britain, according to the directions and provisions of this act, in as full and ample manner, as if such office or offices were in the hands of a fingle person, provided. that if there be no lord high treasurer of Great Britain, and the office of treasurer of the Exchequer shall be in commission, then the first in that commission shall be one of the lords justices of Great Britain.

Persons in ofincapable of being elected members of the house of commons.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. five, &c. made That no person, who shall have in his own name, or in the name of any person or persons in trust for him, or for his benefit, any new office or place of profit whatfoever under the crown. which at any time since the five and twentieth day of Ocheber. in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and five. have been created or efected, or hereafter shall be created or erected, nor any person who shall be commissioner or sub-commissioner of prizes, secretary or receiver of the prizes, nor any comptroller of the accounts of the army, nor any commissioner of transports, nor any commissioner of the sick and wounded, nor any agent for any regiment, nor any commissioner for any wine licences, nor any governor or deputy governor of any of the plantations, nor any commissioners of the navy imployed in any of the out-ports, nor any person having any pension from the crown during pleasure, shall be capable of being elected, or of fitting or voting as a member of the house of commons in any parliament which shall be hereafter summoned and holden.

No penhoner for years shall fit in the bouse, &c. See 15 Geo. 2. Accepting office of profit while a member, election

By 1 Geo. 1.

Stat. 2. C. 56.

XXVI. Provided always, That if any person being chosen a member of the house of commons, shall accept of any office of profit from the crown, during such time as he shall continue a void: but may member, his election shall be, and is hereby declared to be void.

and a new writ shall issue for a new election, as if such person be again electso accepting was naturally dead. Provided nevertheless, That ed. fuch person shall be capable of being again elected, as if his place. had not become void as aforefaid.

XXVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in order to No effice to be prevent for the future too great a number of commissioners to exe uted by be appointed or constituted for the executing of any office, that too many no greater number of commissioners shall be made or constituted ers. for the execution of any office than have been employed in the execution of such respective office at some time before the first day of this present parliament.

XXVIII. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall Not to extend, extend, or be confirmed to extend to any member of the house to officers in of commons, being an officer in her Majesty's navy or army, the navy or who shall receive any new, or other commission in the navy or . il. 3 ta'.

army respectively:

XXIX. And be it further enacted. That if any person here- Persons difby disabled, or declared to be incapable to fit or vote in any par- abled, if reliament hereafter to be holden, shall nevertheless be returned as turn'd as a member to ferve for any county, flewartry, city, town, or election and cinque port, in any such parliament, such election and return return void. are hereby enacted and declared to be void to all intents and purpoles whatloever; and if any person disabled, or declared incapable by this act to be elected, shall after the dissolution or determination of this prefent parliament prefume to fit or vote as a member of the house of commons in any parliament to be hereafter furnmoned, such person so sitting or voting shall forfeit Penalty on the fum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered by fuch per-fitting. fon as shall sue for the same in England, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, and only one imparlance.

XXX. And be it further enacted and declared, That every person disabled to be elected, or to sit or vote in the bouse of commons of any parliament of England, shall be disabled to be elected, or to fit or vote in the house of commons of any par-

liament of Great Britain.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No commis-That no person, who now is a commissioner for disposing the soner for the fum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five equivalent difpounds ten shillings, and all other sums arising to Scotland by abled from being elected. way of equivalent, upon the agreements, and to the purpoles mentioned in the articles of union of the two kingdoms, shall for or by reason of such commission, or any other commission for disposing the said equivalent, or any part thereof, or the execution of any fuch commission, or any thing relating thereunto, be disabled from being elected a member of parliament, or fitting or voting as fuch in this or any future parliament.

CAP. VIII.

An all for encouraging the dreffing and dying of woollen clothes within this kingdom, by laying a duty upon broad cloth exported white.

I. TX7HEREAS it has been found necessary towards supporting the woollen manufacture of this kingdom, that woollen cloth. commonly called broad cloth, be exported white: now to the intent Duty of 58. to be paid for that such exportation may not be prejudicial to the dressing or every broad dying of woollen clothes within this kingdom, we your Majecloth exportsty's mast dutiful subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly pray your Majesty that it may Continued for be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent thirty-tour years by , An-majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spimæ, c. 6. and ritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament perpetuated by assembled, and by the authority of the same, That a duty of 3 Gts. 1, c. 6. five shillings shall be paid to her Majesty, her heirs and succesfors, for every white woollen cloth, commonly called broad cloth, which shall be exported out of this kingdom into foreign

Cloth thipt before duty paid, forfeited.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if any person or persons shall export, or ship on any boat or vesfel, in order to exportation into foreign parts, any white woollen cloth or clothes, commonly called broad cloth, without first paying the duty aforefaid, such person or persons shall forfeit every fuch cloth or clothes, which thall be to thipped in order to exportation, contrary to the intent and meaning of this act, or the value of fuch cloth or clothes; one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors; the other moiety to such perfon as shall seize, inform, or sue for the same,

CAP. IX.

An all for the exportation of white woollen cloth.

24 & 15 H. 8. W

THEREAS by an all of parliament made in the fourteenth VV and fifteenth years of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, Touching worsted weavers of Yarmouth and Lynn, it is amongst other things enacted, That no person or persons any time after convey or transport into any of the parts beyond the sea, any manner of clothes or worsteds before the same clothes be soon, dyed, coloured, and calendred, upon pain of forfeiting the value thereof: and whereas in the fixth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth a patent was granted to the Hamborough company for ever, with bberty to export thirty thousand clothes, though not surought or dreffed, twenty five thousand whereof to be above the value of three pounds, and under the value of fix pounds per cloth, and the other five thoufand to be above the value of four pounds per cloth; and whereas in

Patent grant-

ed 6 Eliz. to

the Hamborough com-

pany.

Patent 28 Car. the eight and twenticth year of the reign of King Charles the Sea. to the coun-cond another patent was granted to Sir James Hayes and Sir Peter tels of Port-land for twen- Apfley, knights, in trust for the late countess of Portland, for the ty one years, term of one and twenty years, to license the experiation of all manner

of weellen elether, white as well as coloured, though not harbed, rosped. Born or dreffed, without limitation as to price or number, with power to agree and compound with the exporter for the quantum to be paid them for the licence to export the same : and whereas the last mentioned patent expired in or about the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven, since the expirasion of subich faid patent, the officers of her Majesty's customs have put a flop to the exportation of all white clothes; and some doubts have arisen whether the same may be experted, notwithstanding the many good laws that have been made for the encouragement of the woollen manufacture: and whereas there are great quantities of white woollen clothes now ready to be shipt off, and exported into parts beyond the leas, where there is a great demand for the same, and it bath been the wifdom of this nation in all ages to give all due encouragement to the everilen manufacture thereof: For preventing therefore of all doubts that have or may arise concerning the exportation of white woollen cloth, and for the better encouragement of the woollen manufacture of this kingdom, and employment of the poor, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever to export out of the kingdom of woollen of perion or perions whathoever to export out of the kingdom of woollen doth.

Great Britain or dominion of Wales, any white woollen doth whatever. whatfoewer, made or manufactured within the faid kingdom of made in Great Great Britain or dominion of Wales; any law, statute, ordinance, Britain, &c., custom, prescription or provision whatsoever to the centrary not ported. withstanding.

CAP, X.

As act for the better recruiting bor Majesky's land forces and the ma-exp.
rines, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight.

CAP. XI.

An att for continuing one balf-part of the subfidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and for settling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses therein expressed.

I. MOST gracious Sovereign; whereas several subsidies of tempage and poundage, and other duties and sums of money, upon wines, goods, and other merchandizes, were given and granted unto his late Majesty King Charles the Second (of bleffed memory) for his life, by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of his 12 Car. 2. C.4. reign, intituled, A subsidy granted to the King of tonnage and poundage and other fums of money payable upon merchandizes

exported

exported and imported, and by the book of rates thereunto annexed ? which subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and sums of money, upon wines, goods and merchandizes, as well exported as imported, (with some alterations) were by several subsequent acts of parliament granted to continue until the fifth day of August, ine thou-Ann. c. 27. fand seven bundred and ten : and whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, (intituled, An act for continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for making provisions therein mentioned, to raise money by way of loan, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary

and important occasions, and for ascertaining the wine-meafure) the faid fubfidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and fums of money, were enacted to continue, and be payable to your Majesty, for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes, which should be imported at any time or times between the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve: Now, We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament 1,280,000 l. to affembled having resolved, that a further sum, not exceeding one million two hundred and eighty thousand pounds, be raifed by sale of anmuities in the manner herein after mentioned, to wit, one million and

most necessary and important occasions; and two hundred and fixty

berein after mentioned, towards making good the payment of the an-

pole, cheerfully and unanimoully given and granted, and do by

be raifed by fale of annuities, whereof twenty thousand pounds thereof for the better enabling your Majesty 3,020,000 ktor to defray the expence of the present war, and other your Majesty's the war, &c. and 260,000 l. thousand pounds, residue thereof, to be applied in such manner as is for payment of annuities nuities to be purchased upon this act, have, for that end and purpurchased on this act.

this act give and grant unto your Majesty the further sublidies, duties, and fums of money herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the Half subsidy of authority of the same, That over and above all other subsidies, tonnage and additional duties, impositions, and payments whatsoever, by any former or other act or acts of parliament, or otherwise howfoever, already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon any wines, goods, or merchandizes whatfoever, imported or to be imported, there shall be raised, levied, Perpetuated by collected, paid, and farisfied unto her Majesty, her heirs and Geo. 1. flat. conceted, paid, and latisfied unto her Majerty, her news and s. c. 12. f. 2. Succeffors, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, Ann. c. 27. which at any time or times, from and after the last day of July, Surplus of mo- one thousand seven hundred and twelve, within or during the ney arising by term of ninety six years from thence next and immediately enappropriated, fuing, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, one moiety or half part of fuch and the like several and respective subsidies, duties, and sums of money, as by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign are charged or payable within or during the term or time thereby granted or limited, for or

poundage continued from 31 July, 1712, for o6 years. 7 Ann. c. 7.

upon the like imported wines, goods, and merchandizes respectively; except such goods and other merchandizes as by the said Except goods act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any law now exempted by in force, are exempted from the payment of the liblidies or 12 Car. 2. C.4. duties which were first greated in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second as aforefaid.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That in all cases where, by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any act relating thereunto, any drawbacks or abatements are to be made of the whole or any part of the duties thereby imposed, upon any wines, goods or merchandiles whatloever, there shall be in The same the like cases proportional drawbacks and abatements made of drawbacks, the whole or part of the duties by this act imposed upon the &c. allowed. fame wines, goods, and merchandizes respectively; and that the several subsidies and duties by this act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid, within and throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, by. the fame ways, means, and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch allowances, and fubject to fuch rules and directions as in and by the faid act of the fifth, year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts therein referred unto. are prescribed or appointed, for the raising, collecting, levying, securing, and paying the said subsidies and duties granted by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, during the con- s Ann. c. 273 tinuance thereof; and that every article, rule, and clause contained in the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or in any act or acts of parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for raising, collecting, levying, securing, and paying the said subsidies and duties thereby granted, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be by force of this act revived, and shall be used, exercised and put in practice, for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the subsidies and duties granted or imposed by this present act, during the said term of ninety fix years, and all arrearages thereof from time to time, as fully and effectually as if the same articles, rules, and clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present act; except Except where only as to such of the said articles, rules, and clauses, touch-other proviing which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions are made sion is made. by any act or acts of parliament now in being, which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions shall be observed with respect to the duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said subsidies formerly granted as aforesaid.

III. And for the better and more fure payment of all the an- Monies to be nuities to be purchased on this act, be it surther enacted by the paid into the authority aforesaid, That all the monies arising from time to Exchequer series by or for the surther subsidies and duties by this act grants time by or for the further subsidies and duties by this act granted or payable (the necessary charges of managing, raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying, and accounting for the same only excepted) shall from time to time, from and after the Vol. XI.

commencement thereof, for and during the faid term of ninety fix years therein granted, be brought and paid by the receiver general, or such person or persons as for the time being shall have the receipt thereof (who are hereby required and enjoined to bring and pay the same as it shall be raised) into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, distinctly and separately from all other monies whatsoever that are or shall be payable by him or them into the said receipt.

After the charged by 5 Ann. c. 27. are paid off, then the half fublidy to be paid weekly into the Exchequer.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from principal, &c. and immediately after the time that all the principal and interest monies which by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign are charged upon the aforefaid subsidies of tonnage and poundage thereby granted, shall be satisfied and paid off, or that money shall be reserved in the Exchequer sufficient for that purpose, then one moiety or half part of the aforesaid subsidies of tonnage and poundage, to arife by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for the remainder of the term thereby granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, and accounting for the same) shall in like manner from time to time be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer for the purpofes in this act expressed distinctly and apart as aforesaid, and the faid receiver and receivers general, or other persons who shall have the receipt of the faid moiety or half part of the faid fubsidies and duties by this or the said former act granted, and hereby required to be paid into the receipt of the Exchequer as aforefaid, shall make or cause to be made the payments thereof into the faid receipt of the Exchequer, according to the true meaning of this act, weekly, to wit, on Wednesday in every week, if it be not an holy-day, and if it be, then on the next day after that is not an holy-day. V. And for the better securing the quarterly payments which

shall grow due upon the annuities to be purchased in pursuance of this act, before the monies arising by the half-subsidies and duties before-mentioned can take place for payment of the fame, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum not exceeding two hundred and fixty thousand pounds, part of the contribution monies to be raifed by fale of annuities upon this act, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient in this behalf, shall and may be referved and applied for and towards the discharging

the quarterly payments last-mentioned.

The half fubfidy, &c. appropriated for payment of the annuities,

260,000l. re-

served for dif-

charging the

quarterly payments.

> VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid half subsidies and duties by this act appointed to be paid into the Exchequer weekly for the purposes in this act contained, as aforefaid, and the faid fum not exceeding two hundred and fixty thousand pounds hereby directed to be reserved out of the contribution-money as aforefaid, or so much of the fame subfidies, duties, and reserved monies as shall be sufficient for answering the full and due payment of all the annuities to be purchased on this act, and all arrearages thereof from time to time incurred, are and shall be by virtue of this act, liable and

appropriated thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the penalties, forfeitures, and difabilities in this act expressed; and all the monies arifing by the faid half subfidies, duties, and provifions hereby made, out of which the faid annuities to be purchased upon this act are to be satisfied, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices To be entred of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells for that in a book, &c. purpose, to which all persons concerned at all seasonable times

shall have free access, without fee or charge. VII. And to the end all the monies by this act appropriated Commissioners for payment of the annuities to be purchased on this act, may and other ofbe duly and certainly raised and brought into the receipt of the ficers, &c. to Exchequer for that purpose, it is hereby further enacted, That from time to time, during the continuance of this act, there shall be continued or appointed commissioners, and a receiver or receivers general, as also comptrollers, collectors, and other proper officers for raifing the several half subsidies and duties by this act intended for the payment of the annuities to be purchased thereupon, and for keeping the accounts of the same; and that all commissioners, receivers general, comptrollers, collectors, and other officers, who are or shall be concerned in the managing, raising, levying, receiving, collecting, or paying the fame, or in keeping the accounts thereof, shall perform their several and respective duties therein, as to them respectively shall who shall be appertain, under fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures, and subject to the dilabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining penalties, &c. diverting, or milapplying any part of the faid monies, as are in 9 & 10 W. diverting, or misapplying any part of the said monies, as are in 9 & 20 prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late majefly King William the Third, of glorious memory (intituled, An act for raifing a fum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for fettling the trade to the East Indies) for the like offence or neglect in relation to the duties upon falt, and other duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting, or milapplying any part of

the monies which were granted by the act last-mentioned. VIII. And for the raifing any fum or fums of money, not Any persons exceeding in the whole the said sum of one million and two hun- may lend dred and eighty thousand pounds, for such uses as aforesaid, 1,280,000 l it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for purchasing it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, 16 years purnatives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, chase. advance, and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer for her Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid furn of one million two hundred and eighty thousand pounds, for purchasing any annuity or annuities to be paid and payable during the full term of ninety nine years, to be reckoned from the four and twentieth day of

June,

Fune, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, at the rate of fixteen years purchase, which rate doth

. to exceed

S0,000 l. per

to be paid quarterly.

In part fub-

scribed into

South Sea

C. 4.

stock pursuant to 6 Geo. 1.

annum, and

ment.

amount to the fum of one hundred and fixty pounds for every fuch annuity of ten pounds per annum, and proportionably for Times of pay- any greater annuity; and the same rate, or consideration-money. is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt, at or before the respective days or times herein after mentioned; that is to fay, one fourth part thereof on or before the twentieth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; one other fourth part thereof on or before the two and twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; one other fourth part thereof on or before the twentieth day of August in the year of our Lord one Annuities not thousand seven hundred and eight; and the remaining sourth part thereof on or before the twentieth day of Ollober, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight: all which annuities so to be purchased, shall not exceed in the whole the sum of eighty thousand pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year; that is to fay, the feast of St. Michael the archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, and the nativity of Saint Fohn Baptist, by even and equal

Contributors names to be entred, &c.

1X. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells in the Exchequer feverally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the said sums upon this act, and also the sum so paid: to which book it shall be lawful for the faid respective contributors, their executors, administrators, and assigns, from time to time, and at all seasonable times, to have refort, and to inspect the same without see or reward.

portions; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of St. Michael the archangel, which shall be in the year of our Lord

one thousand seven hundred and eight.

Annuities charged upon the half subfidy, &c.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the annuities what loever, which shall be purchased upon or in pursuance of this present act, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time in the first place, and with preserence to all other payments whatfoever, out of the monies arifing from time to time, of or for the faid half subsidies, and other duties appointed to be brought in weekly for that purpole, as aforesaid, and out of the said sum of the contribution-money hereby appointed to be referved, as aforesaid; and so much of the said half subsidies, duties, and referved monies so appointed, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and discharge all the annuities to be purchased on this act, and all the arrearages thereof, at any time due or owing, are and shall be, by virtue of this act, appropriated and applied to and for fatisfying and discharging of the same annuities, and su arrearages

rearages thereof accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed, and applied to that use, and to no other use, intent, or purpose whatfoever, under the penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities in this act expressed; any thing herein contained, or other matter

or thing whatfoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho-Surplus to be rity aforesaid, That if at the end of any quarter of a year of the applied to term for which the annuities upon this act are to be purchased, Farther prothe monies arising at the Exchequer of or for the said half sub-visions relating fidies and duties by this act appropriated (the contribution-mo-berete. ney to be referved, as aforefaid, being excepted) shall exceed all 7 Annæ, c. 7. the monies then due for or upon the fame annuities, and all 1.33. the monies then due for or upon the fame annuities, and all arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus shall be disposable from time to time for the publick use and service, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Contributors That all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, entitled to the duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate a annuities, &c. forefaid, at or before the respective days or times in this act limited in that behalf, for any such annuity or annuities as aforefaid, or fuch as he, she, or they shall appoint, his, her, or their respective executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed for the payment thereof, during the faid whole term of ninety nine years, to be purchased therein, as is above-mentioned; and that all and every such purchasers, their executors, administrators, and affigns respectively, shall have good and sure estates and interests in the several annuities so by them to be purchased according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all the faid annuities to be purchased on this act, and every Tax-free. of them, during the term aforesaid, shall be free from all taxes, charges, and impositions whatsoever.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, And to have That every contributor upon this act for any annuity or annui- tallies and ties as aforefaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or orders struck. affigns, upon payment of the confideration or purchase-money &c. for the same, at the rate aforesaid, or any part or proportion thereof, within the time or times in this act limited in that behalf, shall immediately have one or more tally or tallies levied, importing the receipt of so much consideration-money as shall be so paid; and upon payment of all the purchase money for any such annuity or annuities, at the rate aforesaid, every such contributor, his, her, or their executors, administrators, succeffors, or affigns respectively, shall have an order for paying of the faid annuity and annuities, for and during the faid term of ninety nine years, to be purchased therein; which order shall be figned by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Exchequer,

or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being; and after the figning thereof, the fame shall be good, walid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office, or offices of them or any of them; nor shall any lord high treasurer of Great Britain, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury now or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, or make void such orders so signed as asoresaid, or any of them.

5 per cent. for prompt payment before

XIV. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance and pay forthwith into the receipt of the Exchequer the 20 April, 1708. fums by them intended to be advanced upon this act, it is prowided and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every such contributor who shall advance and pay into the said receipt of Exchequer, all or any part of the purchase-money payable for any such annuity or annuities as aforesaid, before the said twentieth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or affigns, shall be allowed and paid out of the contributionmoney arising by this act, interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the prompt payment of the money for advanced, from the time of the actual advancing and paying the same, until the said twentieth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

Annuities asfignable, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any contributor or contributors, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, at any time or times, during the continuance of his, her, or their term, estate, or interest of and in any annuity to be purchased upon this act, by any writing under his, her, or their hands and feals, or under the common feal of a corporation, or by his, her, or their last will in writing, to assign or devise such annuity, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons whatfoever, and so toties quoties, and no such assignment to be revocable, so as an entry or memorandum of such assignment or will be made in books to be kept for that purpose in the said office of the auditor of the receipt, within the space of three months after such affignment, or death of the devisor; and that upon producing such affignment, or will, or probate thereof, in the said office of receipt, to be entred as aforesaid, the party so producing the same shall bring therewith an affidavit taken before one or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, of the due execution of the said affignment or will, which affidavit shall be severally filed in the said office; which said entry or memorandum the proper officers in the faid receipt of Exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to file the faid affidayits; and in default of fuch affignment or device by deed or will, the the interest of such contributor shall go to his or her executors or administrators.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That it shall and may be Guardians lawful for any guardian or trustee, having the disposal of the may advance money of any infant under the age of one and twenty years, for 1601. for bethe use and benefit of such infant, to advance and pay the sum of nest of infant. one hundred and fixty pounds of the money of such infant, to purchase an annuity upon this act, for the benefit of such infant, and the said guardian or trustee, as to the said sum of one hundred and fixty pounds so advanced, is hereby discharged.

XVII. And be it further enacted, for the better encourage-Officers of the ment of persons to advance the monies on this act, That all Exchequer to receipts and issues, and all other things directed by this act to take no fee, be performed in the Exchequer, shall be done and performed by &c. the officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, gratuity or reward for the same; and in case any of the officers of the Exchequer shall take or demand any such fee or reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the monies of the faid half subsidies, and other duties or monies hereby appropriated, or any part thereof, which should make good the payment of the faid annuities, or shall pay or issue out the same otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books or registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act they are required to perform, every fuch officer shall forfeit his office, and be for ever uncap-Penalty. able of any office or place of trust, and shall answer and pay treble damages to every contributor or person who shall be prejudiced thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, wager of law, injunction, order of restraint, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in the faid action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have full costs; one third of which fum to be recovered for damages shall be to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other two third parts, with the costs, shall be to the use of the prosecutor; and in case there shall be any collusion or feint profecution between the plaintiff and defendant in such action, it shall be lawful for any other contributor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, to bring another action, wherein he or the shall recover as aforesaid, to the like uses as aforesaid.

XVIII. Provided always, That no person or persons what- No purchase soever shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to pur-unless one chase or obtain any annuity whatsoever upon this act, unless the fourth be paid whole, or one fourth part at least of the consideration manual by 20 April, whole, or one fourth part at least of the consideration-money 1708. for the same, at such rate as aforesaid, be advanced and paid into the faid receipt of Exchequer on or before the faid twentieth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

XIX. Provided also, That in case any such contributor as a- Contributor foresaid, who shall on or before the said twentieth day of April, paying one one thousand seven hundred and eight, have advanced one fourth part,

part and not the

pole,

remainder. forfeits what is paid.

part of his or her purchase, money, or his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, do not advance and pay into the faid receipt of Exchequer one other fourth part of his or her consideration-money, so to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities as aforefaid, on or before the faid two and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and one other fourth part thereof on or before the faid twentieth day of August, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the faid twentieth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and eight; then, and in every such case respectively, no order shall be drawn or figned for fuch respective annuity, for which the confideration-money shall not be fully paid as aforefaid; but so much of the confideration-money as shall have been actually paid into the receipt of the Exchequer for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and shall be applied, together with other the monies to be raised by this act, for such publick services as aforesaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

reward officers, clerks, &c. out of the furplus of duties, &cc.

Treasury may: XX. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of the faid half subsidies and other duties by this act appropriated for making good the faid fund, not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum, which shall arise over and above so much as shall be sufficient to make up the said yearly fund for discharging all the annuities to be purchased on this act, to reward the officers, clerks, and others to be employed in the payment of the faid annuities, or the accounts thereof, for their labour, pains, charges, and service therein respectively, and to defray all other the necessary charges incident to the payment of the said annuities, as to the said treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary not with standing.

XXI. And whereas in and by the said act of the fifth year of her said Majesty's reign, a credit was given for any sums not exceeding eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings and six pence farthing, to be borrowed at an interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, upon the several subsidies, impositions, and duties in that all mentioned, and the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are thereby authorized and directed to couse the officers of the receipt of Exchequer to receive from time to time by way of loan, at the like interest, at the said receipt, any further fum and fums of money over and above the faid fum of eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and fix pence farthing, as should be sufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies appointed or allowed by that of, every three months, until the fublidies, impositions, and duties therein mentioned should come into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that porpose, pursuant to the true intent and meaning of that act: now it is Clause of hereby provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That credit in nothing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed to not lessened extend to the taking away, altering, or leffening the faid power by this act. and direction of borrowing monies to make good the payment. of the said interest every three months, until the said subsidies, impositions, and duties in the said recited act mentioned shall come in and be sufficient for that purpose as aforesaid, or in any wife to alter or prejudice the fecurity given by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for the repayment or satisfaction of the same, or any other the principal or interest monies. which were secured, or intended to be secured by that act, and that the orders for the same shall be registred in course, and paid in the same manner as if this act had not been made; this prefent act, or any thing therein contained, or any other matter or hing whatfoever, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding,

XXII. And whereas several siskets, commonly called Million lotery tickets, and Malt lottery tickets, which are still unpaid, and everal bills called Exchequer bills, not yet discharged, also divers borts of bills or certificates, commonly called Debentures, made forth for arrears due to the army, and for transport services, not being apblied to the purchasing of any of the forfeited estates in Ireland, or therewise distharged, and also divers tallies and orders for payment of mnuities granted by acts of parliament, are by casualty or mistbance oft, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; be it hereby further enacted, Lottery tic-That in all cases where it shall appear by affidavit, to be made kets, Exche-That in all cases where it man appear by animarit, to be mind, quer bills, desperote any of the barons of the Exchequer for the time being, quer bills, desperote any of the barons of the Exchequer for the time being, bentures, &c. o the fatisfaction of fuch baron or barons, That any fuch tic-burnt or lost tets, bills, debentures, tallies, or orders, as aforefaid, before and not difhe third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven, charged, new ave been or are loft, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, it shall and ones to be may be lawful for the respective officers or persons appointed to lieu of such so flue and make forth the faid tickets, bills, debentures, tallies, loft, &c. or orders, or to pay and discharge the same, or to issue any mo- On assidavit ties due and payable thereon, upon the producing of a certificate and certifirom any of the faid barons of such affidavit made before him cate, &c. which affidavit the said barons, or any of them, is and are creby authorized to take, and which certificate he or they are kereby required to make and grant without fee or reward) and n fecurity given to the faid respective officers and persons to seir good liking, to indemnify them respectively against all other prions whatfoever, for or concerning the monies specified in, c due upon such respective ticket or tickets, bill or bills, de-Enture or debentures, talley or tallies, order or orders, they te faid officers and persons respectively, shall and are hereby rquired to make forth duplicates of the faid tickets, bills, debatures, or orders, and to innovate the faid tallies, at the re-Officers to pay qtft of the respective owners, and to pay and discharge the said the same. ticets, bills, debentures, tallies, and orders, and all such intest as is or shall be due on the said tickets, bills, debentures,

ororders, carrying interest, as he or they should have paid and

discharged.

discharged on the said original bills, tickets, debentures, tallies, or orders, if the same had been produced, and shall be allowed the same in all their respective accounts; and if there shall not be any proper officer or person to make forth the said duplicates, or any of them, that the lord high treasurer of her Majesty. her heirs or successors, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, or any three of them, shall and are hereby authorized and required upon such affidavit and security, as aforefaid, to order and direct any fuch duplicates to be made forth, in such manner as he or they shall judge to be best; all which matters and things shall be done without fee or reward to be taken or demanded for the same; any thing in this or any other act of parliament contained to the contrary thereof in any wife

Without fee.

notwithstanding.

Irish debentures not remay be regi-Ared before

XXIII. And subereas several efficers and other proprieters of debentures made forth by the late paymaster of the army, commissioners ginred within for transports, and by the commissioners of accounts, in that behalf authorized respectively, have omitted to register the said debentures within the time limited by act of parliament for that purpose made and 24 June, 1708. passed in the fourth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An 4 Annæ, c. 24- act to enlarge the time for registring unsatisfied debentures upon the forfeited estates in Ireland, and for renewing of other debentures which have been loft, burnt, or destroyed; for the relief therefore of all such officers and other proprietors of the said unregistred debentures, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it thall and may be lawful to and for all fuch officers and other proprietors of any of the faid debentures, who have no registred the same, to register their dependings on or before the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eight; which said debentures being so registred, shall, and an hereby entitled to all the benefit of interest and other advantages, as if registred on or before the four and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and six.

Purchasers having paid one fourth part, &c. may **h**ave **a**dvanced all or any the, quarterly pay. ments, due before 29 Sept. 1711. deducting 4 l. per cent.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid. That in case any purchaser or purchases of any annuity or annuities upon this act, having paid on fourth part or more of the purchase-money hereby appointed to be paid for the same, shall be minded and desirous to be past by way of advance out of the monies by this act appointed of be referred (when such money shall be referred) as aforesai, all or any of the quarterly payments to grow due upon such asnuity or annuities at or before Michaelman, one thouland fewn hundred and eleven, then an order shall be forthwith drawn ad figned, according to the course of the Exchequer, and satisfield, for the immediate paying, by way of advance, such quartely payments, as aforefaid, out of the faid referved monies, dedicting for the uses of this act, upon every quarterly payment has be advanced, so much as an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum shall amount unto, from the time of fich advance, until fuch quarterly payments respectively would gow

due by the days of payment limited for the same by this act; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XII.

An all to explain the all of the last session of parliament, for the ease of her Majesty's subjects in relation to allowances out of the duties upon falt carried coastwise, and also an all of the first year of her Majesty's reign, in relation to certain salt works near the sea-side and bay of Holy-head in the county of Anglesea.

I. TATHEREAS by an act passed the last session of parliament, Anna, C.20. intituled. An act for the ease of her Majesty's subjects in relation to the duties upon falt, and for making the like allowances upon the exportation of white herrings, flesh, patmeal, and grain called beer, alias bigg, as are to be made upon exportation of the like from Scotland; it was provided and enacted, That any person that shall ship any English white salt or rock salt to be carried coassuife, after the first day of May, one thousand seven bundred and seven, from one port of England or Wales, or the port of Berwick upon Tweed, to any port of England or Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, the duties having been paid or secured to be paid, according to former laws, shall have an allowance made to him after the rate of three bushels for every forty bushels of English white sale, and after the rate of one bulbel and an balf for every forty bufbels of English rock falt so shipped to be carried coastwife, and proportionably for a greater or less quantity, in consideration of the ordinary waste in the carriage thereof; which allowance shall be but once made for the same salt, although such salt shall be carried from several ports coastruise, as aforesaid: and whereas there has been some doubt in re-lation to the allowance for the ordinary waste of salt, where the said waste of salt. falt has been shipped to be carried to a member of the same port, though at a confiderable distance from the same; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That Allowances all persons that shall (from and after the first day of March, one for salt carried thousand seven hundred and seven) ship salt to be carried coast- miles, or from wise by cocket or transire, twenty miles by sea or more, or from Yarmouth to the port of Great Yarmouth in the county of Norfolk to Lowestoff, Lowestoff or or Sautbroold Bay in the county of Suffolk, although unto a mem-Southwold ber or ereck of the port from whence it was first shipped off, Bay. shall have an allowance after the rate of three bushels for every forty bushels of English white falt, and after the rate of one bushel and an half for every forty bushels of English rock salt so shipped to be carried coastwise, and proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity, in confideration of the ordinary waste in the carriage thereof, the duties having been first paid, or secured to be paid, according to former laws; which allowance shall be but once made for the same salt, although such salt shall

be carried coastwife from several ports as aforesaid, or members or creeks of ports.

z Annæ, flat.

II. And whereas by an act made in the first year of the reign of 1. C. 21. 6. 10. ber present Majesty, it is enacted, That no rock salt what seever shall be refined or made into white falt in any place or places whatfoever, within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, except in fuch places as are or shall be within

8 Geo.s. c. 12. ſ. 2.

ten miles distance of the respective pit or pits from whence such rock rock falt shall be taken, or at such places as, on or before the tenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and two, shall have been used for the refining of rock salt, under a penalty therein expressed: and whereas certain falt works have been with great charges erealed near the sea-side and bay of Holy-head in the county of Anglesea in North Wales, for the making of white falt from sea water; and upon several occasions rock salt is very useful to strengthen the brine in the said works, when weakened by fresh water, or other accidents; but the proper use of the said salt works not being for the refining rock falt, is Rock (alt may hath been doubted whether rock falt might be there used: for pre-

be used in near Holybead.

venting such doubts for the future, be it enacted by the authority making falt in aforesaid, That rock salt may be so used in the making salt from fea water in the faid falt works near Holy-bead aforefaid, any thing in the faid act, or in any other law or flatute to the contrary notwithstanding, so as her Majesty's duties for all the salt proceeding as well from the faid rock falt as from the fea water be duly charged, answered, and paid to her Majesty's use.

< Annæ, c.29. Éct. 6.

III. And whereas by the said att it is enatted, That for all white berrings which shall from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, be exported from any part or place in the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, to parts beyond the seas, by any person or persons whatseever, there shall be the like allowances as are to be made upon the exportation of white herrings from Scotland, upon the oath of the exporter or his agent, taken before the principal officers of the port from whence the same are exported, that such herrings were cured with salt for which the duties have been paid, and not drawn back, and that the same are really exported to parts beyond the seas, and not relanded or intended to be relanded in England, Wales, or Berwick apon Tweed: and whereas many of her Majesty's subjects cannot have the benefit that was intended for them by the faid act, in regard the fakt with which the white herrings are salted in many parts of England pass through many bands, and the persons who export such herrings buy the same already cured of persons to whom they are sent to be sold and disposed of at ports far distant from the places where they are cured, and by reason thereof such exporters are uncapable of making fuch oath as by the act is required: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for all white herrings

Allowance to be made on exportation of white herrings.

which shall from and after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, be exported from any port or place in the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, to parts beyond the seas, by any person or persons whatsoever, there shall be the allowances made 25

as are directed by the faid act to be paid, by the officer appointed to collect the duties upon falt in the fame port, at fuch times. and in such manner, and upon such debenture, and so verified. as in the faid act is directed, upon oath of the exporter, or his agent, to be first taken, in manner as in the said act is expressed, That he bought the herrings in such debenture mentioned, and that the same were cured with salt for which the duties had been paid, and not drawn back, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and that the same are really exported to parts beyond the seas, and not relanded, or intended to be relanded, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, in which oath shall be inferted the name of the person or persons of whom the said herrings were bought.

CAP. XIII.

An act for the better securing the trade of this kingdom by cruisers and EXP convoys.

Forty three thips of war to be employed as cruilers in proper stations, as lord high admiral shall direct, &c. Ships to be careened three times a year. In case of necessity, lord admiral may order any of the said shipe to be employed in the line of battle. Commissioners of the navy to be appointed to take care of cruising ships, and send account, within eight days after meeting of parliament, when such ships sailed out of port, to Ann. c. 25. &c. Lord admiral to nominate the number of cruifing fhips by 26 March, f. 14. &c. Lord admiral to nominate the number of cruifing fhips by 26 March, 1708. and afterwards yearly between 1 November and 1 December during the war. If taken or loft, to appoint others. For encouragement of the sea service, officers and seamen of Queen's ships, privateers, &c. to have the sole property in all prize ships. Proviso touching appraisement of prize ships taken into Queen's service. Treasurer of the navy to pay 5 l. for every man on board ship taken from the enemy. Not to exempt prize ships or goods from payment of customs. Such goods to be brought on shore, and put into the Queen's warehouses, &c. until appraised and sold. After sale, notice to be given for payment to captors. &c. Shares not demanded in three years, to go to Greenwich tors, &cc. Shares not demanded in three years, to go to Greenwich Hospital. Farther provises for Greenwich Hospital, 10 Annæ, c. 17. sect. 9. To whom bills for prize ships taken into the Queen's service, &cc. and the 51. per man, shall be made payable. Commander, &c. imbez, ling prize goods to forfeit treble the value. To continue during the war.

CAP. XIV.

An all for the better security of her Majesty's person and government.

POR the better security of her Majesty's person and government This act enagainst the practices and attempts, of all persons who shall be larged by suspected to be disaffected and dangerous to the same, be it enacted & Ann. c. 15. by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice Officers civil and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the comin Scotland to mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authori- take the oath. ty of the fame, That all officers civil and military, in that part of the kingdom of Great Britain, commonly called Scotland, shall be obliged to take the following oath:

A. B. do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and de- And by to clare in my conscience, before God and the world, That our sove- Ann. c. 12. reignlady Queen Anne is lawful and rightful Queen of this realm, and f. 6. patrons of all other her Majesty's dominions and countries thereunto belonging. of livings must take this And I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe in my con- oath. science

s. f. 10. Advocates. Altered by 1 Geo. 1. c. 13.

z W. & M.

ft. 2. 5. 2.

By 10 Ann. c. science, the person pretended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and fince his decease pretending to be, and taking upon bimself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland by the name of James the Righth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title whatfoever to the crown of this realm, or any other the dominions thereunto belonging: and I do renounce, refuse, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do swear, That I will bear faith and true allegionce to ber majesty Queen Arine, and her will defend to the utmost of my power against all traiterous confriencies and attempts cohatseever which shall be made against her person, crown, or dignity. And I will do my atmost endeavour to disclose and make known to her Majesty and her successors all treasons and traiterous conspiracies, which I shall know to be against her or any of them. And I do faithfully promife, to the utmost of my power, to support. maintain, and defend the succession of the crown against bim the faid Tames, and all other persons whatsoever, as the same is and stands fettled by an act, intituled, An act declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown to her 12 & 19 W. 3. present majesty, and the heirs of her body, being protestants; and as the same by one other act, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject, is and stands settled and entailed after the decease of her Majesty, and for default of issue of her Majesty, to the princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the beirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and fincerely acknowledge and swear, according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evaluen. or secret reservation what soever. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgement, abjuration, renunciation and promise, heartily, willingly, and truly, upon the true faith of a christian.

So help me God.

Before whom oath shall be taken.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all such persons now having or bearing any the offices aforesaid, and who in respect thereof have been or are obliged and required to take in Scotland an oath, called, The eath of allegiance and assurance, before the privy council there, shall be obliged, on or before the twentieth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and eight, to take and subscribe the oath hereby appointed, before that privy council while it shall continue, and after the determination thereof, before and in the court of the lords of session, or the court of justiciary, or the court of Exchequer there; and all others now in any other the offices aforesaid, who in respect thereof have used and been obliged to take the faid oath of allegiance and affurance in any other court or place, shall be, and are hereby required and obliged to take and subscribe the same at the next quarter sessions of the peace which fhail

shall be held for any county or place in which any such officer

shall be resident or abiding.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, All persons in That all and every person or persons whatsoever, who shall 3 months after hereafter be admitted into any office, civil or military, within admittance to that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall within three office to take months after his admittance into any fuch office take and fubfcribe the oath hereby appointed in the courts above-mentioned respectively, according to the distinction above-mentioned for persons now in office to take the same.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Courts to ad-That the faid respective courts shall from time to time adminish minister the ter the faid oath to such persons as shall tender themselves to oath, &c.

take the same, and shall keep proper rolls of parchment, in which the subscriptions of all persons taking the said oaths shall from time to time be made; to which all persons may have free

access without see or reward.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons refus-That every person hereby required to take and subscribe the oath ing to take the aforefaid, and neglecting or refusing so to do, at such times, and oath, disabled. in such manner as is above directed, shall be adjudged incapable and disabled in law, to all intents and purposes, to have or enjoy any office or offices, in respect whereof he is hereby obliged to take the said oath, and the said office or offices shall be, and are

hereby adjudged to be void.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Penalty on re-That every such person and persons who shall neglect or refuse suing, and to take the said oath, as aforesaid, and shall after such neglect or afterward exrefusal, either personally or by deputy, execute any of the said ecuting office. offices, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, shall incur such penalties, disabilities, and forfeitures as by an act made in England in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further 13 & 14 W. 3. security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the c. 6. protestant line, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors, are enacted, limited, and appointed for any officer his acting after the neglect or refusal of such officer to take the oath therein prescribed.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Justices may That it shall and may be lawful for any two justices of the summon bepeace, whereof one of them to be of the Quorum, within any fore them supeace, whereof one of them to be of the zuorum, while any spected per-of the counties, ridings, divisions, stewartries, cities, or boroughs spected per-sons, and tenwithin the said kingdom of Great Britain, or any other person der them the or persons who shall be by her Majesty for that purpose special- oath. ly appointed by order in the privy council, or by commission under the great feal, at any time or times to fummon and convene before them all fuch persons within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, powers, and authorities, as they shall or may suspect to be dangerous or disaffected to her Majesty or her government, and shall and may tender to every such person and

persons the oath above-mentioned and appointed, and shall at the next quarter fessions of the peace to be held for the county or place in which the faid oath shall be tendred, certify the christian names, and furmames, and places of abode of all persons refusing to take the faid outh, to be there recorded, and finall be from thence certified by the elerk of the peace of fuch county. riding, liberty, borough, town corporate, or place within England, into her Majesty's court of Chancery or Queen's Benedo at Westminster, and by the clerk of the peace of every shire, stewartry, borough or place in Scatland, into the court of session, there to be recorded in the register or rolls of the said respective courts; and if the person so refusing and certified shall not, within the next term or fession after such refusal, appear in the court of

names of those who refule, &c.

and certify the Chancery, Queen's Beach or Seffien, where fuch certificate shall be returned, and in open court audibly and folemnly take and fubscribe the oath aforesaid, and endorse or enter his so doing upon the certificate so returned, shall be from the time of such his neglect or refulal, taken, effectmed and adjudged a popish recufant convict, and as such shall forfeit and undergo such penalties as a popish recusant convict ought to do by the laws now in force within England.

CAP. XV.

An act to impower her Majesty to secure and detain such persons as her EXP. · Majethy shall suspect are conspiring against her person and government.

CAP. XVI.

An all for repealing the all of the first year of King James the First, intituled, An act for the well garbling of spices, and for granting an equivalent to the city of London by admitting brokers.

I Jac. 1. c. 19. XX7HEREAS by an all of parliament made in the first year of the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act for the well garbling of spices, several drugs, wares, spices and merebandizes are to be garbled within the city of London, and the liberties thereof, as therein is mentioned, under the penalties and forfeitures therein specified, and several powers are thereby given to the garbler for the time being, for that purpole; which all for the gathling of spices, and other wares and merchandizes, in many cases is now become useles, and in other cases would be prejudicial, and to the damage of several wares and merchandizes so to be garbled, to the obstruction and discouragement of the trade of this kingdom, and the foreign exportation, and to the vexation of the subjects, by unnecessary profecutions in her Majesty's court of Exchequer; be it therefore, enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said act shall be, and from henceforth stands absolutely repeated, and all powers, penalties, and forfeitures therein mentioned or given, shall from henceforth be null and void.

Act for the garbling of ipices repeal-

Vol. XI.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Suits dependThat all fuits and informations now depending in her Majesty's ing for any
court of Exchequer, or in any other court, or which shall at any seigure, &c.
time hereafter be brought or prosecuted upon the said act, un-discharged.
der pretence of any seizure or sorfeiture, or penalty incurred
for breach of the said act, or for any offence committed or supposed to be committed against the same, shall be, and are hereby
declared to be discharged, discontinued, and determined, and
that no proceedings shall be had thereupon, and all seizures upon the said act, made or to be made, are hereby declared to be
discharged, released, null, and void.

III, Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for Lord mayor, the lord mayor and court of aldermen, and common council of &c. may apthe city of London for the time being, to appoint from time to point a gartime a fit and able person to execute the office of garbler within bler to garble the city of London, and the liberties thereof, who at the request London, &c. of any person or persons, owner or owners of any spices, drugs, or other wares or merchandizes garbleable, and not otherwise, shall garble the same, and such garbler shall have and receive for his pains and trouble therein as the said lord mayor, court of aldermen and common council shall appoint, and no more.

IV: And whereas the profits of the faid office are part of the revenues and incomes of the city of London, and are now lett by leafe to William Stewart, under the rent of three hundred pounds per annum, the profits of which office, and the right of the faid William Stewart to the same, by repealing the said act will be very much diminished; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from Brokers on and after the determination of this present session of parliament, their admisall persons that shall act as brokers within the city of London son to pay 40s. and liberties thereof, shall from time to time be admitted so to berlain of do by the court of mayor and aldermen of the faid city for the London, 13 E. time being, under such restrictions and limitations for their 1. st. 54 honest and good behaviour as that court shall think fit and reafonable, and shall upon such their admission pay to the chamberlain of the faid city for the time being, for the uses herein after mentioned, the sum of forty shillings, and shall also yearly pay and also 40%. to the faid uses the sum of forty shillings upon the nine and on 29 Sept. twentieth day of September, in every year; all which monies yearly. shall in the first place be applied for and towards the paying and fatisfying to the faid William Stewart the fum of nine hundred fixty feven pounds and ten shillings, for a compensation for his interest in the said office; and that from and after the full payment of the said sum of nine hundred sixty seven pounds and ten shillings to the said William Stewart, all the monies arising How the said by such admissions and yearly payments, shall go to, and be en-monies shall joyed by the faid mayor and commonalty and citizens of the be applied. city of London; and that from and after the determination of this present sessions of parliament, the said lease to the said William Stewart, and every clause therein contained, shall cease, determine, and be absolutely void. V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Penalty on passion acting as a broker without admittance. That if any person or personal from and after the determination of this present sessions of parliament, shall take upon him to act as a broker, or employ any other under him to act as such, within the said city and liberties, not being admitted as ascressid, every such person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the use of the said mayor and commonalty and citizens of the said city, for every such offence, the sum of sive and twenty pounds, to be recovered by action of debt, in the name of the chambersain of the said city, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, in which no protection, essoin, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance.

CAP. XVII.

An act for assuring to the English company trading to the East Indies, on account of the united stock, a longer time in the fund and trade therein mentioned, and for raising thereby the sum of twelve bundred thousand pounds for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions.

Preamble reciting the act for establishing the East India company.

9 & 10 W. 3.

C. 44.

MOST gracious sovereign, whereas in and by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third (of glorious memory) intituled, An act for raifing a fum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling a trade to the East Indies, it is amongs other things, enacted. That all the monies arising by the several duties upon falt and rock falt, and upon flampt vellum, parchment, and paper, in the faid all mentioned, should be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer yearly and every year, reckening the first year to begin from the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand six hundred ninety eight, and that one hundred and sixty thousand pounds per annum, of the monies to arise by the said several duties, and to be brought into the Exchequer by weekly or other payments, in case the same payments should extend thereunte, should be the whole and entire yearly fund, and in case the same weekly or other payments should not extend to one hundred and sixty thousand pounds per annum, then the said weekly monies or payments, so far as the same should extend, should be part of the yearly fund, for and towards the answering and paying of the annuities of eight pounds per centum per annum, to fuch persons or corporations as should subscribe and pay in their monies upon the terms of the faid act: and it is thereby further enacted, That it should and might be lawful for his Majesty, by commission under the then great seal of England, to authorize and appoint any number of persons to take and receive all such voluntary subscriptions as should be made on or before the said nine and twentieth day of September, one theusand six bundred ninety eight, by or for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate (the governor and company of the bank of England only excepted) of any fum of money whatfiever, not less than one hundred pounds, for and towards the raising and paying into the receipt of the Exchequer, the sum of two millions

of pounds feeling: and it was therein further enacted, That during the time thereby limited for taking the said subscriptions, it should and might be lawful to and for all and every person and persons, natives and foreigners, bodies politick and corporate, by or for themselves, or any of them, or in trust for any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, or any of them (except as aforefaid) freely to subscribe any sum of money not less than one bundred pounds. for or towards the said sum of two millions; and that all monies so to be subscribed social be answered and paid in such manner and form as in the said act is expressed: and it was thereby further enacted, ordained, and declared, That every person and body politick, who should subscribe as aforesaid, and be named or contained in such book or books as are therein mentioned, his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns respectively, should have, receive, and enjoy for ever, out of the fund by the faid act fettled and provided, one annuity or certain yearly sum, for the whole sum by him, her, or them subscribed, according to the rate or proportion of eight pounds per centum per annum, in the manner thereby pre-feribed: and it is thereby further enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for his said late Majesty, by letters patents under the then great feel of England, to incorporate all and every person and persons, natives and foreigners, bodies politick and corporate, who should subscribe, or for whom subscription should be taken, and upon whose subscriptions such payment should be made, as is therein expressed, and all and every person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, who as executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, or by any other lawful title, derived or to be derived from, by, or under the faid original subscribers, at any time or times thereafter, should have or be entitled to any part, share, or interest of or in the said yearly fund, so long as they respectively should have any such part, share, or interest therein, to be one body politick and corporate, by the name of, The general society entitled to the advantages given by 9 & 10 W. 3. an act of parliament, for advancing a fum not exceeding two c. 44. millions, for the service of the crown of England, with such succession, capacity, and powers as in the said act is mentioned, and in fuch charters or letters patents, such surther rules, powers, and clauses for carrying on trade, and pursuing the ends and intent of the faid act, were to be inferted, as should be lawfully and reasonably defired in that behalf: and it was thereby further enacted, That in case the faid whole sum of two millions, or one moisely, or any greater part of the said sum of two millions should be subscribed, as aforesaid, on or before the said nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand fix hundred ninety eight, that then, and from thenceforth, all and every the person and persons, natives and foreigners, bodies politick and corporate, by or for whom such subscriptions should be made, and all and every person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, who as executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, or by any other lawful title derived or to be derived from, by, or under the faid original subscribers at any time or times thereafter, should have or be entitled to any part, share, or interest of and in the said yearly fund, and of and in a proportional part of the principal flock of **Z** 2

the faid general fociety, so long as they respectively should continue to have any part, share, or interest therein, and all and every person and persons, who for any time should be licensed by such person or perfons, bodies politick or corporate, to trade in the slead of them, should, or lawfully might for ever thereafter, by themselves severally, or by fuch factors, agents, or servants as they severally should think fit to entrust, freely traffick, and use the trade of merchandize into and from the East Indies, and parts or limits in the said act mentioned, in such manner, and by such proportions, and subject to such restrictions as in the said all are expressed: and it was further thereby enatted, That if the said whole sum of two millions, or one moiety, or any greater part thereof, should be subscribed on or before the faid nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand six bundred ninety eight, and all or any corporations, or other person or persons, having particular shares or interest in the said principal stock of the said general society, or in proportionable annuities or yearly payments iffuing out of the said yearly fund, should be willing and desirous to unite and join together such their several shares and interests, and to be incorporated, so as they might be able to manage their trade (in proportion to their interests) as a company, and by a joint stock, that then it should and might be lawful for his said late Majesty, by letters patents under the then great seal of England, to incorporate all fuch persons and corporations, by such proper names as be should think fit, to be one company, with power to manage and carry on their trade to the East Indies, and other the limits in the said att mentioned, by a joint stock, and to have perpetual succession, and a common seal, with power to grant and take, fue, and be fued, and to choose their own managers, directors and officers from time to time, and such other powers and clauses as should be necessary or requisite for the carrying on of such trade, and should be reasonable for his said late Majesty to grant, nevertheless with such restrictions as in the said act is mentioned; and the directors and managers, and other members of fuch company, were to be subject to such surther rules, qualifications, and appointments, as bis said late Majesty in such charter should think necessary or reasonable to be inserted; and in the said all there is contained a proviso or condition of redemption in such manner and form as therein, and hereafter in this present act are expressed: and it is also thereby enacted. That in case the duties arising or appropriated by the said act, should at any time or times appear to be so deficient in the produce of the same, as that within any one year, to be reckoned from the nine and twentieth day of September, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the weekly payments upon the same duties should not amount to so much as should be sufficient to discharge and satisfy the several and respective benefits, yearly payments or advantages by the said att appointed or intended to be paid, within or for the same year respectively, in every such case, every such deficiency should be answered by er out of the next aids to be raised and granted by parliament in the manner therein mentioned: as by the said act of parliament, in which are contained divers other powers, provisoes, authorities, privileges, and clauses, (relation being thereunto had) more fully and at large it

doth and man appear: and whereas in pursuance of the said act, bis faid lave Majefty, by a commission under the then great seal of England, bearing date at Westminster the fourteenth day of July, in the tenth year of his reign, did authorize several persons therein named, to be commissioners, with power to take subscriptions for and towards the raising and paying the said sum of two milians, as by the said commission, relation being thereunto bad, may more fully appear: and whereas it appeared by duplicates transmitted into the office of the auditor of the receipt of bis said late Majesty's Exchequer, that several sums amounting in the whole to the said sum of two millions of pounds sterling, were subscribed pursuant to the said att: and whereas the faid whole sum of two millions was entirely answered to his Majesty's use: and whereas by a charter under the great seal of Charter dated England, bearing date at Westminster the third day of September, 3 Sept. 10 W. in the tenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, his Majesty created 3. and established the said corporation, or body politick, called, The The general general fociety entitled to the advantages given by an act of fociety. parliament, for advancing a fum not exceeding two millions, 9 & 10 W. 8. for the service of the crown of England, with such howers, privileges, and benefits as are therein expressed; and whereas by letters patents under the great feal of England, bearing date at Westminster Charter 3 Sept. the fifth day of September, in the said tenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, reciting, That the subscribers towards the said sum of two millions therein particularly named and expressed, were willing and desirous to unite or join together their several shares or interests in the principal stock of the said general society, or in their proportionable annuities, or yearly payments issuing out of the said yearly funds, and to be incorporated so as they might be able to manage their trade in proportion to their interest, as a company and by a joint stock, his said late Majesty did grant, ordain, and establish, that the subscribers therein particularly named, and every of them, and all and every person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, who as executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, or by any other lawful title, derived or to be derived from, by or under the same subscribers, should bave and be entitled to any part, share, or interest of or in the said yearly fund by the said act settled, as aforesaid, or of or in the proportionable annuities or yearly payments issuing out of the said yearly fund, so long as they respectively should have any such part, share, or interest therein, to be one body politick and corporate, by the name of The English company trading to the East Indies, pany trading with such benefit of trade, powers, privileges, and advantages, and to the East Insubject to fuch restrictions, conditions, covenants, and agreements, as dies. are therein expressed. And whereas by another act of parliament 11 & 12 W. 3. made in the eleventh year of his said late Majesty's reign, reciting, C. 4. a private That John Dubois, of London, merchant, had, by direction of, and in trust for the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, subscribed and paid the sum of three bundred and fifteen thousand pounds, as part of the faid fum of two millions, it was enacted, That the faid governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, should remain, continue, and be one body corporate and politick by the

name afarefaid, subject nevertheless to be determined upon redemption of the fund by the faid act granted: and whereas by an indensure tripartite, bearing date the two and twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and two, made between your Majesty of the first part, the governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies of the second part, and the English company trading to the East Indies of the third part, it was (amongfl other things) agrood, with your Mojesty's approbation, that the faid governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, should purchase from the members of the said English company so much of their capital stock as would make the property of the faid governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies equal to the property which would then remain to the other members of the faid English company trading to the East Indies; and that the whole trade which might or should be carried on during the term of seven years, to be reckoned from the date of that indenture, to and from the East Indies, and other the parts within the limits aforesaid, for or in respect of their feveral stocks and funds thereby agreed to be united, should be for the henefit and behoof of all the members of the faid English company trading to the East Indies, proportionable to their shares in the capital or principal stock thereof; and that the said governor and company of merchants of London, trading into the East Indies, should have a right and power equal to the rest of the members of the said English company, in the direction, management, and carrying on of the said trade, during the said term of seven years; and that after the end or expiration of the faid term of seven years, the whole trade to the East Indies, and other the parts within the limits aforesaid, for or in respect of their united stock and fund, should for ever (subjest to the redemption of the said fund by parliament) be wholly managed and carried on by the faid English company trading to the East Indies (by what soever name the same should then be called) according to the said charter of the sifth of September, in the said tenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, and not otherwise: and to that end and purpose, many covenants, conditions, and agreements were contained in the said indenture, as by the same, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear: and whereas the united flock of the said governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, and of all the rest of the members of the said English company trading to the East Indies, in their own names, or in the names of others in trust for them, doth at this time amount to one million nine hundred ninety two theufand eight hundred pounds, part of the sum of two millions before-mentioned; and their united fund doth amount to one hundred fifty nine thousand four hundred twenty four pounds per annum, part of the sum of one hundred and fixty thousand pounds per annum, before-mentioned: and as well the said governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, as the rest of the members of the said English company trading to the East Indies, are willing to advance to your Majesty, in manner herein after-mentioned, for carrying on the prefent war, and other your Majesty's-necessary occasions, a further sum

of twelve bundred thousand pounds of lowful money of Great Britain, upon such terms, conditions, and advantages as are hereafter expressed and set down: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament asfembled, being defirous not only to supply your Majesty with fuch aids as may enable your Majesty to carry on the said war with vigour, but also to raise the same in such a manner as may create no new charge upon your fubjects, do most humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, English com-That the faid English company trading to the East Indies, as well pany to adfor and on the behalf of the faid governor and company of vance merchants of London trading into the East Indies, as for and on 1,200,000l. the behalf of all other the members of the said English company, shall advance and actually pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, for her Majesty's use, the said sum of twelve hundred thousand pounds, by such proportions, and at fuch times as are herein after appointed for the payment thereof Times of pay-(that is to fay) two hundred thousand pounds part thereof, on or mentbefore the twelfth day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; two hundred thousand pounds more thereof, on or before the twelfth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and eight; two hundred thousand pounds more thereof, on or before the eleventh day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eight; two hundred thousand pounds more thereof, on or before the twelfth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and eight; two hundred thousand pounds more thereof, on or before the twelfth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and two hundred thousand pounds more thereof, and in full satisfaction of the faid twelve hundred thousand pounds on or before the tenth day of March, which thall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; and in case the said English company On non-paytrading to the East Indies, shall make failure in any of the said ment compapayments hereby appointed to be made, at or before the respect ny may be sutive days or times before limited in that behalf, the monies ed, &c. whereof fuch failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered to her Majesty's use, by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; in which action, bill, fuit, or information it shall be lawful to declare, That the faid English company trading to the East Indies, are indebted to her Majesty the monies of which they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and in or upon fuch action, bill, fuit, or information, there shall be further recovered to her Majesty's use, against the said English company trading to the East Indies, damages after

the rate of twelve pounds per centum, for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act, besides, full costs of suit; and the said English company trading to the East Indies, and their successors, and the said united stock and fund shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto.

Company may borrow 2,500,000 l. on their common feal.

II. And for the better enabling the said English company trading to the East Indies, to raise and pay the said sum of twelve hundred thousand pounds to her Majesty's use as aforesaid, it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the common seal of the said English company, now in the hands of the managers for the united trade of the English company trading to the East Indies, shall and may be made use of to borrow any sum or sums of money from time to time, upon account of the said united stock and fund, so as the sum total of all the principal monies which at any one time shall be owing upon the security of the said seal, do not exceed one million sixe, hundred thousand pounds, over and above the monies which, might sawfully be borrowed thereupon before the making of this present act.

The two companies may call in monies for advancing 1,200,000 l.

Or for repaying the monies borrowed.

Executors, &c. indemnified.

III. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the general court of the said governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, and the general court of the said English company trading to the East Indies, at any time or times whilft they shall separately continue, shall think fit, or if the general court of the said English company, after the determination of the other general court aforesaid, shall think fit to call in monies from their respective adventurers or members, for or towards the raising the said sum of twelve hundred thousand pounds to be advanced to her Majesty's use, or any part thereof, or for repaying the monies borrowed for that purpose, or the interest thereof, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor, and company of merchants of London, trading into the East Indies, and the said English company trading to the East Indies respectively, at any time or times, during the separate continuance of their general courts, as aforesaid, and afterwards to and for the said English company trading to the East Indies, by whatsoever name or names the same shall then be called or known, to call in, or direct to be paid unto them respectively, from and by their respective adventurers and members for the time being, proportionably, any fum and fums of money which shall from time to time be so thought fit, for or towards the making up the laid fum of twelve hundred thousand pounds to be advanced to her Majesty's use as aforesaid, or for repaying the monies borrowed for that purpole, or the interest thereof; and that all executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same; and in case any adventurers or members of the faid respective corporations, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her, or their shares of the monies so called in, at the time or times appointed for that purpole, by notice to be fixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, or in case any adventurer or adventurers, member or members of the faid respective corporations, shall neglect or refuse to pay

his, her, or their share of the monies which the said companies, or either of them, shall (in pursuance of the said first recited act, and their respective charters, or any or either of them) call in. for the carrying on of their trade, at the time or times appointed for that purpole, by the like notice, as aforesaid, then and in either of the said cases, it shall and may be lawful for the said Members regovernor and company of merchants of London trading into the fuling to pay, East Indies, and the laid English company trading to the Bast company may Indies respectively, and their respective successors, not only to step their distop the share or dividends which shall from time to time become payable to fuch adventurer or adventurers, member or members, so neglecting or refusing, of the fund, stock, or profits of the faid respective companies, and to apply the same from time to time for or towards payment of the share of the money so called in, and which ought to have been paid by such adventurer or adventurers, member or members to neglecting or refusing to pay the same, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the transfers of the shares of every such defaulter, and to And the charge such defaulter and defaulters with an interest after the transfers of rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, for the monies so by such defaulthim and them neglected to be paid, from the time the same charge them were appointed to be paid until the payment thereof; and the with interest at shape and stock of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to 61. per cent. make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, shares not paid and the intends thereof; and that in case the principal and in- in 3 months, terest shall not be paid within the space of three months, then sell. the faid governor and company, and the faid English company, and their successors respectively as aforesaid, shall have power to fell so much of the stock of such defaulter or defaulters as will fatisfy and pay the fame,

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The faid That the faid sum of twelve hundred thousand pounds agreed 1,200,000 l. to to be advanced and paid, as aforefaid, shall be, and be called, be a further deemed, and taken to be a further addition to the capital stock addition to of the said English company, and shall be, and is hereby ex-stock, and tax empted from any taxes, rates, impositions, or assessments what-free.

loever.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The united the united stock and fund of the said English company, and their stock liable to successors, by whatsoever name or names they shall be called or all debts conknown, shall be and are by this present act made subject and tracted, &c. liable to the payment and fatisfaction of all such debts as are or shall be contracted by the same company, for or upon account of the faid united stock or trade.

VI. And whereas by the said former acts and charters it was pro- For encouragvided, That at any time, upon three years notice, after the nine and ing the Engtwentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eleven, lish company upon repayment of the faid two millions, and all arrears of the faid their trade. annuities or yearly payments, the said duties upon salt, and rock salt, and the said duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the faid yearly fund charged thereupon, and the faid annuities issuing

peakd.

C. 14. f.11.

Former proviso for redemption re-Sec 3 Geb. 2.

eat of the same, and the duty of five pounds in the hundred on imported goods therein expressed, and all the corporations to be creeked by or in purfuence of that act, and the benefit of trade thereby given or intended to be given to them or any of them, shall absolutely cease and determine: now, to the intent that the faid English company, and their fucceffors, may be encouraged to proceed in their trade, and may have time to fettle factories, and perform such other matters and things as are necessary for carrying on the said trade to their best advantage and profit, it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the last-mentioned proviso for redemption and determination of the said several duties, yearly fund, annuities, corporations, and benefit of trade, shall be, and is hereby repealed and made void; and that the faid duties upon falt and rock falt, and the faid duties upon stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the faid duty of five pounds in the hundred upon imported goods, shall continue, and the faid English company trading to the East Indies, and their successors, by whatsoever name or names they shall be called or known, shall have and enjoy the faid yearly sum of one hundred fifty nine thousand four hundred twenty four pounds per annum, and all the benefit of trade, franchifes, privileges, profits, and advantages whatfoever, in respect thereof given or granted, or

a & 10 ₩. 1. C.44.

Subject neverthelefs, &c.

faid former proviso, or condition of redemption, and all other provisoes, powers, acts, matters, or things heretofore had, made, done, or committed, for redeeming, determining, or making void the faid duties, yearly fund, benefit of trade, franchifes, privileges, profits, and advantages, or any of them; fubject nevertheless to the refrictions, covenants, and agreements in the faid act first recited, and the said recited charters and indenture tripartite, or any of them contained, now in force, and also subject to the general provisoes or condition of redemption hereafter in this act contained.

intended to be given or granted unto them by the faid act of the ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, or by the faid charter

of the fifth day of September, in the tenth year of his faid late

Majesty's reign, or by the said indenture tripartite of the two and twentieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and two, and every or any of them, freed and discharged of and from the

· VII. And whereas several persons who did subscribe, or do derive under persons who did subscribe several sums, amounting in the whole to seven thousand two bundred pounds, part of the said two millions, are in respect thereof, entitled to five hundred seventy fix pounds per annum, part of the faid sum of one hundred and fixty thousand pounds per annum, and to a proportional part of the trade to the East Indies, and other the parts aforesaid, have not united their stock and fund to the stock and fund of the said corporations impowered to trade by a joint stock, as aforesaid, but do by themselves, or others by them licensed, carry on their trade for their own separate use and accounts: it is hereby provided and enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Separate Rock That the several persons entitled to the said stock, amounting confirmed. to feven thousand two hundred pounds, their executors, admi-

nistrators,

histrators, and assigns, shall and may peaceably and quietly have, hold, and enjoy their faid proportion of the faid yearly fund and trade, as fully and effectually as they might have done if this act had never been made; nevertheless it shall and may be lawful to and for the said English company, and their successors, at any time after the nine and twentieth day of September, one But after 20 thousand seven hundred and eleven, by writing to be signed by September, their fecretary, and to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in 1711, upon three years, to give notice of their intention to repay the faid fum notice and of seven thousand two hundred pounds to the persons who shall repayment, be interested therein, or entitled thereunto, at the end of three &c. years after such notice given; and in case the said English company, at the end of the faid three years, do fully pay and fatisfy to such persons the said sum of seven thousand two hundred pounds at the Guild-hall of Landon, together with all arrears (if any) of the faid yearly fum of five hundred seventy fix pounds, which shall be then due to the said persons respectively, then, and upon fuch payment made, or lawful tender thereof, the faid stock of seven thousand two hundred pounds, and the proportional trade and fund belonging thereunto, shall be, and are by virtue of this act, vested and settled in the said English company, The said seand their fuccessors; subject nevertheless to the general proviso parate stock, or condition of redemption hereaster in this act contained, and shall be vested to no other proviso or condition of redemption whatsoever; any in the English thing in this act contained, or any other matter or thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by Duty of sl. the authority aforesaid, That the before-mentioned duty of five per cent. after pounds per centum, for or in respect only of such goods and mer- 29 Sep. 1714. chandizes as shall be imported into Great Britain by the said to cease. English company trading to the East Indies, from and after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall cease, determine, and be no longer collected or paid; any thing in this, or in the faid first recited act, 9 & 10 W. 3.

to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted After 25 by the authority aforefaid, That at any time upon three years March, 1726. notice, after the five and twentieth day of March, which shall be upon 3 years in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty repayment, fix, upon the expiration of the faid three years, and upon repay- &c. corpora-, ment by parliament, as well of the faid fum of two millions for-tion to ceale. merly advanced, as of the faid fum of twelve hundred thousand pounds to be advanced, as aforefaid, making in the whole three millions and two hundred thousand pounds, unto such companies, corporations, or perfons as thall be then entitled thereunto, and of all arrears which at the end of the faid three years shall be due for or upon the faid yearly fund of one hundred and fixty thousand pounds per annum, then, and from thenceforth, Repealed by as well the faid duties upon falt and rock falt, as the faid duties to Ann. c. 28. upon frampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and also the faid f. 12. yearly fund of one hundred and fixty thousand pounds, and all

binding

the corporations erected by or in purfuance of this or the faid former acts, and the benefit of trade by this and the laid former acts and charters, or any of them, given, or intended to be given to them or any of them, shall absolutely cease and determine: any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to repeal C. 10.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore-11 & 12 W. 3. faid. That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not be deemed, taken, or construed to repeal or alter an act made in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An all for the more effectual employing the poor, by encouraging the manufactures of this kingdom, or any clause, matter, or thing therein contained; but that the said act, and every clause, matter, or thing therein contained, shall stand, remain, and be in full effect and force, to all intents and purpoles what soever, as if this act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

From 25 March; 1708. custom-house may take companies feal'd bonds for goods imported.

XI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, upon any importation of any goods or merchandizes by the said English company trading to the East Indies, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners and officers of the customs for the time being, and they are hereby required from time to time to take one or more bond or bonds, under the common feal of the faid English company, for all such of the customs and duties chargeable and to be charged on the goods and merchandizes so to be imported, as are bondable, or for which bonds have usually been given; any law, statute, or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

In order to a compleat union,

XII. And whereas the governor and company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, and the rest of the members of the English company trading to the East Indies, are desirous that a speedy and compleat union may be had and perfected, purluant to the beforementioned indenture tripartite, and bave agreed to refer all matters in difference concerning the same, and the compleating the said union, unto the final determination of the right honourable Sidney earl of Godolphin, lard high treasurer of Great Britain; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said matters in difference between the faid governor and company of merchants of Loudon trading into the East Indies, and the rest of the members of the faid English company, and the settling the terms of, and perfecting and compleating the faid union, thall be, and is hereby referred to the judgment, award, and final determination of all differences the faid Sidney earl of Gedolphin, to proceed upon and fettle the terms and conditions of the same, as his lordship shall think fit, so as the whole be made, settled, perfected, and compleated on or before the twenty ninth day of September, in the year one thoufand seven hundred and eight, by writing attested under his lordthip's hand and feal; which faid award being so made and fettled within the time aforefaid, shall in all parts thereof be

. referred to the earl of Godolphin.

> His award to be binding.

binding and conclusive, as well to the said governor and company of merchants of London trading into the Bast Indies, as to the rest of the said members of the said English company, and shall be by them complied with, and submitted to accordingly.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by After such the authority aforesaid. That from and after the making of the award, &c. said award, and surrender of the charter of the said governor and managers for company of merchants of London trading into the East Indies, in trade shall be pursuance to the said indenture tripartite, then the persons who, directors, &c. at the time of such surrender, shall in pursuance of the same in-till new ones denture be the managers for the united trade of the English be chosen. company trading to the East Indies, and none others, shall be the directors of the said English company, (which company shall then be called, The united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies) until such time as new directors shall be chosen for the same, in pursuance of the said charter, bearing date the fifth day of September, in the tenth year of his faid late Majesty's reign.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Acts, &c. to That this present act, and the acts herein before recited, and all be publick parts thereof, shall be construed, adjudged, and taken to be pub-acts.

lick acts to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for the more effectual discovery of the death of persons pretended to be alive, to the prejudice of those who claim estates after their deaths.

XI HEREAS divers persons, as guardians and trustees for infants, and busbands in right of their wives, and other persons 9 Car. 2. 0.64 baving effaces or interests determinable upon a life or lives, bave continued to receive their rents and profits of fuch lands after the determination of their faid particular effaces or interests: and whereas the proof of the death of the persons, on whose lives such particular estates or interests depended, is very difficult, and several persons have been, and may be thereby defrauded: for remedy whereof, and for preventing such fraudulent practices, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords fpiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That ing estate in any person or persons who hash or shall have any claim or de-remainder, mand in or to any remainder, reversion, or expectancy, in or to &c. after any estate after the death of any person within age, married death of woman, or any other person whatsoever, upon affidavit made minor, marin the high court of Chancers, by the persons so claiming such &c. on affidaestate, of his or her title, and that he or she hath cause to be-vit, &c. that lieve that such minor, married woman, or other person is dead, he hath cause and that his or her death is concealed by fuch guardian, truftee, to believe fuch husband, or any other person, shall and may once a year, if the is dead, lord person aggrieved shall think fit, move the lord chancellor, keeper, chancellor to or commissioners for the custody of the great scal of Great Bet-cause such mitain for the time being, to order, and they are hereby autho-nor, &c. to be produced, 6 rized &c.

rized and required to order such guardian, trustee, husband, or other person, concealing or suspected to conceal such person, at fuch time and place as the faid court shall direct, on personal or other due service of such order, to produce and shew to such person and persons. (not exceeding two) as shall in such order be named by the party or parties profecuting such order, such minor, married woman, or other persons aforesaid; and if such Guardian, &c, guardian, trustoe, husband, or such other person, as aforesaid. shall refuse or neglect to produce or shew such infant, married

woman, or such other person, on whose life any such estate doth

refusing to produce fuch infant, &c.

depend, according to the directions of the faid order, That then the court of Chancery is hereby authorized and required to order, fach guardien, truftee, hulband, or other person, to produce such minor, married woman, or other person concealed, in the said court of Chancery, or otherwise before commissioners to be appointed by the faid court, at such time and place as the court shall direct, two of which commissioners shall be nominated by the party or parties profecuting such order, at his, her, or their costs and charges; and in case such guardian; trustee, husband, or other person, shall refuse or neglect to produce such infant; married woman, or other person so concealed, in the court of Chancery, or before such commissioners, whereof return shall be made by fuch commissioners, and that return filed in the petty bag office, in either or any of the said cases, the said minor, married woman, or such other person so concealed, shall be taken to be dead, and it shall be lawful for any person claiming any right, title, or interest in remainder or reversion, or otherwife after the death of such infant, married woman, or such other persons so concealed, as aforesaid, to enter upon such enter on land, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, as if fuch infant, married

Party fo concealed to be taken to be dead, and claimant may &c.

On affidavit, that minor, fea, claimant may fend over persons to view fuch minor, &c.

woman, or other person so concealed, were actually dead. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That if it shall appear to the said court by affidavit, that such minor, &cc. is beyond married woman, or other person, for whose life such estate is holden, is, or lately was at some certain place beyond the seas in the faid affidavit to be mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the party or parties profecuting such order, as aforesaid, at his, her, or their costs and charges, to send over one or both the faid persons appointed by the faid order, to view such minor, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden; and in case such guardian, trustee, husband, or other person concealing or suspected to conceal such persons, as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to produce or procure to be produced to such person or persons, a personal view of such infant, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, That then and in such case such person or persons are hereby required to make a true return of fuch refusal or neglect to the court of Chancery, which return shall be filed in the petty bag office, and thereupon fuch minor, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, shall be taken to be dead; and it shall be lawful for any person claiming any right,

right, title, or interest, in remainder, reversion, or otherwise after the death of such infant, married woman, or other person. for whose life any such estate is holden, to enter upon such lands. tenements, and hereditaments, as if fuch infant, married woman, er other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, were actually dead.

III. Provided always. That if it shall afterwards appear upon If infant, &c. proof, in any action to be brought, that such infant, married alive, after woman, or other person for whose life any such estate is holden, order made, such infant, were alive at the time of such order made, That there it shall be &c. may relawful for fuch infant, married woman, guardian, or truffee, or enter. other person having any estate or interest, determinable upon fuch life, to re-enter upon the faid lands, tenements, or hereditaments, and for fuch infant, married woman, or other perfon, having any estate or interest determinable upon such life, their executors, administrators or assigns, to maintain an action against those who, since the faid order, received the profits of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or their executors or administrators, and therein to recover full damages for the profits of the same received, from the time that such infant, married woman, or other person, having any estate or interest determinable upon such life, were ousted of the possession of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments.

IV. Provided always, That if any such guardian, trustee, if guardian. husband, or other person or persons, holding or having any &c. prove estate or interest determinable upon the life or lives of any other that he hath person or persons, shall by affidavit or otherwise, to the satisfied deavours to faction of the faid court of Ghancery, make appear, That he, procure such the, or they have used his, her, or their utmost endeavours to infant to approcure fuch infant, married woman, or other person or persons, pear, and that on whose life or lives such estate or interest doth depend, to ap-living, sec. pear in the faid court of Chancery, or elsewhere, according to the order of the faid court in that behalf made, and that he, she, or they cannot procure or compel such infant, married woman or other person or persons so to appear, and that such infant, married woman, or other person or persons, on whose life or lives fuch estate or interest doth depend, is, are, or were living at the time of such return made and filed, as aforefaid, then it shall be lawful for such person or persons to continue in Guardian to the possession of such estate, and receive the rents and profits continue in thereof for and during the infancy of such infant, and the life possession, sec. or lives of fuch married woman; or other person or persons, on whose life or lives such estate or interest doth or shall depend, as fully as he, she, or they might have done if this act had not been made.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Guardian &c. every person who, as guardian or trustee for any infant, and holding every husband seized in right of his wife only, and every other estates after person having any estate determinable upon any life or lives, of life of miwho after the determination of such particular estates or inte-nor, adjudged rests, without the express consent of him, her, or them, who trespassers.

other person, concealing or suspected to conceal such person, at

nght,

refuling to produce fuch infant, &c.

such time and place as the said court shall direct, on personal or other due service of such order, to produce and shew to such person and persons, (not exceeding-two) as shall in such order be named by the party of parties profecuting such order, such minor, married woman, or other persons aforesaid; and if such Guardian, &c, guardian, trustee, hulband, or such other person, as asorosaid, shall refuse or neglect to produce or shew such infant, married woman, or such other person, on whose life any such estate doth depend, according to the directions of the faid order. That then the court of Chancery is hereby authorized and required to order fach guardian, trustee, husband, or other person, to produce such minor, married woman, or other person concealed, in the said court of Chancery, or otherwise before commissioners to be appointed by the faid court, at such time and place as the court shall direct, two of which commissioners shall be nominated by the party or parties profecuting fuch order, at his, her, or their costs and charges; and in case such guardian; trustee, hulband, or other person, shall refuse or neglect to produce such infant, married woman, or other person so concealed, in the court of Chancery, or before such commissioners, whereof return shall be made by fuch commissioners, and that return filed in the petty bag office, in either or any of the faid cases, the said minor, married woman, or such other person so concealed, shall be taken to be dead, and it shall be lawful for any person claiming any right, title, or interest in remainder or reversion, or otherwife after the death of such infant, married woman, or such other persons so concealed, as aforesaid, to enter upon such enter on land, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, as if fuch infant, married woman, or other person so concealed, were actually dead.

Party fo concealed to be taken to be dead, and claiment may &c.

On affidavit, that minor, &c. is beyond fea, claimant may fend over persons to view fuch minor, &c.

II, And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if it shall appear to the said court by affidavit, that such minor, married woman, or other person, for whose life such estate is holden, is, or lately was at some certain place beyond the seas in the said affidavit to be mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the party or parties profecuting such order, as aforefaid, at his, her, or their costs and charges, to send over one or both the faid persons appointed by the said order, to view such minor, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden; and in case such guardian, trustee, husband, or other person concealing or suspected to conceal such persons, as aforefaid, shall refuse or neglect to produce or procure to be produced to such person or persons, a personal view of such infant, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, That then and in such case such person or persons are hereby required to make a true return of fuch refusal or neglect to the court of Chancery, which return shall be filed in the petty bag office, and thereupon fuch minor, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, shall be taken to be dead; and it shall be lawful for any person claiming any

right, title, or interest, in remainder, reversion, or otherwise after the death of such infant, married woman, or other person. for whose life any such estate is holden, to enter upon such lands. tenements, and hereditaments, at if such infant, married woman, or other person, for whose life any such estate is holden, were

achielly dead.

III. Provided always, That if it shall afterwards appear upon 15 infant, &c. proof, in any action to be brought, that such infant, married alive, after proof, in any action to be prought, that men mane, married order made, woman, or other person for whose life any such estate is holden, such infant, were alive at the time of such order made, That there it shall be &c. may relawful for fuch infant, married woman, guardian, or truffee, or enter. other person having any estate of interest, determinable upon fuch life, to re-enter upon the faid lands, tenements, or hereditaments, and for fuch infant, married woman, or other perfon, having any estate or interest determinable upon such life, their executors, administrators or assigns, to maintain an action against those who, since the said order, received the profits of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or their executors or administrators, and therein to recover full damages for the profits of the same received, from the time that such infant, married woman, or other person, having any estate or interest determinable upon such life, were outted of the possession of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments.

IV. Provided always, That if any fuch guardian, trustee, If guardian, husband, or other person or persons, holding or having any &c. prove estate or interest determinable upon the life or lives of any other that he hath person or persons, shall by assiduavit or otherwise, to the stiff deavours to faction of the faid court of Ghancery, make appear, That he, procure fuch the, or they have used his, her, or their utmost endeavours to infant to approcure fuch infant, married woman, or other person or persons, pear, and that on whose life or lives such estate or interest doth depend, to ap-living, sec. pear in the faid court of Chancery, or elsewhere, according to the order of the faid court in that behalf made, and that he, the, or they cannot procure or compel fuch infant, married woman or other person or persons so to appear, and that such infant, married woman, or other person or persons, on whose life or lives such estate or interest doth depend, is, are, or were living at the time of such return made and filed, as aforefaid, then it shall be lawful for such person or persons to continue in Guardian to the possession of such estate, and receive the rents and profits continue in thereof for and during the infancy of such infant, and the life possession, sec. or lives of fuch married woman, or other person or persons, on whose life or lives such estate or interest doth or shall depend, as fully as he, the, or they might have done if this act had not been made.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Guardian, &c. every person who, as guardian or trustee for any infant, and holding every husband seized in right of his wife only, and every other estates after person having any estate determinable upon any life or lives, of life of miwho after the determination of such particular estates or inte- nor, adjudged rests, without the express consent of him, her, or them, who trespassers.

Heirs, &c. may recover damages.

are or shall be next and immediately entitled upon and after the determination of such particular estates or interests, shall hold over and continue in possession of any manors, messuages, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, shall be and are hereby adjudged to be trespassers; and that every person and persons, his, her, and their executors and administrators, who are or shall be entitled to any such manors, messuages, lands, tenements, and herditaments, upon or after the determination of such particular estates or interests, shall and may recover in damages against every such person or persons so holding over, as aforesaid, and against his, her, or their executors, or administrators, the full value of the profits received during such wrongful possession. as aforefaid.

CAP. XIX.

An all for continuing the balf subsidies therein mentioned, with several impositions and other duties, to raise money by way of loan, for the service of the war, and other ber Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for charging of prize goods and seizures, and for taking off the drawbacks of foreign cordage, and to obviate the clandestine importation of wrought filks.

MOST gracious Sovereign, We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament effembled, duly considering the necessity of making an ample and compleat provision to enable your Majesty to carry on the present war, and to defray your other necessary expences, have for that end and purpose chearfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant to your Majesty, the several and respective subsidies, impofutions, and duties herein after particularly described, for and during the terms herein after expressed, that is to say, Whereas several subfidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and sums of money upon wines, goods, and other merchandizes, were given and granted unto his late majesty King Charles the Second, of bleffed memory, for 22 Car. 2. C. 4. bis life, by an act of parliament (made in the twelfth year of his reign, intituled, A subsidy granted to the King of tonnage and poundage, and other sums of money payable upon merchandizes exported and imported) and by the back of rates thereunto annexed, which subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and fums of monies upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, as well exported as imported, (with some alterations) were by several subsequent alls of parliament granted to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten; and by an act of parliament made in s Anne, e. 27. the fifth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for making provisions therein mentioned, to raise money by way of loan, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for ascertaining the wine measure, the faid subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and sums of money last-mentioned, were enacted to continue and be payable to your Majefty,

Majefty, for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes, which Should be imported at any time or times between the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ben, and the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and receive: now we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, do most humbly beseech your Majefly that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That Half subsidies over and above all other subsidies, additional duties, impositi- continued ons, and payments whatfoever, by any former or other act or from 31 July, ons, and payments whatloever, my any normer or other met on 1712. to 2 acts of parliament or otherwise howsoever already due or paya- Aug. 1714. ble, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon any Made perpewines, goods, or merchandides whatfoever, imported or to be tual by 7 Ann. imported, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and sa- c. 7. s. 29. tished unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and before the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, one moiety or half part of such and the like several and respective subsidies, duties, and sums of money, as by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign Except goods are charged or payable within or during the term thereby grant-former acts. ed or limited, for or upon the like imported wines, goods, and merchandizes respectively, except such goods and other merchandizes as by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any law now in force are exempted from the payment of the subsidies or duties which were first granted in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, as 2-12 Car. 2. C. 4. foresaid.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That in all cases where by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any act 5 Annæ.c. 27. relating thereunto, any drawbacks or abatements are to be made The same drawbacks to of the whole or any part of the duties thereby imposed on any be allowed. wines, goods, or merchandizes whatfoever, there shall be in the like cases proportionable drawbacks and abatements made of the whole or part of the duties by this act imposed upon the fame wines, goods, and merchandizes respectively; and that the several subsidies and duties by this act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid, within and throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, by the same ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties Former powand forfeitures, and with such allowances, and subject to such ers revived. rules and directions, as in and by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts therein referred unto, are prescribed or appointed for the raising, collecting, levying, fecuring, and paying the faid subsidies and duties granted by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, during the continuance thereof; and that every article, rule, Vol. XI.

and clause contained in the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or in any act or acts of parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for railing, collecting, levying, securing, and paying, the said subsidies and duties thereby granted, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be, by force of this act, revived, and shall be used, exercised, and put in practice for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the subsidies and duties granted or imposed by this present act, during the continuance thereof, and all arrearages of the same, from time to time, as fully and effectually as if the fame articles, rules, and clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this prefent act, except only as to such of the faid articles, rules, and clauses touching which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions are made by any act or acts of parliament now in being, which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions shall be observed with respect to the duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

Duties on wines and vinegar contipued from 31 July, 1712, to i August, 1714. 1 Jac. 1. C. 3.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the several impositions and duties upon wines and vinegar, granted by an act made in the first year of the reign of his late majesty King James the Second, (intituled, An att for granting to his Majesty an imposition upon all wines and vinegar imported between the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand fix hundred eighty five, and the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand fix men-dred ninety three) which said act, by several subsequent acts of parliament fince made, was continued, and is to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve; shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued to her Majefty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the first day of August. one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and that the faid act fo made in the first year of the reign of the faid late King James the Second, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, for or concerning the faid impositions on wines and vinegar, shall continue and be in full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand feven hundred and fourteen, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed for raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the faid duties upon wine and vinegar, hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this prefent act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the clauses, matters, and things in the said act of the first year of the reign of the said King James the Second contained, had been again in this act repeated, and particularly enacted.

Duties on tobacco conti-

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the rates, duties, and impositions upon all forts of tobacnued to 1 Aug. co, granted by an act made in the first year of the reign of the faid late King James the Second, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty an imposition upon all tobacco and sugar imported between

the truenty fourth day of June, one thousand six hundred eighty sive, and the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand six hundred ninety three: which faid act, as for and concerning the faid duties and impositions upon tobacco only, by several subsequent acts of parliament lince made, was continued, and is to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve: shall by virtue of this act be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of Taly, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and no longer.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the And to be leauthority aforesaid, That the said duty upon tobacco, which vied, &c. as by shall be imported during the times by this act limited, and all ar- 7 & 8 W. 3. rears thereof, shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered, c. 10. and paid to her Majesty, in such method, and with such discount and allowances, and according to fuch rules and directions as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed as to the duties or impofitions upon tobacco, in and by the act made in the parliament holden in the seventh year of the reign of King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for continuing several duties granted by former acts upon wine, vinegar, and upon tobacco, and East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on

the war against France, and not otherwise.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Old impost That the several additional and other rates, impositions, duties, continued to and charges upon the several forts of goods and merchandizes, 1 Aug. 1714granted by an act made in the second year of the reign of King Seff. a. c. 4. William the Third, and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain impositions upon all East India goods and manufactures, and upon all wrought filks, and several ather goods and merchandizes, to be imported after the five and twentieth day of May, one thousand six hundred and ninety, and which thereby, and by several subsequent acts of parliament already made, have continuance until the first day of August, one thoufand seven hundred and twelve, shall be further continued to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and no longer; and that the faid act made in the second year of their faid late Majesties reign, concerning East India goods and other All powers, things therein charged, and all powers, provisions, penalties, provisions, ecc. articles, and clauses therein contained, shall continue, and be in w. & M. of full force and effect, until the faid first day of August, one Seff 2.c. 4 thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and shall be applied, and 7 & 8 W.s. practiled, and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, an-ferved, swering, and paying the said respective duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as fully, and to all intents and purposes, as if the faid last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, had been again repeated, and particularly enacted; except only as to such part of the said acts Exception. concerning

C. 10.

concerning the faid impositions on wines, vinegar, tobacco, East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, touching which other provisions or alterations are made by any act or acts of parliament now in being; which other provisions or alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the continuance of this present act, and the said act, intituled, An act for continuing Several duties granted by former acts upon wine and vinegar, and upon tobacco, and East India goods and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France; and every article, daule, matter, and thing therein contained, for the raising, levying, fecuring, answering, and paying the impositions and duties on the merchandizes and commodities thereby charged, and which are by this act continued, shall be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen.

Additional impost conti-1714. 4 & 5. W. & M. c. 5.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the additional and other rates, duties, impolitions, and nued to 1 Aug. charges upon the several sorts of goods and merchandizes granted by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of their faid late Majesties reign, intituled, An act for granting to their Majeflies certain additional impositions upon several goods and merchandizes, for profecuting the prefent war against France, which by several subsequent acts of parliament already made, have continuance until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall by virtue of this act be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and that the faid act lastmentioned, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the faid rates, duties, and impositions, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the faid duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as if the said last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters and things therein contained, had been again repeated, and particularly enacted in this present act.

· New provifions or alte-· rations made to be obser-

VIII. Provided also, That in all cases where any other provifion or alteration is made by any act or acts of parliament now. in being, in or about any other matter or thing contained in the faid act of parliament for the impositions last-mentioned, such other provisions or alterations shall be observed, during the continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties on whale fins continued to

IX. And it is hereby further enacted, That the several impofitions and duties for and upon all whale-fine imported, which 2 Aug. 1714. by an act of parliament in the ninth year of the reign of his

faid

faid late majesty King William the Third, (intituled, An ast for 9 & 10 W. 3. taking away half the duties imposed on glass wares, and the whole c. 45. duties lately laid on stone and earthen wares, and tobacco pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof new duties on whale-fins and Scotch linen) were granted to his faid late majesty King William, and by subsequent acts already passed, have continuance until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be, and are hereby continued to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, in such manner and form, and by such ways and means, and under such penalties as are mentioned in the faid act for granting the faid impositions on whale-fins and Scotch linen; which act, with all the powers, provisoes, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, or thereby referred to, shall continue and be in full force until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution for raising and levying the faid duties on whale-fins, hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, concerning the said duties on whalefins, were repeated, and again enacted in the body of this prefent act.

X. And whereas the faid subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and the said other duties granted therewith, in the said twelfth year of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid, as to wines, goods and 12 Car. 2. C. 4. merchandizes imported; and the said impositions on wines, vinegar, and tobacco, which were first granted to King James the Second, in the first year of his reign; and the said impositions on 1 Ja. 2. C. 3. 4. East India goods, and other goods charged therewith, which were first granted to their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, in 2 W. & M. the second year of their reign; and the said additional impositions st. 2. C. 4.
which were first granted to them in the fourth year of their reign; 4 & 5 W. &
which were first granted to them in the fourth year of their reign; 4 & 5 W. & and the said duties on whale-fins imported, which were granted to his 9 & 10 W. 3. said late majesty King William, in the ninth year of his reign, were c. 45. by the faid all of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, (intituled, 5 Ann. c. 27. An act for continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for making provisions therein mentioned, to raise money by way of loan for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for ascertaining the wine measure) continued, as aforefaid, until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, in the manner therein mentioned, and are by the faid all of the fifth year of her Majefty's reign, made subject and liable to the satisfaction of the principal and interest mornes therein mentioned, which are to be paid and discharged in the first place out of the fubsidies, impositions, and duties granted or continued by the act lost mentioned: now it is hereby further decla-red and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and im-principal, &c. mediately after the time that all the principal and interest monies, charged by which by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign 5 Annæ, shall

are be discharged,

the half subsides, are charged upon the several subsidies, duties, and impositions dies, &c. to be last-mentioned, shall be fully paid off and satisfied, or that suffigor the uses of clent money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, then all the monies which shall from thenceforth arise by one moiety or half part of the said subsidies of tunnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes

age, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes imported (which were first comprehended in the said act of the zz Car. z. c. 4. Twelfth year of King Charles the Second) and all the monies, which from and after such payment made, or referving money to discharge all such principal and interest, as aforesaid, shall atise by the said impositions upon wine, vinegar, tobacco, East India goods, and other goods therewith charged, and by the said additional impositions on goods and merchandizes, and by the said duties upon whale-sins, for the remainder of the several

Necessary charges excepted.

iterms formerly granted, and therein then to come and upexpired (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, and accounting for the same) shall from time to time be paid into the receipt of the Exchequer distinctly, for the purposes in this present act expressed, and for no other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever.

XI. And whereas all wines of the growth and product of France,
French wines or of any dominions under the French King, are by several laws
and flatutes liable to the payment of several duties upon the impertation thereof, and particularly by an act of parliament smade in the seventh year of the reign of his said late majesty King William the
Third (intituled. An act for granting to his Majesty an additional

7 & 8 W. j. C. 20.

8 & 9 🕸, 3.

C. 24.

Third (intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty an additional duty upon all French goods and merchandizes) it was enabled, amongst other things, That for every ton of French wine imported within the time therein mentioned, there should be paid twenty five pounds above the duties before charged thereupon: but by another all made in the eighth year of the same King's reign, (intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of tonnage and poundage upon merchandizes imported, for the term of two years and three quarters, and an additional land tax for one year, for carrying on the war against France) it was provided, That nothing in the said att of the seventh year of his said less Majesty's reign, should charge any merchandize of the growth of France, which should the bone side.

poundage upon merchandizes imported, for the term of two years and three quarters, and an additional land tax for one year, for carrying on the war against France) it was provided. That nothing in the faid att of the seventh year of his faid late Majesty's reign, should charge any merchandize of the growth of France, which should be bona side, seized or taken, and condemned as prize, which sny further or other duties than what they were or eight to have been charged withal before the making of the att last-mentioned; and her Majesty, by her royal declaration bearing date the sirst day of June, in the sirst year of her reign, for the encouragement of her ships of war and privateers, was pleased to subject all ships, vessels, and goods, which should be taken and condemned as lawful prize, to the payment of such customs and duties only as are therein mentioned: and whereas by an att made in the second year of her Majesty's reign, in-

tituled, An act for granting to her Majesty an additional subsides of three years, and for laying a further duty upon French wines condemned as lawful prize, and for ascertaining the values of unrated goods imported from the East Indies; it was enacted, That for every ten of any wines of the

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growth or product of France, or of any dominious wheler the French King, seized or taken, or to be seized or taken by any of her Majesty's ships, or by any privateers, or otherwise, and which at any time or times, during the term of three years, which commenced from the eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and three, should be condemned or adjudged as lawful prize, there should be paid to her Majesty the sum of sisteen pounds over and above the duties before that time charged thereupon, without deduction, and so proporsionably for a greater or leffer quantity; which duty of fifteen pounds per ton, expired on the eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fix: now it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for every ton of any wine of the growth or pro-French prize duct of France, or of any dominions under the French King, wine and feifeized or taken, or to be seized or taken by any her Majesty's acl. per ton, ships, or by any privateers, or otherwise, and which at any during war. time or times, from and after the fifteenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven, during the present war, shall be condemned or adjudged as lawful prize, and for every ton of any wines of the growth or product of France, or of any dominions under the French King, which after the faid fifteenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seven, during the faid present war, shall be seized and condemned for unlawful importation, or for being brought into any part of Great Britain by collusion, there shall be paid to the Queen's majesty the furn of five and twenty pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, without deduction, and so proportionably for a greater or leffer quantity.

XII. And it is hereby declared, That (over and above the Ships, &c. faid duty of five and twenty pounds per ton on prize wines by taken as prize, this act imposed) all ships, vessels, wines, and other goods and &c. liable to merchandizes, which shall be taken from the enemy, and con-such stances as by demned as lawful prize, and all wines, goods, and merchandizes the Queen's which shall be feized and condemned for unlawful importation, declaration. or for being brought in by collution, as aforefaid, during the present war, shall be subject and liable to such or the like cuftoms and duties to which thips, goods, and merchandizes taken and condemned as prize, were subjected or intended to be subjected by her Majesty's declaration aforesaid; and that all Duties to be the duties by this act chargeable upon thips, wines, goods, and paid out of the merchandizes, taken or feized, as aforefaid, shall and may be neat proceed detained and satisfied out of the neat proceed of such respective upon sale? prizes and seizures, upon sale of the same; and if any entire prize or seizure shall not be sufficient by its neat produce to annot sufficient, swer all the said duties thereupon, then the said neat produce then to be apshall be applied proportionably towards discharging the said du-plied proporties, so far se the said produce shall extend thereunto, and so tionably, &c. much as shall arise by this act of or for the said duty of five and twenty pounds per ton, upon wines taken or feized, as aforesaid, shall be applied towards the payment of the principal and interest to be borrowed upon this act; and the rest of the monies arising by the faid duties upon such prizes or seizures, as

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aforefuld. Thall be apportioned and applied to this famile feweral ples and purpoles whereunto the like duties upon the like goods or merchandizes imported, are applicable by virtue of the several laws relating thereunto.

No drawback allowed for foreign cordage, &c. exported.

XIII, And for encouraging the manufacture of cordage in Great Britain, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That foreign cordage, or cable yarn imported, or to be imported into Great Britain, upon exportation thereof, at any time or times from or after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, for any parts beyond the feas. shall have no allowance or drawback of any duties paid or fecured by this or any other acts, laws, or statutes whatfoever, upon the importation thereof; any thing in this, or any other act or acts of parliament, or any other matter or thing whatfo-

ever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And whereas notwithstanding the several laws now in force for preventing of claudestine importation of foreign goods, great quantities of wrought filks mixed with gold and filver, and other filks, have of late been imported, contrary to law, to the great prejudice of the manufacturers of this kingdom: for remedy thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, all and every such person and persons whatsoever, who shall secretly and clandestinely import, bring, or convey into this kingto forfeit sool, dom, any wrought filk or filks mixed with gold or filver, or any other materials, and all and every their aiders, abettors, and affiftants, shall for every such offence forfeit two hundred pounds. over and above the penalties to which the same are liable by any laws now in force; and the person or persons in whose custody or possession such silks shall be found, or who shall fell or offer the same to sale, knowing thereof, and all and every person or persons who shall conceal such silks, with intent to prevent the forfeiture of the same, shall over and above the loss of the said filks, for every such offence forfeit one hundred pounds; one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors; the other moiety to such person or persons as shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster,

Sellers and concealers forfeit the filk and rool.

Importers of

wrought filks

&c.

Where files so forfeited shall be sold. be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance. XV. And be it further enacted. That all fuch filks to forfeited, as aforefaid, in that part of Great Britain called England, shall be sold at the Custom House at London, by inch of candle, to the highest bidder, and such of them as shall be so sorfeited, as aforefaid, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be fold at the Custom House in Edinburgh, in like manner, and not otherwise.

wherein no effoin, privilege, protection, or wager of law shall

Clause of loan ior 729,067 l. 158. 6d. 3q.

XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives, or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to advance or lend to her. Majefty at the receipt of

her Majesty's Exchequer, as well upon credit of the several subfidies, impositions, and duties by this act granted or continued, as also upon credit of the monies which by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, after satisfaction of the princi- 5 Anne, c. 27. pal and interest thereupon, as aforesaid, shall arise by the subsidies, impositions, and duties thereby granted, any sums which shall not exceed in the whole feven hundred twenty nine thousand fixty feven pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence three farthings, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's occasions; and for a furand moreover the treasurer of the Exchequer for the time be ther sum for ing, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury making good for the time being, are hereby authorized and directed to cause diate interest, the officers of the faid receipt of Exchequer to receive from time to time by way of loan, from any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, willing to make the fame at the faid receipt, any further fum and fums of money, over and above the faid fum of feven hundred twenty nine thousand fixty seven pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence three farthings, as fall be sufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies appointed or allowed by this act, every three months, until the faid subsidies, impositions, and duties arising by this or the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or either of them first happening, shall come into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that purpose, pursuant to the intent and meaning of this act: and that all the lenders, as well of the faid furn not exceeding seven hundred twenty nine thousand sixty seven pounds, fisteen shillings, and six pence three farthings, as of the said further fums for making good the payment of the intermediate interest as aforefaid, shall have and receive interest for the forbearance thereof, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum; and at 61 per cent. that no money to be lent upon the security of this act, shall be taxed, rated or affelfed by any act of parliament whatfoever.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every Lenders to person or persons who shall lend any money upon such credits have tallies as aforesaid, and pay the same into the said receipt of Exchequer, and orders shall immediately have a talley of loan struck for the same, and an order for his, her, or their repayment, bearing the fame date with his, her, or their tallies, in or upon which order shall be also contained a warrant for payment of interest for the forbearance thereof at the rate aforefaid, and to be paid every three months Payable every until the re-payment of the principal; and that all fuch orders 3 months; for re-payment of money to be lent, shall be registred in course, according to the dates respectively, without other presence of one before another; and that all and every person and persons Orders to be shall be paid in course, according as their orders shall stand re-registred, and giftred in the faid register book, so as the faid person, native or paid in course, foreigner, his her or their executors, administrators, successors or affigue, who shall have his her or their order or orders first entred in the said respective books of register, shall be taken and accounted the first person to be paid out of the monies to come in by this act; and he, she, or they who shall have his her or their

their order or orders next entred, shall be taken and accounted to be the fecond perfort to be paid, and fo fuecessively, and in course; and that the monies to come in, of or for the several fublidies, impolitions, or duties by this act granted or continued as aforefaid, and also the monies which by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign (after satisfactions of the principal and interest thereupon as aforesaid) shall arise by the sublidies, impolitions, and duties thereby granted, as aforefaid, (except the faid duties to arise by prizes and seizures, other than the duty of five and twenty pounds per ton before-mentioned) shall be liable in the same order to the satisfaction of the monies to be lent as aforefaid, to the respective parties, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, without undue preference of one before another, and not otherwise; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other tile, intent, or purpose whatsoever; and that no fee, reward, or grattity, directly or indirectly, be demanded or taken of any her Majesty's subjects, for providing or making of any Arch books or registers, or any entries, views, or search in or for payment of money lent, or the interest thereof as aforefaid, by any of her Majesty's officer or officers, their clerks or deputies, on pain of payment of treble damages to the party grieved by the party offending, with treble costs of fuit, or if the officer himself take or demand any such see or reward, then to just his place also; and if any undue preference of one before another shall be made, either in point of registry or payment, contrary to the true meaning of this act, by any such officer of and to pay the officers, then the party offending shall be liable by action of debt, or on the case, to pay the value of the debt, with damages and costs to the party grieved, and shall be forejudged of his place or office; and if such preservence be unduly made by any his deputy or clerk, without direction or privity of his master, then such deputy or clerk only shall be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, and shall be for ever incapable of his place and office; and in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct, or the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment, according to each person's due place and order, as before directed, then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks herein offending to be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, in such manner as aforesaid; all which faid penalties, forfeitures, damages, and cofts to be incurred by any of the officers of the Exchequer, or any their deputies or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of

without undue preference or fee.

on pain of treble damages, &cc.

debt, &c.

Clerk liable.

Tallies bearing date the fame day, no undue preference.

any wife be granted or allowed. XVIII. Provided always, and be it hereby declared, That if it happen that feveral tallies of loan, or orders for payment as aforesaid, bear date, or be brought the same day to the auditor of the receipt to be registred, then it shall be interpreted no undue

preference.

debt, bill, suit, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint shall in preference, which of those be entred first, so as he enters them

all the same day.

XIX. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any use No penalty to due preference, to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the incur, if subauditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the sellers fequent or-do pay subsequent orders to persons that come and demand their paid, &c. monies, and bring their orders, before other perions that did not come to take their monies, and bring their orders in their course, so as there be so much money referred as will fatisfy precedent orders, which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them, interest upon loan being to cease from the time the money is so referved and kept in bank for them.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every perfort Orders affigue and persons, to whom any money shall be due for loans to be able. registred by virtue of this act, after order entred in the book of register as aforesaid, his executors, administrators, or assigns, by proper words of affignment, to be endorfed and written upon his order, may assign or transfer his right, title, interest, and benefit of fuch order, or any part thereof, to any other, which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt aforefaid, and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the book of registry aforesaid for orders, which the officers shall upon request without fee or charge accordingly make, shall entitle such affighee, his executors, administrators, and affigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon, and fuch affighee may in like Affignee may manner affign again, and so toties quoties, and afterwards it shall affign again. not be in the power of such person or persons who have or hath made such assignment, to make void, release, and discharge the same, or any the monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

XXI. And whereas in and by the faid act of the fifth year of her faid Majesty's reign, a credit was given for any sums not exceeding eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen stillings, and six pence farthing, to be borrowed at an interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, upon the several fublidies, impositions, and duties in that att mentioned; and the lard high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are thereby authorized and directed to cause the officers of the Exchequer to receive from time to time, by way of loan, at the like interest at the said receipt, any further sum or fams of money over and above the faid fum of eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and fix pence farthing, as should be fufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies appointed or allowed by that act, every three months, until the subsidies, impositions, and duties therein mentioned, should come into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that purpose, pursuant to the intent and true meaning of that act: now it is hereby pro- Clause of loan vided and enacted by the authority asoresaid, That nothing in in 5 Annæ, c. 27. f. 2. not this act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the lessened by taking away, altering, or leffening the faid power and direction this act. of borrowing monies to make good the payment of the faid interest every three months, until the said subsidies, impositions,

and duties in the faid recited act mentioned, stull come in and be sufficient for that purpose, as aforesaid, or in any wise to alter or prejudice the security given by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for the repayment or satisfaction of the same, or any other the principal and interest monies which were secured or intended to be secured by that act, that the orders for the same shall be registred in course, and paid in the same manner, as if this act had never been made; this present act, or any thing therein contained, or any other matter or thing what-sower to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Clause of appropriation.

6 Ann. c. 1.

XXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies lent and to be lent unto her Majesty on one act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to ber Majesty to be saifed by a land tax in Great Britain, for the serwice of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and so much money (if any fuch be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain (after all the loans made or to be made upon that ast, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for the raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referred to discharge the same:) and all the monies lent and to be lent unto her Majesty, upon one other act of this section of parliament, intituled, An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and eight, and so much money of the faid duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the fame: and the fum not exceeding five hundred and forty thousand pounds mentioned and intended to be raised by another act of this session of parliament, intituled, An ast for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses, by fale of annuities charged on a fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several surplusses, and by granting surther terms in the duties on low wines, and on hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, the stamp duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on sweets, and one of the branches of excise, and by making other provision in this all mentioned: and the furn not exceeding one million and twenty thousand pounds, mentioned and intended to be raised by another act of this fession of parliament, intituled, An act for contiming one half part of the subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes impacted, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and for settling a fund thereby and by other

weys and means, for payment of annuities not exceeding eighly thoufand pounds per annum, to be sold for raising a supply to bee Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses therein expressed; and the sum of one million

6 Ann. c. 5.

6 Ann. c. 4.

6 Ann. c. 11.

1707.]

two hundred thousand pounds, agreed to be advanced by the 6 Ana. C.17. English company trading to the East Indies, pursuant to an act of this fession of parliament for askiring to the said English company trading to the East Indies on account of the united stock. a longer time in the fund and trade therein mentioned: and the fum not exceeding seven hundred twenty nine thousand and fixty seven pounds, fifteen shillings and fix pence three farthings, intended to be raifed on this present act, shall be appropriated; issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for issued, and applied, and the same are necessy appropriated for or towards the several uses and purposes herein after expressed; Ordinary of the navy. that is to fay, for or towards the defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, wear, and tear, and other fervices of the navy, and the victualling thereof performed, and to be performed; and for the sea service in the office of the ordnance, performed and to be performed; and for or towards making of a wharf and storehouse at Ports mouth; and for or towards the land services performed, and Wharf at to be performed, by the office of ordnance; and to and for fub-Portimouth. fistence, off-reckonings, and clearings for one year, from the three and twentieth day of *December*, one thousand seven hundred and seven, to her Majesty's guards and garrisons in Great Guards and Britain, and the contingent charges of the same; and for pay- invalids. ment of invalids for the laid year, beginning from the laid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and feven; and for or towards the defraying the charges of her Majesty's army and such forces as are or shall be added thereunto, Armies in in the Low Countries or Germany, within or for one year, to be Germany and reckoned from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one the Low thousand seven hundred and seven, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of three thousand Palatines formerly taken 2000 Palainto the service of her Majesty and the States General, for the tines. year one thousand seven hundred and eight; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of four thousand six hundred thirty nine Saxons formerly taken into the service of her 4639 Saxons Majesty and the States General, for the year one thousand seven hundred and eight; and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of Bethmar's regiment of dragoons, consisting of Bothmar's eight hundred men, formerly taken into the service of her Mac dragoons. jefty and the States General, for the year one thousand seven hundred and eight; and for maintaining her Majesty's established forces to serve in Spain and Portugal, including the pay of Spain and general officers, and the charge of contingencies, and for for Portugal. rage, waggon money and baggage money, and for the charge of Garrison of the garrison of Gibraltar, and for the augmentation of her Ma-Gibraltar. jelty's forces, in order to strengthen the army of the duke of Forces in Sa-Savey, for making good the alliances with the King of Portugal, Alliances with and for the effectual carrying on the war for recovery of the Portugal. Spanish monarchy to the house of Andria; and for or towards Proportion of the payment of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due subsidies to upon treaties made or to be made with her Majesty's allies, and

other

Interest on hentures. Transports.

Exchequer bills. Extraordinary fublidies to the duke of Savoy.

To the land-Cassel.

Fortifications. &c. of Gibraitar.

37125]. 108: for the marines.

EXP.

other charges for the service of the war, for any time before or until the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and eight; and for the payment of a year and a unfatisfied de- quarter's interest further on the unfatisfied debentures charged upon the Irib forfeitures; and for or towards the transportation of land forces performed and to be performed; and for or towards discharging the premiums and other charges for circulating for another year the bills commonly called the Exchequer bills, which were issued before the last session of parliament: and for or towards the paying of an extraordinary fublidy to the duke of Sever for especial service, in prosecuting the war against France, in the year one thousand seven hundred and seven; and for or towards the making good of a fum not exceeding twenty two thousand nine hundred fifty seven pounds two shillings, to complete the fum of forty two thousand nine hundred fifty seven pounds two shillings, for an additional subsidy to the landerave of Hesse Cassel, for augmenting his troops, and marching them grave of Helle into Italy, and for defraying their expence of bread, waggons and carriages, and of hospitals for their tick and wounded, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven; and for or towards the making good a furn not exceeding twelve

> thousand two hundred eighty four pounds nineteen shillings and gight pence half penny, to defray the charge of the fortifications, and other services of the garrison of Gibraltar, in the year one thouland seven hundred and fix, and to no other uses, intents, or sursoles whatlosver; provided always, That out of the menies to be issued to the guards and garrisons, as aforesaid, there shall and may be taken and applied any fum not exceeding eighty

> seven thousand one hundred twenty five pounds and ten shil-

lings, towards the charge of maintaining the foldiers raifed and to be raised for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and out of the monies to be issued for the service of the navy and sea service, as aforesaid. there shall be taken and applied such sums, as together with the faid fum not exceeding eighty leven thouland one hundred twenty five pounds and ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the faid foldiers for fea fervice, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing berein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XX.

An act for continuing an act made in the third year of her Majefty's reign, inticuled. An all for purifying mutiny and defertion, and falls mufters, and for the better payment of the army and quarters.

CAP. XXI.

An all for the avoiding of doubts and questions touching the statutes of divers cathedral and collegiate churches.

I. TXIHEREAS several doubts and questions bowe arisen, and may hereafter arise, in relation to the validity and force of the flatutes of divers cathedral and collegiate churches, founded by King Henry the Eighth, of famous memory, subich doubts and questions have becu

been occasioned, partly by a temporary of of parliament made in the first year of the reign of Queen Mary the First, in relation to such Statutes made by the faid late King Honry the Bighth, and in order to defeat the true and pious ends and designs of the faid foundations, and partly by reason of the known loss of many records and evidences 1 M. z. sett. 4. during the late rebellion in this kingdom: and whereas the faid doubts and disputes may in time not only turn to the great disquiet and prejudice of the said foundations, but may prove a manifest obstruction to the peace, order, good government and discipline of the church, unless some speedy and effectual remedy be provided; be it therefore enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and the commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That in all cathedral and collegiate Statutes of churches, founded by the said King Henry the Eighth, such cathedral and collegiate statutes as have been usually received and practifed in the go-churches vernment of the same respectively, since the late happy restora- practised since tion of King Charles the Second, and to the observance whereaf the restorathe deans and prebendaries, and other members of the faid tion of King churches, from the faid time have used to be sworn at their in- be good and stallments or admissions, shall be, and shall be taken and ad-valid. judged to be good and valid in law, and shall be, and be taken and adjudged to be the statutes of the faid churches respectively; nevertheless so far forth only as the same, or any of them, are in no manner repugnant to, or inconfishent with the constitution of the church of England, as the fame is now by law established, or the laws of the land.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the autho- No profecurity aforesaid, That no person or persons shall at any time here, tion for non after be liable to any profecution, censure, or punishment whatflower, for not having observed any of the statutes hereby ratified fore 9 March, and confirmed, or for having done any thing contrary to the 1707. same, on or before the ninth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and feven; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and Queen may may be lawful for her Majesty, during her life (which God long alter, revoke, or enlarge the preserve) from time to time to alter, amend, correct, revoke, statutes, and. diminish, or enlarge the said statutes, or any of them, and to make new make new statutes and ordinances for the laid cethedral and ones, &c. collegiate churches, and for refuming or fettling the local vifitation of them, or any of them, in such manner, from time to time, as to her Majesty shall seem meet.

CAP. XXII.

An all for continuing several duties therein montioned, upon coffee, chocolate, spices, pittures, and mustins, and additional duties upon several of the said commodities, and certain duties upon callicoes, China wares and drugs; and for continuing the duties called the two third subsidies of tennage and poundage, for preserving the publick credit, and for ascertaining the duties of coals exported for foreign parts; and for securing the credit of the bank of England, and for passing several accounts of taxes raised in the county of Monmouth, and for promoting the consumption of such tobacco as shall bave paid ber Majesty's duties.

& 4 Anne, I. MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament instituted, An act for continuing duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, and pictures, and upon hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and upon muslins, and for granting new duties upon feveral of the faid commodities; and also upon callicoes, China ware, and drugs, several duties therein mentioned upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures imported, were continued from the last day of April, one thousand seven hundred and fix, till the swenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and a certain duty upon muslins imported, after the rate of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, was continued from the twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven bundred and fix, till the said twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten; and by the same act for increasing your Majesty's revenues, several new additional rates and sums therein particularly expressed, were laid upon all coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, which should be imported at any time or times after the first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and sour, and before the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the same att several further rates and jums therein particularly mentioned, were charged or imposed for and upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs (except drugs for dying) imported from and after the first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and four, at any time or times before the faid twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten; the said several duties to be severally ascertained, answered, and paid in the manner therein mentioned; and in the said act there are contained clauses of credit for lending thereupon any sums not exceeding in the whole seven hundred thousand pounds, at an interest not exceeding the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, as by the same may more largely appear: and whereas it is likely that the duties granted by the said act, may and will determine before the loans made thereupon, and all the interest due, or to grow due for the same, will be satisfied: we therefore your Majesty's

most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, for preferving the publick credit, have given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majesty the several rates, duties, and sums of money to be payable for and upon all coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, muslins, white callicoes, porcelan, called China ware, and drugs (except drugs for dying) herein after mentioned, for the term and purpose herein after expressed; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the said duties, which by the said act of the third Duties on cofyear of her Majesty's reign were continued upon coffee, cocoa fee, &c. connuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, 23 June, 1710. mace, and pictures, and upon muslins, and the said increased, for 4 years or new additional rates and duties which were thereby laid up-longer. on all coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, 3 & 4 Ann. cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and the said further rates perpetual by and sums which were thereby charged or imposed for and upon 7 Ann. c. 7. all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and f. 26. but the drugs (except drugs for dying) shall by virtue of this act be con-duties on coftinued and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fee, tea, and successfors, for and upon the same commedities and more and cocoa must successors, for and upon the same commodities and merchan-imported, are dizes respectively, which shall be imported or brought into Great repealed by Britain, from and after the three and twentieth day of June, one 10Geo. I. C. 10. thousand seven hundred and ten, at any time or times within, and new ones or during the term of four years from thence next and immediately infuing, the fame rates, duties, and fums of money, and every of them respectively (over and above all other duties and impositions whatsoever already charged for or upon the same commodities, or any of them respectively, by any other laws or statutes now in force) to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, Subject to the statutes now in force) to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, same penalrecovered, answered, paid, and accounted for by such rules, ties, drawways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and for-backs, &c. as feitures, and with such distribution of the said penalties and for- by former feitures, and subject to such drawbacks, allowances, and repayments, and in such manner and form in all respects as the like stat. 1. c. 21. rates, duties, and sums of money respectively granted or con- f. 11. tinued by the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's reign are hereby, or by any other act or acts, laws or statutes whereunto the faid act hath reference, prescribed, enacted, or appointed, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, during the continuance thereof respectively.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Former powall such of the powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, ers revived, clauses, matters, and things provided, settled, or established by 6.4. the said act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts now in force whereunto the same hath relation,

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for the better ascertaining, raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the faid respective duties thereby granted, or for making any drawbacks, re-payments, or allowances out of any of the faid feveral and respective duties upon exportation, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the continuance of this act, and further for the recovery of all the arrearages and fums of money which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

The faid duunfatisfied for loans upon Annæ. Šee 8 Geo. 1. c. 15. f. 17.

III. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority ties, appropri- aforesaid, That the said duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocoated for fecur- late, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and ing the monies pictures, and upon muslins, and the said increased or additional rates by this act continued and imposed upon all coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and the faid further rates and fums by this act continued, and payable for and upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs, (the necesfary charges of raising, managing, paying, and accounting for the fame excepted) shall be appropriated, paid, and applied, and be subject and liable (over and above the said duties granted upon the like commodities by the faid former act) to and for the fecturing, paying, and fatisfying all the principal and interest monies, which shall from time to time remain unsatisfied, of or for the loans made upon the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, not exceeding the sum of seven hundred thoufand pounds before-mentioned, in the fame course, order and manner, as the monies arising by the said former act were thereby prescribed to be applied thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the like penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities, as by the faid act of the third year of 'her Majesty's reign are prescribed. for diverting or misapplying any the monies thereby arising.

and not diverted to any other ufe.

3 & 4 Annæ, 'c. 5.

IV. And whereas by another all of parliament made in England, in the third year of your Majesty's reign (intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty a further subsidy on wines and merchandizes imported) certain subsidies of tonnage and poundage, commonly called the two third subsidies, were granted and made payable for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes imported after the eighth day of Match, one thousand seven hundred and four, within or during the space of sour years from thence next and immediately enfuing; in which uti there are contained clauses of credit for lending thereupon, any sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of six hundred thirty fix thousand nine hundred fifty seven pounds, four shillings, and a halfpenny, at an interest not exceeding the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum; and it is likely that the faid subsidies granted by the act last-mentioned, may and will determine before the loans made thereupon and all the interest due or to grow due for the same

thereby granted.)

same will be satisfied: we therefore your Majetty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, for preferving the publick credit, have also given and granted, and do by this act give and grant to your Maiesty the said subsidies of tonnage and poundage, commonly called the two third subsidies, herein after particularly described, for such farther term, and for such purpose, as are herein after expressed; and do most humbly besech your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That over and The two third above all other subsidies, additional duties, impositions, and subsidies of payments whatfoever, by this or any other act or acts of pay-tonnage and liament or otherwise howsoever already due or payable, or which poundage continued ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon any wines, goods, from March, or merchandizes whatfoever imported or to be imported, there 1708. for shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto her years, made Majesty, one other subsidy called tonnage, for and upon all perpetual by wines which from and after the seventh day of March, one 1. 22. thousand seven hundred and eight, at any time or times, within, or during the space of three years from thence next and immediately ensuing, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, that is to say, two third parts of such or the like several and respective duties, as by an act of the ninth year of the reign of 9 & 10 W. 3. his said late majesty King William the Third, of glorious mer Annæ, state mory, were granted to his Majesty during his life; and by an 1.c. 7. act in the first year of her Majesty's reign are continued and payable, during her Majesty's life, for or upon any kind of wine or wines respectively; and one other subsidy called poundage of all manner of goods and merchandizes to be imported or brought into Great Britain, at any time or times from and after the faid seventh day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, within or during the faid term of three years, by way of merchandize, that is to fay, two third parts of such or the like several and respective duties, as by the said act of the Except tobact ninth year of his faid late Majesty's reign were granted, and by co, currans, the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign are continued and sugar and payable for or upon the same goods and merchandizes re- from the Engspectively (except tobacco and such currans as shall be imported tions, &c.
in English built shipping, navigated according to the laws now See 8 Annæ, in force, and fugar from the English plantations, and fuch goods c. 13. f. 21. and other merchandizes, as by the two acts last-mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from payment of the subsidies

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the How duties said duties, commonly called the two third subsidies, by this act shall be raised granted and continued, as aforefaid, and every of them respect and accounted tively, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, sevied, recovered, for. answered, paid, and accounted for, by such rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such distribution of the said penalties and forseitures, and subject to such drawbacks, allowances, and re-payments, and in such manner and form in all respects, as the like duties, commonly

3 & 4 Annæ, c. 4.

Former powers revived. called the two third subfidies respectively, granted by the faid act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, are thereby, or by any other act or acts, laws or statutes whereunto that act hath reference, prescribed, enacted, or appointed, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, during the continuance thereof respectively; and that all fuch of the powers, directions, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things provided, settled, or established by the said subsidy act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts now in force, whereunto that act hath relation, for the better raifing, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the faid respective duties, commonly called the two third subsidies, thereby granted, or for making any drawbacks, repayments, or allowances out of any of the said several and respective duties upon exportations, thall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue, during the continuance of this act; and further for the recovery of all the arrearages, and furns of money, which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors upon this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act. VI. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority

Duties appropriated for fecuring the monies unfatisfieduponthe fubfidy act, 3 & 4 Ann. C. 5.

aforesaid, That the said duties, commonly called the two third subsidies, by this act continued and payable (the necessary charges of raising, managing, paying, and accounting for the same. excepted) shall be appropriated, paid, and applied, and be subject and liable (over and above the faid duties called the two third subsidies, granted by the said former act) to and for the securing, paying, and fatisfying all the principal and interest monies, which shall from time to time remain unsatisfied of or for the faid loans, not exceeding fix hundred thirty fix thousand nine hundred fifty seven pounds, four shillings, and a halfpenny, made upon the faid subsidy act of the third year of her Majesty's reign, in the same course, order, and manner, as the monies arifing by the act last-mentioned were thereby prescribed to be applied thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the like penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities as by the said subsidy act of the third year of her Majesty's reign are prescribed, for diverting, or misapplying any the monies thereby arifing.

and not diverted to any other use.

When debt shall be paid off, monies to be disposed for publick fervice.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when and as the said respective sums of seven
hundred thousand pounds, and six hundred thirty six thousand
nine hundred sifty seven pounds, four shillings, and a halfpenuy,
and all the interest thereof due and to grow due, shall be respectively paid off and fully discharged, or that sufficient mouey
shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, pursuant to
the true meaning of this act, then and from thenceforth the
said duties chargeable by this act with the said principal and

interest, and either of them respectively, for and during the then remainder of the faid respective terms hereby granted of and in the same respectively, shall be disposeable for the publick use and service by authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And whereas by an all made in the fixth year of the reign 6 & 7 W. 1. of his faid late majesty King William the Third (intituled, An act c. 18. for granting to his Majesty certain duties upon glass wares, stone and earthen bottles, coals and culm, for carrying on the war against France) reciting, That the imposition upon coals exported to foreign parts was so great, that it was almost a prohibition, to the great diminution of his Majesty's customs, and lessening the English navigation on the exportation of coals beyond the seas: for remedy whereof it was thereby enacted, That all coals exported beyond the feas in foreign bottoms, should during the continuance of that act, only pay ten shillings the chaldron, and English bottoms only three shillings the chaldron, which part of the said ast was to determine on or about the twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred; and by another all made in the eleventh year of the same King's reign, for continuing several laws therein mentioned, it was 11 & 12 W. 3. enacted, That all coals exported beyond the seas in foreign bottoms, should from and after the said twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven bundred, for and during the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the then next sessions of parliament, only pay ten shillings the chaldron, and in English bottoms only three shillings the chaldron; which several acts, in relation to coals exported, have been found very beneficial and useful to the publick, and fully to have answered the good ends and intent thereof; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all coals exported be- Coals exportyond the leas, from and after the end of this present session of ed in foreign parliament, until the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand bottoms to pay until 1715, seven hundred and fifteen, and from thence to the end of the only 10s. per then next session of parliament, from Great Britain in foreign bot-chaldron, in toms, shall only pay ten shillings the chaldron; and in British bot-British bottoms only three thillings the chaldron, and after those rates for toms only 3s. greater or lesser quantities; any former law or statute to the How duties contrary notwithstanding. The said respective duties on coals ex-shall be levied. ported, to be raised, levied, uplisted, and recovered in the same manner, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, as any other customs or duties payable to her Majesty upon the exportation See 8 Ann. of any goods or merchandizes are by any law or statute now in c. 13. s. force, to be raised, levied, uplifted, or recovered in England or Scotland respectively.

IX. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the eighth year 8 & 9 W. 3. of the reign of his said late majesty King William, of glorious me- c. 20. & 9 mory (intituled, An act for making good the deficiencies of seve-Ann. c. 6. s. ral funds therein mentioned, and for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising the publick credit) it is amongst other things enacted, That during the continuance of the corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England, no other bank, or any other corporation, society, fellowship, company, or

er in in the nature of a bank, shall be erected or established,

proceed, freely countenanced, or allowed by all of parliament sites the line, at in and by the faid aft more at large may apper: service for fince the politic of the faid all some corporations by war of the courters to from granted, and other great numbers of per initial presence of deeds or escenants united together, have prefreeze to become great fame of money, and therewith, contrary to the seer : (the fail as, it deal as a bank, to the apparent danger of the real red create of the kingdom: now for preventing of such precise in time to come, and the mischiefs thence to arise, be it emaid by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the twenty nath day of September, in the year of our Lord one thou and feven hundred and eight, during the continuance of the governor and company of the bank of England, it shall not be is a for any body politick or corporate whatfoever, erected, or to be erected, other than the faid governor and company of tike from the bank of England, or for other persons, whatsoever united or paratie under to be united in covenants or partnership, exceeding the number of fix persons, in that part of Great Britain called England, to borrow, owe, or take up any fum or fums of money on their

From 23 State. 1-:1. 2 - 2 ರ್ಷ-೧.೯ ಚಿತ್ರಗಳ or 22 4, 29 COTTET U. Er: a perrent 2. exceesing 6 in r. - er, it in cn "er b.. s, 6 Beliti

A'! European linent. &c. exempted tois act.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all European linens, fifters threads, and tapes or incle, linfeed, and flax, shall be exempted from the payment of from duties by the duties imposed by this act (called the two third subsidies, as aforefaid) during the said term of three years by this act granted of and in the same, as aforesaid; any thing in this act contain-

bills or notes, payable at demand, or at any less time than fix

ed to the contrary notwithstanding.

months from the borrowing thereof.

Auditor in making up receiver's accounts for county of charge him with the de. Sciency in feveral aids herein mentioned.

XI. And whereas in raifing the several sums granted to his late majesty King William, and her present Majesty, by several acts of parliament for granting aids by a land tax in the years one thousand feven hundred and one, one thousand seven hundred and two, one theu-Monmouth, to find feven bundred and three, one thousand seven bundred and four, one thousand seven hundred and five, one thousand seven hundred and fix, there both happened a deficiency in the several and respective aids in the county of Monmouth, and the commissioners in the said county having caused the same to be re-assessed and paid to the receiver general in a gross sum, and duplicates not regularly returned into her Majesty's remembrancers office in the Exchequer, by reason whereof the receiver is incapable of palling his account; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the auditor in making up the faid receiver's accounts for the faid county, shall charge the faid receiver with the sums contained in the several acts of parliament for the respective years before-mentioned, so as that the said sums are fully answered to her Majesty, although duplicates for the said county are not regularly returned.

After 29 Sep. 1708, no tobacco of the growth of ELTOPE, to be

XII. And for promoting the confumption of tobacco of the growth of her Majesty's plantations in America, the increase of her Majesty's revenue, and for the better encouragement of the faid British plantations, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That

That from and after the twenty ninth day of September, in the fold in any year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, it shall ships of warnot be lawful for any commander of any of her Majesty's ships of war, or purser thereof, to sell, deliver, or cause to be sold or delivered to any of her Majesty's seamen or marines on board of such ship, any tobacco of the growth of Europe, nor any to-

bacco mixed with tobacco of the faid growth. XIII. And for the better employment of the poor of this But only tokingdom, be it likewise enacted, That all tobacco to be used or bacco of the confumed on board any of her Majesty's ships of war in any British plan-part of Europe, from and after the said twenty ninth day of Sep-factured in tember, shall be such as is of the growth of the said British plan- Great Britain. tations which hath paid her Majesty the full duties, and been manufactured in Great Britain; upon pain that every such commander or purser who shall knowingly and wilfully offend herein, shall forfelt their respective places and employments, and three shillings for every pound weight of tobacco, and so in proportion for every greater or leffer quantity so sold and delivered; one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, and the other moiety to the informer who shall sue for the same by action or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed, and no more than one imparlance.

CAP. XXIII.

An alt to make further provision for electing and summoning sixteen peers of Scotland to sit in the bouse of peers in the parliament of Great Britain; and for trying peers for offences committed in Scotland; and for the further regulating of voters in elections of members to serve in parliament.

TATHEREAS by the two and twentieth article of the treaty of union for uniting the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, ratified and confirmed by the respective parliaments of each kingdom, it was, among & other things, provided, That when her Majesty, ber heirs or successors, should declare their pleasure for holding the first, or any subsequent parliament of Great Britain, until the parliament of Great Britain should make further provision therein, writs should issue under the great seal of the united kingdom of Great Britain, directed to the privy council of Scotland, commanding them to cause sixteen peers, who were to sit in the house of lords. to be summoned to parliament, in such manner as by an aet of the then present session of parliament of Scotland, was or should be settled; in which session of the parliament in Scotland, an act was accordingly paffed for that purpose, intituled, An act settling the manner of electing the fixteen peers and forty five members to represent Scotland in the parliament of Great Britain; which att was afterwards confirmed by the parliament of England, and declared to be as valid as if the same had been part of, and ingressed in the said artitles of union; by which att it is, amongst other things, provided and

B b 4

enacted, That the fixteen peers, who should have a right to savin the boufe of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, on the part of Scotland, by virtue of the faid treaty, should be named by the faid peers of Scotland, whom they represent, their heirs or fuccessors to their dignities and honours, out of their own number, and that by open election and plurality of voices of the peers prefent, and of the proxies for fuch as should be absent, the said proxies being peers, and producing a mandate in writing, duly signed before withesses, and both the conflituent and proxy being qualified according to law; and that fuch peers as were absent, being qualified as aforesaid, might send to all such meetings a list of the peers whom they judged sittest, validiy figned by the faid absent peers, which should be reckoned in the same manner, as if the parties had been present, and given in the said lift: and in case of the death or legal incapacity of any of the said fixteen peers, that the aforesaid peers of Scotland should nominate another of their own number in place of the faid peer or peers, in manner as therein is mentioned; and it was thereby further enacted, That until the parliament of Great Britain should make further provision therein, the faid writs fo to be iffued, should contain a warrant and command, to command the faid privy council to iffue out a proclamation in her Majesty's name, requiring the peers of Scotland for the time to meet and affemble at such time and place within Scotland, as ber Majesty and her royal successors should think fit, to make election of the said sixteen peers, and requiring the lord clerk register, or two of the clerks of session, to attend all such meetings, and to administer the oaths as were or should be by law required, and to ask the votes, and having made up the lift in presence of the meeting, to return the names of the fixteen peers chosen, certified under the subscription of the faid lord clerk register, clerk or clerks of session attending, to the clerk of the privy council of Scotland, to the end that the names of the fixteen peers being so returned to the privy council, might be returned to the court from whence the writ did iffue, under the great feal of the united kingdom, conform to the faid twenty second article: and whereas by an act of this present session, intituled, An act for rendering the union of the two kingdoms more entire and compleat, it is declared and enacted, That from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and eight, the privy council of Scotland shall cease and determine, whereby it is become necessary that some further provision should be made for the electing and returning the faid fixteen peers, that are to fit in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, pursuant to the said treaty; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same. That at all times hereafter when her Majesty, her heirs

Proclamation the electing and furnmenting the fixteen peers of Scotland, a proto be iffued for chamation shall be iffued under the great seal of Great Britain, electing 16 commanding all the peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at peers of Scotland, to sit in Edinburgh, or in such other place in Scotland, and at such time as shall

and fuccessors, shall declare her or their pleasure for summoning

shall be appointed in the said proclamation, to elect by open e-theparliament lection the sixteen peers to sit and vote in the house of peers in of Great Brithe parliament of Great Britain, in such manner as by the be-tain.

fore recited act and herein after is appointed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, And published That every proclamation issued for the purpose aforesaid, shall at Edinburgh. be duly published at the market cross at Edinburgh, and in all &c. 25 days the county towns of Scotland, five and twenty days at the least before elecbefore the time thereby appointed for the meeting of the peers to proceed to fuch election.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, All the peers That all the peers who meet on such proclamation, shall, before present to take they proceed to the election, and in presence of the peers assem- the oaths.

bled for such election, take the respective oaths, videlicet:

A. B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful, Oaths. A and bear true allegiance to ber majesty Queen Anne.

So help me GOD.

A. B. do swear, That I do from my heart abbor, detest, and abjure, as impious and heretical, that damnable doctrine and position, That princes excommunicated or deprived by the pope, or any authority of the see of Rome, may be deposed or murdered by their subjects, or any other what soever. And I do declare, That no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, bath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, superiority, pre-eminence or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this realm.

So help me GOD.

And shall also make, repeat, and subscribe the declaration following, videlicet;

I A. B. do selemnly and sincerely, in the presence of God, profess, And subscribe testify, and declare, That I do believe that in the sacrament of the the declara-Lord's supper there is not any transubstantiation of the elements of tion. bread and wine into the body and blood of Christ, at or after the confecration thereof by any person whatsoever; and that the invocation or adoration of the virgin Mary, or uny other. Saint, and the fattifice of the mess, as they are now used in the church of Rome, are superstitious and idolatrous. And I do solemnly, in the presence of God; profess, testify, and declare, That I do make this declaration, and every part thereof, in the plain and ordinary fense of the words read unto me, as they are commonly understood by English protestants, without any evasion, equivocation, or mental reservation whatsoever, and without any dispensation already granted me for this purpose by the pape, or any other authority or person, or without any hope of any such dispensation from any person or authority whatseever, or without thinking that I am or can be acquitted, before God or man, or absolved of this declaration, or any part thereof, although the pope or any

other person or persons, or power whatsoever, should dispense with, or annul the same, or declare that it was null and void from the beginning.

And also take and subscribe the oath following, videlicet:

And also take the following oath.

Altered by

1 Geo. 1. C. 13.

1 W. & M.

ff. 2. c. 2.

C. 3.

A. B. do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare in my conscience, before God and the world, That our sovereign lady Queen Anne is lawful and rightful Queen of this realm, and of all other ber Majesty's dominions and countries thereunto belonging. And I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe in my conscience, the person pretended to be prince of Wales, decring the life of the late King James, and fince his decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the still and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title whatforver to the crown of this realm, or any other the dominions thereunto belonging: and I do renounce, refuse, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do swear, That I will bear faith and true allegiance to ber majesty Queen Anne, and ber will defend to the utmost of my power against all traiterous conspiraries and attempts whatforver which shall be made against her person. crown, or dignity. And I will do my utmost endequaur to disclose and make known to her Majesty and her successors all treasons and traiterous conspiracies, which I shall know to be against ber er any of them, And I do faithfully promise, to the utmost of my power, to support, maintain, and defend the succession of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons whatsoever, as the same is and stands lettled by an act, intituled, An act declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown to her present Majesty, and the heirs of her body, being protes-12 & 13 W. 1. tants; and as the same by one other act, intituled. An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject, is and stands settled and entailed after the decease of her Majesty, and for default of issue of her Majesty, to the princess Sophia, electress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and fincerely acknowledge and fwear, according to thefe express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evotion, or secret reservation subatsoever. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, abjuration, renunciation and promise, heartily, willingly, and truly, upon the true faith of a christian.

So help me G Q D,

IV. And that such peers that live in Scotland, but shall not How peers living in Scot- be present at such meeting so appointed, may take the said land or refid- oaths, and make and subscribe the said declaration in any ing in Engsheriff's court in Scotland, and every sheriff, or his deputy, beland, not pre-fore whom such oaths, and such declaration shall be so made, tion, may take subscribed and repeated, shall and is hereby required to return the oaths, &c.

the original subscription of such eath and declaration, signed by the peer who took the same, and make a return in writing, under his hand and feal to the peers to affembled, of fuch peers taking the faid oaths, and making and fubscribing the faid oath and declaration, and such peer shall be thereby enabled and qualified to make a proxy, or to fend a figned lift, containing And be there. the names of fixteen peers of Scotland, for whom he giveth his by qualified to vote; and fuch of the peers of Scotland, as at the time of isluing make a proxy, fuch proclamation, refide in England, may take and subscribe &c. the said oaths, and make, repeat, and subscribe the said declaration in her Majesty's high court of Chancery of England, her Majesty's court of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, or court of Exchequer in England, which being certified by writ to the peers in Scotland at their meeting, under the seal of the court where fuch oath and declaration shall be made, repeated and subscribed, shall be sufficient to entitle such peer to make his proxy, and to fend a figned lift, as aforefaid; and in case any of the said peers of Scotland, who at any time before the isliving of such proclamation, have taken the faid oaths, and made and fabscribed the said declaration in England or Scotland, to be certified, as aforesaid, and if taken in parliament, to be certified under the great feal of Great Britain, shall at the time of isling fuch proclamation be absent in the service of her Majesty, her heirs or fuccessors, such peer may make his proxy, to send a figned lift.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a. How province foresaid, That such peers of Scotland as are also peers of England, shall be sign d. shall figh their proxies and lifts by the title of their peerage in

Scotland.

V1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, have more That no peer shall be capable of having more than two proxies than two at one time.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefald, After election That at fuch meeting of the peers, they shall all give in the lord clerk renames of the persons by them nominated to fit and vote in the gifter to certihouse of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, and the lord of the 16 peers clerk register, or two of the principal clerks of the session ap-elected. pointed by him to officiate in his name, that after the election is made and duly examined, certify the names of the fixteen peers to elected, and fign and attest the fame in the prefence of the peers; which certificate so signed and attested shall by the lord clerk register, or two of the principal clerks of the folions, be returned into her Majelty's high court of Chancery of Great Britain, before the time appointed for the meeting of the parliament,

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How peers That the peers shall come to such meetings with their ordinary shall come at attendants only, according to and under the feveral penalties tended to inflicted by the several laws and statutes now in force in Scotland, which prescribe and direct with what numbers and at-

... s

proxies.

tendants the subjects there may repair to the publick courts of

justice.

And not deany matter, &c. except only the clection.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, bate or treat of That it shall not be lawful for the peers so assembled and met together for the electing fixteen peers to fit and vote in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, to act, propose, debate, or treat of any other matter or thing whatsoever, except only the election of the faid fixteen peers; and that every peer who shall at such meeting presume to propose, debate, or treat of any other matter or thing contrary to the direction of this act, shall incur the penalty of promunire expressed in the statute of the fixteenth year of King Richard the Second.

Confirmation of the act of parliament of Scotland.

X. And be it further declared by the authority aforesaid, That all and every matter and things for or concerning the election of fixteen peers of Scotland, to fit and vote in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain, directed and appointed to be observed and done by the articles of union, and the faid recited act of parliament in Scotland, intituled, All fettling the manner of electing the fixteen peers and forty five members to represent Scotland in the parliament of Great Britain, which act, by an act of parliament in England in the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An all for an union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, was declared to be as valid as if

the same had been part of, and ingrossed in the articles of union, thereby ratisfied and approved, shall be observed and

Exception.

e Ann. c. 8.

performed, except only wherein this act has further declared and provided.

In case of death or difelected, proclamation to iffue for electing another.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case any of the sixteen peers so chosen shall die, or beability of poor dome otherwise legally disabled to fit in the house of peers of the parliament of Great Britain; that her Majesty, her heirs and successors shall forthwith, after such death or disability, issue a proclamation under the great seal of Great Britain, for electing another peer of Scotland to lit in the house of peers of the parliament of Great Britain, in the room of such peer deceased, or otherwise legally disabled; which proclamation shall be published at such time and places as is herein enacted, touching proclamations issued upon summoning a parliament of Great Britain, and the peers of Scotland being qualified as is hereby directed, shall proceed to elect a peer of Scotland to sit in the house of peers of the parliament of Great Britain, in the room of such peer deceased, or otherwise legally disabled, in such manner, and under fuch reftrictions and regulations as are by this act directed to be observed, upon the electing fixteen peers of Scotland to sit in the house of peers of the parliament of Great

How peers thall be tried for treaton, murder, &c. committed in Scotland.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That for the more effectual trial of any peer of Great Britain that hath committed, or shall commit any high treason, petit treason, misprission of treason, murder, or other felonies in Statland, commission or commissions may issue under the great seal

of Great Britain, to be directed to such person and persons as shall be therein named, constituting them and such a number of them, as shall be therein mentioned, justices of the Queen, her heirs and fucceffors, to enquire by the oaths of good and lawful men of fuch county and counties of Scotland as shall be named therein. of all treasons, misprisions of treason, murders, and other felonies committed in such county by a peer or peers of Great Britain. which inquisition shall be taken and made in the same manner as indictments found and taken before justices of Oyer and Terminer of any county of England, and shall be of the same effect, and proceeded upon in the same method as any inquisition found before justices of Oyer and Terminer in England, whereby any peer is indicted for any such offence; and such justices shall issue mandates or precepts to the sheriffs of the respective counties of Scotland, to return to them at fuch day and place as they shall appoint, such and so many good and lawful men of the same county, as may be sufficient, to enquire of the offences aforesaid, and twelve or more of them to returned, being sworn, shall be sufficient to make such enquiry, and find any indictment; and if the sheriff of such county shall not summon a sufficient number of men to make such inquisition, the justices that do proceed upon fuch commission may impose a fine upon such sheriff, which shall be levied by process out of the Exchequer; and if any of the persons summoned by the sheriff to enquire, as aforesaid, shall not appear, the justices may in like manner impose a fine upon fuch persons so making default, to be levied in manner asoresaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons re-That every person who shall refuse to take the oath last herein fusing to take before recited, or being a quaker shall refuse to declare the ef-oath, or quafect thereof upon his solemn affirmation, as directed by an act affirmation. of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his late &c. uncapable majesty King William, intituled, An act that the Jolenn affirma- of voting for tion and declaration of the people called Quakers should be accepted in-election of member, &c. flead of an eath in usual form, (which oath or declaration the 7 & 8 W. 1. theriff, president of the meeting, or chief officer taking the poll, c. 34. at any election of members to serve in the house of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioners for choosing burgesses for any place in Scotland, at the request of any candidate or other person present at such election, are hereby impowered and required to administer) shall not be capable of giving any vote for the election of any such member to serve in the house of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioner

to chuse a burgess for any place in Scotland.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- Quakers de-. foresaid, That if any person being a quaker, shall resule to take claring on their affirmathe said oath, being tendred to him in pursuance of an act made tion not liable this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for the better to penalties by security of her Majesty's person and government, but shall instead 6 Ann. c. 140 thereof, declare the effect of the faid oath, upon his foleran af-7 & 8 W. 3firmation, as directed by an act of parliament made in the feventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William the

Third,

Third, intituled, An act that the folence affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an eath in usual form, which affirmation shall be administred to such quakers instead of the said oath, such quaker shall not be liable to any the penalties or forfeitures for refufing the faid oath when tendred to him, contained or mentioned in the faid act. intituled, An act for the better fecurity of her Majefty's perfor and

6 Ann. c. 14.

. government.

CAP. XXIV.

An all for the further directing the payment of the equivalent money.

I. TATHEREAS by the treaty of smion, and fifteensh article thereof, it is agreed, That Scotland shall have an equi-Geo, 1. C.14. valent for what the subjects thereof shall be charged towards payment

granted as an equivalent to Scotland.

of the debts of England contracted before the union, in all particulars 398,085 l. 108 what seever; and particularly, that the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, should be granted to her Majesty as an equivalent to Scotland, for such parts of the customs and excise there, as should be applicable to the payment of the faid debts of England, according to the proportions therein fet down; and in regard that after the union, Scotland becoming liable to the same customs and duties of excises upon all exciseable liquors as in England, as well on that account as upon the account of the encrease of trade and people, the faid revenues will much improve beyond the values mentioned in the faid article, of which no estimate could be made, it was agreed, That after the union there should be kept an eccount of the said duties arising in Scotland, to the end it might appear what ought to be answered to Scotland, as an equivalent for fuch proportion of the faid encreuse as should be applicable to the payment of the debts of England; and for the further and more effectual answering the several ends therein after mentioned, it was agreed, That from and after the union, the aforesaid whole encrease of the revenues of customs and excises in Scotland therein expressed, should go and be applied for the term of seven years to the uses therein fet down; and that upon the faid account there should be answered to Scotland annually, from the end of seven years after the union, an equivalent, in proportion to such part of the said encrease as shall be applicable to the faid debts of England; and generally that an equivalent should be answered to Scotland for such parts of the debts of England as Scotland might thereafter become liable to pay, by reason of the union, other than such as are in the said article ex-Uses to which pressed; and as for the uses to which the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, and other monies, which are to be answered or allowed to Scotland, as aforefaid, are to be opplied, it was thereby agreed, That in the first place, the losses which private persons might sustain by reducing the cain of

the faid fum is to be applied, viz. Losses by reducing the coin.

Scotland to the standard and value of the com of England, might be made good; in the next place, That the capital flock or fund of the African and Indian company of Scotland advanced, tegether with the interest of the faid capital stock after the rate of since pounds per centum

centum per annum, from the respective times of payment thereof, Capital Rock should be paid; and as to the overplus of the said sum of three bun- of the African and Indian dred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, and company also the whole encrease of the said revenue of customs and excise, above the then values arising during the term of seven years, with the equivalent which should become due upon improvement thereof, and also all other sums, which, according to the aforesaid agreement, should become payable to Scotland by way of equivalent, it was agreed, That Overplus mothe same should be applied in manner following, viz. that all the nies how appublick debts of the kingdom of Scotland, as should be adjusted by the plied. then parliament of Scotland, should be paid; and that two thousand pounds per annum, for the space of seven years, should be applied towards encouraging the manufacture of coarse wooll, within those shires which produce the wooll; and afterwards the same should be wholly applied for encouraging the fisheries, and such other manufactures and improvements in Scotland, as may most conduce to the general good of the united kingdom: and whereas for preventing all mistakes or abuses which might hinder the ready application of the aforesaid money to the proprietors and others concerned in the stock of the African and Indian company of Scotland, conform to the faid article, there was an act made in the last session of the last parliament of Scotland, intituled, Act concerning the payment of the sums out of the equivalent to the African company, wherein it is, amongst other things, enasted, That the directors of the said. African and Indian company of Scotland, should make up accounts of the sums advanced by the proprietors of the said company, and debts due by the faid company, the whole, with interest due thereon, not exceeding two hundred thirty two thousand eight hundred and eighty four pounds five shillings, and two third parts of a penny sterling, on the first day of May then next, and now past, and appointed the proprietors for their respective shares to be paid, and to have execution as therein also is expressed; and in like manner by another act of the faid parliament of Scotland, intituled, Act concerning the publick debts, the payments to be made on account of the publick debts of Scotland, are adjusted as in the said fifteenth article, and two acts above-mentioned, is more amply contained: and whereas the faid fum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten stillings, has been paid for and on the part of England, to the commisfioners of the equivalent in Scotland, pursuant to the aforesaid articles, and confiderable sums have by them been issued out, conform to the same, and the above recited acts of the parliament of Scotland; but by experience it has been found, that some further direction is yet necessary for the better application of what remains of the said sum get unapplied, and all other sums which are or may become due by virtue of the agreements aforesaid, and for the more effectual attaining the ends mentioned in the faid article of the treaty and acts above re-cited; therefore her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly beseech ber Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the fords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this

Commissioners of the cuftoms, excise, &c. to make two abbreviats of the produce of those sevenues, &c.

this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the commissioners, managers, collectors, or other proper officers of the customs and excise upon all exciseable liquors. and of all other duties and revenues from whence an equivalent may arise to Scotland, according to the agreements contained in the aforesaid treaty, shall on or before the twenty fourth day of fune, one thousand seven hundred and eight, make and subscribe two authentick abbreviats of the produce of such revenues, with the amount of the several sums which shall be due by way of equivalent, according to the faid agreements, from the commencement of the union, to the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, for the first time, and so from thence forward half-yearly within three months after expiring of each half year, and shall transmit one of the faid abbreviats to the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and the other to the commissioners of equivalent in Scotland for the time

From the union to the 25 March, 1708.

Lord treasurer on receipt of such abbreviats to order immediate payment, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury aforesaid, upon the receipt of such abbreviats, shall and may grant his or their warrants or orders for the immediate payment of such sums as shall be so found due to the commissioners of the equivalent for the time being, or to such person or persons as they shall appoint from time to time to receive the same, for the

purposes in this act expressed.

III. And whereas by the said fifteenth and sixteenth acts of the last session of the last parliament of Scotland, the sum of two hundred thirty two thousand eight hundred and eighty four pounds five shillings, and two third parts of a penny, is defigned and appropriated for payment of the fums due to the African and Indian company of Scotland out of the equivalent, according to the accounts ordered to be made by the directors of the faid company: and also whereas the accounts given in by them do fall short of the aforesaid sum of two hundred thirty two thousand eight hundred and eighty four pounds, five shillings and two third parts of a penny, in the sum of seven hundred and twenty one pounds, eight shillings, and five six parts of a penny sterling, whereby the same falls now to be disposable for other uses: and whereas the said directors of the Indian and African company have been put to very confiderable charges in making up the said accounts, and in employing clerks, and others necessary for that service, which expences do far exceed the three hundred pounds allowed them by the aforefaid fifteenth act; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid. That out of the aforefaid sum of seven hundred twenty one pounds, eight shillings, and five fix parts of a penny sterling, there be paid by the aforefaid commissioners of the equivalent to the faid directors or their order, the fum of five hundred pounds sterling; and as to the remainder of the aforesaid fum of feven hundred twenty one pounds, eight shillings, and

In what manmer 72: 1. 8s. and five fixths of a penny shall be disposed of. five fix parts of a penny sterling. That out of the same the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds shall be paid by the said commissioners of the equivalent to Mr. Alexander Cunningham, in satisfaction to him of the like fum advanced and paid out by him while he was employed by his late majesty King William, of glorious memory, for negotiating certain publick affairs concerning Scotland; and that the remainder of the faid fum of feven hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings, and five fix parts of a penny sterling, shall be applied to the same uses, and in the manner contained in the faid fixteenth act.

IV. And whereas by the faid fifteenth article of union, provision is made for payment of two thousand pounds yearly, for the space of seven years, to be employed towards the encouraging the manufacture of coarle wool within those shires which produce the same: and whereas there having been no direction given, neither by the faid treaty of union, nor by any fublequent act or order of parliament in Scotland, to whom the same is to be paid, the commissioners of equivalent have hitherto made no payment of any part of the faid sum so appropriated; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the judges of the judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland for the time being, Exchequer to shall have full power and authority, and are hereby fully im-distribute powered and authorized, upon such information or advice as to accol. per ann. them shall seem most expedient, to make such distribution of ing the manuthe faid money yearly, during the space aforesaid, amongst facture of those shires that produce the said coarse wool, in such districts coarse wool. or divisions as they shall think fit, and in such proportion as to them shall seem most equitable, with power likewise to them to name and appoint certain persons, one or more for each district or division, to receive such part of the said two thousand pounds yearly, as shall have been by them allowed and appropriated to fuch district or division, whose receipt or discharge shall be sufficient warrant for the commissioners of equivalent to pay the fame, with further power likewise to the said judges of the court of Exchequer to establish such rules and orders for disposing of the money so received, in such manner as they shall think will best answer the ends and design for which the same is granted by the said treaty of union, and to appoint persons in every difirict or division to oversee and direct the disposal of the said monies, and to be accountable to them for fuch their admini-

V. And whereas by the aforesaid fixteenth act of the last sel- And make up fion of the last parliament of Scotland, intituled, An act concern- the accounts ing publick debts, the lords of her Majesty's treasury in Scotland of the debts of were appointed betwixt this and the first day of May then next, Scotland. to draw up an account of the faid debts due to the civil lift and army, to be given in to the commissioners of the equivalent, and to give certificates to the respective parties having right to any of the faid debts, that by virtue of those certificates

the parties may be empowered to use diligence, and to recover their monies in manner therein directed; and whereas by rea-Vol. XI. fon

fon of the great variety and importance of those accounts, and the remissiness of the parties having interest, it has fallen out, That no full or distinct account has yet been made, pursuant to the faid act, and conform to the orders and classes therein mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland for the time being, shall and are hereby impowered to make up lifts according to the faid fixteenth act, and for that end to call for all books, accounts, or other records or writings necessary for these purposes, and all havers of such writs are ordained to exhibit the fame; and in case of refusal, the said judges are hereby impowered to use such form of execution or distress, as to them shall seem expedient.

All persons interested in the faid debts, to compear . before the udges at Edinburgh.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said judges shall by publick proclamation at the market-cross of Edinburgh, or by any other form of publick proclamation the faid judges shall think fit, intimate to all parties within or without the kingdom, having interest in any of the publick debts of Scotland before the union, and having right by the faid act of parliament to claim, to compear by themselves, or their lawful procurators or attorneys before the faid judges at Edinburgh, in the ordinary place where the said court of Exchequer meets, at or before any day to be by them therein appointed, not shorter than fix months from the date of the publick proclamation at the market-cross of Edinburgh, and there to exhibit their claims and instructions, declaring, That the accounts hereby and by the afore recited act of parliament of Stocland appointed to be made, shall be made up only of such claims as shall be presented to them within the said time, and the commissioners of the equivalent impowered to pay these only who shall be contained in the said general account.

And exhibit their claims.

Judges to pro- . counts.

of the equiva-

VII. And to the end that the aforesaid accounts may be the ceed without more fully and regularly made up, and in such expeditious ing up the ac-manner as may be most useful to all parties concerned, be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said judges shall proceed without loss of time or delay whatsoever, to the making up of the aforefaid accounts, according to the Copy to be de- claims and instructions duly presented and verified: and the livered to the faid general accounts being so made up, an authentick copy of commissioners the fame substribed by the field indeed of the Explosure. (hell the same subscribed by the said judges of the Exchequer, shall be delivered to the commissioners of the equivalent, or their secretary or clerk, and certificates shall be granted to each of the several parties gratis of such article of the said general account as does concern them: which certificate shall be signed in manner aforesaid, and shall contain the name of the party to whom the debt was originally due, the fum payable, with the lift civil or military upon which the same is charged, and the class and order of preference of such debt, according to the said fixteenth act, and shall be assignable and transferrable by indorsement.

Persons omitting to make

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such persons as shall happen to omit to compear and make

good their said claims before the said judges of the Exchequer, good their within the time to be by them appointed in manner above di-claims to lose rected, and shall thereby lose the benefit of being placed and being placed the benefit of being placed are being placed. stated upon the faid general account, according to which only upon the general account, the commissioners of equivalent are by this act impowered to neral account. make payment as is above more at large expressed, shall nevertheless be allowed to compear by themselves, or others by them lawfully impowered for that end, before the faid judges of the Exchequer on any lawful day within one year after elapfing of the faid first day, to be by them appointed, and there to exhibit and make good before them their respective claims; which But may make claims so made good, shall be by the said judges of Exchequer good their admitted and formed into one second general account without claims within distinction or order of preference whatsoever, to be by them a year after, figned and delivered to the commissioners of equivalent, as also because shall grant certificates transferrable by indorfement; and in the fame manner and form as these upon the first general accounts are hereby directed, payable by the commissioners of equivalent next and immediately after the whole debts due upon the first two general accounts.

IX. Declaring always, and it is hereby enacted and declared. Or for ever af-That such persons as shall neglect to compear and make good ter be excludtheir claims, as is above appointed, before elapsing of this se-ed. cond term hereby granted, shall for ever after be excluded and debarred from all right, claim or pretension they may have for payment to be made to them of such their debts out of this or any other equivalent arising to Scotland by virtue of the treaty

X. And whereas certificates may have been granted by the Certificates lords of treasury to sundry persons, which have not yet been from treasury presented or paid, and which might occasion confusion if such not yet preprecepts should yet remain in force, be it therefore enacted by feated, volds the authority aforefaid, That all such certificates shall cease and become void.

XI. And for the better direction for the commissioners of the In what manequivalent in payment and application of the monies of the e-ner the comquivalent, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the missioners of commissioners of the equivalent shall be liable in the manner the equivalent prescribed in the aforesaid fixteenth act of the last session of the payment. last parliament of Scotland, to the several parties having interest, and in all cases where the said commissioners shall not have sufficient fams of money in their hands for answering the whole fum due to any particular order or class, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon presenting of any certificate made and figned in manner above directed, and agreeing with the faid general accounts, the faid commissioners shall make payment to the parties having right respectively and proportionably, as the fums due to the faid parties have proportion to the whole sum due to the same class, and shall retire the principal certificate, with a receipt on the back thereof, for fuch fum as shall be then paid, and shall give forth to the said C c 2 parties

parties respectively transferrable debentures, containing the sum remaining due, with the lift either civil or military, upon which it is due, and the order of preference; which debenture shall have the same force and authority for the sum therein contained as the principal certificate above-mentioned; and upon each partial payment the former debentures being retired with a receipt of the sum then paid, new debentures shall be granted of the same nature and force as the former, until the whole be paid and discharged.

XII. And whereas it appears. That after the payment and disposal of the above-mentioned whole sum of three hundred and

Commissioners

lick debts.

ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds, ten shillings, there will still remain very considerable sums of publick debts to be paid and satisfied out of the other sums which according to the agreements contained in the treaty of union, will become payable to Scotland by way of equivalent; be it enacted by the auimpowered to thority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the comreceive certifi- missioners of equivalent, and they are hereby directed and imcates for pub-powered from time to time to call for and receive all and every certificates for such publick debts to be signed by the judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, by virtue of this act, from the persons having right thereto; and where there shall not be fufficient monies of the said sum of three hundred and ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds ten shillings, remaining in their hands for payment of the sums therein contained, That then upon the person or persons having right to the said sums contained in the faid certificates, granting his or their receipt or discharge upon the back thereof, and delivering the same to the commissioners of equivalent for their warrant, they shall grant to fuch person or persons one or more debentures for the sums contained in the faid certificate so discharged, or for such part And grant de- thereof as shall then remain unpaid, in such form and manner as they shall judge most proper: which debentures shall be assigntained therein, able and transferrable by indorsement, and bear interest after the rate of five pounds per cent. per annum, from the twenty fourth shall be assign-day of June one thousand seven hundred and eight, and payable out of the first and readiest of the said other sums arising by way of equivalent only, preferable to all principal sums; and that half yearly, that is to fay, Upon the twenty fifth day of December, and the twenty fourth day of June annually, until the faid whole interest and arrears thereof, together with the principal fums of fuch debentures shall come to be paid off, and discharged, in the rank and order of preserence by this act, and the said sixteenth act of the last session of the last parliament in

bentures for the fums con-&c. which able and bear l. per cent. interest.

On notice of

Scotland directed.

XIII. Providing always, and be it hereby provided, That payment, in- when publick intimation shall be made by the commissioners of serest to cease, equivalent (in such manner as to them shall seem most expedient) for all persons having interest to come in and receive the fums due to them upon all or any of the aforesaid debentures, or any proportion thereof, according to the rules aforesaid, at

or before any day in such publick intimation to be expressed, the obligation for payment of the faid interest upon any such fums, or proportion of fums, shall from that day forth cease and become void.

XIV. And whereas, the case of the arrears of pensions due Commissionto the late bishops in Scotland, and to the poor upon her Maje-ers to pay a fly's charity there, are of themselves pious causes and of pressing years pension necessity, and their conditions were represented to the commission to the late bisioners of the equivalent of Scotland, to the end that the same the poor in might be laid before the parliament of Great Britain for relief; Queen's chabe it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of rity roll. the first and readiest of the money remaining in the hands of the commissioners of the equivalent, appointed for payment of the debts upon the civil lift, there shall be paid by them a full year's pension of her Majesty's charity to the late bishops and their representatives, and the poor in her Majesty's charity-roll, in part of payment of what is due to them, preceding the first of May one thousand seven hundred and seven.

XV. And whereas the commissioners of equivalent have al- Commissionready advanced, and will in the further progress of their ma-ers to be alnagement, be under a necessity to lay out money for defraying accounts 9201. the necessary charges that attend their trust, and for defending per ann. for in processes before the judge ordinary, when the titles of parties necessary are not clear, and have employed several servants, on whom charges, &c. they have settled fees and salaries, although there has been hi-

therto no provisions made for such expence; be it therefore enacted, That allowance be given for such sums as have been, or shall necessarily be by them laid out for these purposes, as also that they have power to pay the necessary fees and salaries, not exceeding the fum of nine hundred and twenty pounds in the year; which fums allowed for expences and fees shall be a charge upon, and payable out of the first and readiest of the money which is or shall be in the hands of the said commissioners from

time to time, and shall be allowed to the said commissioners in

their accounts for the faid fums.

XVI. And in regard the supplies granted by the last parlia- Judges to state ment in Scotland, for the publick service of that part of Great the desciency Britain, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, of the year appear to have fallen short of the actual expence which should for the year have been provided for by that parliament; be it enacted by 1707. the authority aforesaid, That the said judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland for the time being, shall and are hereby directed to state and take an account of the said deficiencies, to the end the same may be satisfied in such manner as the parliament of Great Britain shall hereafter think fit.

XVII. And whereas the commissioners of equivalent have been at confiderable pains and charges in attending the diffribution of the equivalent-money, and are made liable in their persons and estates to the parties having interest, and to account to the parliament of Great Britain for their administration: and whereas there has been no express provision made for an

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Commissioners of the equivalent to have each 100 L per ann.

allowance to them, in confideration of their faid great pains and expence; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each commissioner of the equivalent named or to be named, and accepting and acting, shall have allowance of the fum of three hundred pounds yearly during his continuance in the administration thereof, which shall be due and payable out of all the fums of money that have or shall become due to Scorland, by way of equivalent, other than the aforefaid fum of three hundred and ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds, ten shillings, and shall be allowed in any accounts to be made for the fame, after payment of the interest upon the debentures appointed to be made in manner by this act directed; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And whereas it being just and reasonable that the commissioners of equivalent should be only liable for what is done during the time of their having continued in trust; and that the actions, executions and distresses provided to have effect and pass against the said commissioners, by virtue of the aforefald fifteenth and fixteenth acts passed in the parliament of Scotland, should not remain as a perpetual incumbrance upon their persons and estates; be it therefore enacted by the authority abe competent foresaid, That no action, execution or distress, shall be competent against any who have been or shall be named, and has commissioner, accepted or ihall accept to be commissioners of equivalent, for any other fact or deed of the faid commissioners in the matter of their trust, other than such facts or deeds as have fallen out. and have been done during the time of the faid commissioner or commissioners, his or their continuing in the said trust.

How and when actions shall commence and deter-

mine, &c.

No action to

against any

Lc.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all action, diffress or execution against the said commisfioners, or any of them, on account of mistakes in payment, shall determine and be prescribed within the space of two years after the date of the payment that shall happen to be controverted: and that any action commenced within that space. shall be profecuted and finally determined within the space of three years after the commencement thereof; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: reserving nevertheless to the parties having interest, action against all who have by any fuch error received money to which they have no right.

No omiffion of directors of African company to prejudice the right terion.

XX. And whereas it appears that the accounts of the flock advanced, and debts due by the African and Indian company in Scotland, have been made up without regard to the claim of William Pater on esquire, for his expences, pains and losses, on of William Pa- account, and at the infrance of the faid company; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no omission or neglect of the directors of the faid company, or of others concerned in stating, adjusting or certifying the claims or demands upon the equivalent, shall prejudice the right, interest, claim or demand of the said William Paterson, in and upon the said company, but that the several sums due to him by the said company, shall

be certified and thereupon fully fatisfied and paid in the terms of the treaty of union, as the fame shall be proved before the

aforelaid judges of the court of Exchequer in Sectland.

XXI. And in regard that fince the making of the first con- Judges to retracts and agreements the faid William Pater for hath been at prejent his logfurther expences, and fultained other losses and damages for lessand services and on account of the faid company; be it therefore further to the Queen, enacted, That the faid judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland shall and are hereby required to take an account of those his expences and losses, and likewise of his good services and publick taxes, and make a full and fair representation thereof to her Majesty.

XXII. And to the end that the more full and free enquiries Judges may may be made, and information had of the premisses, the said direct comjudges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall and may, missions of enfrom time to time, direct their commission or commissions to Great Britain, any commissioner or commissioners within this kingdom of &c. Great Britain, or dominions and territories thereunto belonging, for taking the requisite examinations or informations to the purposes aforesaid, and for reporting the same to the said

judges of the court of Exchequer in Scotland.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No officer, &c. That no clerk, secretary, accountant, or other officer or fer- of Exchequer vant whatfoever, belonging to the faid court of Exchequer in to receive any Scotland, or the commission of equivalent, shall receive any fee fee, &c. in or reward whatfoever for his or their pains, attendance or fer-making up of vice in making up, stating, adjusting, or determining the claims claims, &c. or debts belonging to any person or persons which by this act are appointed to be made, stated or adjusted, nor for granting certificates, or obtaining payment or latisfaction for the lums therein contained, or interest thereof, upon pretext of bills, petitions, discharges, or any other pretext whatsoever, under the pains of forfeiting their faid offices, as also the third part of On penalty. the furn contained, or to be contained in such certificate, upon occasion whereof the said exaction is made, to be recovered to the person from whom such money shall be unduly exacted, or to the informer before the judge competent summarily, without abiding the course of the roll.

CAP. XXV.

An act to enable her Majesty to make leases and copies of offices, lands, E X P. and hereditaments, parcel of her dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to

All leases made by copy of court roll, or within seven years next enfuing according to custom of manor, &c. to be good in law. No lease to be for more than three lives, or 32 years. All covenants, &c. in leafe, &c. good. Salvo of right to all persons, &c. except the Queen, &c. On payment of composition-money for taking off increased rent, such increated rent to ceafe.

CAP. XXVI.

An act for settling and establishing a court of Exchequer in the north part of Great Britain called Scotland.

5 Anne, c. 8. WHEREAS in and by the nineteenth article in a late all of parliament made in the fifth year of her now Majefty's reign, intituled, An act for an union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, it is amongst other things provided, That there should be a court of Exchequer in Scotland after the faid union, for deciding questions concerning the revenues of customs and excise there, baving the same power and authority in such cases, as the court of Exchequer has in England, and that the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, have power of paffing fignatures, gifts, tutories, and other things, as the court of Exchequer in Scotland then bad, and that the court of Exchequer that then was in Scotland, should remain until a new court of Exchequer be fettled by the parliament of Great Britain in Scotland after the union, which union took effect upon the first day of May, in the fixth year of her now Majesty's reign, one thousand seven hundred and seven, and thereby the laid two kingdoms of England and Scotland became united into one kingdom, by the name of Great Britain; to the intent therefore that there may be a court of Exchequer settled and established in Scotland, pursuant to the purport and meaning of the said recited act, and of the nineteenth article therein contained; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of Moy, one thousand seven hundred and eight, a court of Exchequer, to be called and known by the name of The court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall be, and by authority of this act is hereby erected, constituted, and established in and for that part of Great Britain called Scotland, and that the faid court of Exchequer shall be and is hereby enacted to be a court of record, revenue, and judicature, for and within Scotland, and to have continuance for ever, and to be held within the city of Edinburgh, at such place or places where the former Exchequer of Scotland before the faid union was usually held, or at such other place or places in Scotland, as by authority from the Queen's majesty, her heirs or succeffors, and in default thereof, by the judges of the faid court of Exchequer for the time being, shall from time to time be directed, limited or appointed.

From first May, 1708, a court of Exchequer to be erected in Scotland.

And to be a court of record for ever, and fuch others as Queen shall appoint to be chiel paron

II. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, and fuch other person and persons as by commissions from the Queen's lord treasurer, majesty, her heirs and successors, under the seal which by the faid articles of union is appointed to be kept in Scotland, from time to time, shall be ordained, constituted, or appointed to be the chief baron, and other barons of the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall be the judges of and in the said court; and the and barons of said lord high treasurer and barons, and the said barons in the the Excheablence of the faid lord high treasurer, shall have and put in ex-judges of the ecution all and every the judicial and other powers and authori- faid court. ties of or belonging, or which shall or may appertain or belong And continue to the faid court, or wherewith the faid court shall be invested, in their offices and the faid barons shall remain, and have continuance in their quam din so berespective offices and places quam diu se bene gesserint; which ba- 7 Geo.2. c.16. rons of the Exchequer are to be made of such as have been, are s. 4. or shall be serjeants at law, or barristers of law of five years standing in some of the four inne of court in England, or else of fuch persons as shall have been, are or shall be advocates in the college of justice in Scotland for five years; and the said barons And take the of the Exchequer in Scotland shall respectively take the same oaths same oaths of of office, mutatis mutandis, and other oaths, as the barons of the office as the court of Exchequer in England have used, or ought to take, up-barons in on their admissions into their respective offices, the said oaths to England. be taken for the first time before the court of session in open court, in case the said court be sitting, or otherwise, in case the faid court be not then fitting; before any three of the lords of fession, and at all times hereafter before the said court of Exchequer; and the faid chief baron and barons shall use and wear And wear fuch such robes and habits as the chief baron and barons of the court robes, &c. of Exchequer in England do use and wear, or such other robes or habits as her Majesty, her heirs or successors, shall appoint.

III. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Other offices there shall be in the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, the se- to be in the said court. veral offices following, that is to fay, The office of Queen's remembrancer, the office of lord treasurer's remembrancer, the office of clerk of the pipe, and fuch other offices now in being in the court of Exchequer in England, or are now in being in Storland, relating to fignatures, gifts, and tutories, as the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, thall from time to time think fit and proper, to be constituted and appointed under the seal which by the faid articles of union is appointed to be kept in Scotland; and that such persons shall be the masters or chief officers of and in the faid respective offices, and for such term, estate, and interest therein, as the Queen's majesty, her heirs and succeffors, shall from time to time by letters patents under the seal aforesaid, ordain or appoint, and that the said masters or chief officers of the aforesaid several offices shall have and appoint from time to time under them, and in their respective offices, such and so many attornies and clerks as shall be fit and proper for the bufinels in their respective offices; which said masters and chief officers, as also the faid attornies and clerks, shall, before their admisfions into their offices or places respectively, take such oath or oaths in the faid court, or before the chief baron, or one of the barons of the faid court, for their faithful and honest carriage and behaviour in their faid offices respectively, as the like officers, attornies and clerks in the court of Exchequer in England have

used and ought to do, or as by the barons of the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland shall for that purpose be devised and appointed.

Officers, &c. may be pumished for neglect of duty.

IV. Provided nevertheless, That the faid feveral chief officers in the respective offices aforesaid, as also the said attornies, clerks. and other officers of or belonging to the said court of Exchequer in Scotland for the time being, shall all of them be subject and obedient to the faid court of Exchequer, and may be suspended, punished, or amoved by the said court for neglect of duty. or for crimes and mildemeanors in their respective offices and places. or other just causes.

Queen to af-

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fign a feal, for there shall be a feal to be affigned or appointed by the Queen's majefty, her heirs and fucceffors, for the sealing all fuch letters patents, grants, commissions, writs, precepts, and other process and proceedings, which shall issue out of or be awarded by the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, or ought or shall be di-Chief baron to rected to pais under the feal of the faid court; which feal shall

keep the same, be kept in the custody of the chief baron of the said court of Ex-

Court may other officers.

constitute

All theriffs. &c. to be attendant.

chequer in Scotland, for the time being; and the faid chief baron or fuch person or persons as he shall depute, and for whom he will be answerable. Shall therewith seal all letters patents, grants. commissions, write, precepts, and other process and proceedings before-mentioned, which shall be brought to be sealed; and for that purpose shall attend at proper and convenient times and places to be directed by the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, or any of the barons thereof (in case any question shall arise touching the fame;) and the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland is hereby impowered from time to time to depute and appoint &c. for service all such other officers, ministers, clerks, servants, and attendof the court. ants for the constituting of which there is no other provision made by this act, as shall be thought convenient for the use and fervice of the faid court, and for the carrying on and dispatch of the business therein, subject and liable nevertheless to be suf-Who shall take pended, punished, and amoved, and to the taking of such oaths, the oaths, &c. mutatis mutandis, for the faithful execution of their respective offices, places, and employments, as herein before is previded for any the officers, attornies or clerks in the faid court of Eschaquer in Scotland; and all and every the theriffs, by themselves or their sufficient deputies for whom they are to be answerable. and other officers, ministers, and subjects in Scotland, are hereby enjoined and required to be from time to time aiding, affifting, obedient to, and attendant upon the faid court of Euchequer in. Sectiond, and the judges and jurisdiction thereof, in all things relating to the faid court of Exchequer, which do, may, or shall any ways touch or concern their respective offices or duties in any manner of wife, and shall be liable and subject to such penalties and punishments for neglect of their duties, or for any contempts or disobedience to the faid court, or the process thereof, or for any other neglect, contempt, or offence, as shall be **fet**

fet or imposed upon them respectively by the said court of Ex-

chequer.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. Its jurisdiction That all and every the revenues and duties of customs and examd authority. cise, and all and every other the revenues, debts, duties, and profits of what nature or kind soever, any ways appertaining, or which hereafter shall appertain to the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors within Scotland, either as Queen of Great Britain, or as prince and fleward of Scotland, and all honors, caftles, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments in Scotland, which now do, or hereafter shall appertain to the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors, by force or virtue of any attainder, out-Jawry, seizure for any crime or cause of forfeiture, debt, or duty. or upon any extent, commission, or otherwise, or by force and virtue of the royal prerogative, or by any other right or title whatfoever, and all and every the rents, iffues, and profits thereof, or of any of them, and also all and every the goods, chattels, debts, credits, rights, titles, and personal estate within Scotland, any ways accruing or belonging, or which hereafter shall belong to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, by force or virtue of the royal prerogative, or of any attainder, outlawry, extent, inquifition, debt, duty, or forfeiture, or by any other right, title, ways, or means whatfoever, and all the remedies and means for the recovering the fame, or the possession thereof, and all accounts relating thereto, and also all and every forfeitures and penalties which have been incurred, or shall or may incur or become any ways due and payable in Scotland, by force or virtue of any law or statute touching or relating to the customs or excise, or by force or virtue of any penal or other laws or flatutes whatfoever, and also all fines, issues, forfeitures, or penalties, of what nature or kind foever happening, arifing, or accruing to the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors within Scotland, and all informations, actions, fuits, or demands, and also all obligations, recognizances, specialties, and other securities, touching or concerning the before-mentioned matters and things, and all profecutions, remedies, and accounts, for or concerning the fame or other the premiffes, shall be within the jurisdiction and authority of the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, and hereby are annexed to the said court; and the barons of the Power vested faid court for the time being shall have and exercise, and by vir- in the barons. tue of this act are and shall be invested with all powers, authorities, and jurisdictions as well judicial as otherwise, for the hearing and determining of all actions, fuits, and questions in law or equity, touching the aforefaid revenues, honors, castles, manors, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, debts, duties, forfeitures, penalties, profits, and all other matters or things herein before-mentioned, and annexed to the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the jurisdiction thereof; and that the said court of Exchequer in Sectional, shall and may act, do, and proceed therein and thereupon in every respect whatsoever, as by law, or as the court of Exchequer in England, by the constitution, courfe,

course, or practice of or in the said court, hath been or is enabled, or hath used or practised to do in the like cases in England. and upon and in all fuch informations, actions, fults, or demands, or touching or concerning any the premisses, or any the proceedings thereupon, shall and may make all such orders and rules, and direct, award, and issue all such writs, precepts, procefs, and methods of proceedings, as hath or have been, is, are, or may be done or practifed in the fame or like cases in the court of Exchequer in England; all which informations, actions, fuits, and profecutions, process, and proceedings relating thereto, or to any the premisses shall be had, made, and done in the office of the remembrancer of the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors, in the said court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the said barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland are hereby authorized and required, in case of any neglect or default by any the plaintiffs or defendants in any the faid informations, actions, or fuits, or in any other informations, actions, or fuits, which shall be commenced, fued, or profecuted in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, for any matter or cause whatsoever within the jurisdiction of the said court, to give and cause judgments to be entred against any the parties making default to plead or proceed to trial, and for recovery and condemnation of any goods, chattels, or other things seized as forseited, and for which no claim shall be duly entred, and to give and cause judgments to be entred in cases of demurrers joined in any the said causes depending before them, and to do, act, and proceed in and about all and every the premisses, as fully to all intents and purposes, as the barons of the court of Exchequer in England, by law, or by the course and method of proceedings in that court, should or might, or could do, or order to be done in such or the like cases, matters, or things, in case the same were or should be depending in the said court of Exchequer in England, and upon any issues joined in any the said causes, or in any other causes triable in the faid court upon matters of fact, or which would be triable or inquirable by juries (if the same were in England) the barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, are hereby authorized and required to cause the same to be tried, either at the bar of the said court, or elsewhere, at such times and places as shall be for that purpose by the court appointed, by a jury of twelve persons of that county, shire, city, or place in Scotland, where the said matters in issue to be tried did arise, or of such other county, shire, city, or place in Scotland, where the faid court of Exchequer shall order or direct the same to be laid and tried; each of which jurymen shall at the time of such trial have and be seized in his own right, or right of his wife, of lands or tenements of an estate of inheritance, or for his or her life, within the county, shire, city or place from whence the jury is to come, of the yearly value of five pounds at the least, or shall be then worth in goods, chattels, and personal estate, the sum of two hundred pounds sterling at least, and for want thereof, or for any other just and reasonable cause, shall be subject to be challenged and

Causes triable by juries.

set aside; and in all verdicts to be given by the juries the whole number of twelve must agree; and the said barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, and fuch of them before whom any fuch trials shall be, or shall be appointed to be, shall, by virtue of this act, have full power and authority to proceed to such trials, and to make, award, and iffue all fuch orders, rules, writs, and other process, and do or cause to be done all other acts, matters. and things of what nature foever, as well in order to any fuch trials and notices for the fame, as in, upon, and after the faid trials, in every respect whatsoever, whether with relation to sheriffs and other officers, parties, jurors, witnesses, challenges, or other matters or proceedings in, about, or relating to any fuch trials, or the verdicts to be taken thereupon, or nonfuits therein, and have and execute as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, all powers, authorities, and jurisdictions, relating to, or proper for any such trials, or the matters for which such trials shall or ought to be, in every respect whatsoever, and for awarding costs upon the account of any such trials, or for not proceeding to trial, and for awarding any new or other trials, as the barons of the court of Exchequer in England, or any of them, before whom any trials, either at the bar, or otherwise, have been or should have been by the laws of England, or by the constitution, power, or practice of the said court of Exchequer in England, or by virtue of any law or flatute, commission or authority whatfoever, hath or have been, is or are enabled, or have used to make, do, or execute in or concerning any such or the like trials or cases in England, and after any such trials had, the faid barons of the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, and the officers, attornies, and clerks in the faid court, shall and are hereby enabled and required to give rules, and do all other things in order for judgments to be entred in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, upon the records of trials at bar, and of the returns of records of Nisi prius in case of trials in the countries, as are, have been, or may be used or practised in like cases in the court of Exchequer in England; and the barons of the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland may and shall proceed to give judgment according to the right of the causes, and to award executions upon such judgments, and to do and award all and every act, matter, and thing touching and relating to any such trials, judgments, or executions, as by law, or the rules, orders, or directions of the court of Exchequer in England, or by the laws or statutes in England, or hath or have been or ought to be used in such or the like cases.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the au- Barons in or thority aforesaid, That the said barons of the court of Exchequer out of court, in Scotland, or any one or more of them, either in court or out nizances for of court, shall have full power and authority to take all manner debts, &c. of recognizances and securities for debts, and that all obligations, recognizances, specialties, and other securities for any the revenues, rents, debts, duties, accounts, profits, or other things accruing, or which shall or may become due or accrue to the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors, within Scotland, or which

shall in any wife concern or relate thereto, or any the officers, ministers, or accountants thereof, or for the same, or which shall be taken in or by the order of the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, or upon any other account for the use or benefit of the crown, or for fecuring any the revenues, debts, or duties of the crown, shall be taken in the name of the Queen's majesty. her heirs and successors, and to be paid to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, with other proper words, and with and under such conditions as shall be suitable to the matter for which they shall be taken, and shall have the full force and effect of any obligations, recognizances, and specialties, which have been or may be taken or acknowledged in the court of Exchequer in England, according to the purport, true intent and meaning of the statute in that behalf made in England in the three and thirtieth year 33 H. S. c. 39. of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, or any other law or statute. or any practice, custom, or usage in the court of Exchequer in England, or by virtue of the royal prerogative; and that all fuits and profecutions upon any the faid obligations, recognizances, and specialties, or for any revenues, debts, or duties any ways due or payable to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, within Scotland, shall be in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotec. thereupon land, and her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall be preferchequer court, red and have preference in all fuits and proceedings in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, according to the faid flatute of the three and thirtieth year of King Henry the Eighth, and according to the usage, course, and practice of the court of Exchequer in England, and shall have and enjoy such and the same prerogatives, as well in and about pleadings, and in all other matters and things, as by any the laws in England, or course of Exchequer in England, have been, are or ought to be allowed: and as well the bodies, as the lands and tenements, debts, credits, and specialties, goods, chattels, and personal estate of all debtors or accountants to the crown, or their debtors in Scotland, shall be subject and liable, and shall and may be made subject

No debt, &c. to the crown in Scotland, to fubject any real estate there, otherwife than by the laws of Scotland,

All fuits and

profecutions,

to be in Ex-

Barons, &c. to execute the powers here. by granted.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, That no debt or duty from any the debtors or accountants to the crown in Bestland, shall affect or subject any real estate in Scotland, of any such debtors or accountants, to the payment or fatisfaction of any fuch debt or duty, further or otherwise, or in any other manner or form, than fuch real estate may or ought to be subject and liable thereto by the laws of Scotland, and that the laws of Scotland shall, in in all fuch cases, and for all such purposes, hold place and be observed; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: and for all the purposes in this act mentioned, the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, and the barons, and other officers thereof and therein, shall have, exercise, and put 逈

and liable by extent, inquisition, and seizures, or by any other process, ways, or means, to the payment of such debts, duties, or revenues to the crown, and in such and the same manner and form, to all intents and purposes as hath been, or is used in the

court of Exchequer in England in like cases.

in execution within Scotland, all and every the powers, authorities, and jurisdictions, as to all matters and things whatsoever, arising or happening, or which have or shall arise and happen within Scotland, touching or concerning any the aforesaid revenues or duties of customs and excise, and other revenues, debts, or duties, obligations, fecurities, judgments, or specialties, or the recovery of the fame, or of any other the premisses, which the court of Exchequer in England, or the barons or officers thereof. by virtue of the faid statute made in England in the faid three and thirtieth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, or of any other statute made and in force in England, or by the constitution, course, or practice used in the court of Exchequer in England, have or ought to have performed or put in execution in England, as fully and amply, to all intents and purpoles, as if the fame powers, authorities, and jurisdiction were in this act particularly expressed and thereby enacted; yet to nevertheless, that nothing be done to make the real effate in Scotland of any debtor or accountant to the crown there, subject or liable to the payment of any debts or duties to the crown, farther or otherwise than they may or ought to be by the laws of Scotland, according to the purport of the proviso last herein before-mentioned; and the barons of the said court. of Exchequer in Seetland, shall and may act and do in respect to any the parties in law or equity to any action, information, fuit, or profecution in the said court of Exchequer in Scatland, in such cases, fort, and manner, as by any the laws or statutes in England, or the use and practice of the court of Exchequer there, touching the awarding of costs, and issuing process and execution for the same, hath or have used to be done.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That All statutes in the several statutes in England of jeofails, and for amendments, England of shall extend to all such actions, informations, and fuits, to be jeofails, &c. to extend to brought in the court of Exchequer in Sestland, for the recovery all actions of any debt, duty or revenue due to the crown, as fully and brought in amply, to all intents and purposes, as they do or ought to ex-court of Extend to the court of Exchequer in England, or any causes or pro-chequer in eeedings therein in such or the like cases; and that in the said Four terms to court of Exchequer in Sestland, there shall be kept and observed be kept every four terms in every year, whereof one of them shall be called year. Martinmas Term, and shall yearly commence upon the third day of November, and end on the twenty ninth day of November; and another of them shall be called by the name of Candlemas Term, and shall yearly commence upon the twenty third day of Junuary, and end upon the twelfth day of February yearly; and another of them shall be called by the name of Whitfuntide Term, and shall yearly commence upon the twenty fifth day of May, and shall end on the fifteenth day of June following; and the fourth of them shall be called by the name of Lammas Term, and shall yearly commence on the twentieth day of July, and shall end on the eighth day of August following; and if any of barons to hear the faid days on which any of the faid terms shall begin or end, and determine shall happen to be a Sunday, then such term respectively shall be-causes, &c.

And appoint days and times for returns of writs.

And take bails. &c.

in equity by English bill, &c.

And award process there-

And make orders and decrees.

gin or end the next day following; in and during which terms the barons of the faid court shall fit therein, and hear and determine the business, causes, matters, and things depending, or which shall, may, or ought to be professed in the faid court either in law or equity, or which thall or may concern the revenues, debts, duties, matters, or things within the jurisdiction. of the faid court, and that either with or without any adjournment to or for any time or place; and that the faid barons shall and may order and appoint the days and times for the returns of writs or process issuing out of, and returnable in the said court and let and impose upon all such sheriffs and other officers and persons, bodies politick or corporate, to whom the execution of such writs or process do or shall appertain, such issues, sines, amerciaments, and penalties, as to the faid court shall feem fit and reasonable; and the said basons in court, or any of them. out of court, shall take bails, recognizances, and other securities, informations, bills, answers, and affidavits, and take and declare accounts, and do and execute all matters and things relating to the business or jurisdiction of the said court, as fully to all intents and purpoles as the barons of the Exchequer in England, or any of them, have or do use in such or the like cases And hold plea in or out of court there; and the barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, are hereby also authorized and enabled to hold plea in equity by English bill, petition, or suit to be brought or exhibited in the faid court by or against the attorney or advocate. general of the Queen's majerby, her heirs and successors, on her or their behalf, or for her or their interest, or by orngainst any other person or persons any ways concerned in or about anythe revenues, debts, or duties, before-mentioned, touching the faid revenues, debts, or duties, for any discovery or relief in equity; and in and upon such bills, petitions, and fuits, the faid court of Exchequer shall and are hereby enabled to issue and award process of Subparna or Diffringer, and all other usual and proper process for compelling the parties defendants to or in such suits, to put in their answers, and make their defences to such bills, petitions, or fuits, and for the parties to inch fuits to proceed therein and thereupon, according to fuch rules or orders, and in fuchmanner and form as the court of Exchequer in England hathused to proceed by; and upon issues joined in any the said caufes or fuits in equity, the court of Exchequer in Sestland is to cause witnesses to be examined (if defined on either side) by commissions to be awarded for that purpose, or by sworn examiners, and after publication of the depositions of the witnesses, to proceed to the hearing of the faid causes, and upon the proofs and evidence therein or thereupon, or upon bill and answer where no witnesses shall be examined or proofs made, to make such orders and decrees either for the relief of plaintiffs, or for directing any iffue or iffues at law to be tried for the information of the conscience of the court, or for dismissing of the said plaintiffs bills, or otherwise, as to the said court shall seem just and reasonable, and as is or hath been used in the court of Exchequer

chequer in England; save only that all issues at law directed, as aforefaid, for the information of the conscience of the court, shall be and are hereby ordered to be made up and proceeded upon in the said Queen's remembrancer's office in Scotland, in such manner as such issues are used to be made up and proceeded upon in the office of pleas in the court of Exchequer in England; and the faid court shall award such process for the inforcing any. of the parties to such suits to perform and yield obedience to such orders or decrees as shall be made in the said causes, and in case of non-performance thereof, or disobedience thereunto, the said court shall award all such process of contempt against the perions and estates of him, her, or them that shall be in contempt. or refuse obedience to any the said orders or decrees, as hath been used and practised in like cases, in or by the court of Exchequer in England, and make and execute like process, orders. and proceedings thereupon, as are used in the court of Exchequer in England in like cases.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Barons to enthe barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, and all and joy the same every the officers and members of the faid court of Exchequer, members of shall be entitled to, and have and enjoy such and the same pri- the college of vileges and immunities, as the members of the college of justice justice, &c. have and enjoy by the law, custom, and practice in Scotland, excepting only that they may be purfued in justice before the lords

of fession for causes not competent to the court of Exchequer.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, the revenues That all the officers and serions imployed or to be imployed in in Scotland, to or about the collecting, receiving, managing, paying, answering, be subject to or accounting for any the revenues or duties of cultoms or ex- the jurifdiccise, or other crown revenues, debts, or duties in Scotland, shall tion of the be under and subject to the rules, orders, directions, authority, chequer. power, and jurisdiction of the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, in all things touching the faid revenues, debts, duties, or accounts, and touching the collecting, ordering, and management thereof, and the paying and answering the same, and concerning any securities to be given, or oaths to be taken relative thereto, which are not or shall not be contrary to, or inconsistent with the commands, orders, and directions in force, of or from the Queen's majefty, her heirs or successors, or of or from the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the lords commissioners of the treasury in Great Britain for the time being; and that all and every such person and persons, as is, or are, or shall be appointed under the aforefaid seal, which by the articles of union is appointed to be kept in Scotland, to be the audi-Auditors of tor or auditors of the faid revenues of customs or excise, or other, the revenues crown revenues or duties whatfoever in Scotland, or any part to take the thereof, shall take the same, or like oath, mutatis mutandis, for same oath as the due execution of his or their office or offices, before the ba- England. rons of the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, as any audi- And have the tor of any the crown revenues in England hath or have used or making up of ought to take; and such auditor or auditors shall have the tak- the accounts, Vol. XI. D d

ing &c.

ing and making up all the faid accounts, which being sworn to by the respective accountants as to the truth thereof, and allowed and declared by and before the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, or before the chief baron, or some other of the barons of the said court of Exchequer, the same shall be examined, entred, and enrolled in the offices of remembrancer of the Oueen's majesty, her heirs and successors, and particulars and vouchers of fuch account, contained in a bag for that purpose, shall be there left, and such account shall be also entred in the office of the lord treasurer's remembrancer, in such and the like manner as is and hath been used in the like offices in England, and then shall be delivered into the pipe office in the court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the clerk of the pipe or chief officer in that office, or his deputy (in case that office shall be executed by deputy) shall cause the said accounts to be examined, and if found true, to be entred and inrolled in the faid office, and shall make and give a quietus or discharge to the accountant thereupon. which shall be a discharge to and for such accountant, as to all the revenues, duties, matters, and things therein, and thereby accounted for, paid, and answered; and if any supers or arrears shall be set upon the accountant, or any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, by or upon the said account, the court of Exchequer in Scotland shall award all proper and effectual process to be made and issued out of such one of the two remembrancers offices, as the court shall direct, for the speedy accounting for levying and receiving of all such supers and arrears, and answering the same to thouse of the crown, in such fort and manner as in like cases niny by law be done, or hath been used, in the court of Exchequer in England.

Party to any judgment given in court of Exchequer, may bring a writ of error upon fuch judgment returnable in parliament, &cc.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any perfon or persons, bodies politick or corporate, party or parties to any judgment which shall be given in the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, his, her, or their heirs, executors, or administrators, or such other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, who shall be privy to, and affected by such judgment, and who by law is or are entitled to bring and maintain a writ or writs of error thereupon, to fue and profecute out of the court of Chancery in England a writ or writs of error, to be made in usual manner upon any such judgment, returnable in the parliament of Great Britain, and such and the like securities, matters, and things, way and method of proceedings, shall and may be had therein and thereupon, and relating thereunto, as have been, are, or may be used and practised upon, or concerning writs of error returnable in parliament, upon any judgment in any the courts in England, and upon or relating to the affirming or reversal of such judgments, and the proceedings thereupon in like cases; and every person or persons, against whom any orders or decrees in English causes shall be made in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall and may have and pursue fuch and the like relief and redrefs therein, as any person or persons, against whom any orders or decrees in the court of Exchequer

thequer in England have been or shall be made, may have and ourfue in like cales.

XIII_ Provided also, That the lord high treasurer of Great Lord treasurer Britain for the time being shall have and exercise all such pow- to have the erriant for the time being inail have and exercise all fuch pow-fame powers authorities, and jurisdictions, about or relating to any the relating to the revenues or duties of custom and excise, and other the crown revenues, &c. revenues, duties, or treasure within Scotland, and the getting in, of Scotland, paying, iffuing, and accounting for the same, or any part there- as he hath re-of, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as the lord of England. high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, by virtue of fuch his office, hath, or may, or can have or exercise about or concerning any the crown revenues, debts, or duties in England; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwith-

Randing.

XIV. Provided also, and be it enacted by the authority afore- How all fines, &c. feited recognizances, or penalties, and other forfeitures, of what shall be levied nature or kind foever, which shall or may be set, imposed by, and paid. or incurred, or become forfeited in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall be levied by the authority and process of the faid court, and paid and answered to the use of her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, although the persons or their lands or tenements, goods, or chattels, hable to the same fines, issues, amerciaments, penalties, or forfeitures be or remain in any part of

Scotland whatfoever.

XV. Provided nevertheless, That in case any person or per- Persons thewfons, bordies politick or corporate, his, her, or their heirs, suc- ing good cause cessors, executors, or administrators, shall alledge, plead, de- bar of any clare, or shew in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, good, fines, &c. perfect, sufficient cause and matter in law, reason, or good con-payable to the frience, in bar or discharge of any fines, issues, amerciaments, crown, court to allow the forfeited recognizances, or any other forfeitures, debts, or du-to anow the ties due or payable to the crown, or why fuch person or persons ought not to be charged or chargeable to or with the fame, and the same cause and matter so alledged, pleaded, declared, or shewed, sufficiently proved in the said court of Exchequer in Scotland, That then the said court shall have sull power and authority to accept, adjudge, and allow the same, and wholly and clearly to acquit and discharge all and every the said persons. which shall be impleaded or sued for the same, or to make and take any fitting and reasonable composition for the same, as in the judgments and discretions of the barons of the said court of Exchequer, upon hearing of the attorney or advocate general, or other learned counfet of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall be found and thought just and reasonable, and to proceed and act therein, and give discharges thereupon, in such fort and manner as hath been and is used and practised in the like cases in and by the court of Exchequer in England; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Barons to pass That the barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall have sheriffs ac-

and charge and discharge them, &c.

full power and authority, by virtue of this act, to take and pass the accounts of all theriffs, and other officers in Scotland, who have or shall have the execution of any the process issuing out of and returnable in the said court of Exchequer, for the levving of any revenue or money for the crown, and to charge and difcharge them according to right and justice, and that in such manner and form, as the faid sheriffs and officers before the faid union were used to be charged and discharged, and to have their accounts passed, or as the barons of the said court of Exchequer shall order, direct, or appoint. XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Acts of parliacerning cuftoms or fubfiexcise, &c. not contrary to the articles of union to extend to Scotland,

and cognizable in the court of Exchequer.

ment made in That all and every act and acts of parliament made in England, England, con- and in force there, touching and concerning any customs or subsidies there, and also all and every act and acts of parliament dies there, or made in England, and now in force, touching and concerning any excises there, and all and every the authorities, powers, jurisdictions, qualifications of officers and seizers, directions for navigation, and for carrying goods coastwife, forfeitures, penalties, duties, and the ways and means for the recovering of them, or any of them, and all other matters and things in them, or any of them contained, which are not contrary to or inconfiftent with the aforesaid articles of the union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, or any of them, shall extend to Scotland, and shall and may be cognoscible in, and put in execution by the court of Exchequer in Scotland, as to all matters and things happening or arising in Scotland, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as the same, or any of them, do extend, or may, or might be put in execution, as to any matters or things touching and concerning customs and excises, or any other the matters or things aforefaid, happening or arising in England; and all offences and offenders in any the faid matters, shall and may be fued and profecuted for the same in the said court of Enchequen in Scotland; and the merchants and other persons entitled to any benefits, allowances, advantages, or remedies touching or concerning any the faid customs or excises in Scotland, shall have and enjoy the same in Scotland, as fully and amply, to all intents and purpoles, as they may or might if the fame were or arole in England; and the officers of the customs and excise in Scotland are required to make and allow the same accordingly; and the barons of the court of Exchequer in Scotland are required and enabled to cause right to be done by and to all persons concerned therein.

Queen to appoint what further places, ports, &c. in Scotl**and,** for landing or thipping guods,.

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XVIII. And for the better and more effectual ascertaining the ports, members, creeks, and havens in Scotland, where goods and merchandizes have been or may be exported and imported, and the several keys, wharfs, and other places where the same shall be lawful may be put on board any ship or vessel for transportation, or be unshipt or unladen upon importation; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Queen's majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, shall and may, from time to time, by commission or commissions out of the court of Exchequer in Scotland, assign and appoint

appoint all such further places, ports, members, and creeks in Scotland, as shall be lawful for the landing and discharging, lading, or filpping of any goods, wares, or merchandizes in Scotland, and to what ancient and head ports respectively such places. members, or creeks shall respectively appertain; and where any fuch place, member, or creek shall be so appointed, as aforesaid, the customer, collector, comptroller, and searcher of the head port, shall by themselves, or their sufficient deputy or deputies, fervant or fervants, relide and inhabit, for the entring, clearing and paffing, shipping and discharging of ships, goods, and merchandize, and by virtue of the faid commission or commissions may likewise set down and appoint the extents, bounds, and limits of every port, haven, or creek in Scotland, whereby the Officers of extents, limits, and privileges of every port, haven, or creek in customs to re-Scotland may be ascertained and known; after which appointment so made, the said ports, members, and creeks so appointed, shall be observed and used for importation and exportation, in the fame manner, and subject to and under such orders and regulations, and to the same effect, as the like ports, creeks, and members appointed in *England* for exportation or importation there, are or ought to be by the laws of England.

union it is provided, That the court of Exchequer in Scotland have er'd to receive power of passing signatures, gifts, tutories, and in other things as the resignations court of Exchequer in Scotland at the time of the said treaty had; lands, &c. be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the court which were in of Exchequer in Scotland shall have power to receive resignations use to be rein her Majesty's name of all baronies, lands, lordships, tithes, figned, &c. in jurisdictions, offices, and all other rights which were in use to be Exchequer.

resigned and received in her Majesty's name in the Exchequer, at the time of the said treaty; and that signatures, gifts, tuteries, and other things which were presented, revised, and compounded, or which were passed or given by the lord high treafurer, or commissioners of the treasury, or court of Exchequer there at the time of the faid treaty, shall be given in, resigned, presented, revised, compounded, and expedited as formerly, with this alteration only, That the presenter of signatures shall prefent the faid fignatures, gifts, tutories, and other things to the faid chief baron and barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, who are hereby authorized and impowered to revise and compound the same, in the same manner, and with the same powers as the faid lord high treasurer or commissioners of treafury of Scotland might have done, and thereafter in a court of Exchequer, to hear parties concerned, and to pass all such signatures, gifts, tutories, and other things aforefaid, and especially to declare and appoint fines, as the court of Exchequer might have done at the time of the faid treaty, and such fignatures, gifts, tutories, and other things aforefaid being patied in the Ex-

chequer, shall be recorded by the proper clerks and thereafter be expedited at the proper seals, as at the time of the said treaty by the law and practice of Scotland was required: referving ne-Dd3

XIX. And whereas by the aferefaid recited article of the treaty of Court impow-

vertheles

vertheless full power to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, to receive refignations immediately in her or their royal hands, and to grant all fignatures, gifts, and other things, in the fame manner as her Majesty could have done at the time of the aforesaid

English counfeliors, &c. may plead in Exchequer court in Scotland.

How offices for life shall be enjoyed.

Crown title to lands, &c. to be tried by court of fef-

Table of ofhers fees to the hung up in Exchequer court.

tion.

be hung up in remembrancers offices, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid. That all barrifters at law, advocates or counsellors, who may plead and practife before the court of Exchequer in England, or before the court of fession in Scotland, have and shall have right and privilege to plead and practife before the laid court of Exche-

quer in Scotland.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted. That the two principal clerks of Exchequer in Scotland, and other officers in that court, who have grants of their offices during life, or of inheritance, shall enjoy their offices according to the nature of their gifts, except in lo far as these offices are inconsistent with the constitution of Exchequer, as the same is settled by this act; in which case, be it enacted by the authority aforelaid, That any person having right to any such office, shall be provided in one or other of the offices established by this act, equal in value to what they now enjoy, to hold for life, or in fee respectively, or have some other equivalent recompence for the loss of fuch office.

XXII. Provided always, That the validity or invalidity and preference of the title of the crown, to any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or to casualties belonging to the crown, shall continue to be tried and decided in the court of fession as was used, and of right ought to have been. by the law and practice of Scotland, at the time of the union, and not otherwise; any thing in this act contained to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no officer, minister, clerk, or other person employed in the faid court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall ask, demand, receive, or take from any of her Majesty's subjects, or from any other perfon or persons whatsoever, any greater or other see, reward, profit, advantage, matter, or thing whatfoever, for or in respect of any business, matter, or thing transacted, dispatched, made, or done in the faid court of Exchequer, than such only as shall be settled and allowed by the barons of the said court of Exchequer, or any three or more of them (whereof the chief baron to be one) under their hands: which fees or allowances shall be contained in a table to be hung up in the most publick and visible place of the said court of Exchequer, and to which any of her Majesty's subjects, or others, may have free liberty to refort, and to have a view and perulal thereof, without fee or Like tables to reward; and each of the masters or chief officers in the offices of Que m's remembrancer, lord treasurer's remembrancer, clerk of the pipe, and clerk of the pleas, and auditor, shall take care, that a take of the fees and allowances relating to their respective critices and places and business therein transacted, and so allowed

illowed and figned, as aforefaid, shall be hung up in some pubick and visible place in their said respective offices, to which my of her Majety's subjects, or others, may have free liberty to reform and to have a view and perufal thereof, without fee or eward; and if any person or persons shall offend in any the Penalty on premisses, the barons of the said court of Enchequer, upon com-offenders. plaint thereof to them made in that behalf, shall cause right to se done to the party complaining, and to punish the offenders by fine, fulpention, or deprivation of office, or as to them shall eem just and reasonable, and to recompense the complainer with costs in that behalf.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Number of That the number of the said barons of her Majesty's said court barons not to of Exchequer in Scatland, shall not at any time exceed the num. exceed five.

per of five.

CAP. XXVII.

An act to inlarge the time for returning the certificates of all ecclefiastical livings, not exceeding the yearly value of fifty pounds, as also for discharging all livings of that value from the payment of first-fruits; and for allowing time to archbisheps and bishops, and other dignitaries, for payment of their first-fruits.

WHEREAS by an att made in the fifth year of the reign of 5 Annæ, c. 24. ber present Mojesty, intituled, An act for discharging small livings from their first-fruits and tenths, and all arrears thereof, it is provided, That the said all, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to discharge any benefices with cure of souls, the tenths whereof were granted away by any of her Majesty's predecesfors to any person or persons, bodies politick and corporate, in perpetuity, before the third day of November in the third year of her Majesty's reign; which clause was intended only to save the rights of such Enforced by persons who bad grants of tenths from the crown before the said 1 Geo. 1. ftat. third day of November, and not otherwise: but forasmuch as the 2. c. 10. first-fruits of the aforesaid benefices with cure of souls, the tenths whereof were so granted, as aforesaid, were notwithstanding the said grants, referved to the crown, and are now granted by her Majesty to the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and their successors: and forasmuch as the discharging of the first-fruits and arrears thereof of small livings, the tenths of which are not vested in the said governors. will be a profest proper augmentation of the same; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all ecclesiastical benefices with cure All ecclesiasticof fouls, not exceeding the clear yearly value of fifty pounds cal benefices by the improved valuations of the same, the tenths whereof are not exceeding not vested in the corporation of the said governors, and the in- 50 l. per. ann cumbents thereof for the time being, and every of them, their &c. D d 4

Discharged

respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and sureities, shall be free and clearly discharged and acquitted for ever for ever from of and from the faid first-fruits, and of and from all arrears of first-fruits, &c. the same; any thing in the aforesaid act to the contrary not withstanding: and the ascertaining of the clear improved yearly valuations of the faid ecclefiaftical benefices with the cure of fouls, hereby intended to be discharged from the payment of first-fruits, shall be by the same persons, and in the same manner and form, as for other livings mentioned in the faid acti

valuation to be made before 14 Dec. 1798.

Certificates of II. Provided nevertheless, That the certificates by the proper ordinaries into her Majesty's court of Exchequer at Westminster, of the yearly valuation of fuch livings intended by this act to be discharged from the payment of first-fruits, may be made at any time before the twenty fourth day of December, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight; any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not made by 25 March, made by 24 Dec. entuing.

III. And whereas by the said act of parliament made in the said fifth year of ber Majesty's reign, the time limited for certifying into 1708 may be the court of Exchequer the valuation of fuch livings intended by the faid act to be discharged from the payment of first-fruits and tenths, is found not sufficient with respect to some dioceses and places; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such certificates which shall be made into the said court of Exchequer, of the yearly valuation of fuch livings intended to be discharged from the payment of first-fruits and tenths by the said act of parliament, at any time before the faid twenty fourth day of December, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, shall be as good and effectual for the purposes by the said act intended, as if the same were made and certified on or before the twenty fifth day of March, one thoufand seven hundred and eight; any thing in this or the said act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Act to be a publick act.

IV. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That this act shall be taken and accepted in all courts

and places whatfoever as a publick act.

V. And whereas it has been usual for the Kings and Queens of England, by their letters of privy feal, to allow the archbishops and bishops four years time for the payment of their first-fruits to the crown, by way of installment, which since her Majesty has been graciously pleased to give the first-fruits and tenths for the maintenance of the poor clergy, cannot now be done: and whereas the first-fruits of archbishopricks and bishopricks amount to near the full annual value thereof, and the other charges of coming into archbishopricks and bishopricks are very great: and whereas archbishops and bishops have not the profits of their bishopricks from the death of their predecessors, as rectors and vicars have, but from the time that fuch bisbopricks are conferred upon them: and whereas no provision bas been made for any abatements of the first-fruits of archbishops or bishops, as there is for rectors and vicars, in case of death or removal, within the times allowed for the payment of such first-frits; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every archbishop and bishop shall have

Four years allowed to

have four years allowed him, when he or they shall compound archbishops for the shame, for the payment of his first-fruits, which shall and bishops to commence from the timb of restitution of his temporalities; pay their firstand that in every year he shall pay one fourth part of the whole fruits. furn: and if it shall please God he shall die, or be removed, Proviso in case before the full term of four years shall be expired, he, his heirs, of death. executors, or administrators, shall be discharged of so much as did not become due or payable at or before the time or times of his death or removal, in like manner as the hoirs, executors, and administrators of rectors and vicars are authorized to do...

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Deans, arch-deacons, &c. That all deans, archdeacons, prebendaries, and other dignitation to compound ries, shall compound for their respective first-fruits, in such for first-fruits manner and form as rectors and vicars have been accustomed in same manto do; and in case of death or removal within the time usually ner, as rectors, allowed to rectors and vicars for payment of their said first-fruits, vicars, &c. they the said deans, archdeacons, prebendaries, and other dignitaries, shall be in the like condition, and have the same benefit as is allowed to rectors and vicars by the statute made in the first year of the reign of the late Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act for the restitution of the first-fruits to the crown.

CAP. XXVIII.

An all for continuing the all for ascertaining the tythes of bemp and flax.

WHEREAS an act of parliament made in the eleventh and 11 & 12 W.3. twelfth years of the reign of his late majesty King William C. 16. the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for the better as-tual by 1 Geo. certaining the tythes of hemp and flax, was to continue from the 1. c. 26. five and twentieth day of March, which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament: and whereas the said att hath by experience been found to be very useful and necessary to this kingdom; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act shall be continue Continued for ed, and be in force from the five and twentieth day of March, 7 years. which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, and no longer.

CAP. XXIX.

An all to repeal a clause in an all of the seventh year of the reign of his late Majesty (for amending and repairing the highways) which enjoins waggoners and others to draw with a pole between the wheel borfes, or with double shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with fix berfes or other beafts, except up bills.

C 29.

XTHEREAS by an off made in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majefty King William the Third, of glarious memory, installed, An act for the better amending and repairing the highways, and explanation of the laws relating thereunto, it is enafted. That all borfes or once drawing any travelling waggon, wain, eart, or carriage, wherein any burdens, goods, or .. wares are or shall be carried or drawn for hire, shall draw in pairs with a pole between the wheel horses, or in double shafts, and the ther borfes to draw in a line with the wheel herfe or onen, in the fame manner as they usually draw in soaches, under the penalty of forty sbillings for every offence; two third parts thereof to be to the use of the highways, and the other third part to the informer: and whereas

Manner of pole, found impracticable.

drawing wag- the aforesaid manner of drawing with a pole between the wheel horses, gons with a er in deable shafts, as by the said ast is directed, has by experience been found altogether impracticable in many parts of this kingdom, notwithstanding which many of her Majesty's poor subjects, waggoners, and carriers, are perpetually harraffed by common informers, and their teams often seized for payment of the forfeitures in the said all mentioned, to the ruin of the faid waggeners and carriers, and to the great damage of the owners of the goods, wares, and merchandizes conveyed in Juch waggons, wains, and carriages by the delays in their journies, occasioned by such common informers: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That so much of the said recited act, as is herein before mentioned, shall be, and from henceforth shall stand absolutely repealed, and is hereby re-

Clause in the faid act repealed.

pealed.

Suits depending for forfeitures, &c. discharged.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all seizures and suits now depending in any of her Majesty's courts at law, or which shall at any time hereafter be seized, brought, or profecuted upon the faid clause in the faid recited act, under pretence of any leizure or forfeiture, or penalty incurred for breach of the faid clause in the faid act, or for any offence committed, or supposed to be committed against the same, shall be, and are hereby declared to be discharged, discontinued, and determined; and that all seizures upon the said null and void. clause in the said recited act, made or to be made, are hereby declared to be discharged, released, null and void.

All feizures

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

hat from and after the four and twentieth day of June, one From 24 June, housand seven hundred and eight, no travelling waggon, wain, 1708, no wagart, or carriage, wherein any burdens, goods, or wares shall be gon, &c. to be arried or drawn, other than fuch carts and carriages, as are or drawn with ahall be employed in and about husbandry and manuring of bove 6 horses. and, and in the carrying of hay, straw, corn, coal, chalk, tim- 1Geo.1. stat.2. er for thipping, mererials for building, stones of all forts, or c. 11. uch ammunition or artillery as shall be for the service of her Exception. Anjesty, her heirs or successors, shall at any one time travel, be rawn, or go in any common or publick highway or road with bove fix horles, oxen, or beafts, upon pain that every owner of very fuch waggon, wain, cart, or carriage, shall forfeit for every See Geo. I. uch offence the sum of five pounds; one mojety whereof shall c. 12. s. 1. be to the surveyors of the highways of the town, village, ham- 18 Geo. 2. et, or place where any of the faid offences shall be committed, on penalty to be employed in the repairs of the faid highways, and the o- of the ther moiety thereof to him that shall discover and prosecute for any of the faid offences (provided fuch discoverer or prosecutor be an inhabitant of such town, village, or place) the said penalty to be levied by diffress of all or any of the faid horses, oxen, By a Anne, or beafts, by warrant under the hand and feal of one justice of c. 18. f. 1. the peace; and in case the said penalties be not paid within Any person three days after, that then it shall be lawful to and for the said may leave t person and persons so distraining, as aforesaid, to sell the same, To be levied and to reflore the overplus to the owner, the charges of keeping by diffrest and and felling being first deducted; and if any such surveyor shall sale. wilfully fuffer any fuch waggon, wain, or carriage to be drawn with more than fix horses, and shall neglect to put this or any former laws made for repairing the highways in execution, shall forfeit five pounds, to be divided and recovered, as aforefaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the autho- Not to hinder rity aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained shall extend, using as many or be confirmed to extend, to restrain or hinder any owner or horses for owners of fuch travelling waggon, wain, cart, or carriage, or his hills, &c. or their servants, using or drawing with as many horses or beasts as justices shall as shall be necessary for the drawing such waggons, wains, carts, direct. or carriages up any hills, as the justices of the peace of the re- This clause spective counties, ridings, divisions, and places, where such hills repealed by lie, shall at their quarter sessions, from time to time, order and f. 4. direct, which faid order and direction shall be carefully kept by the respective clerks of the peace, amongst the records of the sessions, to which all persons, at reasonable times, shall have recourse, without see or reward, without incurring any forfeitures or penalties herein before-mentioned; any thing in this, or any other act to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXX.

An all for ascertaining the rates of foreign coins in her Majesty's plantations in America.

WHEREAS for remedying the inconveniencies which had a-risen from the different rates at which the same species of foreign silver coins did pass in her Majesty's several colonies and plantations in America, her most excellent Majesty has thought sit by her royal proclamation, hearing date the eighteenth day of sume, one thousand seven hundred and sour, and in the third year of her reign, to settle and ascertain the currency of foreign coins in her said colonies and plantations, in the mamner and words following.

Proclamation for ascertaining the currency of foreign coins in America.

XXIE having bad under our consideration the different rates at which the same species of foreign coins do pass in our several colonies and plantations in America, and the inconveniencies thereof, by the indirect practice of drawing the money from one plantation to another, to the great projudice of the trade of our subjects; and being sensible that the same cannot be otherwise remedied, than by reducing of all foreign coins to the same current rate within all our dominions in America; and the principal officers of our mint baving laid before us a table of the value of the several foreign coins which usually pass in payments in our said plantations, according to their weight, and the assays made of them in our mint, thereby showing the just proportion which each coin ought to have to the other, which is as followeth, viz. Sevil pieces of eight, old plate, seventeen penny-weight twelve grains, four shillings and six pence; Sevil pieces of eight, new plate, fourteen penny-weight, three shillings, seven pence, one farthing; Mexico pieces of eight, seventeen penny-weight twelve grains, four shillings and fix pence; Pillar pieces of eight, seventeen penny-weight twelve grains, four shillings and six pence three farthings; Peru pieces of eight, old plate, seventeen penny-weight twelve grains, four shillings and five pence, or thereabouts; cross dollars, eighteen penny-weight, four shillings and four pence three farthings; ducatoons of Flanders, twenty penny-weight and twenty one grains, five shillings and fix pence; ecu's of France, or filver Lewis, seventeen penny-weight twelve grains, four spillings and fix pence; crusadoes of Portugal, eleven penny-weight four grains, two swenty penny-weight and seven grains, five shillings and two pence one farthing; old rix dollars of the empire, eighteen penny-weight and ten grains, four shillings and six pence; the balfs, quarters, and other parts in proportion to their denominations, and light pieces in proportion to their weight: we have therefore thought fit for remedying the said inconveniencies, by the advice of our council, to publish and declare. That from and after the first day of January next enfuing the date hereof, no Sevil, Pillar, or Mexico pieces of eight, though of the full weight of seventeen penny-weight and an balf, shall be accounted, received, taken, or paid within any of our faid

colonies or plantations, as well those under proprietors and charters. as under our immediate commission and government, at above the rate of fix sbillings per piece current money, for the discharge of any contracts or bargaint to be made after the said first day of January next, the balfs, quarters, and other leffer pieces of the same coins to be accounted, received, taken, or paid in the same proportion; and the currency of all pieces of eight of Peru, dollars, and other foreign species of silver coins, whether of the same or baser alloy, shall, after the said first day of January next, stand regulated, according to their weight and sineness, according and in proportion to the rate before limited and fet for the pelces of eight of Sevil, Pillar, and Mexico; so that no foreign silver coin of any fort be permitted to exceed the same proportion upon any account subatsoever; and we do bereby require and command all our governors, lieutenant governors, magistrates, officers, and all other our good subjects, within our said colonies and plantations, to observe and obey our directions herein, as they tender our displeasure.

II. And whereas notwithstanding the said proclamation, the same For inforcing indirect practices as are therein mentioned, are still carried on within the due exesome of the said colonies or plantations, and the money thereby drawn cution of profrom one plantation to another, in prejudice of the trade of her Ma-clamation, jesty's subjects; wherefore for the better inforcing the due execution of her Majesty's said proclamation throughout all the faid colonies and plantations, and for the more effectual remedying the faid inconveniencies thereby intended to be remedied, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person within any of the said colonies or plantations, as well those under proprietors and charters, as under her Majesty's immediate commission and government, shall after the first day of May, which shall be in Persons after the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nine, May, 1709. for the discharge of any contracts or bargains to be thereafter paying or remade, account, receive, take, or pay any of the several species ceiving any of foreign sliver coins mentioned in the before recited procla- foreign sliver of foreign filver coins mentioned in the before recited procla-coins at a mation, at any greater or higher rate than at which the same is higher rate thereby regulated, settled, and allowed, to be accounted, receiv-than is regued, taken, or paid, every fuch person so accounting, receiving, lated, taking, or paying the same contrary to the directions therein months imcontained, shall suffer six months imprisonment, without bail or prisonment, mainprize; any law, custom, or usage in any of the said colo- and sorfeit tol. nies or plantations to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding; and shall likewise forfeit the sum of ten pounds for every such offence; one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and fucceffors; the other moiety to fuch person or persons as shall fue for the same, to be recovered with full costs of suit, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of justice within any of the said plantations, or

in any of the courts of justice of the charter or proprietary governments where such offence thall be committed.

Proviso.

- III. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared. That hothing in the before recited proclamation or in this act comtained shall extend, or be construed to compel any person to receive any of the faid species of foreign-filver coins, at the refpective rates in the faid proclamation mentioned.

Queen may regulate the feveral species hereafter, in fuch other shall judge neceffary.

IV. Provided also, and it is hereby further declared. That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed to reftrain her Majefty from regulating and fettling the feveral rates of the faid species of foreign filver coins within any of manner as the the faid colonies or plantations, in such other manner, and according to such other rates and proportions, as her Majesty by her royal proclamation for that purpole to be iffued, shall from time to time judge proper and necessary, or from giving her royal affent to any law hereafter to be made in any of the faid colonies or plantations, for fettling and afcertaining the current rates of such coins within the said colonies or plantations; but that fuch further regulations may be made, and fuch affent given, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as the same might have been done in case this act had not been made, and no otherwise; any thing herein before contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXXI.

Awall for the better proventing mischless that may bappen by fire.

HEREAS many fires have lately broke out in several places in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and other parishes and places comprised within the weekly bills of mortality, and many houses have frequently been burnt and consumed before such fires could be extinguished, to the impoverishing and utter rule of many of her Majesty's subjects, the rage and violence whereof might have been in great part prevented, if a sufficient quantity of water had been provided in the pipes lying in the streets, and if party walls of brick had been built between house and house, from the foundation to the top of the roofs, and less timber in the front of houses: for the preventing therefore the like mischiefs for the suture, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, it shall and may be lawful to and for the churchwardens of each and every parish within the faid cities and liberties of London and Westminster, and other tality to fix on parithes and places within the faid weekly bills of mortality, and they are hereby required at any time or times before the first day of May, in the said year of our Lord one thousand stop-blocks of seven hundred and eight, or as soon after as may be, and so for

From 25 March, 1708, churchwardens of each parish within bills of morthe mains and .pipes of any water-work,

ver after, to make place and fix fat the charge of firsh re-wood, or fire pective parish) upon the mains and pipes belonging to any cocks, &c. vater-work whatspever within the places aforthlide such and o many stop-blocks of wood, with a two inch play, or such and so many fire cocks to go into each thain or pipe, and to be riaced at fucir diffrances, in each or any firest or place where uch churchwardens for the time being shall direct, and the op of such stop blocks to lie even with the pavement of each breet or place; to the intent that fuch plugs or fire cooks may ilways, upon occasion of any fire, be opened, and let out he water without loss of time in digging down to the pipes; and that all and every or any fuch churchwardens shall, and rereby have power to fix any mark or writing in the front of Mark to be my house or houses over against the places, and for the better fixed on the making known to the inhabitants where such stop-blocks and front of an fire cocks lie, and to keep an infiroment in each house where house, over the mark is, to open the plug or fire each, fuch Rop-blocks against the and fire cocks to be kept in repair at the charge of each parith fire-cock lies. where the same shall be placed, and the plugs by the owners of the mains and pipes where the same shall be sixed; and that each and every pariff within the cities of London and Westminster, Every parish and weekly bills of mortality, shall from time to time, and at to keep one all times, have and keep in good order and repair in some large engine known and publick place within each parish, a large engine, and one hand and also a hand engine, to throw up water for the extinguish engine, and ing of fires, and also shall provide, keep, and maintain one pipe. leather pipe and locket of the same size as the plug or fire cock, United pato the intent the focket may be put into the pipe to convey the riber are as water clean and without lofs, or help of bucket, into the en-one. gine; and in default of making, placing, fixing, and continu- ? Annæ, c. 17. ing such stop-blocks or fire-cocks on the several mains and Penalty on pipes, as also in default of having and keeping in good repair churchwarfuch large engine, hand engine, and leather pipe and focker, ens making the churchwardens of such parish so making default, and be default. the churchwardens of such parish so making default, and being convicted thereof, before two of her Majesty's justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten pounds; one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety to the overfeers of the poor of the parish where such default shall be made, for the use of the poor of such parish, to be recovered by warrant from two of her Majesty's justices of the peace, by diffres and fale of such churchwardens goods; the overplus: if any be, to be returned to the owner thereof; and that the Gratuities to turn-cock belonging to fuch water-work, whose water shall be be paid to found on, or first come into the main or pipe where the first turn cocks plug shall be opened at any fire, shall be paid ten shillings by engine keep-, the churchwardens of such respective parish where such fire ers, &c. by shall happen; and that the first engine keeper which brings in ens, &c. a parish engine, to help to extinguish any fire, if in good order where any fire and complete, with a focket, hofe, and leather pipe, shall be shall happen. paid thirty shillings; the keeper of the second parish engine Reward not payable by that shall be next brought to a fire shall be paid twenty churchward. fhillings;

alderman of the

on evident the shillings; and the third, ten shillings, by the churchwardens, direction of the of each parish where such fire shall happen; and in default of 7 Anna, c. 17. Churchwardens where such fire shall happen, by warrant from f. 2. payment thereof, such reward shall be recoverable from the. two of her Majesty's justices of the peace, by diffress and sale of such churchwardens goods the overplus to be returned, if any be.

II. And subereas the several insurance offices for insuring houses against less by fire, retain in their several services, and give coats and badges unto austermen for service and affiftance in extinguishing of fires, who are always ready at a call, and are previded with various ferts of poles, books, batchets, and feweral other instruments and things at the charge of the faid respective insurance affices, for the extinguishing of fires, which watermen by custom and skill venture much further, and give greater help than any other persons not used to some into danger: and whereas it bath been found by frequent experience, that such watermen are of great use and service when ever any fire bappens; be it therefore enacted by the authority afore-Watermen be- said. That the watermen for the time being, belonging to each. insurance office, within the cities of London and Westminster, and limits thereof, not exceeding thirty for each office, shall. be free from being impressed, or liable to be compelled to go to sea, or serve as marines, or soldiers at land, their names and places of abode being registered and entered with the secretary or other officer of the admiralty office.

longing to iniurance offices free from impreffing.

Servants who through negligence fire any house, &c. to forfeit 1001. or be fent to the workhouse for 18 months

III. And sphereas fires often happen by the negligence and carelefness of forvants, be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if any menial or other fervant or fervants, through negligence or carelefnols, shall fire or cause to be fired any dwellingboule, or out-house or houses, such servant or servants being thereof lawfully convicted by the oath of one or more credible witnesses made before two or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds unto the churchwardens of such parish where such fire shall happen, to be distributed among the sufferers by such fire, in such proportions as to the said churchwardens shall seem just : and in case of default or refusal to pay the same immediately after fuch conviction, the same being lawfully demanded by the faid churchwardens, that then and in such case such servant or fervants shall, by warrant under the hand of two or more of her Majesty's justices of the peace, be committed to some workhouse, or house of correction, as the said justices shall think fit, for the space of eighteen months, there to be kept to bard labour.

All houses erected after . lity, to have æc.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid first day of May, which shall be 1 May, within in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, bills of morta- all and every house and houses that shall be crected and built party walls of either upon old or new foundations, in any place or places in brick of stone, and about the cities of London and Westminster, or other parishes or places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, shall ive party walls between house and house, wholly of brick or Provisions for one, and of two bricks thick at the least in the cellar and ground pulling down pries, and thirteen inches thick upwards from the foundation 11Geo.1.G.28. lite through all the Rories of each house, and eighteen inches No mundilpove the roof; and that no mundillion or cornish of timber lion or cornish wood under the eaves shall hereafter be made or suffered in of timber under the house or houses, but that all front and rear-hereafter to be alls of every house and houses shall be built of brick or stone, to made in any : carried two foot and an half high above the garret floor, and newhouse, &c. ped with stone or brick; and if any new house or houses This clause iull, from and after the faid first day of May, be erected and extends not to ailt within the places aforesaid, contrary to the true intent and London bridge eaning of this ack, that then the owner of every such house, or the Thames. 1d head builder or workmen, who undertake fuch building or 7 Annæ, c. 17. ork, shall each of them forseit, lose, and pay for every such so, s. efault the sum of fifty pounds, to be equally divided, one loiety to the informer, and the other moiety to the poor the parish wherein such building shall be erected; and to e levied by warrant under the hands and feals of two or more f her Majesty's justices of the peace within the place where ich building shall be so erected, or where such workmen shall thabit, by diffress and sale of the offender's goods, upon due onviction upon oath, or upon the view of one or more of fuch istices of the peace, rendring the overplus to the owners, if any e; and for want of fuch diffres the offender shall be imprisoned y warrant from the faid two justices, who are hereby impowerd and required to iffue fuch warrant, until payment, as aforeaid; and the share of such forseitures appointed to go to the oor, as aforefaid, to be paid into the hands of the churchvardens of such respective parish where such offence shall be committed, who are to give a receipt for the same, and to be harged therewith, and accountable for the same, in like manner as for other monies which they shall receive for the use of uch parish.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon the breaking out On breaking of any fire within London and Westminster, all constables and out of any fire, peadles (upon notice thereof) shall immediately repair to the &c. all conplace where the faid fire shall happen, with their staves, and other stables and padges of their authority, and be aiding and affifting, as well and affift the in the extinguishing the said fires, and causing people to work inhabitants, at the engines, as also in preventing goods being stolen; and &c. shall seize and apprehend all ill-disposed persons that they shall find stealing or pilfering from the inhabitants; as also that the said constables and beadles shall give their utmost assistance to

help the inhabitants to remove their faid goods.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No action to That no action, suit, or process whatsoever, shall be had, be prosecuted maintained or profecuted against any person in whose house or against any chamber any fire (hall, from and after the faid first day of May, whole house, accidentally begin, or any recompence be made by such person &c. any fire for any damage suffered or occasioned thereby; any law, usage, accidentally Vol. XL

or begins, &c.

leventy

This fection made perpetual by 10 Annæ, c. 14. f. 1.

Not to void contract between landlord and tenant. Clause of indemnity to continue for

3 years.

or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any action shall be brought for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the defendant may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence, and in case the plaintiff become nonsuit, or discontinue his action or fuit, or if a verdict pass against him, the defendant shall recover treble costs.

VII. Provided. That nothing in this act contained shall extend to defeat or make void any contract or agreement made be-

tween landlord and tenant.

VIII. Provided always nevertheless. That so much of this act as relates to the indemnity of any person in whose house or chamber any fire shall accidentally begin, shall continue for the space of three years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament and no longer.

CAP. XXXII.

An all for regulating the qualifications of the elections of the governor, deputy governor, directors, and voters, of the governor and company of the bank of England.

Bank of Eng-

land.

HEREAS by an att of parliament made and passed in the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing the duties upon houses, to secure a yearly fund for circulating Exchequer bills, whereby a fum not exceeding fifteen hundred thousand pounds is intended to be raised for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, it is provided and enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for the better circulating of the said Exchequer bills, from time to time when they shall see occasion, to call in or direct to be paid unto the said governor and company, and their successors, from and by the respective members of the faid company for the time being proportionably, any sum and sums of money which the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time shall think necessary for the said circulation, and shall accordingly order to be called in, as by the faid act (amongst divers other things therein contained) more at large may appear; and whereas an enlargement of the present capital stock of the said governor and company, will reflore feveral members of the faid corporation, who have paid or may bereafter pay in any money for the circulation of the faid Exchequer bills, to fuch capacities of being elected governor, deputy governor and directors, and voting at general courts, as their charter requires, and which by dividing of their late engrafted flock, many of them now want; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and tenaporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all such sums of money as the faid governor and company have heretofore called, or shall hereafter from time to time call in, from their respective to be taken as members, for the circulation of the said Exchequer bills, shall, as the same have been, or shall from time to time be received by the faid governor and company, and their fucceffors, as far as and not exceeding one million one thousand one hundred

All monies called in by bank for circulating Exchequer bills flock for quathying persons to be elected governor,

feventy one pounds ten shillings in the whole, be taken and directors, &c. deemed as and for capital and principal flock for the qualifying or capacitating any perion or perions interested therein, to be elected governor, deputy governor, director or directors, or to vote at general courts, and to and for no other intent or purpose whatfoever.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein confained shall Provide. extend or be construed to prohibit or restrain the said governor and company, and their successors, from calling in or receiving from their members, any further or other fum and fums of money, which by virtue of the said last recited act, or otherwise, they lawfully may or can do.

CAP. XXXIIL.

An all for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and fix months longer.

WHEREAS cochineal being of the growth of the Spanish West Cochineal of Indies is of principal use in dying of clothes, and other the weallen the growth of manufacture of this kingdom, fearlets, purples, and other colours called Weft Indies. grain colours, to the great improvement thereof, and employment of great numbers of her Majesty's subjects, in finishing and perfecting such woollen manufacture: and whereas by the laws in being cochineal connest be imported but from the places of its growth, although the same is now fold at cheaper rates in several parts of Europe, and used as well in dying the faid manufactures of this kingdom abroad, as also foreign manufactures at lower prices than her Majesty's subjects can, to the encouragement of foreign woollen manufactures, the great prejudice of our own, and impoverishment of many of her Majesty's subjects imployed therein; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present After 26 parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That March, 1708. from and after the fix and twentieth day of March, which shall may be imbe in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ported. eight, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or perfons who shall reside in her Majesty's dominions, to import and bring cochineal into this kingdom in any ship or ships. vessel or vessels, belonging to any kingdom or state in amity with her Majesty, Spanish ships or vessels, or such as are deemed Spanish thips or vessels, sailing with Spanish pass or passes and the ports of colours, from any the ports or places following (viz.) Cadiz, Spain during Sevill, Port St. Mary, St. Lucar, and Gibraltar, or any other the war, &c. ports in the kingdom of Spain, during this present war, and 12 Car. 2.c. 28. fix months after; any thing in the act for encouraging and increasing of shipping and navigation, made in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, or any other act, to the contrary notwithstanding. Made perpetual by 12 Anna, stat: 1. c. 18. sect. 3.

CAP. XXXIV.

An act for limiting a time to persons to come in and make their claims to any of the forfeited effates, and other interests in Ireland, sold by the trustees for sale of these estates to the governor and company for making bollow sword blades in England, and divers other purchasers.

Governor and T company of hollow iword

Who pur-chased lands in Ireland of the trustees. The title tothe same hath been question-

For quieting the faid company.

to purchasers to profecute their claims.

In default thereof, to be debarred.

HEREAS the governor and company for making hollow fword blades in England, and divers other persons, did (in blades. pursuance of an act of parliament made in the eleventh year of the 11 & 12 W. 3. reign of the late King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by sale of forfeited and other estates and interests in Ireland, and by a land tax, for the purposes therein mentioned, and of several other acts relating to the said forfeited and other estates and interests) purchase of the trustees appointed by the said acts, several honours, manors, baronies, castles, messuages, lands, tenements, rents, reversions, services, remainders, possessions, royalties, franchises, jurisdictions, privileges, and appurtenances thereunto belonging in the kingdom of Ireland: and whereas divers actions and suits have been brought against several purchasers of estates under the said acts of parliament, and the title to the same, under the said trustees, hath been called in question, and several judgments have been given in Ireland against, some of the said purshasers, and one of those judgments hath been affirmed on a writ of error in her Majesty's court of Queen's Bench in England, and also in the house of peers in England, whereby the said purchasers are in danger of having their titles to the estates and interests, so by them purchased, surther called in question and disputed: now for the quieting the faid governor and company, and the faid other purchasers in the possession of the several estates and interests so by them respectively purshased of the said trustees, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the Time allowed same, That all and every person or persons whatsoever, who shall claim or pretend any right or title to any of the estates or interests purchased of the said trustees, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, or any incumbrance thereupon, either in law or equity, on pretence that the same were not vested in the faid trustees, within the true intent and meaning of the faid several acts of parliament, some or one of them, or on any other pretence whatfoever, shall commence, sue and prosecute fuch his, her or their claim and pretention, within two years, to be computed from the four and twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eight, in one of her Majesty's courts of record in Ireland; and in default thereof, the party or parties claiming, his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, and any claiming by, from or under him, her or them, or any of them, shall be for ever absolutely debarred, and without remedy either in law or equity. II. Pro-

II. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the Proviso if urthority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, whose claim claimant be a intended to be hereby limited, shall be a seme-covert, or under age, or rithin the age of one and twenty years, non compos mentis, or non compos, &c. 1 prison. That then such person or persons shall commence nd profecute his, her or their respective claim, as aforesaid. ithin two years, next and immediately after he, the or they nall be of full age, discovert or sane memory, or at large, as ther persons having no such impediment are hereby limited to o; and in default or neglect thereof shall be for ever barred of ny fuch claim, as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Act to be a That this present act shall be accepted, taken, deemed and publick act. eputed to be, as is hereby declared to be a publick act of parament; of which all and every judge and judges of this kinglom, and the kingdom of Ireland, and other persons, are to take

notice on all occasions whatsoever.

IV. Provided nevertheless. That nothing in this present act Not to prejuhall extend, or be construed to extend to prejudice the right, dice right of itle, or interest of any person or persons that are in actual persons in offession of any messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments, session, &c. or other estates or interests that were sold by the said trustees.

CAP. XXXV.

An aEt for the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, wills, and other incumbrances that shall be made of, or that may affect any bonours, manors, lands, tenements, or bereditaments within the East Riding of the county of York, or the town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven bundred and eight, and for the rendring the register in the West Riding more complete.

[THEREAS the lands in the East Riding of the county of York, and in the town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull are generally freehold, which may be fo fecretly transferred or conveyed from one person to another, that such as are ill disposed have it in their power to commit frauds, and frequently do so, by means whereof several persons (who through many years industry in their trades and employments, and by great frugality have been enabled to purchase lands, or to lend monies on land security). have been undone in their purchases and mortgages, by prior and secret conveyances, and fraudulent incumbrances, and not only themselves, but their whole families thereby utterly ruined: for remedy whereof, may it please your most excellent Majesty (at the humble request of the justices of the peace, gentlemen, and free-holders of the said East Riding, and of the said town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the au-Ecz thority

Cónveyances and wills whereby lands, &c. in the East Riding of Yorkfaire or Hull may be affected, to be registred. Deed not fo registred void. 7 Ān. c. 20. 3 58. Wrightfon v. Hanlon 13 Feb. 1737. at the Rolls.

thorny of the fame, That a memorial of all tieds and conveyances which from and after the nine and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thouland fever hundredand eight, shall be made and executed, and of all wills and devices in writing made, or to be made and published, where the devisor or testatrix shall die after the said nine and twentieth day of September, of or concerning, and whereby any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments in the faid Eaft Riding, or in the faid town and county of the town of King Ross upon Hull, may be any way affected in law or equity, may be registered in such manner as is herein after directed; and that every Rich deed or conveyance that shall, at any time after the faid nine and twentieth day of September, be made and excented, shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any sub-Abr. Eq. 357, fequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration, unless such memorial thereof be registred, as by this act is directed, before the registring of the memorial of the deed or conveyance. under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim; and that every fuch devile by will shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortgages for valuable confideration, unless a memorial of fuch will be registred in such manner as is herein after directed.

Method established for regittring fuch . memorials.

II. And for settling and establishing a certain method, with proper rules and directions for registring such memorials as aforelaid, be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That one publick office for registering such memorials of and concurning any honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, that are situate, lying, and being within the faid East Riding, or the fald town and county of the town of King from upon Hull, shall (at the publick charge of the said East Riding, to be raised by the justices of the peace thereof at their general quarter sessions of the peace, in such manner as they are impowered to raise money for the repairs of publick or county bridges) be erested and established at Beverly, the nearest market town to the center or middle of the faid East Riding, to be managed and executed by a fit and able person, to be from time to time elected and appointed in manner herein after directed, or his fufficient deputy, and to continue in the faid office for fo long time as he shall well demean himself therein.

Register office to he at Beverly.

Register to be elected by balloting.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority afortsaid, That all elections of a register to be made or appointed by virtue of this act, shall be performed by balloting, in manner following; that is to say, all the fresholders that at the time of any fach election have an estate of steehold of or in any lands, tenements, or hereditaments within the faid East Riding, and the faid town and county of the town of King from upon Hull, or in either of them, of the yearly value of one hundred pounds, to be determined by the oath of the elector, before the ferutators herein after mentioned, if any doubt arise touching the same (which oath they are hereby impowered to administer) shall be elections of the said register a and that the justices of the peace Peace for the faid Baft Riding, in that behalf affembled, or the major part of them, or any five of such justices to be appointed by such major part, shall be scrutators of the ballot, who shall meet on the day and place of election, and there in the presence of the electors, shall place one or more glass vessels to be provided for that purpose, into which each elector present shall put one open paper, containing the name of such person as he approves of to be register; which papers shall be taken out again in the prefence of the scrutators, by a person by them in that behalf appointed; and the name or names of every person therein shall be once transcribed in distinct columns. and under each name shall be set down the number of their electors, which shall be deliberately cast up by the said scrutators, and the same shall be read over in the hearing, and fixt up in the view of the electors then prefent, and the person upon whom the majority shall fall, shall be declared register.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Time of That the election of a person to be the first register shall be election. made at Boverly aforesaid, upon the thirteenth day of July, in the faid year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eight, in open court, between the hours of nine in the morning and three

in the afternoon.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, On death of That when and as often as the faid office shall become vacant register a new by the death, forfeiture, or furrender of any such register, the one to be justices of the peace for the said East Riding assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, next after such vacancy shall happen, or the major part of them, shall in open court declare the faid vacancy, and by order of the fame festions shall appoint and prefix a certain day and time within the space of one calendar month, and above three weeks enfuing the end of fuch general quarter fessions, for the electors to assemble at Beverly aforefaid, to choose a fit and able person in the manner aforefaid, to supply the faid vacancy; and to the intent that all persons qualified to be electors may have due notice of such vacancy and time of election of a succeeding register, the clerk of the peace for the time being for the faid East Riding, shall forthwith cause copies of such order, for the prefixing the time of fuch election, to be delivered to the respective chief constables of the several wapentakes within the said East Riding, who shall and are hereby required to publish the same in full market in every market town within their respective wapentakes, on the next market day after the receipt thereof, and to affix the same in the most publick place of resort there.

VL And be it further enacted, That every such register, Who shall be before he enter upon the execution of the said office, shall be sworn. swern before the justices of the peace for the said riding, or any three or more of them that shall be present at his election (who are hereby impowered and required to administer such

outh) in these words:

Resider's oz:

VOU fer!! truly and faithfully perform and execute the office and duty that is directed and required by you to be done by all of for smeat, intituled, An act for the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, wills, and other incumbrances that shall be made of, or that may affect any honours, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments within the East Riding of the county of York, or the town and county of the town of King flow upon Hall, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and that you have not given or promifed directly or indirectly, nor authorized any person to give or premise any money, gratuity, or reward what soever, for procuring or obtaining the faid office for you.

So help you GOD.

Register's deputy to take

VII. And that when and as often as the said register shall appoint any deputy to execute the faid office, such deputy shall, before he enter upon the execution thereof, take the laid oath appointed to be taken by the faid register, before two or more of the justices of the peace for the faid riding, who are hereby impowered and required to administer such oath.

Executors of decealed regifter to execute office, until a new one be elected.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the death of any fuch register, and until another election of a fit person to execute that office shall be made in manner aforesaid, the executors and administrators of the register deceased, together with the furcties for the faid register, or their executors and administrators, shall appoint a proper person to execute the office of regifter, for whose demeanor in the execution of the said office the security given for such register deceased shall be answerable.

And take the oath prescribed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the person to be appointed, as aforefaid, upon the death of any register, to execute the said office during the time the same shall be vacant, as aforefaid, shall, before he enter upon the execution thereof, take the oath herein before appointed to be taken by such regifter and his deputy, before two or more justices of the peace for the faid riding (who are hereby impowered to administer the same oath) and that if such person so appointed shall be lawfully convicted of any neglect, misterneanor or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, during fuch vacancy, he shall be liable to pay treble damages with full costs of suit to every person that shall be injured thereby, to be recovered as is herein after directed.

Penalty on neglect.

All memorials to be regittred in vel-Tum or parchment.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every memorials to to be entred and registred, shall be put into writing in vellum or parchment, and brought to the faid office, and in case of deeds and conveyances, shall be under the hand and feal of some or one of the grantors, or some or one of the grantees, his or their heirs, exceptors, or administrators, guardians, or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof to be one of the witnesses to the execution of such deed or conveyance; which witness shall upon his oath, before the said register, or his deputy, prove the signing and sealing of (uch

such memorial, and the execution of the deed or conveyance. mentioned in such memorial; and in case of wills, the memorial thall be under the hand and seal of some or one of the devisees, his or their heirs, executors, or administrators, guardians, or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof shall upon his oath, before the faid register, or his deputy, prove the figning and fealing of fuch memorial, which respective oaths the said regifter, or his deputy, is hereby impowered to administer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every memorial of any What every deed, conveyance, or will, shall contain the day of the month, memorial and the year when such deed, conveyance, or will bears date, shall contain. and the names and additions of all the parties to such deed or conveyance, and of the devisor or testatrix of such will, and of all the witnesses to such deed, conveyance or will, and the places of their abode, and shall express or mention the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments contained in such deed, conveyance, or will, and the names of all the parishes, townships, hamlets, precincts, or extraparochial places within the faid east riding, and the said town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, or either of them, where any such honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, are lying or being, that are given, granted, conveyed, devised, or any way affected or charged by any fuch deed, conveyance, or will, in fuch manner as the same are expressed or mentioned in such deed, conveyance, and will, or to the same effect; and that every such Register to indeed, conveyance, and will, or probate of the same, of which dorse on every fuch memorial is so to be registred, as aforesaid, shall be produce a certificate, ced to the faid register, or his deputy, at the time of entring &c... fuch memorial, who shall indorse a certificate on every such deed, conveyance, and will, or probate thereof, and therein mention the certain day, hour, and time on which fuch memorial is so entred or registred, expressing also in what book, page, and number, the same is entred, and that the said register, or his deputy, shall fign the said certificate when so indorsed; which certificates shall be taken and allowed as evidence of such respective registries in all courts of record whatsoever; and that every page of such register books, and every memorial that shall be entred therein, shall be numbred, and the day of the month, and the year, and hour, or time of the day, when every memorial is registred, shall be entred in the margents of the said regifter books, and of the faid memorial; and that every such register shall keep an alphabetical calendar of all parishes, extraparochial places and townships, within the said East riding, and And keep an the faid town and county of the town of Kingson upon Hull, calendar of with reference to the number of every memorial that concerns parishes, &c. the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments in every such parish, extraparochial place or township respectively, and of the names of the parties mentioned in fuch memorial, And file every and that fuels register shall duly file every such memorial, in or memorial in der of time, as the same shall be brought to the said office, and order of time. enter or register the faid memorials, in the same order that they shall respectively come to his hand.

Memorials. &cc. made in London, or not within 40 miles of East riding, may be entred on affidavit.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That a memorial of such deeds, conveyances and wills as shalk be made and executed, or published in London, or in any other place not within forty miles of the faid East riding, which do or may concern or affect any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments in the faid East riding, or the said town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, shall be entred or regiftred by the aforefaid regulter or his deputy, in case an affidavit fworn before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in Chancery, ordinary or extraordinary, be brought with the faid memorial to the faid register, or his deputy, wherein one of the witnesses to the execution of such deeds and conveyances shall fwear, he or the faw the fame executed, and the memorial figned and fealed, as aforefaid, or wherein one of the witnesses to the memorial of any will shall swear, he or the saw such memorial figned and fealed, as aforefaid; and the fame shall be a fufficient authority to the faid register or his deputy, to give the party that brings such memorial and affidavit a certificate of the registring such memorial; which certificate figned by the faid register or his deputy, shall be taken and allowed as evidence of the registries of the same memorials in all courts of record whatfoever; any thing in this act to the contrary thereof contained ih any wife notwithstanding.

In case of more writings than one, which concern the fame lands, Memorial fufficient, if lands, &c. named there-

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where there are more writings than one for making and perfecting any conveyance or fecurity, which do name, mention, or any ways affect or concern the fame honors manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, it shall be a sufficient memorial and register thereof, if all the faid honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, and the parishes, townships, hamlets, or exare only once traparochial places, wherein the fame lie, be only once named or mentioned in the memorial, register, and certificate of any one of the deeds or writings made for the perfecting of such conveyance or security, and that the dates of the rest of the said deeds or writings relating to the faid conveyance or fecurity, with the names and additions of the parties and witnesses, and the places of their abodes, be only let down in the memorials, registers, and certificates of the same, with a reference to the deed or writing whereof the memorial is so registred, that comtains or expresses the parcels mentioned in all the faid deeds, and directions how to find the registring the same.

Memorials of wills registred within fix months after death of devifor, &c. va-

lid.

KIV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That all memorials of wills that shall be registred in manner as aforesaid, within the space of fix months after the death of every respective devisor or testatrix dying within the kingdom of Great Britain, or within the space of three years after the death of every respective devisor or testatrix dying upon or in any parts beyond the seas, shall be as valid and effectual against subsequent purchalers, as if the fame had been registred immediately after the death of such respective devisor or testatrix; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife netwishstanding.

XV. Pro-

XV. Provided always, That in ease the device, or person or Proviso in case persons interested in the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or of wills conhereditaments, devised by any such will, as aforesaid, by reason tested. of the contesting such will, or other inevitable difficulty, without his, her, or their wilful neglect or default, shall be disabled to exhibit a memorial for the registry thereof, within the respectives times herein before limited, and that a memorial shall be errered in the faid office of fuch contest or other impediment. within the space of fix months after the decease of such devisor or testatrin, who shall die within the kingdom of Great Britain, or within the space of three years next after the decease of such person who shall die upon or beyond the seas, then and in such case the registry of the memorial of such will, within the space of fix months next after his, her, or their attainment of fuck will, or a probate thereof, or removal of the impediment, whereby he, the, or they are disabled or hindred to exhibit fuch memorial, shall be a sufficient registry within the meaning of this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XVI. And whereas by an all of parliament made in the twenty 17 H. S. C. 16. fewenth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, For invollments of burgains and fales, it is enacted, That no manors, lands, tenements, or other bereditaments, shall pass, alter, or change from one to another, whereby any estate of inheritance or freehold shall de meads or take effect in any person or persons, or any use thereof to be made, by reason only of any bargain and sale thereof, except the said burgain and fule be made by writing indented, sealed, and enrolled in one of the King's courts of record at Westminster, or elfe within the same county or counties where the fame manors, lands, tenements, or bereditaments so bargained and sold, lye or be, before the Custos Rotulorum, and two justices of the peace, and the clerk of the peace of the faid county or counties, or two of them at the leaft, whereof the therk of the peace to be one; which all hath been found by experience to be of little or no use within the said East riding, or the said town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, for that the clerks of the peace thereof respectively for the time being, who have the keeping of the fuid invollments within the faid respective places, are not by the faid all enjoyned to give any socurity for the safe keeping, nor under any penalty for the negligent keeping of the said involuments, nor is there by the faid all any certain place appointed for keeping thereof; and whereas by this present ast a publick office is intended to be erected and established at Beverly aforesaid, at the publick charge of the said East riding, for registering and safe keeping memorials of all deeds, conveyences, and wills, as aforesaid, and a publick register to be chosen, who, according to the directions berein after mentioned, is to give fufficient fecurity for the due execution of the faid office : for rendring 27 H. S. c. 26. therefore the faid act made in the twenty leventh year of the reign of King Howy the Eighth more effectual and beneficial to the inhabitunts of the faid East riding, and of the town and county of the town of Kingfton upon Hull, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said nine and

twentieth

2708. all bargains and fales of lands, &c. involled at as effectual as if inrolled at Westminster, ₽c.

After 29 Sept. twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and eight, all bargains and sales of any manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, fituate, lying and being within the faid East riding, or the said town and county Beverly, to be of the town of Kingston upon Hull, which shall be inrolled by the said register, or his deputy for the time being, in the said publick office at Beverly, shall be as good, effectual, and available, to all intents and purpoles whatloever, as if the same had been involled in one of the Queen's courts of record at Westminster, or before the Custos Rotulorum and two justices of the peace and the clerk of the peace of the faid East riding, or of the faid town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, or two of them, according to the aforesaid act made in the twenty seventh year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, or any other act now in force: and one or more justice or justices of the peace of the faid riding for the time being shall have power to take and enter the acknowledgment of the bargainor. if but one, or of one of the bargainors if more, in such bargains and fales; and the faid register, or his deputy for the time being, shall well and sufficiently inroll, by ingrossing in parchment books, all such bargains and sales as shall for that purpose be acknowledged as aforefaid, and shall indorfe a certificate on such bargains and fales of the times of inrolling thereof, and fign the fame, and the books thereof shall safely keep in the said publick office, there to remain upon record amongst the memorials of deeds there registred.

Deeds fo inrolled to be fufficient evidence.

XVII. And be it further enacted. That all deeds of bargain and fale so inrolled in the said publick or register office, as aforesaid, which shall appear to be so inrolled by an indorsement or certificate on the faid deeds of bargain and fale, figned by the faid register, or his deputy, and that all copies of the inrollments thereof remaining on record in the faid register office, shall be allowed in all courts where such bargains and sales, or copies shall be produced, to be as good and sufficient evidence as any bargains and fales inrolled in any of the courts at Wellminster, and the copies of the inrollments thereof.

Every fuch inrollment to be deemed the entring a me-

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such inrollment of every fuch deed in the faid register office, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be the entring a memorial morial thereof, thereof pursuant to this act, and shall have the same force and effect upon the estate therein mentioned, in relation to all subsequent deeds, conveyances, and wills, and to all other intents, and purposes, as if a memorial of such inrolled deed had been entred in the said register office, as aforesaid, pursuant to this act.

No judgment, statute, &c. after 29 Sept 1708. shall af-&c. in East

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no judgment, statute, or recognizance (other than such as shall be entred into in the name and upon the proper account fect any lands, of her Majesty, her heirs and successors) which shall be obtained, or entred into after the faid nine and twentieth day of Sepriding, or Hull but only tember, in the faid year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred from the time and eight, shall affect or bind any honors, manors, lands, tene-

ments, or hereditaments, fituate, lying, and being in the faid that a memo-East riding, or in the said town and county of the town of King-rial thereof be son upon Hull, but only from the time that a memorial of such entred, &c. judgment, statute, or recognizance shall be entred at the said regifter office, expressing and containing, in case of such judgment, the names of the plaintiffs, and the names and additions therein of the defendants, the sums thereby recovered, and the time of the figning thereof; and in case of statutes and recognizances, expressing and containing the date of such statute or recognizance, the names and additions of the cognizors and cognizees therein, and for what fums, and before whom the same were acknowledged; and that in order to the making an entry of fuch memorials of judgments, statutes, and recognizances, as aforefaid, the party and parties defiring the same, shall produce to, and leave with the faid register, or his deputy, to be filed in the faid publick or register office, a memorial of such judgment, statute, or recognizance, figned by the proper officer or his deputy who shall fign such judgment, or his successor in the same office. or by the proper officer in whose office such statute or recognizance shall be inrolled, together with an affidavit, sworn before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in Chancery, That fuch memorial was duly figned by the officer, whose name shall appear to be thereunto fet, which memorial such respective officer is hereby required to give such plaintiff or plaintiffs, cognizee or cognizees, or his, her, or their executors or administrators, or attorney, or any of them, he, the, or they paying for the fame the fum of one shilling, and no more.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the faid register or his Register to endeputy shall make an entry, and likewise (if required) shall give ter every such a certificate in writing, under his hand, testified by two credible memorial, and witnesses, of every such memorial of any judgment, statute, or cate, &c. recognizance brought to him to be so registred, as aforesaid, and therein mention the certain day on which such memorial is so registred or entred, expressing also in what book, page, and num-

ber the fame is entred.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every such register shall Fees for ene be allowed for the entry of every such memorial, as is by this tries of meact directed, the fum of one shilling, and no more, in case the morials. same do not exceed two hundred words; but if such memorial shall exceed two hundred words, then after the rate and proportion of fix pence an hundred for all the words contained in fuch memorial, over and above the first two hundred words; and the like fees for the like number of words contained in every fuch bargain and fale, as aforesaid, and in every certificate or copy given out of the faid office, and no more; and for every fearch in the faid office, one shilling, and no more.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Times of at-That every such register, or his sufficient deputy, shall give due tendance at attendance at his office every day in the week (except Sundays the office. and holy-days) between the hours of nine and twelve in the forenoon, and the hours of two and five in the afternoon, for

and

the dispatch of all business belonging to the said office, and that every such register, or his deputy, as often as required, shall make fearches, concerning all memorials that are registred, as aforefaid, and give certificates concerning the same under his hand (if required by any person) testified by two credible witnesses.

Register to enter into a recognizance of 2000 l. for the true execution of his office.

XXIII. And be it further chacked by the authority aforefaid, That every register at the time of his being sworn into the said office, as aforesaid, shall enter into a recognizance, with two or more sufficient sureties (to be approved of by five or more of the justices of the peace of the said riding, that were present at his election, by writing under their hands and leals to be registred at the next general quarter sessions of the peace for the faid riding) of the penalty of two thousand pounds unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, to be taken by the same justices of the peace that approved of his security, conditioned for his true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office, in all things directed and required by this act, the fame to be transmitted by the same justices of the peace, within one month next after the date thereof, into the office of her Majesty's remembrancer of the Exchequer, there to remain amongst the records of the said court.

Penalty in cafe of neglect of duty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any fuch register, or his deputy, shall neglect to perform his or their duty in the execution of the said office, according to the rules and directions in this act mentioned, or commit or suffer to be committed any undue or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, and be thereof lawfully convicted, then fuch register shall forfeit his faid office, and pay treble damages with full costs of suit to every such person or persons as shall be injured thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance.

On death or furrender, if no milbehaviour appear recognizance to be void.

XXV. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any register shall die or surrender his office, and that within the space of three years from and after such death or surrender no misbehaviour appear to have been committed by fuch register in the execution of his faid office, then and in such case, at the end of the said three years after his death or furrender the faid recognizance fo entred into by him shall become void and of none effect, to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Penalty on forging or entry.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any person or perfons shall at any time forge or counterfeit any entry of the accounterfeiting knowledgment of any bargainor in any such bargain and sale, as aforesaid, or any such memorial, certificate, or indorfement, as is herein mentioned or directed, and be thereof lawfully convicted, fuch person or persons shall incur and be liable to such pains and penalties, as in and by an act made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An act against forgers of false decas

and writings, are imposed upon persons for forging and publishing of false deeds, charters, or writings sealed, court rolls or wills. whereby the freehold or inheritance of any person or persons of. in, or to any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, shall or may be molested, troubled, or charged; and that if any person or persons shall at any time forswear himself before the said register, And on per-or his deputy, or before any judge or master in Chancery, in sons forswear-or his deputy, or before any judge or master in Chancery, in sing themany of the cases herein mentioned, and be thereof lawfully con- selves. victed, such person or persons shall incur, and be liable to the same penalties, as if the same oath had been made in any of the courts of record at Westminster.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Mortgages, That in case of mortgages, judgments, statutes, and recogni, judgments, zances, whereof memorials shall be entred in the said register memorials are office, pursuant to this act, if at any time afterwards a certificate entred, and shall be brought to the said register, or his deputy, figned by the afterwards respective mortgagors and mortgagees in such mortgage, plain: monies due tiffs and defendants in fuch judgment, cognizor and cognizoes thereupon paid, register in such statute or recognizance, their respective executors, ad- may make an ministrators, or assigns, and attested by two witnesses, whereby entry in the it shall appear that all monies due upon such mortgage, judg-margin that ment, statute, or recognizance respectively, have been paid or such mortsatisfied in discharge thereof, which witnesses shall, upon their discharged. oath before the faid register, or his deputy (who are hereby respectively impowered to administer such eath) prove such monies to be fatisfied or paid accordingly, and that they faw fuch certificate figued by the faid mortgagors and mortgagees, plaintiffs and defendants, cognizors and cognizees respectively, their respective executors, administrators, or assigns, that then and in every such case, the said register, or his deputy, shall make an entry in the margents of the faid register books against the regiftry of the memorial of such mortgage, judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively, that such mortgage, judgment, statute, or recognizance respectively was satisfied and discharged according to such certificate, to which the same entry shall refer; and shall after file such certificate to remain upon record in the said register office.

XXVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if Proviso if any judgment, statute, or recognizance be registred in the said judgment, &c. register office, within thirty days after the acknowledgment or within 30 days figning thereof, all the lands that the defendants or cognizors had after figning. at the time of such acknowledgment or signing, shall be bound thereby.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That this Not to extend act shall not extend to any copyhold estates, or to any leases at to copyhold a rack rent, or to any leafe not exceeding one and twenty years, estates, &c. where the actual possession and occupation goeth along with the leafe; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithRanding.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in all deeds of bargain and fale hereafter inrolled in purfu-

ance .

How deeds of bargain and fale of feefimple estates shall be construed and adjudged.

ance of this act, whereby any estate of inheritance in fee-simple is limited to the bargainee and his heirs, the words grant, burgain, and fell thall amount to, and be construed and adjudged in all courts of judicature, to be express covenants to the bargainee, his heirs and affigns, from the bargainor for himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators, that the bargainor notwithstanding any act done by him, was at the time of the execution ci fuch deed feized of the hereditaments and premiffes thereby granted, bargained, and fold, of an indefeazible effate in feesimple, free from all incumbrances (rents and services due to the lord of the fee only excepted) and for quiet enjoyment thereof against the bargainor, his heirs and assigns, and all claiming under him, and also for further assurance thereof to be made by the bargainor, his heirs and assigns, and all claiming under him; unless the same shall be restrained and limited by express particular words contained in such deed; and that the bargainee, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns respectively, shall and may, in any action to be brought, affign a breach or breaches thereupon, as they might do in case such covenants were expresly inserted in such bargain and sale.

Every leaf of the register books to be figned by two justices.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That every leaf of the aforesaid register books and involment books shall be signed by two justices of the peace of the said riding (to be from time to time appointed by the justices of the peace thereof, or the major part of them, at their general quarter fessions of the peace asfembled) who are hereby required to fign the fame accordingly; and that an entry thereof shall be made from time to time by the clerk of the peace of the faid riding for the time being, in the order book of the faid sessions, and signed by the same justices of the peace that shall from time to time sign the said register books and involment books, to remain upon record amongst the records of the faid fessions; and that a like entry shall be made upon record, and figned, as aforefaid, of the number of the fame books, and how called or marked, and how many pages each of them contains, that are at any time, and from time to time, used in the faid register office.

No member of parliament to be register.

XXXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no member of parliament for the time being shall be capable of being chose register, or of executing by himself or any other person, the said office, or have, take, or receive any see or other profit whatsoever, for or in respect thereof; nor shall any register, or his deputy for the time being, be capable of being chose a member to serve in parliament.

Act to be a publick act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act, and all judges, justices, and other persons therein concerned, are hereby required as such to take notice thereof, without special pleading the same.

s & 3 Annæ,

XXXIV. And whereas an act of parliament made in the fecond year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the publick registring of all deeds, conveyances, and wills that shall he

made

made of any-honors, thanors, lands, tenements, or bereditements within the west riding of the county of York, after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hun-dred and four; and also ane other all made in the fifth year of her 5 Ann. c. 18. present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for involments of bargains and fales within the west riding of the county of York, in the register office there lately provided, and for making the said register more effectual, were of very good design, but have been found by experience to be defectione in several particulars, for which apt remedy is provided by the method of this act, in and for the said east riding of the county of York, and the town and county of the town of King-from upon Hull; be it therefore enacted by the authority afore- From 29 Sept. faid. That from and after the faid nine and twentieth day of 1708, all the September, one thousand seven hundred and eight, all and eve-clauses, &c. ry the provisions, clauses, articles, matters and things in this in this act, present act contained, concerning the said east riding, and the and not contown and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, and not above recited provided for or contained in the faid recited acts, or either of acts, to affect them, shall extend unto, and affect all honors, manors, lands, all honors, tenements, and hereditaments, situate, lying, and being within manors, &c. tenements, and nerequaments, ituate, lying, and being within the the faid west riding (the mortgage or purchase whereof shall west riding, exceed the fum of fifty pounds) as effectually as if the same as if the same and every of them were respectively inserted and contained in were inserted the said recited acts, and that from and after the said nine and in the said acts. twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eight, all and every person and persons in the execution of the faid recited acts respectively within the said west riding, shall conform upto, and duly observe the alterations, additional provisions, orders, rules, and directions of this present act, as to the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, fituate, lying, and being within the faid west riding, and every matter and thing relating thereunto, in like manner as is by this act required and enjoined to be done within the faid east riding, as to the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, situate, lying, and being within the said east riding, and town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, or any matter or thing relating thereunto; any thing in the faid recited acts, or , either of them, to the contrary thereof contained in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXXVI.

An act for railing the militia of this kingdom, for the year one thousand EXP. seven hundred and eight, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

C A P. XXXVII.

An ast for the encouragement of the trade to America.

I. POR advancement of the trade of her Majesty's kingdom For advance-of Great Britain, to and in the several parts of America, ment of the for the further encouragement of her Majesty's ships, and pri-vate ships of war, the annoying and diminishing the wealth and Vol. XI.

power of her Majesty's enemies in those parts, and for the encrease of shipping and of seamen for these and other services; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all prize offices in any port or place in America be and are hereby suppressed and taken away, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, from and after the four and

All prize offices in America suppressed.

Officers and feamen, &c. to have the fole property in all prize thips, &c.

twentieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

II. And for the better encouragement also of such ships and vessels of war, which are or shall be in her Majesty's pay or service, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the slag officers, commanders, and other officers and seames of every such ship or vessel of war, shall have the sole interest and property of and in all and every ship, vessel, goods, and merchandize they shall take in any part of America (being sirfle adjudged lawful prize in any of her Majesty's courts of admiralty, and subject to the customs and duties payable to her Majesty, as if the same had been first imported to any part of Great Britain, and from thence exported, for and in respect of all such goods and merchandize) to be divided in such proportions, and after such manner, as her Majesty, her heirs and successors shall think sit to order and direct.

Encouragement for the encrease of private ships of war.

III. And for the encouragement and encrease of private ships of war, be it further enacted, That the lord high admiral of Great Britain, or the commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any person or persons in any part of America, by him or them impowered and appointed, shall (at any time during the present war, at the request of any British owner or owners of any thip or vessel, giving such bail and security as has been usually taken upon granting commissions, or letters of marque, except only for the payment of the tenths of the value of the prizes which shall be taken, to the lord high admiral) cause to be iffued forth (in the usual manner) one or more commission or commissions to any person or persons whom such owner or owners shall nominate to be commander (or in case of death successively commanders) of such thip or vessel, for the attacking, surprizing, feizing, and taking, by and with fuch ship or vessel, any ship or vessel, goods, ammunition, arms, stores of war, or merchandizes belonging to, or possessed by any of her Majesty's enemies, in any fea, creek, haven, or river in America, not being within the space of one hundred leagues of any part of Asia or Africa, whereof that trade is already granted to the Eaft India company; and that fuch thip or thips, veffel and veffels, arms, ammunition, stores of war, goods, and merchandizes whatfoever, with all their furniture, tackle, or apparel so to be taken by or with fuch private owner or owners, thip or veffel, according to such commission and commissions, being first adadged lawful prize in any of her Majesty's courts of admiralty

n or for any of her colonies or plantations in America, shall subject to the customs and duties payable to her Majesty, as Altered and iforefaid, for and in respect of such goods and merchandizes) explained by wholly and intirely belong to, and be divided between and a- 2 Ann. c. 27. nong the owner or owners of fuch thip or vellel, and the feveal persons which shall be on board the same, and be aiding and affifting to the taking thereof, in such shares and proporions as shall be agreed on with the owner or owners of such hip or vessel as shall be the captor thereof, their agents or facors, as the proper goods and chattels of such owner or owners, and the persons that shall be thus entitled thereto, by virtue of uch agreements among themselves; and that neither her Maefty, her heirs or fuccessors, or any admiral, vice admiral, governor, or other person commissioned by or claiming under her Majesty, her heirs or successors, or any person or persons whatoever (other than the owner or owners of such thip or vessel, being the captor of fuch prize thip or vessel, arms, ammunition, tores of war, goods and merchandizes, and the persons claiming under him or them) shall be entitled to any part or share thereof (her Majesty's said duties and customs being duly anfwered and paid;) any custom, statute, or other law to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And for the more speedy proceeding to condemnation Manner of

or other determination of any prize thip or vessel, goods and condemning merchandizes taken by any fuch privateer ship, or by any of prize ships. her Majesty's ships of war, in such court of admiralty, as aforefaid, and for lessening the expences that have been usual in those cases; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the judge or judges of fuch court of admiralty, or other person or persons thereto authorized, shall within the space of five days after request to him or them for that purpose made, finish the usual preparatory examination of the persons commonly examined in such cases, in order to prove the capture to be lawful prize, or to enquire whether the fame be lawful prize or not; and that the proper monition usual in such cases shall be iffued by the person or persons proper to iffue the same, and shall be executed in the usual manner by the person or persons proper to execute the same, within the space of three days after request in that behalf made; and in case no claim of such capture, ship, vessel, or goods shall be duly entred or made in the usual form, and attested upon oath; giving twenty days notice after the execution of fuch monition, or if there be fuch claim, and the claimant or claimants shall not within five days give sufficient security (to be approved by such court of admiralty) to pay double costs to the captor or captors of such ship, vessel, or goods, in case the same so claimed shall be adjudged lawful prize, that then the judge or judges of fuch court of admiralty shall, upon producing to him or them the said examinations or copies thereof, and upon producing to him or them, upon oath, all papers and writings which shall have been found.

taken in or with fuch capture (or upon oath made that no fuch papers were found) immediately, and without further delay proceed to sentence, either to discharge and acquit such capture. or to adjudge and condemn the same as lawful prize, according as the case shall appear to him or them, upon perusal of such preparatory examinations, and also of the writings found taken in or with such capture (if any such writing shall be found) and in case such claim shall be duly entred or made, and security given thereupon, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, and there shall appear no occasion to examine any witnesses, other than what shall be then near to such court of admiralty, that then such judge or judges shall forthwith cause fuch witnesses to be examined and (within the space of ten days after fuch claim made, and fecurity given) proceed to fuch sentence, as aforesaid, touching such capture; but in case upon making or entring fuch claim, and the allegation and oath thereupon, or the producing such writings as shall have been found taken in, or with fuch capture, or upon the said preparatory examinations, it shall appear doubtful to the judge or judges of fuch court of admiralty, whether fuch capture be lawful prize or not, and it shall appear necessary according to the circumstances of the case, for the clearing and determining such doubt, to have an examination of witnesses that are remote from such court of admiralty, and such examination shall be defired, and that it be still infisted on, on the captors part, that the faid capture is lawful prize, and that the contrary be still persisted in, on the claimants behalf, that then the said judge or judges shall forthwith cause such capture to be apprized by persons named on the part of the captor, and sworn truly to appraise the same according to the best of their skill and knowledge, and shall after such appraisement made, and within the space of fourteen days after the making of such claim, proceed to take good and fufficient fecurity from the claimants, to pay to the captors the full value thereof, according to fuch appraisement in case the same shall be adjudged lawful prize. and after fuch security duly given, the said judge or judges shall make an interlocutory order for releasing or delivering the same to such claimant or claimants, or his or their agents; and the same shall be actually released or delivered accordingly. V. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

Claimants to give fecurity for payment of captors.

Refuting to give such security, captors to give security, &c.

V. And it is further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any claimant or claimants shall refuse to give such security, the judge or judges shall cause the captor or captors in like manner to give good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the claimant or claimants, to pay to the said claimant or claimants the full value according to the appraisement, in case any such capture or captures shall be adjudged not to be lawful prize; and the said judge or judges shall thereupon proceed to make an interlocutory order for the releasing and delivering of the same to the said captor or captors, or their agents.

VI. And

VI. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Captures ll such captures, as asoresaid, which shall be brought into any brought into in America, to far Majesty's colonies or plantations in America, shall, with stay there, unout breaking bulk, stay there, and be under the joint care and til cleared or ustody of the naval officer of the port or place whereto the condemned, ame shall be brought, and of the captors thereof, and their a-&c. gents, until either the same shall by final sentence have been leared and discharged, or adjudged and condemned as lawful rize, or that such interlocutory orders, as aforesaid, shall have meen made for the releasing or delivering of the same; and upon the condemnation or adjudication thereof as lawful prize. hall (in case the same were taken by any such privateer ship or ships, as aforesaid) be immediately delivered unto the capors thereof, and their agents, to be by them disposed as their goods and chattels, and (in case the same were taken by any of her Majesty's ships of war) unto such person or persons, and to be so divided and disposed, as her Majesty, her heirs or succesfors shall in that behalf direct; and that if any judge or judges, or other officer or officers to whom respectively it shall appertain, shall delay the doing, performing, making, or pronouncing any of the several proceedings, matters, or things for, towards, or relating to the condemning or discharging, releasing or delivering of any such capture in manner aforesaid, within the respective times herein before limited, or as soon as the fame or any of them ought to be done (according to the tenor and true meaning of this act) all and every such judge and judges, and other officer and officers, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds; the one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof, with full costs of suit, to such person or persons as shall inform or sue for the same, in any of the courts in or for any of her Majesty's said colonies or plantations, or in any of her Majesty's courts of record within her kingdom of Great Britain.

VII. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Fees payable That there shall not be paid unto or among all the judges and to the officers officers of fuch court of admiralty, as aforefaid, for, towards, of the admior relating to the adjudging or condemning of such capture, as demning prize aforesaid, as lawful prize, above the sum of ten pounds, in case ships. fuch prize ship or vessel be under the burthen of one hundred tons, nor above the sum of fifteen pounds, in case the same be of that or any greater burthen; and that upon payment of either of the faid respective sums, as the case shall require, to the faid judge or judges, or any of them, to be by him or them Penalty on disposed or divided (as he or they shall think fit) among the of-neglect of ficers of fuch court, fuch judges and officers, and every of them, duty. shall be liable to all and every the several penalties hereby imposed for neglecting or delaying to do or perform their several and respective duties or offices in and relating to the several proceedings aforesaid, within the respective times herein for that purpose limited.

Party aggriev. to the Queen in council.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted ed may appeal by the authority aforefaid, That if any captor or captors, claimant or claimants, shall not rest satisfied with the sentence given 22 Geo. 2. C. 3. in such court of admiralty, it shall and may be lawful to the party or parties thereby aggrieved, to appeal from the faid court of admiralty, to her Majesty in her privy council, such appeal to be allowed in the like manner as appeals to her Majesty are now allowed from the court of admiralty within this kingdom. fo as the same be made within fourteen days after sentence. and good security be likewise given by the appellant or appellants, that he or they will effectually profecute such appeal, and answer the condemnation, as also pay treble costs as shall be awarded by her Majesty in case the sentence of such court of admiralty be affirmed, and so as execution be not suspended by reason of any such appeal; any thing in this act before contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

No mariner ferving on board privateer, or trading thip in America, or be impressed, unless deserters,

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no mariner or other person who shall serve on board, or be retained to serve on board any privateer, or trading ship or vessel, that shall be imployed in any part of America, nor any mariner, or other person, being on shoar in any part thereof, being on thoar thall be liable to be impressed or taken away, or thall be imthere, liable to pressed or taken away by any officer or officers of or belonging to any of her Majesty's ships of war, impowered by the lord high admiral, or any other person whatsoever, unless such mariner shall have before deserted from such ship of war belonging to her Majesty at any time after the fourteenth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and seven, upon pain that any officer or officers so impressing or taking away, or causing to be impressed or taken away, any mariner or other person contrary to the tenor and true meaning of this act, shall forfeit to the mafter, or owner or owners of any fuch thip or veffel, twenty pounds for every man he or they shall so impress or take. to be recovered with full costs of suit, in any court within any part of her Majesty's dominions,

Penalty.

No privateer or trading thip to entertain deferters from thips of war.

X. And for preventing the defertion of any mariners or seamen from her Majesty's ships of war, to any such trading or privateer ship or vessel, as aforesaid, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every master or commander of fuch trading or privateer ship or vessel, as aforesaid, shall before he shall receive or entertain any mariner, seaman, or other perfon to serve on board such privateer or trading ship or vessel, endeavour (by all the ways and means that he reasonably and conveniently may or can) to discover whether such mariner, seaman, or other person hath deserted from any of her Majesty's ships of war: and in case any such master or commander shall receive or entertain any mariner, seaman, or other person, on board such trading ship or privateer, as aforesaid, without such reasonable endeavour for such discovery first had and made, or which he shall know, or be informed hath deserted from any of her Majesty's ships of war, such master or commander shall forfeit

orfeit to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, twenty Penaltypounds for every man he shall so receive or entertain, to be reered with costs of suit in any court within any part of her Ma-

jesty's dominions.

XI. And for the more effectual preventing merchant ships or privateers from harbouring or entertaining any seamen who shall desert her Majesty's service, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty sisth day of April, From 25 one thousand seven hundred and eight, every master of a merchant ship or vessel, and commander of a privateer, shall be commanders, see before fore he shall set sail from any port, deliver to the chief officer they set sail of the customs of the port from whence he shall set sail, an ex-from port to act list of all the men belonging to such merchant ship or vessel, deliver a list or privateer, containing their names, ages, and descriptions of to officers of their persons; upon pain that he shall forseit ten pounds to her customs, see. Majesty, her heirs and successors, for every such man he shall Penalty. So receive and entertain on board, whose name shall not be inserted in such list, to be recovered with costs of suit in any court within any part of her Majesty's dominions.

XII. And it is hereby further enacted, That such officer of Officer to rethe customs do return to such master or commander, an atturn to master, tested copy of such list so delivered unto him, and that upon an attested the death or alteration of any seaman the said list be immediate—copy of such ly altered and delivered in to the naval officer or chief officer list, &c.

of the customs in any port where such merchant ship or vessel, or privateer, shall arrive, in manner as aforesaid: all which said lists shall from time to time be produced and shewn to any of the captains or other officers of any of her Majesty's ships of war, demanding the same: and if any man or men belonging to any of her Majesty's ships of war, shall be sound on board any merchant ship or vessel, or privateer, whose name shall not be contained in such list, as aforesaid, the master or commander of such vessel or privateer shall forfeit to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, the sum of twenty pounds for every such man which shall be so found on board, to be recovered in manner as

aforelaid...

XIII. And for the better furnishing seamen to serve on board Trading ships her Majesty's ships of war, which shall be in or about the se- and packet veral parts of America, for annoying the enemy, and protecting boats to Amethe trade there, it is hereby further enacted, That the master with them or commander of every trading ship or vessel, and every packet mariners for boat, which shall from time to time, from and after the said the Queen's twenty sisted and of April, be outward-bound, and going for ships there, any part of America, shall be, and are hereby obliged (at the desire of any of her Majesty's officers thereunto lawfully authorized, and at the charges of her Majesty) to receive on board and carry to the port or place, whereto such trading ship, vessel, or packet boat shall be so bound, and deliver to such officer or person, to whom they shall be assigned, any number of mariners, seamen, or other persons actually entred into her Majesty's service and pay (over and above the complement of

mariners or feamen, which such staling ship, vellel, or packet boat usually carries, or which shall be sufficient for navigating the same for such intended voyage, not exceeding the proportion of a sisth part of the number of such usual or sufficient complement of mariners, or seamen) upon pain of forfeiting twenty pounds for every such seaman or mariner, that he or they shall refuse to take on board and carry, to be paid and recovered, as aforesaid.

Queen (during war) may grant commissions, &c. to take or destroy enemies ships, goods, &c. in any parts of America, &c.

On penalty.

XIV. And for the more effectual annioying her Majetty's faid enemies, and absting their power and wealth in the parts of America, by numbers of private ships of war to be equipped and fet out in a warlike manner by and at the charge of her Majesty's subjects, and encouraging her Majesty's subjects to engage in joint and united as well as separate expences, expeditions, and adventures for those purposes; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That her Majesty be, and she, her heirs and fuccessors are hereby impowered from time to time, during the continuance of the present war, to grant or make any charter, commission, or grant, charters, commissions, or grants, for the better or more effectual enabling any fociety or focieties, or particular persons, to join in any expeditions or adventures by sea or land, for the attacking, surprising, taking, or destroying any ships, goods, moveables and immoveables, settlements, factories, creeks, harbours, places of strength, lands, forts, castles, and fortifications, now or hereafter of or belonging to or possessed by any of her Majesty's enemies, in any part or parts of America, and for the better making and carrying on any preparations for such purpose and purposes, and for the making and affuring to the focieties and persons which may be concerned, their heirs, fuccesfors, executors, administrators, and asfigus, full and undoubted properties, rights, and titles of, in and to, and the full enjoyment of all and every the thips, ammunition, stores of war, goods, chattels, moveables and immoveables, settlements, factories, places of strength or security,

lands, forts, castles, and fortifications, now or hereaster of or belonging to, or possessed by any of her Majesty's enemies in any of the parts of America, which such society or persons shall take or cause to be taken from any of her Majesty's enemies during this present war, together with all the proceed, profits, and advantages, which may accrue of or by the same, or any of them, with and under such regulations, and in such manner and form, as her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall think sit, and at any time or times afterwards (although the present war should be then ended) by any further grants or charters to confirm, corroborate, and surther assure the premisses, and every or any of them to the said societies, and persons concerned, their and every of their successors, heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, so as to enable them, and every of them, to have, hold, and enjoy the full benefit thereof, according to

the true intent and meaning of this act.

And affure to them what fluips, &c. they shall so take, &c.

XV. Pro-

XV. Provided always, That nothing shall be contained in Queen's sub-any charter, commission or grant, made in pursuance of this jects to enjoy act. to exclude or restrain any of her Majesty's subjects from a free trade to having a full and free trade to and in any part of America.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared to be No ship to the true intent and meaning of this act, and be it further enact-molest the subed by the authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful to any jects of Spain, commander of any of her Majesty's ships of war, privateer or in their trade, merchant ship having letters of marque, to attack, surprize, seize, Rio la Hacha take, destroy, or offer any violence, spoil, or molestation whatsoever and the river between Rio la Hacha, and the river Chagre on the Spanish coast Chagre. in America, or within five leagues at lea of any part of that shore, to any sloop, barcolongo, canoa, or other boat, goods, or merchandizes belonging to any of the subjects of Spain, who shall be concerned in any intercourse of trade with any of her Majesty's subjects, or to any sloop, barcolongo, canoa, or other boat, goods, or merchandizes belonging to any of her Majesty's subjects which shall be found going to, or coming from any port.

or place within the limits aforesaid.

. XVII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the third 4 & 5 Ann. and fourth years of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for pro- c. 13. hibiting all trade and commerce with France, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That the several contraband goods or merchandizes therein particulary enumerated, shall not be carried by any of her Majesty's subjects to any port or place belonging to the crown of Spain, nor any trade whatseever be permitted or allowed with the subjects of Spain, for the said contraband goods or merchandizes: and forasmuch as some doubts may arise concerning the extent of that clause, be it therefore hereby further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same shall not extend or be construed to restrain any of her Majesty's subjects from carrying any of the faid contraband goods or merchandizes to any port or place within the limits aforefaid, but it shall and may be lawful to and for any of her Majesty's subjects to trade with the subjects of Spain, for the said contraband goods and merchandizes, or any of them, within the limits aforesaid; any thing in this, or in the said last recited act, or in any former act, to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XVIII. And whereas good and necessary laws have been made, and Commanders are still in force within several of her said Majesty's colonies or of privateers, plantations in America, for the preventing and tarrying off from the &cc. to be subfaid colonies or plantations, any fervant or flave, without the confent laws in relaof the owner, or the carrying off from thence any other person what-tion to slaves. Jeever, until such person shall have taken out his ticket from the secretary's office within such respective colony or plantation, in such manner, and under such penalties and forfeitures, as in and by the faid several laws is declared and provided; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all commanders of private thips of war, or merchant thips having letters of marque, shall, upon their going into any of those ports or harbours, be subject, and they are hereby determined to be subject to the se-

veral '

veral directions, provisions, penalties, and forfeitures, in and by fuch laws made and provided; any thing in this act contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

During war, privateers or trading ships gated by foreign seamen. So as one fourth be British.

XIX. And for the better supply of mariners and seamen to serve in her Majesty's ships of war and on board privateers. merchant ships, and trading vessels, and for the better carrying may be navi- on the present war, and the trade of Great Britain, during the continuance thereof; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That during the continuance of this present war, and no longer, it shall and may be lawful for any privateer or merchant, or trading ship or vessel, to be navigated by foreign seamen or mariners, not being natives of Great Britain, or of any of the colonies or plantations thereto belonging, or her Majefly's natural, or naturalized subjects, so as the number of such foreign seamen or mariners do not exceed three fourths of the mariners at any one time employed to navigate fuch privateer or merchant or trading ship or vessel, and that one fourth at least of the mariners or seamen so employed, be at all times natives, or her Majesty's naturalized subjects of Great Britain (fudden death, and the hazard and calualties of war and the seas saved and excepted) one act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the 12 Car, 2. C. 13. Second, intituled, An act for the encouraging and encreasing of shipping and navigation, or any other statute or law to the contra-

ry notwithstanding.

Foreign feamen ferving s years on board any British ships to be deemed natural-born subjects.

XX. And for the better encouraging of foreign mariners and seamen to come and serve on board ships belonging to the kingdom of Great Britain; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every such foreign mariner or seaman who shall from and after the said twenty fifth day of April, have faithfully served on board any of her Majesty's ships of war, or any privateer or merchant, or trading thip or thips, veffel or veffels, which at the time of fuch service shall belong to any of her Majesty's subjects of Great Britain, for the space of two years. shall, to all intents and purposes, be deemed and taken to be a natural-born subject of her Majesty's kingdom of Great Britain, and have and enjoy all the privileges, powers, rights, and capacities which such foreign mariner or learnen could, should, or ought to have had and enjoyed, in case he had been a naturalborn subject of her Majesty's, and actually a native within the kingdom of Great Britain.

Queen may license 20 ships bought in foreign parts to be used for priva teers.

XXL And for the more expeditious providing of ships and vessels to be equipped and used as and for privateers for the speedy annoying her Majesty's enemies, and putting in execution the purposes by this act intended, be it further enacted by the anthority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for her Maiesty, her heirs and successors, to grant to any person or persons who shall be actually engaged in any adventure, in pursuance of this act, a licence to buy or procure in any foreign parts, any ship or ships (first giving security to her Majesty, that such ship and thips thall be employed in such adventures) to as the whole number

number of foreign ships so to be bought and licensed, shall not exceed the number of twenty; and that such ships which shall be so bought by license of her Majesty, as aforesaid (having been equipped, set out, and employed as privateers, during the continuance of the present war) shall (after the same war ended) be to all intents and purposes deemed and taken as ships of British And at the built, and have all the privileges of ships built in any part of end of the Great Britain, and be capable of being used and employed ac. war be deemcordingly; the said act made in the said twelsth year of the reign ships. of his sate majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An all 12Car.2.c.18. for the increase and encouragement of shipping and navigation, or any other statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and de-Queen's subclared, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all her Ma-jects may jesty's subjects of this kingdom, to trade into any part of America, part of Ameto which they might lawfully have traded before the making of rica.

this act, and not otherwise.

XXIII. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall any Act not to ways extend, or be construed to take away or prejudice any of prejudice the the estate, rights, or privileges of or belonging to the governor Hudson's Bay and company of adventurers of England trading into Hudson's company.

Bay.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ septimo.

A T the parliament summoned to be beld at Westminster the eighth day of July, Anno Dom. 1708. in the seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &c. and by several writs of prorogation begun and bolden on the sixteenth day of November, 1708. being the first session of this present in added, and parliament.

farther continued by several adjournments till the twenty first day of April, in the eighth year of her Majesty's reign.

CAP. I,

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine. 4 s. in the pound. E X P.

CAP. II.

An act for the speedy and effectual recruiting her Majesty's land forces and marines, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine. E X P.

CAP. III.

An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine.

XIII. AND

EXP.

Inferior officers commisfions not vacated by the late King's demile.

A ND uphereas several doubts have been made, and disputes bave arisen and may arise, whether on the death or demise of his late majesty King William the Third (of glorious memory) the commissions granted to the collectors, supervisors, gagers, or other inferior officers of the excise, before his faid late Majesty's demise, soul have continuance longer than fix months after the death or demise of bis said late Majesty: for settling whereof, be it declared by the authority aforesaid, That no commission to any sub commissioner, collector, supervisor, gager, or other inferior officer, that hath been constituted in pursuance of any commission under the great seal of England, by the chief commissioners and governors of and for the receipt of the excise, shall be determined, or made void by reason of the death or demise of his faid late Majesty; but that every such commission doth remain in full force and virtue, until the authority and constitution of such officer were or shall be revoked or annulled by the chief commissioners of the excise for the time being.

Purchasers of annuities on 6 Ann. may have their quarterly payments due between Christmas, 1708. and 30 Sept. 1710. advanced, allowing difcount at 41, per cent.

CAP. IV.

An act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and false musters, and for the better payment of the army and quarters.

CAP. V.

An att for naturalizing foreign protestants.

WHEREAS the increase of people is a means of advancing the wealth and strength of a nation; and whereas many strangers of the protestant or reformed religion, out of a due consideration of the happy constitution of the government of this realm, would be induced to transport themselves and their estates into this kingdom, if they might be made partakers of the advantages and privileges which the natural-born subjects thereof do enjoy; be it enacted, &c.

All persons taking the oaths, and making and subscribing the declaration appointed by 6 Anne, c. 23. shall be deemed natural-born subjects. No person to have the benefit of this act, unless he have received the facrament, &c. .- Repealed by 10 Anna, c. 5. Except what relates to the children of her Majesty's natural born subjects, born out of her Majesty's allegiance. Vide 1 Geo. 1. flat. 2, c. 29.

Children of matural-born subjects born abroad, to be deemed natural-born fubjects; explained by 4 Geo. 8. C. 21.

This act to land.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the children of all natural-born subjects, born out of the ligeance of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be natural born subjects of this kingdom, to all intents, constructions, and purposes whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all persons born out of the ligeance of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, who shall qualify themselves in the courts of Chancery, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, within the kingdom of Ireland, or at some general quarter sessions of the extend to Ire- peace, to be held for the county where he or they do or shall inhabit, reside, or settle within the said kingdom, in like man-

her as persons are by this act required to do within the kingdom of Great Britain, all and every such persons shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be her Majesty's natural-born subjects of the faid kingdom of Ireland, to all intents, constructions. and purpoles, as if they, and every of them, had been, or were born within the faid kingdom of Ireland.

CAP. VI.

An att for explaining and making more effectual that part of an all passed in the fifth year of her present Majesty's reign, concerning the buying and selling of cattle in Smithfield, and for giving leave for bringing up calves dead to London as formerly.

THEREAS by an act passed in the fifth year of her present 5 Ann. c. 34. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the continuing the laws therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing piracy, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and seven, no person using the trade of a butcher, should sell or offer to sale, in any market, or elsewhere, either by himself, or any servant or agent what seever, within the cities of London or Westminster, or within ten miles thereof, to any person or persons exercising or using the trade of a butcher, any fat cattle or sheep, either alive or dead, upon pain to forfeit the value of the cattle, or of each sheep so sold or offered to fale, as aforefaid: and whereas some doubts have arisen concerning the extent of that clause; therefore for the avoiding of any dispute or question that may arise concerning the construction thereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal. and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the said clause, or any thing therein contained, One butcher shall not be taken or construed to extend to the selling of calves, may sell to sheep, or lambs dead by one butcher to another, but that it another any shall and may be lawful to and for any person, using the trade of sheep, or a butcher, to fell or offer to fale in any shop, stall, or market in lambs. London, or elsewhere, either by himself or any servant or agent whatsoever, within the places in the said act mentioned, calves, sheep, or lambs dead, in such manner as they might have done before the making of the faid act; any thing in the faid act, or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VII.

An all for enlarging the capital flock of the bank of England, and for raising a surther supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty, whereas by or in For applica-VI pursuance of an all of parliament made in the fifth year of tion of duties the arising by this act.

See 12 Ann. ft. 1. c. 11. f. 5. 5 W. & M. Č. 20.

the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, of glorious memory, intituled. An act for granting to their Majesties several rates and duties upon tonnage of ships and vessels, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to fuch perfons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of sisteen hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France. the corporation or body politick of the governor and company of the bank of England was erected and established with such capacities, 3 Geo. I. C. 8. powers, privileges, benefits, and advantages, and subject to such re-

firictions, and in such manner and form as are therein mentioned; and in pursuance of the same att the sum of one million two bundred thousand pounds was advanced and lent to their said late Majeflies, for which there is now payable to the said governor and company, and their successors, the yearly sum of one hundred thousand pounds out of certain rates and duties of excise, which were thereby granted to their said late Majesties, their heirs and successors; in which all it was provided. That at any time upon twelve months notice, after the first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand soven hundred and five, upon repayment by parliament of the faid fum of one million two bundred thousand pounds, and of all the arrears of the said yearly sum of one hundred thousand pounds, then the faid one bundred thousand pounds per annum, and the faid cor-

8&9 W. 3. C. 10.

poration, should absolutely cease and determine: and whereas by another ast made in the eighth year of the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for making good the deficiencies of feveral funds therein mentioned, and for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising the publick credit, the said corporation was enlarged and established with divers other powers, privileges, benefits, and advantages, and subject to such other restrictions and rules as are therein particularly expressed; in which all last-mentioned it was provided and enalted, That at any time upon twelve months notice, after the first day of August, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and ten, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament of the said fum of one million two bundred thousand pounds, and of all arrears of the said one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and also upon payment of all the principal and interest monies which should be owing to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, upon all fuch tallies, Exchequer orders, or parliamentary funds, which the faid governor and company should have remaining in their hands, or be entitled to at the time of such notice to be given, as aforesaid, then, and in such case, and not till then, the said one bundred thousand pounds per annum, and also the said corporation, should cease and determine: and whereas by an all made in the fifth year of your

5 Anne, c. 15. Majesty's reign (intituled, An act for continuing the duties upon houses, to secure a yearly fund for circulating Exchequer bills, whereby a fum not exceeding fifteen hundred thousand pounds is intended to be raised for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions) several duties upon houses therein mentioned or referred unto, are continued from the last day of July, one thousand

[even

seven hundred and ten, and from thenceforth made payable to your Majesty, your heirs and successors for ever, for the purposes in that aet expressed, subject to the provise or condition of redemption therein contained; and the duties fo continued, together with fuch remainder and arrears of bouse money, as are therein mentioned, are thereby charged with the yearly fund, after the rate of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, to be paid to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, for circulating all such Exchequer bills as should be issued by or in pursuance of that act; and by the same all a power was given for making forth Exchequer bills for any fum not exceeding fifteen hundred thousand pounds for your Majesty's supply; and it was thereby enacted, that like bills should be made out quarterly for so much as should be computed to be due and owing upon and for the faid allowance of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, until the feast of St. Michael she archangel, one thousand seven bundred and ten inclusively, in the manner therein mentioned; and it was thereby enacted, that the faid governor and company, after the said Exchequer bills, or any of them, should be issued upon that act, as aforesaid, should, from time to time, exchange all such Exchequer bills as they should be required to exchange by any person or persons what soever for ready money; and that the faid governor and company, and their successors, should continue and remain a corporation until all the said Exchequer bills should be redeemed and cancelled in the manner in that all mentioned; and in the same all there is contained a proviso, that at any time, upon one year's notice and payment of the principal money to be due on the faid Exchequer bills, and of so much as should be due for the said allowance, after the rate of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, for circulating the faid Exchequer bills, then, and not till then, the faid Exchequer bills should be cancelled and discharged, and the said allowance after the rate of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, should cease and determine; and so much of the faid duties on houses as should have been applied for the payment of the faid four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, in case the same had continued, shall from thenceforth be under sood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be issued, paid, or applied to any use or purpose whatsoever but by authority of parliament; and it is also thereby enacted, that the said governor and company might call in from their respective members proportionably, any sums of money as they should think necessary for the said circulation; and that until all the Exchequer bills by that all directed to be issued, should be paid off, discharged, and cancelled, no more or other bills of the like nature should be made out and issued at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, either with or without the authority of parliament, unless wish the consent of the said governor and company; and that nothing in that act contained should hinder the redemption of the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, or of any other funds granted or to be granted by parliament, upon which the faid governor and company had or should have lent any monies, and which were redeemable by parliament, but that the same might be redeemed from the faid governor and company, according to former acts for that pur-

purpose, suithout redeeming the said four pounds ten stillings per centum per annum, nevertheless, without determining or diffacia, the corporation of the faid novernor and company, until the faid few pounds ten sbillings per centum per annum, sould be redeemes from them; as by the fuid several acts, relation being thereunto re-New subscrip- spectively had, more at large may appear: and whereas the faid gi-

fent Hock of the bank.

tions for dou- surner and company, for the better enabling themselves to Supply 16. bling the pre-publick exigencies, did lately consent to admit new subkriptions for doubling their then present stock of two millions two hundred and one thousand one hundred seventy one pounds ten shillings, at the rate of one hundred and fifteen pounds to be paid for every one bundred pounds subscribed; and upon a commission granted by your Majeis, under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date the fixteenth day of February, in the seventh year of your reign, to Sir. Thomas Abney, and others directed, grounded upon an address of the commons of Great Britain in parliament effembled, several persons land subscribed several sums, amounting to two millions two hundred and one thousand one hundred seventy one pounds ten shillings for doubling the faid flock, as aforefaid, and have paid down to the faid governor and company, at or before their respective subscriptions, one fifth part of the sums by them respectively subscribed, and are to pay the remaining four fifth parts thereof, together with fifteen pounds per centum more (being in all one hundred and fifteen pounds for even one hundred pounds subscribed) in manner hereafter mentioned; all which subscriptions are contained in books of vellum or parchment for that purpose, attested by three or more of the said commissioners, and now remaining in the custody of the governor and company of the bank of England, whereof there are two duplicates made in vellum or parchment, attefted by seven or more of the said commissioners, and one of the said duplicates is delivered into the office of the auditor of the receipt, and the other of them into the office of the clerk of the pells in your Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for ever: now for the better pursuing the ends and intent of the said subscribers in making such subscriptions and payment, as aforesaid, it is hereby enacted, at the humble fuit of the said governor and company of the bank of England, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of New subscript the same, That the several sums subscribed or written in the ded to the ca- faid books, amounting to the faid fum of two millions two pital flock of hundred and one thousand one hundred seventy one pounds ten shillings, shall be added and united, and be judged and deemed to be added and united to the stock of the said governor and company, which before such addition consisted of the like sum of two millions two hundred and one thousand one hundred seventy one pounds ten shillings, as aforesaid, so that the capital

> stock of the said governor and company so increased, shall be and amount, and be deemed to amount in the whole to the fum of four millions four hundred and two thousand three hundred

> forty three pounds; and that all and every the person and per-

tions to be adthe bank.

Total flock 4,402,3431.

ons, natives and foreigners, who have subscribed or written any um or fums of money, or for whom any fum or fums of moley have been subscribed or written in the said books of subcription, for or towards the making up the said sum of two nillions two hundred and one thousand one hundred seventy one pounds ten shillings, therein compleatly subscribed, and vho have paid to the faid governor and company one fifth art of each subscribed sum, as aforesaid, and the executors, dministrators, and affigns of such person and persons respective-, shall be, and be deemed and reputed to be members of, u- New subscribited to, and incorporated with the faid governor and company rated with the f the bank of England, and shall at all times, together with present mem-he other members of the said corporation and body politick, bery of the nd their fuccessors respectively, be, and be adjudged, construed, bank. eputed, accepted, and taken to be one body politick and cororate, by the name of The governor and company of the bank f England.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Stock affigure he capital stock of the said governor and company, now a- able. nounting, as aforefaid, to four millions four hundred and two housand three hundred forty three pounds, shall be assignable nd transferrable in the same manner as the original capital stock f the faid governor and company was affignable and transferra-

de before the making of this act.

III. And whereas the said governor and company of the bank of England so enlarged or constituted, being the better enabled by such ew subscriptions and payments thereupon, as aforesaid, to serve the ublick, are willing to advance and lend to her Majesty a further sum n the faid yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds, upon such erms, conditions, and advantages as are bereafter in this aft expressd in relation thereunto, and are willing to accept an annuity after he rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, out of the said duies on bouses, for all the said Exchequer bills that have been made ut, or are to be made out, in pursuance of the last recited att, and Ann. E.ig. o deliver up the faid bills as fast as they can get them into their ustody, to be cancelled, upon such terms, conditions, and advantages s are also bereafter in this act expressed, in relation to such annuity , be settled, and such bills to be cancelled, as aforesaid; and are also villing to undertake a circulation, (in the manner and form herein fter mentioned) of two millions five bundred thousand pounds in oher Exchequer bills to be issued for the use of the war, and other nur Majesty's occasions, upon such terms, conditions, and advantages s are likewise hereafter in this act expressed in relation thereunto: nd are likewife willing upon the like terms, conditions, and advantage to undertake the circulation of such Exchequer bills as shall be made ut quarterly, as well to discharge the allowance of three pounds per entum per annum which shall be due to the faid governor and unpany for circulating the Exchequer bills to be iffued, in pursuance f this act, from the time fuch bills shall begin to be issued, as also to sistenarge, or raise money to discharge the interest of two pence per hem for every one hundred pounds to be born upon the said bills, Vol. XI.

until the funds, which by this att are settled and intended to dischar. she faid allowances for circulation and interest, shall take effect, as be sufficient for those purposes: now we your Majesty's me dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in paliament affembled, being defirous, not only to raise the necessary fundies with as much ease to your Majesty's subjects as is not fible, for the carrying on and finishing the present war with succels, but also to use such ways and means in the doing thereof as that your Majesty may have the better and more speedy effect of the faid supplies, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforeiad That the faid governor and company of the bank of Englad so enlarged or constituted, as aforesaid, and their successors, shall advance and pay into the receipt of her Majesty's Excheque,

Bank to ad-Vance 4000001 into the Exchequer, &c.

Times of payment.

for her Majesty's use, the full sum of four hundred thousand pounds, or so much thereof as shall remain after deduction a fuch discount as is hereafter in this act allowed to be made ou of the fame, such payment to be made by such proportions, and at fuch times, as are herein after appointed for payment thereof; that is to fay, one third part thereof on or before the tenth day of Mey, one thousand seven hundred and nine, one other third part thereof on or before the eight and twentieth day of Tune, one thousand seven hundred and nine, and the residue thereof on or before the five and twentieth day of August, one thousand seven hundred and nine.

Bank to have a discount of till 1 August, 3711.

On nonpayment may be fued,

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the said sum of four 6 per cent. &c. hundred thousand pounds, the said governor and company shall have and receive back, or shall and may retain and keep to their own use, by way of discount, so much as the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, for each sum of money which shall be actually advanced and paid for or upon account of the fail fum of four hundred thousand pounds, shall amount unto, from the day of the actual payment thereof, until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and eleven: and in case the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall make failure in any of the faid payments, so by this act appointed to be made into her Majesty's Exchequer, as aforefaid, at or before the respective days or times before limited in that behalf, the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered to her Majesty's use, by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein ne essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; in which action, bill, fuit, or information, it shall be lawful to declare. That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, are indebted to her Majetty the monies of which they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and in or upon such action, bill, fuit, or information, there thall he further recovered

to her Majesty's use, against the said governor and company of the bank of England, damages after the rate of twelve pounds and pay da. per centum, for the monies to unpaid contrary to this act, be- mages at the sides full costs of suit; and the said governor and company of rate of sal. the bank of England, and their successors, and their said stock per cent. and funds, thall be and are hereby made fubject and liable thereunto.

V. And for the encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, to advance and pay the faid fum of four hundred thousand pounds, with such discount out of the fame, as aforefaid, and to perform the other fervices in this act mentioned, and to the end the faid governor and company, and their successors, may have a competent recompence and confideration for fo doing, it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several and respective pro- provisoes in visces or conditions contained in the said recited act of the fifth 5 W. & M. c. year of the reign of their faid late majesties King William and 20. and 8 W. Queen Mary, and in the said act of the eighth year of the reign 3.0.20. for de-of his said late majesty King William, and each of them, for termining the determining the said fund of one hundred thousand pounds and corporaper annum, and the faid corporation of the governor and com- tion, repealed. pany of the bank of England, upon the respective notices and payments in the same respective acts mentioned, shall be, and are hereby repealed and made void; and that the faid governor Privileges of and company of the bank of England, so enlarged as aforesaid, the bank comand their successors, for ever, shall remain, continue, and be one firmed. pody corporate and politick, by the name aforefaid, and shall for ever have, receive, and enjoy the faid entire yearly fund of one nundred thousand pounds out of the said rates and duties of exale, together with a perpetual fuccession, and all abilities, capa-. cities, powers, authorities, franchifes, exemptions, privileges, rofits, and advantages what soever whereunto the governor and company of the bank of England are, or before the making of his act, were entitled by the faid act of the fifth year of the eign of their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, 5 W. & M. c. and by the faid act of the eighth year of the reign of his faid 20. ate majesty King William, or either of them, or by any other 8 & 9 W. 3. ict or acts of parliament, grants, or charters whatfoever now in c. 20. orce; all which are by this act ratified and confirmed to the aid governor and company to enlarged, and their fuccestors the faid allowance after the rate of four pounds ten shillings ver contam per annum, for circulating of Exchequer bills, and he powers only concerning fuch circulation, given by the faid ict of the fifth year of her now Majesty's reign, excepted) freed and disonarged of and from the said provisoes and conditions of edemption hereby repealed, or intended to be repealed, as aforeaid, and all other provisoes, powers, acts, matters, and things whathorner hormofore had, made, done, or committed, for reterming, determining, or making void the faid corporation or rearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds, and the said abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchifes, exemptions, G g 2

entitled

privileges, profits, and advantages, or any of them; subject nevertheless to such restrictions, rules, and directions, and also to fuch other agreements, matters, and things, as in the faid acts and charters, or any of them now in force, are contained or prescribed; and also subject to the power and condition of redemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time upon twelve months

On 12 months notice after 2 Aug. 1732. ment, &c. yearly fund to cease.

and on repay notice, after the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty two, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their fuccessors, as well of the faid fum of one million two hundred thousand pounds formerly advanced, as of the fum of four hundred thoufand pounds before-mentioned, amounting in the whole to the fum of fixteen hundred thousand pounds, without any deduction, discount, or abatement whatsoever, to be made out of the faid fum of fixteen hundred thousand pounds, or any part thereof; and upon payment to the faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, of all arrears of the said one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and all the principal and interest money, which shall be owing unto them upon all such tallies, Exchequer orders, or parliamentary funds, which the faid governor and company, or their successors, shall have remaining in their 2. c. 11. f. 23. hands, or be entitled to at the time of fuch notice to be given, as aforefaid, (fuch funds for redemption whereof other provifion is afterwards made, in and by this act, only excepted) then and in such case, and not till then, the said yearly fund of one

Repealed by 12 Ann. flat. end fartber rovifions relating berete,

hundred thousand pounds shall cease and determine. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after such repayment by parliament, of the said fixteen hundred thousand pounds, and payment of all arrears of the faid one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and of all the principal and interest on such tallies, Exchequer orders, and parliamentary funds aforesaid, shall be made to the governor and company of the bank of England, and also redemption shall be made by parliament of the annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, hereafter in this act fettled and made payable to the faid governor and company, and their faccestors, in manner and form herein after-mentioned, and likewise from and after all the Exchequer bills, which are to be made forth in purfuance of this act, shall be entirely discharged and cancelled in manner herein after-mentioned, and payment made to the faid governor and company of the faid allowances hereafter made for circulating the faid Exchequer bills, that then, and not till tion to deter- then, the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of *England*, thall ceafe and determine, but till then, the! faid governor and company shall continue a corporation, and fhall have and enjoy all the powers and privileges they are now

and corporamine.

entitled unto by virtue of any charter, act, or acts of parliament

heretofore granted or made.

VIII. And whereas the Exchequer bills which were made forth in 5 Ann. c. 13, pursuance of the said att of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for ber Majesty's supply, did and do amount to the said full sum of fifteen hundred thousand pounds, and the quarterly bills authorized to be made forth in pursuance of the same act, for the said rate of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, and the allowance theresepon, until and for the quarter ended at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nine inclusive, do amount to the further sum of one hundred twenty three thousand three hundred thirty seven pounds eighteen soillings and one penny half penny; in both, to one million fix bundred swenty three thousand three hundred thirty seven pounds eighteen shillings and one penny half penny, as by a certificate figued by the auditor of the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, bearing date the first day of April, one thousand seven hundred and nine, doth appear; and the interest of the said sum of one million six bundred twenty three thousand three hundred thirty seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and one penny half penny, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum for fix quarters, to be reckoned from Lady-day one thousand seven bundred and nine, to Michaelmas one thouland seven hundred and ten, being computed and made principal at the end of each quarter, doth amount to one bundred fifty one thousand six bundred eighty mine pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence more; and being added to the sum last-mentioned, the whole will amount to the sum of one million seven hundred seventy sive thousand twenty seven pounds, seventeen shillings, ten pence balf penny, for which an annuity or yearly fund, computed after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, doth amount to one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and five pence per annum: now for the encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, by this and the faid former acts established, as aforefaid, to pay off, discharge, and cancel all the Exchequer bills which have been issued, or were authorized to be iffued by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, as aforesaid; and to the end the said governor and Ann. c. 13. company, and their fuccessors, may have a competent recompence and confideration for so doing, and for their said allowance after the rate of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, and for all their demands relating thereunto, according to the true meaning of this act, we your Majesty's faid dutiful and For discharge loyal subjects the said commons of Great Britain in parliament ingall the Ex affertibled, do humbly pray that it may be enacted; and be it iffuel by s enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Anne, c. 13 feast of flaint Michael the archangel, which shall be in the year of after Michaelour Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, the said governor mas, 1710. and company of the bank of England, by this and the faid for- to a yearly anmer acts ultablished, as aforesaid, and their successors, for ever, nuity of (subject nevertheless to the provide or receive, and enjoy, and be 5d out of the contained in this behalf) shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be 5d out of the contained in this behalf) shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be 5d out of the (subject nevertheless to the provise of redemption herein after 106,501 l. 136, entitled by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy one fee. annuity

[1708]

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annuity or yearly furn of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen thillings, and five pence, of lawful money of Great Britain, which shall be, and is hereby charged mon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time in the first place, and with preference to all other payments whatforwer, out of the faid duties on houses granted or continued units her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for ever, by the said act of the as h year of her Majesty's reign, which is to take effect from the faid last day of July, one thouland feven hundred and ten, as afore-3 Gen. 2. Est. laid, and upon and out of such remains and arrears of house-monev. 25 by the 2ct last-mentioned were intended to be charged with for an ampair, in case that allowance had continued; the

faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five handred and one pounds, thirteen thillings and five pence per annues, to be paid and pavable at the four most usual seasts or days of payment in the year; that is to say, the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John Baptiff, and Saint Mithael the archangel, by even and equal portions; the first quarterly payment thereof to be made at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, which that be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten; and that the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence, and every part thereof, shall be free from all taxes, charges, and impolitions whatfoever.

Tax ice.

Trenfarer &c. to fgs acters to payment.

IX. And for the better and more regular payment of the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thouland five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence, to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for ever (subject as aforesaid) an order or orders shall be signed by the treasurer and under treasurer of the Exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and after the figning thereof, the same shall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treaturer of the Exchequer, or any commissioner or commisfioners of the treasury, or by or upon the determination of the power, office, or offices of them, or any of them; nor shall any lord high treaturer of Great Britain, treasurer of the Exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury now or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, and make void such order to figned as aforefaid.

Payments to be made moenly.

X. And for the more speedy payment of the said annuity or yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence, to the faid governor and company, as aforefaid; it is hereby declared and enacted, That weekly or otherwife, as the money of the faid duties shall from time to time be brought into the Exchequer for payment of the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thoufand

fand : five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence, the fame thall and may be issued upon the said order or orders for or towards the discharging of the said annuity, to grow due for and at the end of the quarter in which such pay-Frients: shall be made, fo as such weekly or other payments do not exceed the fum of the quarterly payment which should grow due for or at the end of every fuch quarter respectively,

KI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it Bank may affinall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and com- fign the yearly parry of the bank of England and their successors, at any time annuity. or times, by writing under their common feal, to allign the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand fivehundoed and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, to any person or persons what foever, and fo toties quoties, and no such assignment shall be revocable, so as an entry or memorandum thereof be made in the books to be kept for that purpose in the said office of the auditor of the receipt.

XII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid annuity Annuity a of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, personal thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, and every part there- estate, &c. of, shall be adjudged to be a personal and not a real estate, and thall not be liable to any foreign attachment; any law or custom

to the contrary motwithstanding.

XIII. And for the better fecuring the faid annuity of one hun- Duty on erred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen houses contishillings and five pence per annum, unto the said governor and nued for discompany of the bank of England, by this and the faid former charging the acts established, as aforesaid; it is hereby enacted and declared annusties. by the authority aforesaid, That such duties on houses, and such remains and arrears of house-money, as by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign were charged with the said al- 5 Annæ, c. 35. lowance of four pounds, ten shillings per centum per annum, shall continue and be payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for fatisfying and discharging the said annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, and shall be raised, levied, received, issued, accounted for, appropriated, and applied thereunto, un- See a Geo. 2. der the same rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, and disabi- c. 3. lities, as are prescribed by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, touching the raising, levying, collecting, issuing, appropriating, applying, and accounting for the same; nevertheless freed and discharged of and from the proviso or condition of redemption, which was so contained in the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, and all other provisoes and conditions of redemption whatfoever (the proviso or condition hereafter in this act contained for redeeming the faid duties on houses, and the said annuity payable out of the same, only excepted;) the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Gg4

XIV. Pro-

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-

thority aforefaid. That at any time, upon one year's notice to

the faid governor and company, or their faccesfors, and upon

full payment to them of the faid fum of one million feven hun-

On 12 months notice, and repayment of 2,775,027 l. 37 s. 10 d. ob. Annuity to ccase.

dred seventy five thousand twenty seven pounds, seventeen shillings, and ten pence halfpenny, and of all arrears of the said annuity of one hundred and six thousand sive hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and sive pence per annum, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the said annuity of one hundred and six thousand sive hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and sive pence per annum, shall from theuceforth coase and determine, and then also the said duties on houses shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid, or applied to any other use or purpose whatsoever, but by authority of parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

and the faid duties on houses to be understood to be redeemed.

 Original fund, &c. may be redeemed without redemption of the annuity.

XV. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act contained for or concerning the redemption of the said duties on houses, or the said annuity hereby charged thereupon, shall in any wise prevent or hinder the redemption of the said original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, pursuant to the abovesaid proviso in that behalf, or of any the funds herein after settled, for circulating the Exchequer bills hereaster to be made out, in pursuance of this act, but that the same respectively may be redeemed from the said governor and company, or their successors, according to the respective provisoes or conditions in this act contained for those purposes, without redemption of the said annuity of one hundred and six thousand sive hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and sive pence per annum.

g Ann. c. 13,

XVI. And to the end all the faid Exchequer bills which have been issued by or in pursuance of the said act of the fifth year of ber Majesty's reign, which amounted, as aforesaid, to fifteen bundred thoufand pounds, for her Majesty's supply, and to one hundred twenty three thousand three hundred thirty seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and one penny halfpenny, in quarterly bills, computed to Lady-day, one thoufand seven hundred and nine, as aforesaid, may be speedily paid off, discharged, and concelled; and that her Majesty and her Exchequer may be effectually discharged of and from all demands of any quarterly bills which were intended to be issued by that act, after Lady-day, one thousand seven hundred and nine, until and for the quarter to end at Michaelmas, one thousand seven hundred and ten inclusively; and that the said duties on houses by this act made a security for payment of the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and five pence per annum, may be free and clear from all pretences to the faid former allowance of four pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, and all other incumbrances what soever; it is hereby provided and enacted, &c.

Bank to deliver up all Exchequer bills in their hands on 32 March, 1709, to be cancelled, and discharge all the rest as fast as they can be gotten in.

Treasury to fix a peremptory day, after 24 June, for cancelling the remainder.

mainder., Billsloft, &c. before 32, March, 1709, on oath before a baron, and fecurity, bank to pay the same, &c. Allowance of 41, 10 s. per cent. determined. '5 Annæ, c. 13. bills to be fitted out at the treasury, not exceeding '2, 300,0001. Such bills to bear interest an 2 d. per sliom for every 2004. Bank to have an allowance of 31, per cent. for circulating, &c. But subaye an allowance of 31 per cent. for circulating, &c. But subaye an ellowance to cease in proportion as the said bills shall be discharged & XP. and cancelled.

XXII. And for the encouragement of the said governor and company of the bank of England, by or in pursuance of this and the said former acts constituted, as aforesaid, and their successors, to undertake the circulation not only of the faid bills, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, to be issued for her Majesty's supply, as aforefood, but also of the quarterly bills to be made forth in such manner and form as are berein after-mentioned; and to the end a sufficient fund may be settled, and provision made, as well for the payment of the interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, to be born upon all the bills to be issued in pursuance of this act, and the premium or allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, which the faid governor and company, and their successors, are to receive for circulating the same in the manner and form berein after expressed, until all the said bills to be issued in pursuance of this att, Shall be paid off and cancelled; and for establishing a sufficient fund for paying off, and cancelling all the Exchequer bills to be issued forth in pursuance of this act in reasonable time; we your Majesty's faid, dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do further give and grant unto your Majesty the several subsidies, duties, impositions, and sums of money herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid in manner following, that is to say, Whereas by an act Recital of made in the fixth year of her Majesty's reign for continuing (amongst 6 Anna, c.22. other things) the duties called The two third subsidies of tonnage relating to the and poundage, it was enacted, That (over and above the subsidies, subsidies, and other payments therein mentioned) there should be paid to her Majesty one other subsidy called Tonnage, for and upon all wines which from and after the seventh day of March, one thousand seven bundred and eight, at any time or times within or during the space of three years from thence next or immediately ensuing, should be imported or brought into Great Britain, that is to fay, two third parts of such or the like several and respective duties as by an act of the ninth year 9 & 10 W. 3. of the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, were c. 23. granted to his Majesty during his life, and by an act of the first year of her Majesty's reign, are continued and payable during her Maje- 1 Anne, fine. fly's life, for and upon any kind of wine or wines respectively; and 1. C. 7. one other subsidy called Poundage, of all manner of goods and merchandines that should be imported or brought into Great Britain, at any time or times from and after the said seventh day of March, one then sand seven hundred and eight, within or during the said term of three years, by way of merchandize, that is to fay, two third parts of such or the like several and respective duties as by the said act of the ninth year of his faid late. Majesty's reign were granted, and by the faid all of the first year of her Majesty's reign continued, and payTwo third

tinued for

6 Ann. c. 22.

ever.

able for and upon the same goods and merchandizes respectively (except tobacco, and fuch currans as should be imported in English buile shipping, navigated according to the laws then in force, and fugar from the English plantations, and fuch goods and other merchandines, as in the two alls last-mentioned, or either of them, were exempted from payment of the subsidies thereby granted:) now it is hereby ensubsidies con- acted by the authority aforesaid, That the said subsidies and duties to granted by the faid act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign for the term of three years, as aforefaid, shall be continued upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes imported or brought into Great Britain (except before excepted) at any time or times from and after the expiration of the faid term of three years, and shall be paid and payable from thenceforth to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for even, for the purposes in this act expressed, subject nevertheless to the proviso or condition of re-

demption herein after contained and relating thereunto.

Subfidies how to be raised.

6 Ann. c. 32.

XXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same subsidies or duties by this act continued, as aforesaid, and every of them respectively, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, by fuch rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such distribution of the said penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such drawbacks, allowances, and repayments, and in such manner and form, in all respects, as the like subsidies or duties continued by the said act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, are thereby, or by any other act or acts, laws or statutes, whereunto that act hath reference, prescribed, enacted, or appointed to be ascertained, secured, raifed, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for during the continuance thereof; and that all such of the powers, ditections, penalties and forfeitures, chauses, matters, and things, provided, fettled, or established by the said act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts now in force whereunto that act hath relation, for the better raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the respective fubfidies or duties thereby continued, or for making any drawbacks, repayments, or allowances out of any of the faid subsidies or duties upon exportation, shall be revived and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the continuance of this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

European linnen, filters threads, &c. exempted. Explained by

tapes, or incle, linfeed and flax, shall be exempted from the payment of the faid duties, called the two third subsidies, during 12 Annæ, itat. the continuance of the same by virtue of this act.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-

thority aforesaid, That all European linens, fisters threads, and

2. C. 21. as lo XXV. And whereas the faid jubsidies or duties last-mentioned were unwrought by the faid act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign made subject 6 Anna, c.22. and liable (inter alia) to the securing, payment and satisfaction of all U o

the principal and interest monies, which should, from time to time, remain unfatisfied, of and for certain leans not exceeding the fum of fix bundred thirty fix thousand nine hundred fifty seven pounds; four Shillings, and a halfpenny, borrowed upon a former act therein mentioned: now it is hereby further declared and enacted by the After the loans on authority aforesaid, That immediately from and after the time 6 Anne, c. 22. that the sum now remaining unsatisfied of the loans, not ex- are satisfied, ceeding the faid fum of fix hundred thirty fix thousand nine hun- the remainder dred fifty seven pounds, four shillings, and a halfpenny, and the to be reserved inverest thereof shall be fully paid off and discharged, or that suf-poses of this freent money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that pur- act. 1 > 3. Out of the monies arising or to arise by the lest-mentioned 1, olidies or duties, then all the monies which from thenceforth, during the remainder of the faid term of three years, shall or may ar le by the faid last-mentioned subfidies or duties (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, he paid into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, distinctly, for the purposes in this act expressed, and for no other use, intent, or purpose whatloever.

XXVI. And whereas by the said act of the fixth year of her Ma- 6 Ann. c. 22. jesty's reign, it was, amongst other things, enacted. That the duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa pafte, tea, nutmers, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and upon muslins, and the increased or new additional rates and duties upon all coffee, carea muts, checolate, cocea See & Geo. 1. paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and the c. 15. f. 17. further rates and jums charged or imposed for and upon all white callisees, percelain, commonly colled China ware, and drugs (except drugs for dying) in the faid act mentioned, should be continued, and be paid and payable unto her Majalty, her heirs and fuccessors, for and upon the some commodities and merchandizes respectively, which should be imported into Great Britain, from and after the twenty third day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ten, at any time or times within or during the term of four years from thence next and immediately ensuing: now it is hereby enacted by the authority Duties on cofaforesaid, That the said duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, choco- fee, tea, &c. late, coeoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and continued for pictures, and muslins, and the said increased or new additional The additional rates and duties upon all coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa duties repealed paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, by 10 Geo. 1. and the faid further rates and fums charged or imposed upon all c. 100 white callicoes, porcelain, commonly called *China* ware, and 18 Geo. 2. drugs (except drugs for dying) so continued by the said act of and new oner the firth year of her Majesty's reign, for the term of four years, imposed. as aforefaid, shall be further continued, for and upon the same Drugs for dycommodities and merchandizes respectively (except before excepted) which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, proviso of reat any time or times from and after the expiration of the said demption. term of four years, and shall be paid and payable to her Majesty, her hours and successors for ever, for the purposes in this

act expressed, subject nevertheless to the proviso and condition of redemption herein after contained and relating thereunto.

Duty on coffee, &c. how to be raifed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid last-mentioned rates, duties, and sums of money, by this act continued, as aforefaid, and every of them respectively, shall be ascertained, secured, mised, levied, recovered. answered, paid, and accounted for, by such rules, ways, means, and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch distribution of the said penalties and forfeitures, and subject to fuch drawbacks, allowances, and repayments, and in fuch manner and form in all respects, as the like rates, duties, and sums of money continued by the faid act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, are thereby, or by any other act or acts, laws, and flatutes whereunto that act hath reference, prescribed, enacted, or appointed, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, during the continuance thereof, and that all fuch of the powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, provided, settled, or established by the said act of the sixth year of her 6 Ann. c. 22. Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts now in force, where-..... unto that act hath relation, for the better ascertaining, raising, levying, recovering, answering, or paying the respective rates, duties, and fums of money upon coffee, cocoa nuts, and other the last-mentioned commodities thereby continued, or for making any drawbacks, repayments, or allowances out of any of the faid rates, duties, and fums of money, upon exportation, shall be revived, and be continued and be in force and virtue during the continuance thereof by this act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purpoles, as if the said powers, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

6 App. c. 22.

After the former loans are satisfied, the purpofes of this act. 3 & Annx, F. 4.

XXVIII. And whereas the rates, duties, and sums of money upon coffee and other the enumerated commodities last-mentioned, were by the said act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign made subject and liable to and for the securing, paying, and satisfying all the principal and interest menies which should, from time to time, remain unfatisfied of or for certain loans, not exceeding the fum of seven hundred thousand pounds, borrowed upon a former act therein mentioned : now it is hereby further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That immediately from and after the time that the remainder re- fum now remaining unfatisfied of the loans, not exceeding the served for the said sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, and the interest thereof, shall be fully paid off and discharged, or that sufficient money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, then all the monies which from thenceforth, during the then remainder of the faid term of four years, shall or may arise by the faid duties on coffee and other the commodities last enumerated (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, an-Iwering, and recounting for the same) shall from time to time, be paid into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, distinctly

or the purposes in this act expressed, and for no other use, in-

ent, or purpole whatloever.

XXIX. And whereas several subsidies of tonnage and poundage, nd other duties and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merbandizes, were given and granted to his late majesty King Charles 12 Car.s. c. he Second, of bleffed memory, for his life, by an act of parliament rade in the twelfth year of his reign, intituled, A subfidy granted o the King, of tonnage and poundage, and other fums of moey payable upon merchandizes exported and imported, and by he book of rates thereumo annexed; which subsidies of tonnage and oundage, and other duties and fums of money upon wines, goods, and verchandizes, as well exported as imported (with some alterations) vere, by several subsequent afts, granted to continue until the first lay of August, one thousand seven hundred and ten; and by an act nade in the fifth year of her now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act 5 Ann. c. 27. or continuing several subsidies, impositions, and duties, and for naking provisions therein mentioned, to raise money by way of oan, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necesary and important occasions, and for ascertaining the wine meaure, the said subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties and fums of money last-mentioned, were enacted to continue and be payable to her Majesty for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes which should be imported at any time or times between the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ten, and the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and twelve: And whereas by an act made in the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act 6 Ann. c. 19. for continuing the half subfidies therein mentioned, with several impolitions, and other duties, to raise money by way of loan for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's necessary and important occasions, and for charging of prize goods and seizures, and for taking off the drawbacks of foreign cordage, and to obviate the clandestine importation of wrought filks, it was enacted, amongst other things, That over and above all other subsidies, additional duties, impositions, and payments whatsoever, by any former or other act or acts of parliament, or otherwise howsoever, then due or payable, or which then ought to be paid to her Majesty for or upon any wines, goods, or merchandizes what soever, imported or to be impersed, there should be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, and before the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, should be imported or brought into Great Britain, one moiety or half 5 Ann. c. s7 part of such and the like several and respective subsidies, duties, and sums of money, as by the said act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign were charged or payable within or during the term thereby granted or limited, for or upon the like imported wines, goods; and merchandities respectively (except fuch goods and other merchandizes as by the faid all of the fifth year of her Majefly's reign, or by any law in force at the making of the faid act of the fixth year of her Maje- 6 Ann. c. 19. By's relying guare enompieed from the payment of the fablicies or duties

which

22 Car. 2. c 4 pobich were for fi granted in the twelfth year of the reigns of Kine

liament

of 6 Ass. ever. 6 Am. c. 19.

Charles the Second, as aforefaid: now it is hereby enacted by the Half friedles authority aforefaid, That the faid one moiety or half past of the faid fubfidies, duties, and fums of money, granted by the faid continued for last-mentioned act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign upon wines, goods, and merchandizes imported, as aforefaid, into Great Britain (except as in the same act is excepted) shall from and after the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, be further continued and charged, and shall be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for ever, for the purpoles in this act expressed, subject nevertheless to the provide or condition of redemption herein after contained, and

Sabject to redemption.

Same drawbacks, ác. as aðb. 6 Am. c. 19.

relating thereunto. XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in all cases where by the said last-mentioned act of the by the former fixth year of her Majelty's reign, any drawbacks or abatements are to be made of the whole, or any part of the duties thereby impoled on any wines, goods, or merchandizes imported, there shall be in the like cases, the like proportional drawbacks and abatements made of the whole or part of the duties by this ad imposed upon the same wines, goods, and merchandizes respectively; and that the said moiety or half part of the said subsidies, duties, and fums of money by this act granted, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid within and throughout the whole kingdom of Great Britain, by the same ways, means, and ers for levying methods, and under fuch penalties, and forfeitures, and with the duty confuch allowances, and subject to such rules and directions, as in and by the faid last-mentioned act of the fixth year of her Majesty's

Former powtinued.

6 Ann. c. 19.

reign, or by any other act or acts therein referred unto, are prescribed or appointed, for the raising, levying, collecting, securing, and paying the faid moiety or half part of the fame subsidies, duties, and fums of money granted by the same act of the fixth year of her faid Majesty's reign; and that every article, rule, and clause contained in the said last-mentioned act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, or in any act or acts of parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for raising, collecting, levying, fecuring, and paying the faid moiety or half part of the faid subsidies, duties, and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes thereby granted, as aforefaid, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be by force of this aftrevived, and shall be used, exercised, and put in practice, for the raising, levying, collecting, and answering the said moiety or half part of the subsidies, duties, and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes by this act granted or imposed, as aforesaid, and all arrears of the same, from time to time, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed, as fully and effectually, as if the fame articles, rules, and clauses, and every of them, were again particularly, and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present act, excepting only as to such of the faid articles, rules, and clauses touching which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions are made by any act or acts of parliament new in being, which other provisions, alterations, or exemptions, shall be observed, with respect to the moiety or half part of the subsidies, duties, or sums of money upon wines. goods, and merchandizes hereby continued, as aforefaid, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said moiety or half part of the faid subsidies, duties, or sums of money formerly granted, as aforefaid.

XXXI. And whereas the said one moiety or half part of the said subsidies, duties, and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, together with several other impesitions, subsidies, and duties mentioned in the faid last-mentioned act of the fixth year of ber Majesty's reign, were by that set made subject and liable to the secu- 6 Ann. c. 19. ring, payment, and satisfaction of certain loans of any sums which should not exceed in the whole seven bundred twenty nine thousand sixty seven pounds, fifteen shillings, and fix pence three farthings, borrowed or authorized to be borrowed thereupon, and such further sume for payment of interest as are therein mentioned or referred unto: now After the it is hereby further declared and enacted by the authority afore-loans upon faid, That immediately from and after the time that all the faid 6 Ann. c. 19. loans, not exceeding feven hundred twenty nine thousand fixty ed, remainder seven pounds, fifteen shillings, and six pence three farthings, to be applied borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed, as aforefaid, and all to the purthe interest monies secured, or intended to be secured by the said poses of this last-mentioned act of the sixth year of her Majesty's reign, shall act. be paid off and discharged in the manner in the same act mentioned, or that sufficient money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, out of the monies arising or to arise by the subsidies, duties, and impositions thereby appropriated thereunto, then all the monies which from thenceforth, until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen. shall or may arise by the said moiety or half part of the subsidies. duties, and fums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes by the faid former acts granted, and by this act continued. as aforefaid (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be paid into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer distinctly for the purpoles in this act expressed, and for no other use, intent, or purpole whatloever.

XXXII. And whereas by another act of the firth year of her Ma. 6 Ann. c. 11. jefty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing one half part of the subfidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines. goods, and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelsth year of the reign of King Charles the Socond, and for fettling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, not exceeding eighty thoufand pounds per ansum, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses therein expressed, it was, amongst ether things, exacted, That over and above all other subsidies, additional duties, impositions, and payments whatsoever, by any former or other aft on afts of parliament, or otherwise howsever, then due or payable,

payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon any wines, goods, or merchandizes what foever, imported or to be imported, there should be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto ber Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, within or during the term of ninety fix years from thence next and immediately enfuing

Ann. c. 27. Sould be imported or brought into Great Britain, one moiety or half part of such and the like several and respective subsidies and duties, and fums of money, as by the faid act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, therein mentioned, are charged or payable within or during the term or time thereby granted or limited for or upon the like imported wines, goods and merchandizes respectively, except such goods and other merchandizes as by the faid last-mentioned act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, or by any law in force, were exempted from the payment of the subsidies or duties which were sirst granted in the 22 Car. 2. C. 4 twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid,

And whereas a sum not exceeding in the whole the sum of eighty thoufand pounds per annum, to arife by and out of the faid last-mentioned moiety or half part of the faid subsidies, duties, and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, is by the said last-mentioned act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign appropriated for and 6 Ann. c. 11.

during the said term of ninety fix years for the payment of annuities to be purchased in pursuance of that act; in which said act it is provided and enacted. That if at the end of any quarter of a year of the term for which the annuities upon that all were to be purchased, the monies arising at the Exchequer of or for the said half subsidies and duties by that all appropriated (certain contribution money therein mentioned to be referved, being excepted) should exceed all the monies then due for or upon the same annuities and all arrearages thereof. then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there should be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus should be disposable, from time to time, for the publick use Excess or fur- and service, and not otherwise: now it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said excess or surplus which shall from time to time arise of and from the last-mentioned moiety or half part of the faid subsidies, duties, and sums of money up-

plus arising of the annuity act 6 Anne.

Ann. c. 11.

to be kept apart in the Exchequer for the purpoles of this act.

part of the subsidies, duties, or sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes by the faid last-mentioned act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, during the said term of ninety fix years, (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, ascertaining, and accounting for the same) and also all arrearages of the faid last-mentioned moiety or half part of the

on wines, goods, and merchandizes, after payment and fatisfaction, or referving at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, from time to time, sufficient to pay and satisfy the said annulties, not exceeding in the whole the fum of eighty thousand pounds per annum, charged upon the faid last-mentioned moiety or half

faid subsidies, duties, and sums of money upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, (not already appropriated, or to be applied by any former act or acts of parliament in that behalf) shall;

as the same shall arise, be kept distinct and apart in her Majefty's Exchequer for the purposes in this act expressed, and for no

other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever.

XXXIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties commonly called by the name of The two The two third third fubsidies, which from and after the expiration of the said subsidies. term of three years formerly granted therein, as aforesaid, shall arife, grow due, or become payable by virtue of this act to her-Majesty, her heirs and successors, and all the monies which from and after the paving off and discharging all the said loans, not exceeding fix hundred thirty fix thousand nine hundred fifty feven pounds, four shillings and a half penny, and all the interest thereof, shall or may arise during the then remainder of the said term of three years of or for the said subsidies and duties. commonly called The two third subsidies, granted or continued by the said act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign; and the said 6 Ann. c. 22. duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa parte, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and upon muslins, The duty on and the increased or new additional rates and duties upon all coffee, &c, coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures; and the further rates and fums The duty on charged or imposed for and upon all white callicoes, porcelain, callicoes, &c. commonly called China wares, and drugs, which from and after the expiration of the faid term of four years formerly granted therein, as aforesaid, shall arise, grow due, or become payable by virtue of this act to her Majesty, her heirs and successors; and all the monies which from and after the paying off and difcharging all the faid loans, not exceeding feven hundred thoufand pounds, and all the interest thereof, shall or may arise during the then remainder of the faid term of four years of and in the faid duties, and additional or further duties on coffee, and other the enumerated commodities last-mentioned, granted by the said act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign; and the said half fublidies and other duties which from and after the faid last day Half the old of July, one thousand seven hundred and sourceen, shall arise, subsidy, &c. grow due, or become payable by virtue of this act to her Majesty, her heirs and successors; and all the monies which from and after the paying off and discharging all the said loans, not exceeding seven hundred twenty nine thousand sixty seven pounds. fifteen shillings and fix pence three farthings, borrowed or authorized to be borrowed, as a orefaid, and all the interest monies fecured, or intended to be secured by the said act of the sixth year of her Majesty's reign in that behalf, or reserving sufficient 6 Ann. c. 22. money in the Exchequer, for that purpose, as aforesaid, shall or may arise of or for the like half subsidies or duties by the same act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign until the said first. day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and all the monies which (at the end of any quarter of a year of the term for which the faid annuities not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum upon the said other act of the sixth year of her 6 Ann. c. 11, Vol. XI. Ηħ Majesty's

Majesty's reign are purchased) shall arise at the Exchequer of or for the other half subsidies or duties by that act appropriated, over and above the monies then due for or upon the same annuities, or for arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, as aforesaid, (the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid subsidies, duties, surplus monies, remains, and arrears respectively, and the charges of making and isluing all the Exchequer bills to be made forth or issued in pursuance of this act, always excepted and foreprized) are and shall be a general paying off and fund and fecurity, as well for satisfying and paying, from time to time, all fuch monies as shall be due or payable according to the true meaning of this act, for the faid interest to be born on the faid bills, and for the faid premium or allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and for or towards raising the yearly sum of two hundred thousand pounds, to commence as is herein after mentioned for paying off and can-

celling the faid bills in the manner herein after expressed.

made a general fund for cancelling the bille, &cc.

> A book to be kept in the auditor's office for entring the general fund. Till the fund established takes effect, treasury to compute quarterly the interest due on Exchequer bills : and to make out other bills for so much as shall be due, with like interest and currency, &c. and be dated on the quarter day to which the interest is computed, and paid to the bank, &c. Remainder of the subsidies, &c. appropriated for paying off Exchequer bills. Desiciency of one quarter to be made good out of the overplus of the next. Surplus of any quarter disposable by parliament. Allowance of 3 per cent. for circulation to be paid weekly. Treasury to issue money to any person for discharging the interest on the bills. The yearly sum of 200,000l. for discharging the bills, to be issued and applied as the treasury shall direct; but the weekly payments not to exceed 50,000l. in one quarter. Officers misapplying the money, &c. forfeit office, &c. Exchequer bills to be taken by all receivers, &c. and at the Exchequer. Receivers, &c. to exchange the bills in ready money, or be liable to be fued for the money, &c. How the plaintiff in such action may declare. He shall recover damages and full costs of suit. The bills to pass as specie in the Exchequer. Interest on bills to be allowed by receivers, &c. Bills in receivers hands, &c. Interest to cease. Persons paying bills to receivers, &c. to endorse their names, day, and year when paid. Bills re-iffued to have the day and year endorsed, &c. Bills after \$4 June, 1709. to be re-iffued only for the principal. Tellers to be reimbursed the interest they allow. Receivers general to keep a book, &c. to be inspected without fee, on penalty of rool, to any one who will fue for it. Bank to exchange all bills re-issued at the Exchequer. Penalty on bank refusing to exchange. Bills filled up by indorsements, &c. Treasury to issue new ones. Bank may call in money from their members for circulating, &c. See 8 Annæ, c. s. f. 116. Members refusing, bank may stop their dividends, &c. and charge defaulters with interest at 6 per cent. Not paid in three months, bank may fell. Bank may make dividends of the money called in. Felony to counterfeit these Exchequer bills. Bank to have one part of the cheques, &c. of all bills. Members not disabled by any thing in the act to be parliament men, or liable to be bankrupts. No other Exchequer bills to be issued, until all these be paid, without consent of the bank. EXP.

During the

LXI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority bank no com- aforesaid, That during the continuance of the said corporation pany in part- of the governor and company of the bank of England, it shall

not be lawful for any body politick or corporate whatfoever, nership to take company of the bank of England) or for any other persons their bills, payable under whatfoever united or to be united in covenants or partnership, 6 months. exceeding the number of fix persons, in that part of Great Britain called England, to borrow, owe, or take up any sum or fums of money on their bills or notes payable at demand, or at any less time than six months from the bottowing thereof.

LXII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Capital flock, foresaid, That the common capital and principal stock, and &c. exempted ilso the real funds of the governor and company of the bank from taxes, of England, and all the profit and produce to be made thereof, or arising thereby, and the said allowance after the rate of three bounds per centum per annum, and the particular part, share, and interest of every member of the said corporation in the said tock, funds, profits, produce, and allowance, and the principal to be contained in the faid bills, and the interest to be porn thereupon, shall be and are hereby exempted from any axes, rates, affefiments, and impositions whatsoever, during he respective continuances of the same; and shall be deemed and to be n all courts of law and justice, and in all other courts and places deemed a perwhatfoever, to be a personal estate, and not real, and shall go sonal estate, to the executors and administrators of the person or persons lying possessed thereof, or entitled thereunto, and not to the acirs of such person or persons; and that the said common capital and principal stock, and real funds of the said governor and company of the bank of England, and the faid allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, the said Exchequer bills, whilst in the hands of the said governor and company, and the particular part, share, and interest of every member of the faid corporation in the faid flock, funds, allowances, and the faid bills, whilst such bills shall be in the hands of the faid governor and company, as aforefaid, shall not be and not liable liable or subject to any foreign attachment by the custom of to foreign at-London, or otherwise; any thing in this act, or in any other tachment. act contained, or any other law, statute, provision, usage, or

custom to the contrary notwithstanding. LXIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority The original aforesaid, That the original fund of the said governor and sund, &c. to company of one hundred thousand pounds per annum before the use of the mentioned, and all profit, benefit, and advantage, from time members. to time arising out of the management of the said corporation, and also the said annuity of one hundred and six thousand sive hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, and likewise the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating the exchequer bills to be made in pursuance of this act, shall (the charges of managing the business of the said governor and company, only excepted) be applied from time to time, to the uses of all the members of the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time being, ratably and in proportion to each

H h 2 member's member's

member's part, share, and interest in the common capital and principal stock of the said governor and company hereby conti-

Subscribers of 2,201,1711. paid one fifth to pay the remainder into the bank.

nued, enlarged, and established. LXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the several and respective persons who 10s. who have have subscribed the several sums in the said books, amounting to the faid fum of two millions two hundred and one thoufand one hundred seventy one pounds, ten shillings, or for whom such subscriptions have been made, and have paid down one fifth part of each sum subscribed, as aforesaid, or their respective assigns, shall, and they are hereby respectively enjoyned and required to pay to the faid governor and company, or their cashier, for their use, the remaining four fifth parts of every fum so subscribed or written in the said books, or any of

> them, against their names respectively, and also every sum of fifteen pounds, or after that rate, to be added to every hundred

at fuch times shall appoint.

Defaulters to part paid down.

Bank may make dividends, &c.

taking care that the debts capital stock.

pounds, or any greater or lesser sum subscribed, as aforesaid, at fuch times, and by fuch proportions, as the court of direcas the directors tors of the faid governor and company for the time being, or the major part of them, shall appoint in that behalf, so as publick notice thereof be given as well in the London Gazette, as by a paper to be figned by the secretary of the said governor and company, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, at least ten days before the respective days of payment so appointed; and in case default shall be made in any of the said payforfeitthe fifth ments fo appointed and notified, then the person or persons making such default, shall forfeit the fifth part so paid down, as aforefaid, to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, and in respect of such fifth part shall not be entitled to any share or dividend out of the capital flock of the faid governor and company; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding. LXV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority

aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor and company of the bank of England so enlarged and constituted, as aforesaid, and their successors, at any time or times hereafter, when they shall find it safe and convenient, to reduce or lessen their capital stock increased, as aforesaid, by any dividend or dividends to be made amongst the then members of the faid corporation in their private or personal capacities, ratably and in proportion to their respective shares and interests therein, taking care that the sum total of all their debts which they shall owe at any one time to any person or exceed not the persons, bodies politick or corporate, do not exceed the value of the joint and capital stock, and such other estate which at any such time shall be and remain to the said governor and company undivided; and that in case the said governor and company, or their successors, by any dividend whatsoever to be made amongst themselves in their private or personal capacities, shall reduce or lessen their joint stock or capital, without limiting, paying off, or proportionably reducing the total fum

tanding.

im of the faid debts which they shall owe to others, as aforetid, so that the value of their joint stock and capital, and other neir estate then remaining undivided, shall not be sufficient answer their just debts then remaining unpaid, in every such In such case ase the particular members of the said corporation of the gover—the particular members who or and company of the bank of England, and every of them have received espectively, who in their private or personal capacities shall any share of eceive any share of such dividend, shall be severally liable, such dividend, and they are hereby made liable, so far as the respective shares as that will exby them respectively received upon such dividend, will ex-tend, liable to end, to pay and satisfy the debts which shall remain due and pay the debts npaid by the faid governor and company, to any other per-owing by the on or persons, bodies politick or corporate, as aforesaid, who bank. y virtue of this act shall or may sue for and recover the same besides treble costs) by action of debt, or upon the case, as before-mentioned; any thing in this, or any former act, harter, or otherwise howsoever to the contrary in any wise otwithstanding.

LXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, After the bills That from and after the compleat paying off, and discharging are all difhe said principal and interest due on all the said Exchequer charged, the ills to be iffued in pursuance of this act, and cancelling all the deemed, ills, and full fatisfaction made, as aforefaid, of all arrearages f the faid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum er annum for circulating the same, then, and not till then, he several duties by this act settled or appropriated, as well or payment of the said interest, after the rate of two pence er centum per diem, and the said allowance after the rate of hree pounds per centum per annum, as for raising the said yearly um of two hundred thousand pounds, and every of them, hall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be iffued, paid, or applied to any use, intent, or purpose whatfoever, without the authority of parliament; any thing nerein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwith-

LXVII. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act The not recontained, for or concerning the redemption of the said duties deeming the by this act fettled and appropriated, as well for payment aid duties, not to hinder of the said interest, after the rate of two pence per diem, and the the redempaid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per tion of the innum, as for raising the said yearly sum of two hundred thou. original fund, fand pounds for cancelling the faid bills, shall in any wife &c. prevent or hinder the redemption of the said original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, or the said annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings, and five pence, pursuant to the respective provisoes for those purposes in this act contained; but that the same, or either of them may be redeemed from the said governor and company, or their fuccessors, according to the respective provisoes or conditions in this act contained, without redemption of the said duties and funds hereby settled in relation

to the Exchequer bills to be made forth in pursuance of this act, as aforefaid; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The dividend of 41. 108. to belong only to the old mem-

LXVIII. And whereas the faid governor and company of the bank of England established by former acts berein recited, did on the three and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven bendred and eight, order a dividend of four pounds and ten shillings per centum to be made amongst their then members; it is hereby enacted and declared, That the faid dividend only belongs to, and is to be received and enjoyed by the respective members of the said corporation, before the making the subscription before-mentioned, and their respective assigns, in proportion to their respective interests in the then capital stock of the said governor and company.

Commissioners scriptions indemnified.

LXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and defor taking sub-clared, That the persons named commissioners for taking the subscriptions in the act before-mentioned, or any of them, shall not incur or be subject to any incapacity, forfeiture or penalty whatfoever, for or in regard of their or any of their being named commissioners, or acting in or upon the commission for taking such subscriptions, or any ways relating thereunto; any law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Publick act.

LXX. And be it further enacted and declared, That this present act shall be esteemed in all the parts thereof in all courts of law and equity to be a publick act, and notice thereof shall be taken as such by all courts and persons accordingly.

LXXI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Bank not obliged to pay interest to a lesser sum than a penny.

That as often as any of the bills hereby authorized to be iffued shall become payable by the said governor and company, and shall be brought to them to be exchanged for money, the said governor and company shall not be obliged to pay for such interest to any lesser sum than a penny due upon such bill, in case a fingle bill be produced for payment, or for the total of the interest of such bills, where two or a greater number of bills shall be offered at one time by the same person; and the payment or tender of all such interest as shall be due on such bill or bills (except fuch fum less than a penny) together with the principal due on such bill and bills, shall be good and fufficient in law, as if the principal and entire interest, including fuch less sum than a penny, had been paid or tendred upon such bill or bills.

Bank may call in monies divided out of their capital flock, &c.

LXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That it shall and may be lawful for the said governor and company, and their fuccessors, from time to time hereafter in such manner, and by such notice as in this act are before appointed for calling in any monies for the circulation of Exchequer bills and other the purposes before-mentioned, to call in or direct to be paid by or from their respective members for the time being proportionably all or any part of the monies which shall have before been divided and paid out of their faid

sital flock of four millions four hundred and two thousand ee hundred forty and three pounds, under such penalties, arges, and forfeitures for non-payment of any monies of the d capital fo called in, as are before appointed for non-payment any other monies (not capital) by this act authorized to be lled in, as aforefaid.

LXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Duties deficithority aforesaid. That if the respective duties by this act ent to be made anted or appropriated, or any of them, shall at any time or the next aids. nes appear to be so deficient, that within any one year the d respective duties shall not be sufficient to answer and satisfy e several and respective purposes to which the same are herefeverally appropriated, then and in every fuch case, and as ten as such deficiency shall happen, the same shall be proded for, answered and made good by and out of the next aids be granted by parliament.

CAP. VIII.

n all for continuing several impositions and duties, to raise money by way of loan, and for exporting British copper and brass wire duty-free; and for circulating a further fum in Exchequer bills, in case a new contrast be made in that behalf; and concerning the oaths to be administred in relation to Italian thrown filks, and touching oils and plantation goods of foreigners, taken or to be taken as prize; and concerning drugs of America to be imported from her Majesty's plantations; and for appropriating the monies given in this session of parliament; and for making out debentures for two transport ships in this act named; and to allow a further time for registring certain debentures, and for relief of persons who bave lost such tickets, Exchequer bills, debentures, tallies, or orders, as in this all are mentioned.

OST gracious fovereign, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in pariament affembled for the better enabling your Majesty to deray the expences of the present war, and for other your Maesty's most necessary and important occasions, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give ind grant to your Majesty the several and respective subsidies, mpositions, and duties herein after particularly described, for and during the terms herein after expressed, and do most humbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the several impositions and duties Duties on upon wines and vinegar granted by an act made in the first wines and year of the reign of his late majesty King James the Second, vinegar con-Hh 4 intituled,

King

3 Ja. 2. C. 3. Farther continued by and made perpetual by 9 Annæ, c. 21. 1. 1.

August, 1716. intituled, An est for granting to his Majefty an imposition upon all wines and vinegar imported between the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand six bundred eighty five, and the twenty fourth 1 Anna, c. 13. day of June, one thousand six hundred ninety three, which faid act, by several subsequent acts of parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue until the first day of Angust, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall by virtue of this act, be further continued and be payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all wines and vinegar which shall be imported into Great Britain, from the last day

1]2. 2. C. 3.

of July, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the faid act so made in the first year of the reign of the said late King James the Second, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, for or concerning the faid impositions on wines and vinegar, shall continue and be in full force and effect, untill the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practised, and executed for raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the said duties upon wine and vinegar hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the clauses, matters, and things in the said act of the first year of the reign of the faid King James the Second contained, had been again in this act repeated, and particularly enacted.

Duties on tobacco continued to August,1716 1 Ja. 2 C. 4. Farther contmued-by petual by

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the rates, duties, and impositions upon all sorts of tobacco, granted by an act made in the first year of the reign of the said late King James the Second, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty an imposition upon all tobacco and sugar imported between the twenty fourth day June, one thousand fix hundred eighty 8 Annæ, c. 13 five, and the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand fix bundred and made per-uinety three, which said act, as for and concerning the said 9 Anne, c. 21. duties and impolitions upon tobacco only, by several subsequent acts of parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue until the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued and paid unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all tobacco to be imported into Great Britain, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer.

Duties on tobacco to be levied, &c. as by 7 & 8 W. 3. Ç. 10.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the said duty upon tobacco which shall be imported within the times by this act limited, and all arrears thereof, shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered, and paid to her Majesty in such method, and with fuch discount and allowances, and according to such rules and directions as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed (2s to the duties or impositions upon tobacco) in and by the act made in the parliament holden in the seventh year of the reign of King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An 7 W. 3. c. 10. 167 for continuing several duties, granted by former acts upon wines, rinegar, and tobacco, and East India goods, and other merchanlizes imported, for carrying on the war against France, and not

otherwife. IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Old impost That the feveral additional and other rates, impositions, duties, continued till ranted by an act made in the second year of the reign of King 2 W. & M.

William the Third and Owen Mary installed An all for most ff. 2. C. 4. Villiam the Third and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for grant- Farther conng to their Majesties certain impositions upon all East India goods tinued by and merchandizes, and upon all wrought filks, and several other 8 Anne, c. 13. coods and merchandizes to be imported after the five and twentieth and made perlay of December, one thousand fix bundred and ninety, and which petual by hereby, and by several acts of parliament already made, have s. 2. continuance until the first day of August, one thousand seven nundred and fourteen, shall be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon the like commodities to be imported into Great Britain, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the faid act made in the second year of their late Majesties reign, concerning East India goods and other things therein charged, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed for the raifing, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the said respective duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as fully, and to all intents and purpoles, as if the faid last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly enacted (except only as to fuch part of the faid acts, concerning the faid impositions of wines, vinegar, tobacco, East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, touching which other provisions or alterations are made by any act or acts of parliament now in force, which other provisions or alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the continuance of this present act) and the said act, intituled, An act for continuing several duties granted by former acts upon 7 W. 3. c. 10. wine and vinegar, and upon tobacco, and East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France, and every article, clause, matter, and thing therein contained, for the raising, levying, securing, answering, and paying the impositions and duties on the merchandizes and commodities thereby charged, and which are by this act continued, shall be of full force and effect, until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fixteen.

V. And be it forther enacted by the authority aforefaid, Additional That the additional and other rates, duties, impositions, and impositions charges

continued to charges upon the leveral forts of goods and merchandizes. August. 1716. granted by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of their 4&5W.&M. faid late Majesties reign, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties certain additional impositions upon several goods and merchandizes. Farther codfor profecuting the present war against France, which by several timued by and made perpetual by Annæ, c. si.

8 Annæ, c. 13. Subsequent acts of parliament already made, have continuance until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall, by virtue of this act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, throughout Great Britain, from the last day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the faid act last-mentioned, and all powers, provisions, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for, and concerning the faid rates, duties, and impositions, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practifed, and executed, for the raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the said duties hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present act, as if the said last-mentioned act, and all and every the clauses, matters, and things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly enacted in this present act: provided also, That in all cases where any other provision or alteration is made by any act or acts of parliament now in being, in or about any other matter or thing contained in the said act of parliament for the impositions last-mentioned, fuch other provisions or alterations shall be observed during the continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties on whale fins continued to 9 & io W. 3. Fartber contimued by and made perpetual by

VI. And it is hereby further enacted, That the several impositions and duties, for and upon all whale fins imported, which by an act of parliament in the ninth year of the reign *August. 1716 of his said late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for taking away half the duties imposed on glass wares, and the whole duties lately laid on stone and earthen wares, and tebacco pipes and for granting in lieu thereof new duties en whale fins and Scotch 8 Annæ, c. 13. linnen, were granted to his faid late majesty King William, and by subsequent acts already passed, have continuance until the 2 Annæ, c. 21. first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be, and are hereby continued and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, upon all whale fins to be imported into Great Britain, from the last day of July, one thousand feven hundred and fourteen, to the first day of August, one thoufand feven hundred and fixteen, and no longer; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid in such manner and form, and by fuch ways and means, and under fuch penalties, as are mentioned in the faid act for granting the faid impositions on whale fins and Scotch linen; which act, with all the powers, provisces, penalties, articles, and clauses therein contained, or thereby referred, shall continue and be in full force until the faid

faid first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen: and shall be applied, practifed, and put in execution for raising, and levying the faid duties on whale fins hereby continued, and all arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the clauses, matters, and things therein contained concerning the faid duties on whale fins were repeated, and again enacted in

the body of this present act.

VII. And whereas the faid impositions on wines, vinegar, and 1 Ja. 2. c. 3. tobacco, which were first granted to King James the second, in the first year of his reign, and the said impositions on East India goods. and other goods charged therewith, which were first granted to their late majesties King William and Queen Mary in the Second year of 2 W. & M. their reign, and the faid additional impositions which were first granted st. 2. c. 4. to them in the fourth year of their reign, and the said duties on whale fins imported, which were granted to his said late majesty King Wil- 4 & 5 W. & M. liam in the ninth year of his reign, were by several subsequent acts 5.
of parliament continued (with some exceptions and alterations) as 9 & 10 W. 3. aforesaid, until the said first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, in the manner therein mentioned, and are thereby made subject and liable (together with such other duties as are therein expressed) to the satisfaction of several principal sums which were borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed upon those acts respectively, and the interest due, and to be due for the same, which principal and interest are to be duly paid off and discharged in the first place; now After the it is hereby further declared and enacted by the authority afore- principal, &c. faid, That from and immediately after the time that all the prin- of the former cipal and interest monies which by the said former acts, or any charged, the of them, are charged and chargeable on the several impositions several duties and duties last particularly mentioned (jointly with other duties) appropriated as aforesaid, shall be fully paid off and satisfied according to for the uses the true meaning of the faid former acts, or that sufficient of this act. money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, then all the monies which from thenceforth shall arise by the faid impositions upon wines, vinegar, and tobacco, which were first granted to King James the Second in the first year of his reign, and the said impositions on East India goods, and other goods charged therewith, which were first granted to . their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, in the second year of their reign, and the said additional impositions which were first granted to them in the fourth year of their reign, and the faid duties on whale fins imported, which were granted to his late majesty King William in the ninth year of his reign, for the remainders of the terms formerly granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the necessary charges of raising, levying, collecting, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be paid into the receipt of the Exchequer distinctly for the purposes in this act expressed, and for no other ule, intent, or purpole whatloever.

VIII. And whereas it is found by experience, That the duties upon British copper the exportation of copper of the produce and growth of Great Britain, and brass wire and upon brass wire made in Great Britain, have annually produced to be exported very duty-free.

very inconsiderable sums, and nevertheless do hinder the exportation of such copper wire, to the prejudice of this nation; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no subfidies or other duties shall be due or payable by any act or acts of parliament whatfoever upon the exportation of any fuch copper or wire, which from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and nine, shall be exported to or for any parts beyond the feas; any law or statute whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And whereas the governor and company of the bank of 7 Annæ, c. 7. England bave undertaken the circulation of Exchequer bills, amounting to two millions and five hundred thousand pounds, for her Majesty's supply, in such manner and form, and upon such terms and advantages as are mentioned or intended by another att of this session of parliament in that behalf; now it is hereby provided, &c.

The bank may agree to circulate further Exchequer bills for 612,739l. &c. with the same advantages, &c. as by the former act, &c. oath upon im-Anna, flat . 1. porting Italian thrown filk, to be made before the collector, &c. Oils and plantation goods of foreigners, taken as prize, to pay customs, pursuant 6 Annæ, c. 19. to her Majesty's declaration, 12 May, 2 Annæ. EXP.

Drugs of America may be her Majesty's plantations.

C. 27.

XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June, one thouimported from sand seven hundred and nine, Jesuits Bark, Sarsaparilla, balsam of Peru and Tulu, and all other drugs of the growth and product of America, may be imported from any of her Majesty's plantations in America, in thips regularly manned and navigated, paying the fame duty, and no more, as if they were imported directly from the place of their growth; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Clause of loan for 645,000l.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to advance or lend to her Majesty at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, as well upon credit of the several impolitions and duties by this act granted or continued, as also upon credit of the monies which by the faid former acts, after fatisfaction of the principal and interest thereupon, as aforesaid. shall arise by the impositions and duties thereby granted, any fums which shall not exceed in the whole fix hundred forty five thousand pounds, for the service of the war, and other her Majesty's occasions; and moreover, the treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, or any three or more of the commifsioners of the treasury for the time being, are hereby authorized diate interest, and directed to cause the officers of the said receipt of Exchequer, to receive from time to time, by way of loan, from any person

or persons, bodies politick or corporate, willing to make the fame at the faid receipt, any further fum and fums of money, over and above the faid fums not exceeding fix hundred forty five thousand pounds, as shall be sufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies appointed or allowed by this act, every three months, until the faid impositions and duties

and of a further fum for making good the interme-

arising by this or by the said former acts, or any of them first happening, shall come into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that purpole, pursuant to the intent and meaning of this act; and that all the lenders as well of the faid fums not exceeding fix hundred forty five thousand pounds, as of the said further fums for making good the payment of the intermediate interest, as aforesaid, shall have and receive interest for the forbearance thereof, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per at 6 per cent. annum, and that no money to be lent upon the fecurity of this tax free. act, shall be taxed, rated, or assessed by any act of parliament whatfoever.

Lenders to have tailies struck, &c. Orders to be paid in course, &c. No fee, &c. to be taken. Penalty. Tallies of the same date no undue preference. No penalty to incur, if subsequent orders be first paid. Orders affignable. EXP.

XVIII. And whereas in and by one act of the fifth year of her 5 Annæ, c. 27, Majesty's reign, a credit was given for any sums not exceeding eight hundred twenty two thousand three hundred eighty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and fix pence farthing; and by another act of the 6 Anna, c. 22. fixth year of her Majesty's reign, a further credit was given for any fums not exceeding seven hundred twenty nine thousand fixty seven pounds, fifteen faillings, and fix pence three farthings, to be borrowed upon those acts respectively, at an interest after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, upon the several subsidies, impositions, and duties in the same acts respectively mentioned; and the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are by the same acts respectively authorized and directed to cause the officers of the Exchequer to receive, from time to time, by way of loan, at the like interest at the said receipt, any further sum or sums of money as should be sufficient to make good the payment of all the interest monies, appointed or allowed by the same alls respectively, every three months, until the subsidies, impositions, and duties therein mentioned, should come into the Exchequer, and be sufficient for that purpose, pursuant to the intent and true meaning of the same acts respectively: now it is hereby provided and This act not enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act to prejudice contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the taking the security away, altering, or lessening the said power and direction of above-menborrowing monies to make good the payment of the faid in-tioned. terest monies every three months, until the said subsidies, impositions, and duties in the said respective acts mentioned shall come in, and be sufficient for that purpose, as aforesaid, or in any wife to alter or prejudice the fecurity given by the faid feveral acts of the fifth and fixth years of her Majesty's reign, or either of them, for the repayment and fatisfaction of the same, or any other the principal and interest monies, which were secured or intended to be secured by the same acts respectively, but that the orders for the same shall be registered in course, and paid in the same manner upon each of those acts, as if this act had never been made; this present act, or **a**બેડ.

any thing therein contained, or any other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Clause of anpropriation.

XIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the 7 Annæ, c. 1. monies lent and to be lent unto her Majesty on one act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to ber Majesty to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made, or to be made upon that act, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for the raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the money lent and to be lent unto her Majesty upon one other act of this session

7 Annæ, c. 3.

of parliament, intituled, An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, and so much money of the said duties of malt, mum, cyder, and perry thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made, or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and the sums payable by the governor and company of the bank of England, for or upon account of the sum of four hundred thousand pounds to be advanced by way of discount, according to another act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital flock of

7 Ann. c. 7.

the bank of England, and for raifing a further supply, granted to ber Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, and the Exchequer bills not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds issuable by that act, for her Majesty's supply; and the sums intended to be raised by loans and Exchequer bills, by or in pursuance of this present act; shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated, for or towards the several uses and purposes herein after expressed; that is to say, for or towards the defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, wear and tear, and other services of the navy, and the victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for the sea fervice in the office of the ordnance, performed and to be performed; and for and towards the land service performed and to be performed by the office of the ordnance; and to and for subfiftence, off-reckonings and clearings for one year, from the three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eight, to her Majesty's guards and garrisons in Great Britain, and the contingent charges of the same, and for payment of invalids for the faid year, beginning from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eight; and for or towards the defraying the charges of her Majesty's army, and such forces as are or shall be added thereunto, in the low countries or Germany, within, or for one year, to be reckoned from the faid three and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eight, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and for and towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of three thousand Palatines. formerly taken into the service of her Majesty and the States General, for the year one thousand seven hundred and nine: and for or towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of four thousand fix hundred thirty nine Saxons, formerly taken into the service of her Majesty and the States General, for the year one thousand seven hundred and nine; and for and towards her Majesty's proportion of the charge of Bethmar's regiment of dragoons, confisting of eight hundred men, formerly taken into the service of her Majesty and the States General, for the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, and for defraying her Majesty's proportion of the charge for augmenting the troops, which have been resolved for acting in conjunction with her allies in Flanders, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine; and for defraying the charge of maintaing the forces in her Majesty's pay to serve in Spain and Portugal, for the service of the said year one thoufand seven hundred and nine; and for or towards the payment of her Majesty's proportion of the subsidies due upon treaties made or to be made with her Majesty's allies, and other charges for the fervice of the war, for any time before, or until the five and twentieth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and nine; and for and towards the payment of a year's interest further on the unsatisfied debentures, charged upon the Irish forfeitures; and for or towards the transporting of land forces performed and to be performed; and for or towards discharging the premiums and other charges, for circulating the old Exchequer bills for another year; and for or towards the defraying extraordinary charges of the war already incurred, and not before this time provided for by parliament; and for making good fuch payments as by another act of this session of parliament are to be made, as well for difcharging the allowances for or upon the exportation from Scotland, of fish, beef, and pork cured with foreign salt, imported before the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and feven, as also to pay for such falt so imported, and still remaining in the hands of her Majesty's subjects there; and for payment of the general officers ferving in Flanders in the years one thousand seven hundred and eight, and one thousand seven hundred and nine, according to the stations in which they have or shall have served by their respective commissions; and to no other uses, intents, and purposes whatsoever. Provided always, That out of the monies to be iffued to the guards and garrisons, as aforesaid, there shall and may be taken and applied any fum not exceeding eighty seven thousand one hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, towards the charge of maintaining the foldiers raifed and to be raifed for fea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; and out of the monies to be issued for the service of the navy and sea service, as aforesaid, there shall be taken and applied

applied such sums, as together with the said sum not exceeding eighty seven thousand one hundred twenty sive pounds, ten shillings, shall be necessary for the charge of maintaining the said soldiers for sea service, with their officers, and the contingent charges thereunto belonging; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

23 & 14 W.3. C. 1.

XX. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for reviving and continuing an act, intituled, An act for the appointing the commissioners to take, examine, and determine the debts due to the army, navy, and for transport service, and also an account of the prizes taken during the late war, the commissioners thereby appointed to state and determine the debts due for the hire and freight of the ship Robert and James, and the ship John's Adventure, taken up for transport service in the year one thousand six hundred ninety and three, and prepared tickets, bills, certificates, or debentures for the same; which tickets, bills, certificates, or debentures were not signed by the said commissioners, the massers or proprietors of the said ships not demanding the same before the expiration of the said commission; be it therefore enacted, &c.

Debentures to be made out for the ships Robert and James, and John's Adventure. Irish debentures lost, upon oath before a baron, &c. and security, treasury may grant duplicates. Time allowed for registering army debentures till a9 Sept. 1709. EXP.

XXIII. And whereas several tickets, commonly called Million Lottery Tickets, and Malt Lottery Tickets, which are still unpoid, and several bills called Exchequer Bills, not yet discharged, also divers forts of bills or certificates, commonly called Debentures, made sorth for arrears due to the army, and for transport services, not being applied to the purchasing of any of the forseited estates in Ireland, or otherwise discharged, and also divers tallies and orders for payment of annuities granted by act of parliament, are by casualty or missional, lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; be it hereby further enacted, is.

The barons of the Exchequer, on affidavit made before them, that any lottery tickets, Exchequer bills, debentures, &c. are loft, shall give a criticate thereof, and the respective officers, on security given to indemnify them, shall make forth duplicates of such tickets, &c. and in default of such officer, the lord treasurer, &c. shall order such duplicates to be made forth. All which shall be done without fee, &c. EXP.

CAP. IX.

An all for giving the commissioners of sewers for the city of London the same powers as the commissioners of sewers for counties have; and to oblige collectors for the sewers to account.

year of the reign of our fovereign lord Charles the Swond, intituled, An act for rebuilding the city of London, it is among the

neber things enacted, That the number and places for all common fewrs; and vaults, and drains, and the order and manner of paving and bitching the streets and lanes within the said city and liberties, shall be defigned and fet out by fuch and so many persons, as the mayor, aldermen, and commons of the faid city in common council affembled, should authorize and appoint under their common feal, or the more part of them; to which persons several powers and authorities are thereby given, for the ends in the faid att mentioned: and it is thereby enactd. That all other commissioners whatsoever, be altogether suspended rom intermeddling in the premisses for the space of seven years, and for so long after, until the intended buildings of the said city should be 'ally finished; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding: and 22 & 23 Care 20 whereas by another all made in the two and three and twentieth years c. 17. f the reign of the said King, it is enasted and declared, That the said lause or branch of the said att herein before recited, should remain nd continue in force, and be made perpetual, and the powers and auhorities thereby given and appointed to be executed by such persons as bould in that behalf be authorized and appointed by the said mayor, Idermen, and commons in common council affembled, according to the enor thereof, under their common seal, or any seven or more of them, bould and might for ever thereafter be put in execution, according to he purport and effect of the aforesaid act: and that no other comis somer, or any other person what seever, should at any time then after ntermeddle in the premisses, within the said city and liberties thereof; my law or flatute to the contrary notwithstanding: and whereas some loubts bave arisen whether the said persons so authorized have the like rewers and authorities vested in them, as commissioners of sewers, by sirtue of their commission, and of the laws and statutes of this realm, rave in any county within that part of Great Britain called Engand; for explaining the fame, and for remedying the mischiefs ierein after mentioned, be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and of the comnons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the ame, That the faid persons so, as aforesaid, authorized and ap- The persons pointed by the mayor, aldermen, and commons of the faid city authorized by of London in common council affembled, or that shall hereafter the mayor, n like manner be authorized and appointed for the purposes in don, have and he faid recited acts mentioned, have of right exercised and put shall exercise n practice, and shall or may, for the time to come, exercise and in London,&c. out in practice, within the faid city of London, and liberties of all the powers he fame, all and every the powers and authorities given to and given to comrested in any commissioners of sewers in any other county or sewers, in any place, by force and virtue of any the laws and statutes of this other county. ealm, or of any commission to them granted, pursuant to the or place; ame, and shall be deemed and taken to be commissioners of the act of 12 ewers within the limits aforesaid, subject nevertheless to the & 23 Car. 2. imitations and directions of the faid statute of the two and three c. 17. and twentieth years of the reign of our faid late fovereign King-Charles the Second.

Collectors of the rates refuting on notice to appear before the account on oath, or negpay the money collected, thall forfeit 10 l. to be levied by diffress, &cc.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons appointed by the said last-mentioned flatute to be collectors of the rates and duties that shall be asfeffed, according to the directions of the faid flatute, for the ends commissioners and purposes therein contained, shall neglect or refuse, upon and to give an due notice to him or them given, to appear before the faid commissioners, at the place of their publick meetings, and give a lecting to col. just and true account, upon oath, of all monies by him or them lect, &c. or to collected and received for the purposes aforesaid, which cath the faid commissioners, or any seven of them, at any their publick meetings, according to the directions of the faid flatute, are hereby authorized and impowered to administer, or shall neglect or refuse to collect such sum or sums as shall be specified in a roll delivered to him, or shall neglect or refuse to pay such money so collected, as upon such account shall appear to be in his hands, into the chamber of the faid city, according to the directions of the faid act, every person so neglecting or refusing to appear, collect, or pay, shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, a fum not exceeding ten pounds, over and above what money he shall be chargeable with, to be set and imposed by the faid commissioners, or any seven of them; which said penalties, and all other fines that be let and imposed by the faid commissioners, pursuant to the authority to them given, shall be levied by diffress and sale of the goods of the person so offending, by warrant under the hands and seals of the faid commissioners, or any seven of them, rendring the overplus, (if any be) after the charges of such distress and sale deducted, to the owner of the faid goods; all which fines and fums of money, and all other fines to be fet and imposed by the said commissioners, shall be paid into the chamber of London, and applied for and towards the maintaining, repairing, cleanfing, and foouring the publick drains and fewers within the faid city and liberties thereof. III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority

To be paid into the chamber of London, and applied to the maintaining the fewers.

This act not to extend to the conservatorship of the Thames.

aforefaid, That nothing in this act contained, shall be adjudged, deemed, or taken to extend to the conservatorship of the river of Thames, or to give any jurisdiction to the said commissioners to intermeddle with the same, or to alter the powers or authorities of the lord mayor of the city of London for the time being, touching the same, but the same shall or may continue to be managed, executed, and done, as before the making of this act; any thing herein before contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

If any action be brought for what is done in purfuance of this act, the defendant may plead the general issue, and

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any action, fuit, plaint, or information, shall at any time after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and nine, be commenced, fued or profecuted against any person or persons for what he or they shall do, in pursuance of any of the recited acts, or this act, fuch person or persons so sued or prosecuted in any court whatfoever, shall or may plead the general issue, and upon issue joined, may give the faid acts, or this act, or any of them, and the **special**

special matter, as the case may require, in evidence; and if the shall recover plaintiff or profecutor become nonfuit, or suffer discontinuance, treble costs. Or if a verdict pals against him, her, or them, the defendant or defendants shall recover treble costs, for which they shall have the like remedy as in any case where costs by law are given to defendants.

V. And it is also enacted. That this act, and the said revised All the said acts, shall be deemed and taken for publick acts.

CAP. X.

An all for rendring more effectual the laws concerning com- as &23 Car. 2. missions of server.s. :

taken as pub-· lick acts. . 19 Car. 2. c. 4

acts to be

HEREAS by the laws now in force concerning commissions Preamble reof sewers it is provided, That if any person or persons being citing the lawe assessed or taxed to any lot or charge for any lands, tenements, or he in force conreditaments within the limits of any such commission, do not pay the missions of faid lot and charge, according to the order and affigument of the com- sewers. missioners, having power of the execution of the said commission, that then the faid commissioners for lack of payment of such lot and charge, may decree and ordain the faid lands and tenements from the owner or owners thereof, and their heirs, and the heirs of every of them, to any person or persons, for term of years, term of life, fee-simple, or feetail, for payment of the fame lot and charge, the faid decrees and ordinances to be executed in such manner, as by the said laws now in force is directed and appointed: and it is thereby provided, That the same decrees and ordinances shall bind all and every person and persons, that at the making of the same decree had any interest in such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, in use, possession, reversion, or remainder, their heirs and feoffees, and every of them; and shall also bind as well the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of the King of England, as all and every other person and persons and their heirs, and such their interest, as they shall fortune to have in any lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or other casual profit, advantage, or commodity whatsoever they be, whereunto the faid laws, ordinances, and decrees shall in any wife extend, according to the true purport, meaning, and intent of the said laws; but the said laws of sewers now in force, have been found defective, in that sufficient power and authority is not thereby given to commissioners of sewers, to make sale of copyhold or customary lands within the limits of their commission for the causes aforesaid; for remedy whereof, be it After se enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the March, 1709. advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commissioners commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the au- of sewers may thority of the same, That from and after the five and twentieth ment of any day of March, in the year of our Lord one thouland seven hun- lot assessed on dred and nine, it shall and may be lawful to and for the com-copyhold missioners authorized by commission from her Majesty, her heirs lands, decree the same from and fucceffors, or any fix or more of them, to put in execution the owners, the laws now in force concerning fewers, for non-payment of &c. any lot or charge affelfed or charged upon any copyhold or customary lands within the limits of their commission, and by

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the faid decrees to be made and executed, as decrees concerning freehold lands are, by the faid laws now in force, to be made

holds.

nants.

decree and ordain the faid copyhold or customary lands so charged from the owner or owners, and their heirs, and the heirs of The faid deevery of them, to any person or persons, for such estate and increes to be terest therein, as the said owner or owners thereof, or any claimexecuted as ing in remainder under them, at the time of such decree made, decrees conhad in the same copyhold lands, tenements, and hereditaments: cerning free-

and executed. The buyers of customed lords to admit them te.

IL Provided always, That all and every person or persons, to fuch copyhold whom any fuch fale of copyhold or customary lands or tenements lands to agree shall be made, shall before such time as they or any of them with the lords shall enter, or take any profit of the same lands or tenements, en, for the ac- agree and compound with the lords of the manors, of whom the same shall be holden, for such fines or incomes, as heretofines, and the fore hath been most usual and accustomed to be yielded or paid therefore; and that upon every such agreement or composition, the faid lords for the time being, at the next court to be holden at or for the faid manors, shall not only grant to such vendee or vendees upon request, the same copyhold or customary lands or tenements by copy of court roll of the faid manors, for such estate or interest as to them shall be so decreed or sold, and reserving the ancient rents, customs, and services, but also shall in the same court admit them tenants of the same copyhold or customary lands, as other copyholders of the fame manors have been wont to be admitted, and to receive their fealty accordingly.

may by warments by distress and sale. The overplus

commissioners

Six of the

rant impower or more of them, by warrant under their hands and feals, to any person to give authority to any person or persons, to levy the sums of molevy the affest- hey by them, from time to time, to be affested or taxed upon the lands, meadows, marishes, or grounds, liable or chargeable with any fesses, taxes, impositions, or charges, by authority of to be restored their said commission, by distress and sale of the goods of such to the owner. person or persons that shall not pay, or refuse to pay the same; and the overplus of the money arising upon such sale, after deduction of the reasonable charges of making such distress and fale, shall be restored to the owner or owners of the goods to distrained.

III. And be it further enacted and declared, That it shall and

may be lawful to and for the commissioners of sewers, or any six

CAP. XI.

An att for ascertaining and directing the payment of the allowances to be made for or upon the exportation from Scotland, of fish, beef, and pork, cured with foreign salt imported before the first day of May, one thousand seven bun-. dred and seven, and for disposing such salt still remaining in the bands of her Majesty's subjects there; and for ascersaining and securing the allowances for fish and flesh expersed, and to be experted from Scotland for the future.

X7 HEREAS certain quantities of white herrings, and of falmon, codfish, beef and pork, cured with foreign falt only, which was imported into Scotland before the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven (at which time the happy union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland took effect) have been, fince the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, exported from several parts of Scotland, such herrings, salmon, and codfish respectively, having been first duly pined, cured, and packed for ex-portation with the said foreign salt only, without any mixture of British or Irish salt, according to the laws and acts of parliament for-merly made in Scotland, and still in sorce in that behalf; and the said beef and pork having been also first duly salted with the said foreign falt without mixture, as aforesaid, and exported for sale only; and on the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and mine certain other quantities of white herrings, falmon, codfish, beef, and pork, do or may remain in Scotland ready to be entred for exportation from thence to parts beyond the seas, being also salted with foreign salt imported into Scotland before the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, without mixture, as aforesaid; and such 1816 being also duly pined, cured, and packed, and the beef and pork lastmentioned being likewise intended for sale only: and whereas the sum total of all the allowances claimed for the said sish and sless exported; and to be exported from Scotland, so salted with foreign falt imports ed before the said first day of May, one thousand seven bundred and feven, being computed according to the rates unquestionably allogoable for the like fish and flesh salted with foreign falt imported into Scot2 land after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, will not by estimation exceed twenty eight thousand four hundred fifty two pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence; be it enacted, છે.

Fish, &c. cured with foreign salt only, imported before 1 May, 1707. to have the same allowances as since the union. Debentures to be prepared for fish, &c. exported since 1 Mav, 1707. and before 15 May, 1709. &c. And to be brought to the commissioners of the customs at Edinburgh, by 15 July, 1709. Not to exceed 28,4521. 198. 7d. Treasury to issue money Treasury to issue money for payment to Sir Patrick Johnson, &c. EXP.

V. And for preventing frauds, be it enacted, That no de-No debenture bentures for any allowances to be made by law for any fish or to be allowed flesh exported, or hereafter to be exported from Scatland (the debentures for the said allowances not exceeding the said sum of

twenty eight thousand four hundred fifty two pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, for fish and slesh cured with sareign salt imported from sectland before the union, as aforesaid, only excepted) shall be prepared or allowed until such oaths be made and taken, which the proper officers have hereby power to administer; and all such other matters and things be done and performed for preventing of frauds to her Majesty's prejudice, as by any law or statute now in force in England or Sectland are to be made, taken, done, or performed for preventing frauds in the like allowances for the like kinds of fish and slesh respectively; and all laws now in force in England or Sectland, for preventing any frauds upon the importation and exportation of sish and slesh, for which the said allowances are to be made by law, shall be in force, and extended to Sectland.

VI. And whereas certain quantities of fuch foreign falt imported into Scotland before the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, doth still remain in the hands of several of her Majesty's subjects there, not having been employed in the caring of sist or step, or otherwise howspewer, which salt in hand doth not, by compatation, exceed in the whole sisty one thousand seven hundred seventy seven bushels, reckning eighty four pounds weight to the bushel; it is

hereby further enacted, &c.

Such foreign falt in hand to be weighed by the falt officer by 1 June, 1709, and certified to the commissioners by 15 July, 1709. Not to exceed 51,777 bushels. Stock in hand not delivered, forfeited. Salt so delivered to be tellar'd, &c. Tressury to issue money for payment at 91, per bushel, to Sir Patrick Johnson, &c. to have ad. per pound. EXP.

How the allowances for the future shall be ascertained.

X. And for the better ascertaining and securing all such allowences as by law ought to be made for any fifth or flesh exported, or hereafter to be exported from Scotland, which have been or thall be duly faited and cured only with foreign falt imported fince the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, or bereafter to be imported into Scotland, and for which her Majesty's duties payable by the act of union, have been, or shall have been first duly paid or secured; be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such allowances (not being already fatisfied) shall be paid by the officer appointed to collect the duties upon falt payable in Scotland, out of the same duties arisen or to spile in the same port from whence any such fish have been or shall be exported, within thirty days after demand thereof, on a debenture to be prepared by the collectors of the customs in the port where such fish or flesh have been or shall be entred out for exportation, and verified by the person executing the office of fearcher in such port, as to the quantity of fish or flesh actually shipt, and that the oath of the exporter or agent be first taken before the principal officers of the faid port, before the debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the faid oath, that the fifth in every such debenture mentioned, were caught by her Majesty's subjects, inhabitants of Great Britain, and that the fish and fleth in such debentur**e**

aforefaid.

debenture mentioned, were really exported to parts beyond the feas for sale, and not intended to be relanded in Great Britain. and were duly cured only with foreign falt imported into Scotland after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and seven, without any mixture of British or Irish salt, and that her Majesty's duties for such imported falt shall have been duly paid or fecured, all which particulars shall be specified in such debentures respectively, for which debenture or debentures no fee or reward shall be taken; and in case the officer hereby directed to pay such debenture, shall not have sufficient money in This hands to pay the same, then such officer and officers shall give a certificate in writing thereof, without fee or charge, to the exporter or his agent, to be directed either to the commissioners of the customs, or the commissioners of excise in Scotland, at the option of the faid exporter, or his agent, and upon producing such certificates, together with the debenture or debentures so certified. to the commissioners of the customs, or the commissioners of excife for the time being, to whom such certificate shall be directed, Thall cause such debenture or debentures so certified, to be paid and fatisfied without fee or charge, in course, out of any her Ma**jefty's duties arifing upon falt in Scotland, or out of the faid reve**nues of customs and excise in Scotland, or any of them, which are hereby charged therewith, and made liable thereunto, out of the first monies arising by the said revenues respectively, and with preference to all other payments whatfoever to be made out of the fame; the charges of railing and managing those re- By 10 Anna, venues, and the fees, salaries, and other charges allowed, or to c. 26. f. 108. be allowed by her Majesty, her heirs or successors, for keeping These salaries up the court of session and justiciary, and the Exchequer court are chargeable in Scotland, always excepted, and foreprized; any law, statute, and excise, &c. or ulage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding; and any officer or officers, commissioner or commissioners, to whom it may belong to certify or pay any fuch debenture or debentures. refuling or neglecting to do his or their duty therein, as is hereby directed, shall forfeit double the sum so to be paid, to the party grieved, to be recovered in the Exchequer of Scotland, as

KI. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained shall Not to charge extend to charge any part of, or lessen directly or indirectly the the overplus overplus of the cultoms of Scotland, exceeding the fum of thirty of the cultoms thousand pounds per annum, mentioned in the fifteenth article of excise in of the faid union, or any part of the overplus of the excise of Scotland. Scotland, exceeding the fum of thirty three thousand five hundred pounds per annum, mentioned in the same article; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XII.

An all for preserving the privileges of ambassadors, and other publick ministers of foreign princes and states.

THEREAS feveral turbulent and disorderly persons having Preamble, re-in a most outragious manner insalted the person of his excel-citing that the lency Czar's am-Ii4

bassador hav- lenty- Andrew Artemonowitz Mattucof, ambassador extracraire 23 ing been arof his Czarish Majesty, Emperor of Great Russia, bar Majests reited. good friend and ally, by arresting him, and taking him by wiolence out of his coach in the publick street, and detaining him in custody for

leveral hours, in contempt of the protection granted by her Majelty, contrary to the law of nations, and in projudice of the rights and privileges which ambassadors and other publick ministers, authorized and received as fuch, have at all times been thereby possessed of, and ought to be kept facred and inviolable; be it therefore declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in

enacted there-parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame. That fore, that all all actions and fuits, writs and processes commenced, sued, or fuits against him should be profecuted against the faid ambassador, by any person or persons woid.

whatfoever, and all bail bonds given by the faid ambaffador, or any other person or persons on his behalf, and all recognizances of bail given or acknowledged in any fuch action or fuit, and all proceedings upon or by pretext or colour of any fuch action or fuit, writ or process, and all judgments had thereupon, are utterly null and void, and shall be deemed and adjudged to be utterly null and void, to all intents, constructions, and purposes whatfoever.

And all pro-II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all enteedings arainft him and tries, proceedings, and records against the said ambassador. or his bail vacat. his bail, shall be vacated and cancelled.

III. And to prevent the like infolencies for the future, be it :d. All processes further declared by the authority aforesaid, That all writs and against any processes that shall at any time hereafter be sued forth or prosepublick mini fter, or any of cuted, whereby the person of any ambassador, or other publick bis fervants, minister of any foreign prince or state, authorized and received to be adjudged as such by her Majesty, her heirs or successors, or the domestick, void for the or domestick servant of any such ambassador, or other publick time to come.

minister, may be arrested or imprisoned, or his or their goods or chattels may be distrained, seized, or attached, shall be deemed and adjudged to be utterly null and void to all intents, con-Aryctions, and purpoles whatfoever.

Punishment IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, for attornies, &c.fuing forth fuch process.

That in case any person or persons shall presume to sue forth or profecute any such writ or process, such person and persons, and all attornies and folicitors profecuting and foliciting in fuch cafe. and all officers executing any fuch writ or process, being thereof convicted, by the confession of the party, or by the carh of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before the lord chancellor. or lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain, the chief justice of the court of Queen's Bench, the chief justice of the court of Common Pleas for the time being, or any two of them, shall be deemed violators of the laws of nations, and disturbers of the publick repose, and shall suffer such pains, penalties, and corporal punishment, as the said lord chancellor, lord keeper, and the said chief justices, or any two of them shall judge fit to be imposed and inflicted. V. Pro-

V. Provided, and be it declared, That no merchant or other No merchant, trader whatsoever, within the description of any of the statutes &c: to have against bankrupts, who hath or shall put himself into the service any benefit of of any such ambassador or publick minister, shall have or take Nor the ferany manner of benefit by this act; and that no person shall be vant of an amproceeded against as having arrested the servant of an ambassa-bassador, undor or publick minister, by virtue of this act, unless the name be registred, of such servant be first registred in the office of one of the prin- &c. cipal fecretaries of state, and by such fecretary transmitted to the Theriffs of London and Middlesex for the time being, or their under sheriffs or deputies, who shall, upon the receipt thereof, hang up the same in some publick place in their offices, whereto all persons may resort, and take copies thereof, without fee or reward.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, This act to be That this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts within this taken as a kingdom as a publick act; and that all judges and justices shall publick act. take notice of it without special pleading; and all sheriffs, bailiffs, and other officers and ministers of justice, concerned in the exe-cution of process, are hereby required to have regard to this act, Talb. 281.

as they will answer the contrary at their peril.

CAP. XIII.

An att for the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York.

WHEREAS divers abuses and deceits have of late years been used in the manufacture of weellen cloths in the county of York, with respect to the breadth, length, and over-stretching and straining of the same, which tends to the great debasing and undervaluing of the said manufacture, both at home and in foreign parts where the faid cloths are vended: for remedy whereof; be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June, Breadth and which shall be in the year of Lord one thousand feven hundred broad cloth to and nine, every broad cloth made in the faid county of York, to be made in whether the same be called an end or half cloth, or a long or Yorkshire, aswhole cloth, being well scoured, and fully mill'd, shall, at the ter June sa, least, be five quarters and an half by the standard yard wand in For leasth and breadth within the lifts, in the water, being fully wet; and breadth of every fuch cloth called an end or half cloth, thall not exceed Yorkshire. in length three and twenty yards, being fully wet; and every fuch cloth, fee cloth called a long or whole cloth, shall not exceed forty fix yards 1Geo. 1. stat. a. in length, being fully wet; and that all forts of Yorkfaire cloths called whole-thick-kerseys, and whole-thick-plains, shall not be made under seventeen yards and an half in length, and not less than three quarters and an half in breadth by the standard yard wand, when fully wet.

· II. And

Punishment of clothiers expoling cloth, otherwile made, to fale. For manufac. ture of cloth in the well riding of York, fee

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any clothier or other person shall, after the said four and twentieth day of June, in the faid year one thousand seven hundred and nine, make, offer, or expose to sale any of the aforefaid cloths which shall be made after the said four and twentieth day of June, and not made according to the faid respective breadths and lengths, every such person so offending, being 21Geo.1. c.14. thereof convicted by the oath of any overfeer or fearther of cloth. 7 Geo. 2. c. 25. appointed or to be appointed within the feveral and respective 22Geo. 2. C. 28. parishes or townships in the said county of York, by any former law now in force, or by the oath of one or more other credible witnesses before any justice of peace within the said county, or of any corporation within the same (provided such justice be not a merchant or trader in the woollen manufacture) which oath the said justices respectively are hereby impowered to administer, shall for every inch the said respective cloths shall be less than the said respective breadths, and for every yard the faid broad cloths called a long or whole cloth, shall exceed the faid length of fix and forty yards, and for every yard the faid broad sloth called an end or half cloth shall exceed the said length of three and twenty yards, and for every half yard the faid whole-thick-kerseys or whole-thick-plains shall be less in length than seventeen yards and a half, as aforesaid, forfeit respectively the sum of twenty shillings.

Owners, &c. of fulling mills to fix a seal of lead, figures the length and breadth of each cloth.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the owner or occupier of every fulling mill in the faid county of Yark, where any of the said respective cloths shall be mentioning in milled or fulled, shall fix or cause to be fixed at each end of every such cloth, before it is carried from the mill, a seal of lead, riveted and stampt with his name, mentioning in figures the exact number of yards and inches that the said cloth contains in length and breadth, when wet, scoured, and milled, for which he shall be paid, by the owner of the said cloth, the

Pallers refueing or neglecting, and perfens defacing, foc. the said feal, or Aretching the cloth more than is direct. ed by this act,

fum of one penny, and no more. IV. And be it further enacted, That if the owner or occupier of any such mill shall at any time refuse or neglect to fix such seal, as aforesaid, to any such cloth, or if any persons shall afterwards take off, deface, counterfeit, or alter the figures of any such seal, before the cloth is exported or fold to the retailer, or if any person whatsoever shall, after the said sour and twentieth day of June, stretch or strain any piece of the said woollen cloths more than one inch in every quarter of a yard in the breadth, or any piece of the said broad cloths more than one yard in every twenty yards in length, or any piece of the faid whole-thick-kerseys and whole-thick-plains more than half a yard in every seventeen yards and an half in length, when the faid respective cloths are wet, scoured, and milled, as aforefaid, or if any owner or occupier of any fuch fulling mill, as aforesaid, shall, after the said twenty fourth day of June, mill or full, or cause to be milled or fulled in any one **Rock**

Rock at the faid time, any more than one whole broad cloth, or two half broad cloths, then, and in every fuch case, every fuch person that shall so neglect or offend, and be thereof con-to forfeit the victed in manner asoresaid, shall for every such neglect or of-sum of 20 \$.

fence forfeit the fum of twenty shillings.

V. And be it further enacted, That all fuch forfeitures as shall happen by reason of this act, shall be the one half thereof One half of to the informer, and the other half to the poor of the township the forteiture or place where the offence shall be committed; and that if any to the inform-offender shall, by the space of seven days next after he shall be to the poor. convicted, refuse or neglect to pay any forfeiture by him in-Offender not curred by reason of this act, then, and not before, it shall and paying the may be lawful for the justice or justices of the peace before whom torfeiture in fuch conviction shall be made, and such justice or justices of the conviction, peace are hereby required, to iffue out one or more warrants the justice to under his or their hands and feals, to the constables of the town iffue his waror place where fuch offender doth inhabit or can be found, rant, to levy it within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, to levy the and if no difame by diffress and fale of the offender's goods, returning the stress, the ofoverplus (if any be) to the offender; and where no fufficient fender to be distress can be found, to commit the offender to the house of committed to correction, or gaol of the county or corporation, to be kept to the house of correction, &c. hard labour for fuch time as the justice of the peace before whom Such conviction shall be made, shall direct, not exceeding one month for any one offence.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted. That the penalties incurred by reason of this act, be inflicted within ten days next Penalty when to be inflicted.

after the offences are committed, or discovered.

VII. Provided always, That if it shall happen that any such clothes, as aforesaid, without any wisful default of the maker of the clothes that thereof, shall in some parts (not exceeding in the whole one without the fifth part of the length) be less than the respective breadths afore-default of the said, yet fuch clothes may be fold without incurring any of the maker, be less penalties by this act imposed on the maker or feller thereof.

viii. And be it further enacted, That if any person or per-faid, they may Ions find him or themselves aggrieved by any order or warrant be sold withmade by any justice or justices of the peace upon any conviction out penalty. before him or them in pursuance of this act, such person or The party agpersons may appeal to the next general quarter sessions of the grieved may peace to be held for the county or place where fuch conviction fessions, who shall be made, giving sufficient notice of fuch appeal; and if may allow the justices of the peace at such sessions shall think fit to confirm costs. or disannul the said order or warrant, they shall allow such costs and charges to the party aggrieved thereby as they shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justices of the peace to the quarter fessions.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The defend-That if any action or suit shall hereafter be commenced or pro-ant may plead secuted against any person or persons by this act authorized to the general

put issue,

put the same in execution, all and every person and persons so fued may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plantiff shall become nonsuit. or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or a verdict pass against him, or judgment upon demurrer, the defendant or defendants shall recover his and their treble costs, for which he and they shall have like remedy as in cases wherein costs by law are given to defendants; and this act shall be taken and allowed as a publick act in all courts within this kingdom; and all judges and justices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without special pleading of the same.

and shall reco. wer treble cole.

C A P..XIV.

An all for the better preservation of parochial libraries in that part of Great Britain called England.

HEREAS in many places in the fouth parts of Great Britain called England and Wales, the provision for the clergy is so mean, that the necessary expence of books for the better prosecution of their Audies cannot be defrayed by them; and whereas of late years, several charitable and well-disposed persons have by charitable contributions erested libraries within several parishes and districts in England and Wales; but some provision is wanting to preserve the same, and such others as shall be provided in the same manner, from embezilment; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That in every parish or place where such a library is or shall be erected, the same shall be preserved for such use and uses, as the same is and shall be given, and the orders and rules of the founder or founders of fuch libraries shall be observed and kept.

In every parish where a library shall be erected, it shall be preferved for the ules to which it is given, &c.

Incumbents," &c. before they use the library, shall give fecurity to preferve it.

If any book be taken away, &c. the incumbent may bring trover, and shall recover treble damages, to library.

II. And for the encouragement of such founders and benefactors, and to the intent they may be fatisfied, that their pious and charitable intent may not be frustrated; be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate of a parish, before he shall be permitted to use and enjoy such library, shall enter into such security by bond or otherwise, for preservation of such library, and due observance of the rules and orders belonging to the same, as the proper ordinaries within their respective jurisdictions, in their discretion, shall think fit; and in case any book or books belonging to the faid library shall be taken away and detained, it shall and may be lawful for the said incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate for the time being, or any other person or persons, to bring an action of trover and conversion, in the the use of the name of the proper ordinaries within their respective jurisdictions; whereupon treble damages shall be given with sull costs of suit; as if the same were his or their proper book or books, which damages shall be applied to the use and benefit of the faid library,

III, And

III. And it is further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The ordinary, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper ordinary, during into the or his commissary or official in his respective jurisdiction, or state of the the archdeacon, or by his direction his official or furrogate, if library, and the faid archdeacon be not the incumbent of the place where amend the defuch library is, in his or their respective visitation, to enquire feets into the state and condition of the said libraries, and to amend and redress the grievances and defects of and concerning the same, as to him or them shall seem meet; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper ordinary, from time to time, as often as shall be thought fit, to appoint such person or persons and appoint. as he shall think fit, to view the state and condition of such li-persons to inbraries, and the faid ordinaries, archdeacons, or officials re-fpect the li-fpectively, shall have free access to the same at such times as they shall respectively appoint.

IV. And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Incumbent. That where any library is appropriated to the use of the mini- &c. to make a ster of any parish or place, every rector, vicar, minister, or catalogue of curate of the same, within fix months after his institution, in the books, to be deliver'd to duction, or admission, shall make or cause to be made a new the ordinary, catalogue of all books remaining in, or belonging to fuch library, and shall fign the said catalogue, thereby acknowledging the custody and possession of the said books; which said cata- and registred logue so signed, shall be delivered to the proper ordinary within without fee. the time aforesaid, to be kept or registred in his court, with-

out any fee or reward for the same.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Where librawhere there are any parochial libraries already erected, the in- ries are aleumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate of such parish or ready enected; place, shall make or cause to be made a catalogue of all books to be made, in the fame, thereby acknowledging the cultody and possession &c. before thereof; which catalogue so signed, shall be delivered to the 29 Sept. 1709. proper ordinary, on or before the nine and twentieth day of And where any shall be september, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thou-erected, withfand feven hundred and nine; and where any library shall in 6 months at any time hereafter be given and appropriated to the use after. of any parish or place, where there shall be an incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate in possession, such incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate, shall make or cause to be made a catalogue of all the books, and deliver the same, as aforesaid, within fix months after he shall receive such library.

VI. And to prevent any imbezilment of books upon the Uson the death or removal of any incumbent, be it also enacted by the death or reauthority aforesaid, That immediately after the death or re-moval of any moval of any incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate, the incumbent, library belonging to such parish or place shall be forthwith thut wardens shall up, and locked, or otherwise secured by the churchwarden or lock up the churchwardens for the time being, or by such person or persons library. as shall be authorized or appointed by the proper ordinary, or archdeacon respectively, so that the same shall not be opened again, till a new incumbent, rector, vicar, minister, or curate

that be inducted or admitted into the church of such parish or place.

The veftry, &c. may meet in fuch libraries, if they did **fo** formerly.

VII. Provided always, That in ease the place where such library is or shall be kept, shall be used for any publick occasion for meeting of the veltry, or otherwife, for the dispatch of any business of the said parish, or for any other publick occasion. for which the said place hath been ordinarily used, the place shall nevertheless be made use of as formerly for such purposes. and after such business dispatched, shall be again forthwith thur and lockt up, or otherwise secured, as is before directed.

The incumbent fall enter the benefactions, and books.

VII. And be it also further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That for the better preservation of the books belonging to fuch libraries, and that the benefactions given towards the same may appear, a book shall be kept within the said library for the entring and registring of all such benefactions, and such books as shall be given towards the same, and therein the minister, rector, vicar, or curate of the said parish or place, shall enter or cause to be fairly entred such benefaction, and an account of all fuch books as shall from time to time be given, and by whom given.

The ordinary and donor may make orders concerning the libra-TX I

IX. And for the better governing the faid libraries, and preserving of the same, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper ordinary, together with the donor of such benefaction. (if living) and after the death of fuch donor, for the proper ordinary alone, to make such other rules and orders concerning the fame, over and above, and belides, but not contrary to such as the donor of such benefaction shall in his discretion judge fit and necessary; which said orders and rules so to be made. shall, from time to time, be entred in the said book, or some other book to be prepared for that purpole, and kept in the said library.

which shall be entred, as aforefaid.

Books not to

X. And it is further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That none of the said books shall in any case be alienable, nor any book or books that shall hereafter be given by any benefactor or benefactors shall be alienated, without the If any book be consent of the proper ordinary, and then only when there is a duplicate of such book or books; and that in case any book or books be taken or otherwise lost out of the said library, it shall and may be lawful to and for any justice of peace within the county, riding, or division, to grant his warrant to search for found, it shall the same, and in case the same be found, such book or books so found shall immediately, by order of such justice, be restored to the faid library; any law, flatute, or usage to the contrary in

be alienable without con**sent** of the ordinary. loft, a justice of peace may grant a warrant to fearch for it; and if be restored to the library.

any wife notwithstanding.

That nothing in this act contained in the parish of shall extend to a publick library lately erected in the parish of Ryegate in the county of Surrey, for the use of the freeholders, vicar, and inhabitants of the faid parish, and of the gentlemen and clergymen inhabiting in parts thereto adjacent; the faid li-

This act thall not extend to library erected in Ryegate in Surrey.

brary being conflituted in another manner than the libraries provided for by this act.

CAP. XV.,

An act for altering Whitsuntide and Lammas terms, for the court of Exchequer in Scotland.

I. WHEREAS it is found to be most convenient for the sub-VV jetts of Scotland, that the terms to be kept and observed there, for the sitting of the court of Exchequer, sould be at the same time that the court of the lords of softon is held and kept there; and that therefore it is inconvenient that Whitluntide term for the faid court of Exchequer should begin before the month of June, or that Lammas term for the same court should continue after the month of July; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiri- whitsuntide tual and temporal, and the commons, in this prefent parlia- term for the ment assembled, and by the authority of the same, That Whit-court of Exfuntide term for the said court of Exchequer, shall at all times scotland, to hereafter begin upon the first day of June, and shall end upon begin June z. the two and twentieth day of the said month of June, and that and end June Lammas term for the fame court shall also at all times hereafter 22. Lammas term for the name court man and at an entires necessarily Lammas term begin upon the feventh day of July, and end upon the fix and Lammas term to begin July twentieth day of the same month, except any of the said days, 7. and end upon which the faid terms are appointed to begin and end, July 26. happen to be upon a Sunday, in which case the beginning or Except any of ending of such term, in which that happens, shall be upon the the said days be Sunday. day following.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That All processes all processes of the said court of Exchequer which are returnable returnable the upon the first day of Whitfuntide term next ensuing, shall be Whitfuntide returned into the faid court upon the first day of June next en- term next, fluing, and all persons obliged to appear or answer in the faid shall be returned court upon the first day of the faid term, shall be obliged to ap-ed the first of pear and answer there upon the said first day of June, as fully June. to all intents and purpoles, as such returns, appearances, or answers ought to have been upon the five and twentieth day of May next, if such alteration of the said term, as is above, had

not been made.

CAP. XVI.

An all to prevent the laying of wagers relating to the publick.

WHEREAS several persons bave of late years laid wagers, and executed several policies for payment of great sums of money, upon several contingencies relating to the present war, and other matters relating to the government; which practice bath been found to be inconvenient to the publick; for preventing whereof for the future, be it enacted, &c.

After the last of March, 1709, all wagers relating to the war, and all policies of assurance for payment thereof, shall be void: and all persons making such wagers, all brokers, &c. shall forfeit double the sum of such wa. EXP.

gers. One mniety to the Queen, the other to the profecutor. This act shall not extend to any affurance on any thip, &c. nor to bounds of bostomry, &c.

CAP. XVII.

An all for making more effectual an all made in the fixth year of ber Majesty's reign, for the better preventing of mischiefs that may happen by fire.

I. WHEREAS by an act made in the last session of parliament, holden in the sixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better preventing mischiess that happen at Geo. 1. c. 28. by fire, it was, amongst other things, enacted, That each and every parish within the cities of London and Westminster, and weekly bills of mortality, shall from time to time, and at all times, have and keep in good order and repair, in some known and publick place within each parish, a large engine, and also a hand engine, to throw up water for the extinguishing of sires, and also provide, keep, and maintain one leather pipe and socket of the same size as the plag or fire cock, to the intent the socket may be put into the pipe to convey the water clean, and without loss, or help of the bucket, into the engine; and for as much as several of the parishes within the said city of

The parifles in London, united after the fire, shall be taken as one parish for the purposes in the act 6 Ann. c. 31.

The rewards to the turn cock and others, how to be paid.

and for that some doubt hath arisen, whether each of the said parishes so united is not obliged to have and keep two such engines; therefore for explaining the same, and avoiding of any dispute or question that may arise touching the construction thereof, be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said parishes so united were intended to be, and shall (for the purposes in the said act mentioned) be esteemed and taken as one parish only.

II. And whereas by the said act a reward of ten shillings is to be

London were, after the great fire which bappened in the year one thousand fix bundred fixty and fix, united together, or to each other,

II. And whereas by the said act a reward of ten shillings is to be paid to the turn cock belonging to any water work, whose water shall be found on, or first come into the main or pipe where the first plug shall be opened at any fire; thirty shillings to the first engine keeper which brings in a parish engine to help to extinguish any fire; twenty shillings to the keeper of the second parish engine that shall be next brought to a fire; and to the third ten shillings; by the churchwardens of each parish where such fire shall happen; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases where the faid rewards are claimed, by reason of any fire happening within the said city of London, or the liberties thereof, the churchwardens of the parish where such fire shall happen, shall not pay the faid rewards, or any of them, without the approbation and direction of the alderman of the ward wherein such parish is fituate, or his deputy, or two of the common councilmen of the same ward for the time being; and that the said several rewards thall likewife be paid and payable in like proportion, and in the same manner, to the keeper of any other large engine, (though

(though not a parish engine) who shall bring in such large engine to help to extinguish any fire, in good order, and com-

pleat.

III. Provided nevertheless, and it is further enacted. That in The vestries case the vestries of any of the said united parishes, or of any o- may order ther parishes within the weekly bills of mortality, shall at any more engines time conceive it necessary for the said parish, in respect of the be kept in a largeness thereof, to have more than one great engine or hand parish. engines, it shall and may be lawful for them to provide more great engine or engines, hand engine or hand engines, at the charge of the parish, by an affestment to be made, as by the faid former and this present act is prescribed and provided; and that the same shall be under the like regulations and encouragements as the engine or engines respectively to be provided by the said former act were and are to be.

IV. And to the end the faid act may be made more effectual A key and for the purposes the same was intended, it is further enacted, pipe to be left That there shall be left at the house, upon which there is a at the house notice of a fire plug, a key to open the stop cock, and also a where there is notice of a pipe for the water to come thereout, to be made use of as oc-fire plug.

cation thall require.

V. And whereas there is no provision made for raising monies to defray the necessary charges of providing and maintaining the said engine or engines, stop blocks and sire cocks, and keys, and other implements and materials, and payment of the rewards or gratuities direfled by the faid att; be it further enacted by the authority a- The parish foresaid, That the churchwardens, overseers of the poor, and officers, &cc. inhabitants, in a veftry duly summoned, of the several parishes may affels within the limits aforefaid, shall and may, and they are here-taining the enby required from time to time (as often as there shall be occa- gines, &cc. fion) to rate and affess such competent sum and sums of money as shall be needful and requisite for the ends aforesaid, in like manner as by law they may do for the maintenance and relief of the poor of their respective parishes; which rates being al- to be levied as lowed and confirmed in like manner as the rates made for the poor rates. poor are or ought to be, shall be collected and levied in the fame manner as the rates made for the relief of the poor by but subject to law now may or ought to be collected and levied, subject ne-the like apvertheless to the like appeal as in case of rates made for the re-peal. lief of the poor; and the faid officers shall be accountable for the same in like manner as by law they are for the money by them levied and collected for the relief of the poor.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That In case of rewhere any stop blocks of wood with plugs, or any fire cocks, moval of have been or shall hereafter be made and fixed upon any mains mains or and pipes belonging to any water works by virtue of this or the pipes, the like faid former act, the owners of the said water works shall afterwards shall be fixed, remove, change, or alter the faid mains or pipes, then in eve- and the key ry fuch case the owners of the said mains or pipes shall, at their removed to own proper charges, place and fix the fame or the like stop the house blocks, plugs, and fire cocks upon fuch new main or pipe so where the fire to be new laid, to be placed where the churchwardens for the

Vol. XI.

time being of the parish where the same were placed. shall direct and appoint; and in such case of removal, the key and pipe shall be removed to the house upon which notice shall be of fuch fire plug.

The clause in the act 6 Ann. c. 31. that party walls should be wholly of shall not extend to houses on London Bridge.

VII. And whereas by the said act it was further enacted, That all and every bouse and bouses that should be erested and built, either upon old or new foundations, in any place or places in and about the citics of London and Westminster, or other parishes or places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, shall have party walls between brick or stone, house and house wholly of brick or stone, and of two bricks thick at the least in the cellar and ground stories, and thirteen inches thick upwards from the foundation quite through all the stories of each house, and eighteen inches above the roof, and that no mundillion or cornish of timber or wood under the eaves, should thereafter be made or suffered in any fuch new house or houses; but that all front and rear walls of every house and houses, shall be built of brick or stone, to be carried two foot and an half high above the garret floor, and coped with stone or brick; be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said recited clause was not intended, or shall be construed, to extend to any house or houses hereafter to be erected and built upon any part of London Bridge, but that the fame may be erected and built with wood and timber, as hath been always hitherto used; the faid recited clause, or any other clause in the said act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

After May 1, 270g, ali houses within the bills of mortality, (except on London Bridge, &c.) that shall be built on old or new foundations, thall have party walls between house and house, except door cales, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the first day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nine, all and every house and houses that shall be erected and built, either upon old or new foundations, in any place or places in and about the cities of London and Westminster, or other parishes or places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, (except houses on London Bridge, and on the river of Thames below bridge) shall have party walls between house and house, wholly of brick or stone (except door cases, windows, lentils, breast fummers, story posts, and plates) of two bricks thick at the least in the cellar, and one brick and an half thick upwards to the top of the garret floor, and all gable ends to be one brick in length, and eighteen inches above the roof, and to have no beams or rafters lie or stand, or be in the brick works of the gable ends.

How the party walls shall be built.

IX. And whereas many suits of law have been brought about differences in party walls, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all party walls that shall hereafter be built, shall be built nine inches on each man's ground, whether the old party wall be brick, stone, or timber, and that the first builders shall have power to pull down the same, and build up the new party wall, as aforesaid, and be paid by the owner of the next house after the rate of five pounds per rod as soon as he shall have built the faid party wall; and for all houses hereafter to be built that will not yield the rent of twenty pounds per annum

. For the pulling down of party walls, fee 11 Geo. 1. c. 28. f. 1.

more than the ground rent, to be left to the discretion of the builders: provided that all party walls for the same be built with brick.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all chimney jambs and backs that shall hereafter be erected or ney jambs, built, shall be nine inches thick from the cellars to the roof, backs, &c. and all withs the infide of fuch chimnies, shall be four inches shall be built, and an half in breadth, and all the funnels plaistered or pargetted the infide from the bottom to the top, and that all chimnies be turned or arched under the hearths with brick, (except upon a ground floor) and that no timber shall lie nearer than five inches to any chimney, funnel, or fire place; and all mantles between the jambs arched over with brick, and no wood or wainfcot shall be placed or affixed to the front of any jamb or mantle of any chimney, nearer than five inches from the infide of fuch jamb or mantle; and that all gable ends called nine inches thick in party walls, be rendred on the ruffest side; and that all stoves and boilers, coppers, and ovens that shall be hereafter set up with brick or stone, shall not be nearer than nine inches at the least to the adjoining house, and no timber to lie nearer than five inches to any fire place or flew.

XI. And whereas the distilling of turpentine, and the drawing of Not above to oil of turpentine and rosin by distilling of common turpentine, and the gallons of boiling of the said oil and turpentine together for making of common turpentine, varnish, within the city of London, and the liberties thereof, has &c thall be often been, and may hereaster prove of the most dangerous conse-filled at one quence to the neighbourhood where such trade or practice has been time in any used, by the frequent fires that have and may happen thereby: for workhouse preventing whereof for the future, be it enacted by the autho-contiguous to rity aforesaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day other buildings (except in of September, one thousand seven hundred and nine, it shall not houses already be lawful for any person or persons to distil or boil any tur-built in Southpentine, nor draw any oil of turpentine and rozin by distilling wark, &c.) of common turpentine, nor boil the said oil and turpentine together, above the quantity of ten gallons at any one time, of all or any the faid commodities, within the faid city of Lmdon, and liberties thereof, and the city of Westminster, and borough of Southwark, and the liberties thereof, in any workhouse contiguous to any other building, but shall stand distant from any other building at least fifty foot, except such houses as are already built in Southwark, and are at present used for the said trade, and except the still and furnace built by Daniel Tombes at his house at Holborn Bridge for the distillation of oil of turpentine; upon pain that every person offending therein, shall, for upon pain of every offence, forseit the sum of one hundred pounds, which forseiting forfeitures shall and may be recovered, with treble costs of suit, 1001, to be by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information in any of her recovered with Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, treble costs; protection, privilege, or wager of law thall be granted or allow- one moiety to ed, nor any more than one imparlance; one moiety whereof the Queen, the shall be to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other other to him

moiety &c.

moiety to such person or persons as shall inform and sue for the fame.

After June. 1709, no brick or stone work in the fronts. &c.

XII. And whereas frequent and great damage happens to bosefes by fire, as likewise constant decay and ruin, by setting brick-work upon timber, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and nine, no brick or stone-work in the fronts, party, or partition walls of any house, tenement, or other building whatsoever, which shall be erected upon any new or old foundation within the cities of London and Westminster, or their liberties, shall be shall bear upon supported, depend, or any otherwise bear upon any fort of timber or wood work (excepting upon piles and planks where they are absolutely necessary for foundations in marshy and unfound imprisonment, ground, and excepting likewise all houses upon London Bridge.

and on the river of Thames below bridge) upon pain that every

timber, &c. on the penalty of 3 months

> person so offending shall, for every such offence, suffer imprisonment for three months without bail or mainprize.

> XIII. And whereas, fince frames of wood have been in use for doors and windows, it has been the common practice of workmen, to let them very near, and often quite ranging with the outside face of the wall, by which means (being under no shelter from the weather) they foon rot and perish occasioning great cost and expence in perpetual repairs: For prevention of such evil and unskilful practice for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and nine, no door frame, or window frame of wood to be used in any house or building, which shall be erected upon old or new foundations within the aforesaid cities of London and Westminster, or their liberties (except houses on London Bridge, and on the river of Thames below bridge) shall be set nearer to the outside face of the wall than four inches.

No door frame, &c. of wood to be nearer the outfide of the wall than 4 inches.

CAP. XVIII.

An act to preserve the rights of patrons to advocusons.

ORASMUCH as the pleading in a Quare impedit is found very difficult, whereby many patrons are either defeated of their rights of presentation, or put to great charge and trouble to recover their right, which is occasioned by the law as it now is: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty. by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That no usurpation upon any avoidance in any church, vicarage, or other ecclefiaftical promotion, shall displace the estate or interest of any person entitled to the advowson or patronage thereof, or turn it to a right, but he or she that would have had a right, if no usurpation had been, may present or maintain his or her Quare impedit upon the next, or any other avoidance, if disturbed, notwithstanding such usurpation; and it coparceners, or joint tenants, or tenants in common be feized of any estate of inheritance in the advowson &c. and a par. of any church or vicarage, or other ecclefialtical promotion,

No usurpation shall displace the citate of the patron, but he may maintain a Quare impedit, If coparceners, &c. be feized of an advowion,

and

1708.7

and a partition is or shall be made between them to present by tition is made turns, that thereupon every one shall be taken and adjudged to present by to be feized of his or her feparate part of the advowson to pre-shall be seized sent in his or her turn; as if there be two, and they make such of a separate partition, each shall be said to be seized, the one of the one estate to premoiety to present in the first turn, the other of the other moiety sent accordto present in the second turn; in like manner, if there be three, four, or more, every one shall be said to be seized of his or her part, and to prefent in his or her turn,

CAP. XIX.

An all to enable infants who are seized or possessed of estates in fee, in trust, or by way of mortgage, to make conveyances of such estates.

X7HEREAS many inconveniencies do and may arise by reason that persons under the age of one and twenty years, having estates in lands, tenements, or hereditaments, only in trust for others, or by way of mortgage, cannot (though by the direction of the Cestuy que trust, or mortgagor) convey any sure estate in any such lands, tenements, or hereditaments, to any other person or persons: for remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the After to May: tenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and nine, it 1709, any pershall and may be lawful to and for any such person or persons, son under the under the age of one and twenty years, by the direction of the ing trustee, high court of Chancery or the court of Exchequer, fignified by &c. may by an order made upon hearing all parties concerned, on the peti- the directions tion of the person or persons for whom such infant or infants shall of the courts tion of the perion or perions for whom such mant or minants man of Chancery, be seized or possessed in trust, or of the mortgagor or mort- or Exchequer, gagors, or guardian or guardians of fuch infant or infants, or convey fuch person or persons entitled to the monies secured by or upon lands, &c. any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, whereof any infant or infants are or shall be seized or possessed by way of mortgage, or of the person or persons entitled to the redemption thereof, to convey and affure any fuch lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in such manner as the said court of Chancery or the court of Exchequer shall, by such order so to be obtained, direct, to any other person or persons; and such conveyance or and such conaffurance so to be had and made, as aforesaid, shall be as good veyance shall and effectual in law to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as be good, if the faid infants or infant were, at the time of making such conveyance or assurance, of the full age of one and twenty years; any law, custom, or usage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding,

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, An infant be-That all or every such infant or infants, being only trustee or ing trustee, trustees, mortgagee or mortgagees, as aforesaid, shall and may &c. may be be compelled by such order so, as aforesaid, to be obtained, make such

Kk3

His oath.

JOU shall swear, That you will study and faithfully perform and execute the office and duty that is directed and required by you to be done by all of parliament, intituled, An act for the publick registring of deeds, conveyances, and wills, and other incumbrances which shall be made of, or that may affect any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the county of Middlefex, after the twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and nine; and that you have not given or promised, directly or indirectly, nor authorized any perfon to give or promise any money, gratuity, or reward whatspever, for procuring or obtaining the faid office for you:

So help you GOD.

Register misdemeaning himfelf, how punished.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if such person so appointed register or master, shall be lawfully convicted of any neglect, middeneanor, or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, he shall be liable to pay treble damages, with full costs of fuit, to every person that shall be injured thereby, to be recovered as is herein after

Memorials to be in parch-. ment, &c.

directed. V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every memorials, so to be entred and registred,

deeds, &c. how to be attefted,

shall be put into writing in vellum or parchment, and brought to the said office, and in case of deeds and conveyances shall be under the hand and feat of fome or one of the grantors, or fome or one of the grantees, his or their heirs, executors or admi-Memorials of nistrators, guardians or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof to be one of the witnesses to the execution of such deed or conveyance; which witness shall, upon his oath before one of the laid registers, or masters, or before a master in Chancery ordinary or extraordinary, prove the figning and fealing of fuch memorial; and the execution of the deed or conveyance men-

and how memorials of wills.

visces, his or their heirs, executors or administrators, guardians or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof shall, upon his oath before the faid registers or masters, or before fuch master in Chancery, as aforesaid, prove the signing and scaling of such memorial; which respective oaths the said regifters or masters, and masters in Chancery, are hereby impow-

ered to administer, and shall indorse a certificate thereof on every

tioned in such memorial; and in case of wills, the memorial

shall be under the hand and seal of some or one of the de-

fuch memorial, and fign the fame.

Memorials to contain the day and year of the date, &c.

·VI. And be it further enacted. That every memorial of any deed, conveyance, or will, shall contain the day of the month and the year when such deed, conveyance, or will bears date, and the names and additions of all the parties to such deed or conveyance, and of the devilor or teftatrix of fuch will, and of all the witnesses to such deed, conveyance, or will, and the places of their abode, and shall express or mention the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments contained in such deed, conveyance, or will, and the names of all the parishes, townthips, hamlets, precincts, or extraparochial places within the faid

aforolaid, be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid. That one publick office for registring such memorials of and concerning any honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, that are fituate, lying, and being within the faid county, shall be erected and established in manner following; that is to say, That for the better and more effectual putting in execution the feveral matters and things in this act contained, the fworn clerk to execute the office of involment in the high court of Chancery, who is 25 Geo. 2.C. 4. appointed to inrol for the county of Middleser, the chief clerk to invol pleas in the Queen's Bench, the clerk of the warrants in the court of Common Pleas, and the Queen's remembrancer, or his deputy in the court of Exchequer, shall be the registers or masters of the office for the matters and things in this act contained, and also shall and may, from time to time, nominate who may and appoint one or more able and fafficient person or persons, make a defor whom they shall be accountable, to be their deputy or de- Pulty. puties; which said registers or their deputies shall well and truly do and perform all and every the matters and things insended by this act to be done and performed, in some conve-Office to be nient office or place to be provided by the faid clerks or re-kept in or near gisters in or near some of the mas of court or Ghancery, where- the inns of to all persons may have free resort at the times appointed by court or this act; and that the faid clerks or registers shall present such Chancery. deputy or deputies to the lord high chancellor, or lord keeper, approved of or lords commissioners of the great scal of Great Britain, to the by the lord chief justice of the Queen's Bench, to the chief justice of the chancellor, Common Pleas, and to the chief bason of the court of Enthequer Ecc. for the time being, to be by them, or any three of them, approved of, before such deputy or deputies shall enter upon the execution of the faid office; and that fuch deputy or deputies and may be shall and may be displaced and removed by the said lord high displaced in chancellor, or lord keeper, or lords commissioners of the great like manner, seal, the chief justices of the Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, and chief baron, or any three of them, by any writing under Lord chantheir hands and seals; and that the said lord chancellor, or lord cellor, &c. keeper, or lords commissioners of the great seal, the two chief ju- may make flices, and chief baron, or any three of them, shall, from time to rules for the management time, have full power and authority to make such rules and of the office. orders for the better management and government of the faid office, agreeable to the form and true intention of this act, as they shall find convenient and necessary.

III. And be it further enacted, That every such register or Register to be master, before he enter upon the execution of the said office, sworn. shall be sworn before the lord chancellor, or lord keeper, or lords commissioners of the great seal of Great Britain, or the chief justice of the Queen's Bench, chief justice of the Common Pleas, and chief baron of the court of Exchequer, or any one of them (who are hereby impowered and required to administer

fuch oath) in these words:

His oath.

[JOU shall swear, That you will truly and faithfully perform and execute the office and duty that is directed and required by you to be done by ast of parliament, intituled, An act for the publick registring of deeds, conveyances, and wills, and other incumbrances which shall be made of, or that may affect any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the county of Middlesex, after the twenty ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and nine; and that you have not given or promised, directly or indirectly, nor authorized any perfon to give or promise any money, gratuity, or reward whatsever, for procuring or obtaining the faid office for you:

So help you GOD.

Register misdemeaning himfelf, how punished.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if such person so appointed register or master, shall be lawfully convicted of any neglect, midemeanor, or fraudulent practice in the execution of the faid office, he shall be liable to pay treble damages, with full costs of suit, to every person that shall be injured thereby, to be recovered as is herein after directed.

Memorials to be in parch-. ment, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every memorials, so to be entred and registred, shall be put into writing in vellum or parchment, and brought to the said office, and in case of deeds and conveyances shall be under the hand and feel of fome or one of the grantors, or fome

deeds, &c. how to be attefted,

or one of the grantees, his or their heirs, executors or admi-Memorials of niltrators, guardians or trustees, attested by two witnesses, one whereof to be one of the witnesses to the execution of such deed or conveyance; which witness shall, upon his oath before one of the faid registers, or masters, or before a master in Chancery

and how memorials of wills.

memorial; and the execution of the deed or conveyance mentioned in such memorial; and in case of wills, the memorial shall be under the hand and seal of some or one of the devisces, his or their heirs, executors or administrators, guardians or trustees; attested by two witnesses, one whereof shall, upon his oath before the faid registers or masters, or before

ordinary or extraordinary, prove the figning and fealing of fach

fuch master in Chancery, as aforesaid, prove the figning and sealing of such memorial; which respective oaths the said registers or masters, and masters in Chancery, are hereby impowered to administer, and shall indorse a certificate thereof on every

Memorials to contain the day and year of the date, &c.

fuch memorial, and fign the fame. ·VI. And be it further enacted, That every memorial of any deed, conveyance, or will, shall contain the day of the month and the year when such deed, conveyance, or will bears date, and the names and additions of all the parties to such deed or conveyance, and of the devisor or testatrix of such will, and of all the witnesses to such deed, conveyance, or will, and the places of their abode, and shall express or mention the honors, manors, lands, tenements, and hereditaments contained in fuch deed, conveyance, or will, and the names of all the parishes, townships, hamlets, precincts, or extraparochial places within the faid

faid county where any such honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments are lying or being, that are given, granted, conveyed, devised, or any way affected or charged by any such deed, conveyance, or will, in such manner as the same are expressed, or mentioned in such deed, conveyance, or will, or to the fame effect; and that every such deed, conveyance, and will, or Every such probat of the same, of which such memorial is so to be registred deed, &c. as aforefaid, shall be produced to the faid registers or masters shall be produced to the at the time of entring such memorial, who shall endorse a registers, &c. certificate on every fuch deed, conveyance, and will, or probat who shall inthereof, and therein mention the certain day, hour, and time dorse a certifion which fuch memorial is fo entred or registred, expressing cate, which shall be also in what book, page, and number the same is entred; and allowed as that the faid registers or masters shall sign the said certificate evidence. when so indorsed; which certificates shall be taken and allowed as evidence of fuch respective registries in all courts of record swhatsoever; and that every page of such register books, and The page of every memorial that shall be entred therein, shall be numbred, the register and the day of the month, and the year, and hour, or time memorials enof the day when every the faid memorial is registred, shall be tred, shall be entred in the margents of register books, and in the mar-numbred. gents of the said memorial; and that every such register or ma- Register to ster shall keep an alphabetical calendar of all parsishes, ex- bet of all patraparochial places and townships within the said county with rishes, &c. and reference to the number of every memorial that concerns the duly file the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments in every memorials in such parish, extraparochial place or township respectively, and order of time. of the names of the parishes mentioned in such memorials; and that such register or master shall duly file every such memorial in order of time as the fame shall be brought to the said office, and enter or register the said memorials in the same order that they shall respectively come to his hands.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where there If there be are more writings than one, for making and perfecting any more writconveyance or fecurity, which do name, mention, or any ways ings than one affect or concern the fame honors, manors, lands, tenements, which affect or hereditaments, it shall be a sufficient memorial and register reditaments, thereof, if all the faid honors, manors, lands, tenements, and &c. they need hereditaments, and the parishes, townships, hamlets, or extrapa- be named but rochial places wherein the fame lie, be only once named or menmemorial, and
tioned in the memorial or register of any one of the deeds or the dates, &c. writings made for the perfecting of fuch conveyance or fecurity; of the rest and that the dates of the rest of the said deeds or writings only to be set relating to the faid conveyance or fecurity, with the names and down. additions of the parties, and witnesses, and the places of their abodes, be only fet down in the memorials and registers of the same, with a reference to the deed or writing whereof the memorial is fo registred, that contains or expresses the parcels men-

giftring the same. VIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That all me-Memorials of wills the wills to be morials of wills that shall be registred in manner, as aforesaid, registred in within

tioned in all the faid deeds, and directions how to find the re-

testator's death, dying within Great Britain, and 3 years if beyond fea.

6 months after within the space of fix months after the death of every respective devisor or testatrix, dying within the kingdom of Great Britain, or within the space of three years after the death of every respective devisor or testatrix, dying upon the sea, or in any parts beyond the seas, shall be as valid and effectual against fublequent purchasers, as if the same had been registred immediately after the death of such respective devisor or testatrix a any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

If the device be disabled. 6 months after the disability removed, fhall be fufficient.

IX. Provided always, That in case the devisee, or person or persons interested in the honors, manors, lands, tenements, or the registry in hereditaments, devised by any such will, as aforesaid, by reason of the concealment or suppression, or contesting such will, or other inevitable difficulty, without his, her, or their wilful neglect or default, shall be disabled to exhibit a memorial for the registry thereof within the respective times herein before limited, and that a memorial shall be entred in the said office of such contest, or other impediment, within the space of two years after the death of such devisor or testatrix, who shall die within the kingdom of Great Britain, or within the space of four years next after the decease of such person who shall die upon the sea, or beyond the seas, then, and in such case, the registry of the memorial of such will, within the space of fix months next after his, her, or their attainment of fuch will, or a probat thereof, or removal of the impediment whereby he, the, or they are disabled or hindred to exhibit such memorial, shall be a sufficient registry within the meaning of this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Will concealed, &c. if not regittred in 5 years after the devisor's death, shall not defeat a purchale. Fees of the register.

X. Provided nevertheless. That in case of any concealment, or suppression of any will, or devile, any purchaser or purchasers shall not be disturbed, or defeated in his or their purchase, unless the will be actually regultred within five years after the death of the devisor or testatrix.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such register or master shall be allowed for the entry of every fuch memorial, as is by this act directed, the sum of one shilling, and no more, in case the same do not exceed two hundred words; but if fuch memorial shall exceed two hundred words, then after the rate and proportion of fix pence an hundred for all the words contained in such memorial, over and above the first two hundred words, and the like fees for the like number of words contained in every dertificate or copy given out of the faid office, and no more, and for every learch in the faid office, one shikling, and no more.

Register to give due attendance,

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every such register or master shall give due attendance at his office every day in the week (except Sundays and holy-days) between the hours of nine and twelve in the forenoon, and the hours of two and five in the afternoon, for the dispatch of all business belonging to the said office; and that every such re-

gilter

gifter or maker, as often as is required, shall make fearches and make concerning all memorials that are registred, as aforesaid, and searches when give certificates concerning the same under his hand (if re-

quired by any person) testified by two credible witnesses.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Register, &c. That each of the faid registers or masters, at the time of his to enter into a being sworn into the said office, as aforesaid, shall enter into a recognizance recognizance with two or more sufficient sureties (to be apperformance) proved of by the lord chancellor, or lord keeper, or lords com- of his office. missioners of the great seal of Great Britain, or the chief justice of the Queen's Bonch, chief justice of the Common Place, and chief baron of the court of Enchaquer, or any one of them) of the penalty of two thousand pounds unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, to be taken by one of the said chief justices, conditioned for his true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his faid office, in all things directed and required by this act; the same to be transmitted by such chief justice within one month next after the date thereof, into the office of her Majesty's remembrances of the Exchequer, there to remain amongst the records of the said court.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the damages before-Forfeiture for mentioned, to be forfsited by any fuch register or master, for his neglect, how to be reany neglect, mildemeanor, or fraudulent practice in the exe-covered. cution of his office, shall be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one im-

parlance.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any person or per-Persons formfons shall at any time forge or counterfeit any entry of the ac-ing an entry knowledgement of any fuch memorial, certificate, or indorse- of any memorial, tertificate, or indorse- rial, liable to ment, as is herein mentioned or directed, and be thereof law- the punishfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur and be liable ments in the to fuch pains and penalties as in and by an act made in the fifth act of 5 Eliz. year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An all against forgers of false c. 24deeds and writings, are imposed upon persons for forging and publishing of falle deeds, charters, or writings, fealed court golls, or wills, whereby the freshold or inheritance of any perfon or perfons of, in, or to any lands, tenements, or hereditements shall or may be molested, troubled, or charged; and Perjury before that if any person or persons shall at any time forswear himself a register, how before the faid registers or masters, or before any judge, or to be punished. matter in Chancery, in any of the cases herein mentioned, and be thereof lawfully convicted, fuch person or persons shall incur and be liable to the fame penalties as if the fame outh had been made in any of the courts of record at Westminster.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Upon certifi-That in case of mortgages, whereof memorials shall be entred cate and proof in the faid register office pursuant to this act, if at any time made to the afterwards a certificate shall be brought to the said registers or money due on masters, signed by the mortgagee or mortgagees in such mort-a mortgage

gage, entred in the

registry, has the register shall make an entry in the margent, against the inrolment, &c.

gage, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or affigns, been fatisfied, and attested by two witnesses, whereby it shall appear that all monies due upon such mortgage have been paid or satisfied in discharge thereof, which witnesses shall upon their ouths before the faid registers or masters, or before a master in Chancery, ordinary or extraordinary (who are hereby respectively impowered to administer such oath) prove such monies to be satisfied or paid accordingly, and that they faw fuch certificate figned by the faid mortgagee or mortgagees, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, that then, and in every such case, the said registers or masters shall make an entry in the margents of the faid register books against the registry of the memorial of such mortgage, that such mortgage was satisfied and discharged according to such certificate, to which the same entry shall refer, and shall after file such certificate, to remain upon record in the faid register office.

This act not to extend to copyhold eftates, &c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this act shall not extend to any copyhold estates, or to any leases at a rack rent, or to any leafe not exceeding one and twenty years, where the actual possession and occupation goeth along with the leafe, or to any of the chambers in Serjeants Inn, the inns of court, or inns of Chancery; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithflanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no judgment, statute, or recognizance, (other than such

After 29 Sept. 1709. no . judgments, &c. (other than fuch as the Queen, &c.) shall bind hereditaments in Middlesex, but from the time a memorial thereof shall be entred, &c.

as shall be entred into in the name, and upon the proper account of her Majesty, her heirs and successors) which shall be obtained or entred into after the faid twenty ninth day of September, in the faid year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nine, shall affect or bind any honors, manors, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, fituate, lying, and being in the faid are entred into county of Middlesex, but only from the time that a memorial in the name of of such judgment, statute, or recognizance shall be entred at the faid register office, expressing and containing, in case of such judgment, the names of the plaintiffs, and the names, additions, and places of abode, (if any such be in such judgment) of the defendants, the sums thereby recovered, and the time of the figning thereof; and in case of statutes and recognizances, expressing and containing the date of such statute or recognizance, the names, additions, and places of abode of the cognizors and cognizees therein, and for what fums, and before whom the same were acknowledged; and that in order to the making an entry of such memorials of judgments, statutes, and recognizances, as aforesaid, the party and parties desiring the same, shall produce to, and leave with the said registers or masters, to be filed in the faid publick or register office, a memorial of such judgment, statute, or recognizance, signed by the proper officer, or his deputy, who shall fign such judgment in the same office, or by the proper officer, in whose office such statute, or recognizance shall be inrolled, together with an affidavit sworn before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in Chancery, that

fuch memorial was duly figured by the officer whose name shall appear to be thereunto let; which memorial fuch respective officer is hereby required to give such plaintiff or plaintiffs, cognizee or cognizees, or his, her, or their executors, or administrators, or attorney, or any of them, he, she, or they paying for the same the sum of one shilling, and no more.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the faid register or The register master shall make an entry and likewise (if required) shall give to make an a certificate in writing under his hand, teftified by two credible entry, and (if witnesses, of every such memorial of any judgment, statute, or required) to recognizance brought to him to be fo regultred, as aforesaid, and cate of such therein mention the certain day on which such memorial is so memorial, &c. registred or entred, expressing also in what book, page, and num-

ber the same is entred.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken Publick act. and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act, and all judges, justices, and other persons therein concerned, are hereby required as such to take notice thereof, without

special pleading the same.

XXI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no No member of member of parliament shall be capable of being register, or of parliament executing by himself or any other person or persons, the said capable to be register, &c. office, or to have, take, or receive any fee or other profit what- Nor any refoever issuing out of the said office, or for or in respect thereof; gister to be a nor shall any such register, or his deputy, or any person or per-member of sons receiving profit out of the said office, be at any time here-parliament. after capable of being, or being chosen, a member to serve in 25Geo. 2. c. 4. parliament.

CAP. XXI.

An act for improving the union of the two kingdoms.

WHEREAS nothing can more conduce to the improving the 21Geo.2.C.19. union of the two kingdoms, which by her Majesty's great wif- 22Geo. 1.C.48. dom and goodness hath been happily effected, than that the laws of both parts of Great Britain should agree, as near as may be, especially those laws which relate to high treason, and the proceedings thereupon, as to the nature of the crime, the method of projecution and trial, and also the forfeitures and punishments of that offence; which are of the greatest concern both to the crown, and to the subjects: to the end therefore that the faid union may be more effectually improved, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the After I July, advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and com-treason and mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho- misprission in rity of the same, That from and after the first day of July, in England shall the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nine, such be so in Scotcrimes and offences which are high treason or misprision of high other. treason within England, shall be construed, adjudged, and taken to be high treason and misprision of high treason within Scotland; and that from thenceforth no crimes or offences shall And the be high treason or misprision of high treason within Scotland, Queen, &c. but those that are high treason or misprission of high treason in commissions

England; of Over and

of

Terminer in Great Britain, to hear and determine fuch treasons, &c.

England; and that from and after the faid first day of July, in Scotland un-der the feal of the Court of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nine, the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, may issue out commissions of Over and Terminer in Scotland, under the seal of Great Britain, to such persons as her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, shall think fit, and that three of the lords of the justiciary be in the said commission of Over and Terminer, whereof one to be of the Quorum, to enquire of, hear and determine fuch high treasons and misprission of high treason, in such manner as is used in England.

A justice ge-Jurildiction before this act, to be in the commisfion, and one of the Quorum.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforeneral who had faid, That where any commission of Oyer and Terminer shall issue, pursuant to this act, and is to be executed within any district where there is a justice general, or person having right of justiciary, who had jurisdiction in cases of high treason and milprision of high treason at the time of the making of this act. from and after the time that such right be made appear before the lords of fession, and by them certified to the lord chancellor of Great Britain, such justice general, or such person having right of justiciary, or their respective deputy, shall be in the said commillion, and one of the Quorum.

The justice court, &c. shall try treafons in Scot-

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and nine, the justice court and other courts having power land by a jury, to judge in cases of high treason and misprission of high treason in Scotland, shall have full power and authority, and are hereby required, to enquire by the oaths of twelve or more good and lawful men of the county, shire, or stewartry where the respective courts shall sit, of all high treasons and misprissons of high treason committed within the said counties, shires, or stewartries, and thereupon to proceed, hear, and determine the faid offences whereof any person shall be indicted before them, in such manner as the court of Queen's Bench or justices of Oyer and Terminer in England may do by the laws of England: and if of treason, &c. any person be indicted of high treason or misprisson of high before justices treason before any justices of Oyer and Terminer, or in the circuit courts, or other courts having power to judge in cases of high moved by Cer- treason or misprisson of high treason in Scotland, then upon the tiorari into the request of the Queen's advocate general to the lord high chancellor or lord keeper of the great seal of Great Britain for the time being, the lord chancellor or lord keeper shall award her Majesty's writ of Certiorari under the said great seal, directed to the justices of Oyer and Terminer, or the justices of the circuit courts, and such other courts, thereby commanding them, or any of them, to certifie such indictment into the justice court; which court shall have full power and authority, and is hereby required, to proceed upon, hear, and determine the same, as the

court of Queen's Bench in England may do upon indicaments re-

moved or certified into the faid court; and that from and after

the said first day of July, in the said year of our Lord one thou-

fand seven hundred and nine, all persons convicted or attainted

Indictments of Oyer, &c. may be rejustice court,

and there tried as in England.

Persons attainted of treason in Scotland, to of high treason or misprission of high treason in Scatland, shall be liable to be subject and liable to the same corruption of blood, pains, the same pepenalties, and forfeitures, as persons convicted or attainted of England.

high treason or misprission of high treason in England.

IV. Provided always, That where any person now is, or shall A person seizbe, before the faid first day of July, seized of any messuages, ed of an estate lands, seigniories, rents, tenoments, or hereditaments in Scot- tail in Scotland, of an estate tail, that is to say, an estate tailzie, affected land, and married bewith irritant and resolutive, or prohibitive clauses, and is, or fore the said before the said first day of July, shall be married, if any issue of first of July, that marriage be living, or there be possibility of such issue at shall forfeit that marriage be living, or there be politoning of facts then in such case his lands upon the time of the high treason committed, that then in such case such attainder the faid messuages, lands, seigniories, rents, tenements, and but for his life hereditaments, shall not be forfeited upon the attainder of such only, and his person for high treason, (but during the life of the person so at-issue shall intainted only) so that the issue and heirs in tail of such marriage herit,

shall inherit the same, the said attainder notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Treasons all treasons and misprisions of treason, which from and after committed by the faid first day of July shall be done or committed by any Scotsmen upmative of Scotland upon the high sea, or in any place out of on the high this realm of Great Britain, shall be enquired of, heard and Great Britain, determined before the faid justice court, or before such com- shall be determissioners of Oyer and Terminer, and in such shire, stewartry, mined by the or county of Great Britain, as shall be assigned by the Queen's justice court, commission, and by good and lawful men of the same shire, commissions in like manner to all intents and purposes as if such treasons or ers, &c. misprisons of treason had been done or committed in the same No person in shire where they shall be enquired of, heard, and determined, be liable to as afore aid: and that from and after the faid first day of July, torture. in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and This act not nine, no person accused of any capital offence, or other crime in to take away Scotland, shall suffer, or be subject or liable to any torture: judgment in provided that this act shall not extend to take away that judg-where felons ment which is given in England against persons indicted of refuseto plead. felony, who shall refuse to plead, or decline trial.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority Qualifications aforesaid, That every person may be summoned and returned of a juryman to be a juryman in any such trials, as aforesaid, who shall at in Scotland. the time of such trial have and be seized in his own right, or in the right of his wife, of lands or tenements, of an estate of inheritance, or for his or her life, or for the life of some other person, within the county, stewartry, or place where any such trial shall be, or from whence the jury is to come, of the yearly value of forty shillings sterling at least; and for want thereof, or for any other lawful cause, shall be subject to be challeng-

ed and fet afide. VII. And whereas the crimes after-mentioned are by several acts No offences

of parliament in Scotland declared to be treason, and the committers to be treason of parliament in Scotland actuated to be punished with the same pains and forfaul- in Scotland, but what are tures as committers of treason, and that after the first day of July afore- so by the laws faid, in England.

faid, the forefaid all of parliament in Scotland will have no force nor effect, feeing no facts nor offences are to be deemed treafen within Scotland after that time, but such as are so by the acts and statutes now in force in England; be it therefore by the authority aforesaid further enacted, That thest in landed men, murder under trust, wilful fire-raising, siring coalheughs, and assassination, which were declared to be treason by particular statutes in Scotland, shall after the aforesaid time be only adjudged and deemed to be capital offences, and the committers thereof shall be only liable to such pains and punishments as by the law of Scotland are to be inflicted upon the committers of eapital crimes and offences, and the persons committers thereof are to be punished and tried in the same manner as by the laws of Scotland is provided in the cases of other capital crimes; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Slaving any fon.

VIII. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That lord of session, if any person shall, from and after the said first day of July, &c. high trea- flay any of the lords of fession, lords of justiciary, sitting in judgment in the exercise of their office within Scotland, that the doing thereof shall be construed, adjudged, and taken to be high treason.

Counterfeithigh treason.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. ing the great. That from and after the said first day of July, if any person seal in Scotland counterfeit her Majesty's seals appointed by the twenty sourth article of the union, to be kept, used, and continued in Scotland, that the doing thereof shall be construed and adjudged to be high treason.

After the decease of the 3 years after the fuccession to the crown of the Queen Mall take effect, 1 W. & M. fess. 2. c. 2. 12 W. 3. C. 2. no attainder for treason any heir; but he may offender.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That after the decease of the person who prepretender, and tended to be prince of Wales during the life of the late King James, and fince pretends to be king of Great Britain, and at the end of the term of three years after the immediate succesby the demise sion to the crown, upon the demise of her present Majesty, shall take effect, as the same is and stands limited by an act made in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown; and by one other act made in the twelfth year of the reign of his 17 Geo. 2. C. 39. late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and shall difinherit liberties of the subject, no attainder for treason shall extend to the disheriting of any heir, nor to the prejudice of the right or title of any person or persons, other than the right or title of the enter after the offender or offenders, during his, her, or their natural lives only; and that it shall and may be lawful to every person or persons to whom the right or interest of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, after the death of any fuch offender or offenders, should or might have appertained, if no such attainder had been, to enter into the same.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That That from and after the decease of the person who pretended After the to be prince of Wales during the life of the late King James, times last and fince pretends to be King of Great Britain, and at the end a copy of the of the term of three years after the immediate succession to the indicament for crown, upon the demise of her present Majesty, shall take ef-treason, &c. fect, as the same is and stands limited by an act made in the shall be delifirst year of the reign of their late majesties King William and vered to the party indicted, Queen Mary, intituled, An ast for declaring the rights and liber- 10 days be-ties of the subject, and settling the succession of the crown, and by fore the trial one other act made in the twelfth year of the reign of his late 1 W. & M. majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the fur- 12 W. 3. c. 2. ther limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and li-berties of the subject, when any person is indicted for high treafon, or misprission of treason, a list of the witnesses that shall be produced on the trial, for proving the said indictment, and of the jury, mentioning the names, profession, and place of abode of the said witnesses and jurors, be also given at the same time that the copy of the indictment is delivered to the party indict, ed; and that copies of all indictments for the offences aforefaid, with such lists, shall be delivered to the party indicted, ten days before the trial, and in presence of two or more credible witnesses; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding. I Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 48.

CAP. XXII.

An act for the Queen's most gracious, general, and free pardon.

ANNE R.

HE Queen's most excellent majesty calling to mind bow many ways her loving and obedient subjects have, from time to time, expressed their dutiful affections towards her Majesty, and considering that divers of her said subjects may by sundry ways have fallen into the danger of very many penalties and forfeitures, ordained by the laws and statutes of this realm, from which they can in no wife be freed but by her Majesty's great goodness and clemency; and being graciously inclined to encourage and invite all ber loving subjects to live and continue in their due obedience to her Majesty, rather by acts of grace and mercy, than by a severe execution of justice; and having an especial trust and considence in her said subjects, that they will with more cheerfulness and affection apply themselves to the discharge of their respective duties towards her Majesty, and her government, when they shall be released and freed from the many pains, penalties, and forfeitures to which they are now liable, bath thought fit to grant ber general and free pardon, in a large and more bountiful manner than hath heretofore been done: and therefore her Majesty is well pleased and contented that it be enacted by the authority of this present parliament; and be it enacted, &c.

CAP. XXIII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, although the month's pay formerly advanced, be not repaid. EXP.

·CAP. XXIV.

An all for continuing the former alls for the encouragement of the coinage, and to encourage the bringing foreign coins and British or foreign plate to be coined, and for making provision for the mints in Scotland, and for the projecuting offences concerning the coin in England.

18 Car. 2. C. 5. continued by and both revived by 1 Jac. 2. C. 7.

continued by 4 & 5 W. & M. c. 24. f. 3.

and further continued by 12 & 13 W. 3. C. 11.

Continued by 9 Geo. 1. č. 19. f. 1. for 7 years from the I March, 1723. fartber continued from March, 1730. for 7 years by 4 Geo. 2. c. 12.

The rates, duties, &c. fame, That such and the like rates, duties, and impositions, as granted by by the said act of parliament of the eighteenth year of the reign 18 Car. 2. c. 5. and continued of King Charles the Second were granted, and by the faid subas above, upon wines, vinegar, &c. further continued to the Queen, &c. for 7 years, to commence fession of parliament.

TYPEREAS great benefit and advantage hath accrued to this kingdom by one all of parliament passed in the eighteenth year 25 Car. 2. C. 8. of the reign of his majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for encouraging of coinage, and continued by another act made in the five and twentieth year of the reign of his said majesty King Charles, intituled, An act for continuing a former act concerning coinage; both which said acts were revived by an act made in the first year of the reign of his majesty King James the Second, and were continued by an act made in the fourth and fifth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, of bleffed memory, and

were further continued by an act made in the twelfth and thirteenth year of the reign of the late King William of glorious memory, to be in force for seven years, from the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and one, and from thence to the end of the first session of parliament then next following, and no longer; so that unless the said acts be revived and continued, the encouragement given thereby will cease, and this kingdom be deprived for the future of so great a good as it hath for many years last past enjoyed: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do give and grant unto your Majesty the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned, for and during the term and time herein after expressed; and do humbly pray that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the

further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her heirs and fuccessors, for and upon all wines, vinegar, cyder, beer, brandy, and strong waters, which shall be imported or 1 March, 1708. brought into Great Britain, within or during the space of seven

of

and the time end of the first years, to commence from the first day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight, and until the end of the first session

sequent acts were continued, for and upon the importation of

wines, vinegar, cyder, beer, brandy, and strong waters import-

ed, during the respective terms therein mentioned, shall be

of parliament then next following, and no longer; and that the said act of the eighteenth year of the reign of King Charles and the said the Second, and also one other act made in the five and twen- act of 18 and tieth year of the reign of his said majesty King Charles the Se- 25 Car. 2. 8. cond, intituled, Anall for continuing a former all concerning coin- and the act age; and one other act made in the fourth year of her now 4 Ann. c. 22. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to impower the lord high trea- and continued furer, or commissioners of the treasury, to issue out of the monies a- for the time rising by the coinage duty, any sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, before-menover and above the sum of three thousand pounds yearly, for the uses tioned. of the mint; and every clause, article, and sentence in the said acts, or any of them contained, shall be, and are by virtue of this act, revived and continued, and shall be in force, and be extended to all wines, and such other liquors, as aforesaid, which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, for and during all fuch term and time as are before-mentioned.

II. And whereas the giving a further encouragement at this time The lord high to the coinage of silver money, may be an advantage to the publick, be treasurer, &c. it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be may require the matter of lawful to and for the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the mint to commissioners of the treasury for the time being, or any three issue out of the or more of them, by his or their warrant or warrants, to au- overplus mothorize and require the master and worker of her Majesty's mint ney arising by the coinage or mints for the time being, out of the office of receipt of the duty, 60001. faid mint or mints, according to the manner and course of the for the paysame, to issue or dispose of the overplus of the money that hath ment of ad. ob. arisen or shall arise by the coinage duty, any sum or sums not per ounce, of exceeding six thousand pounds, for and towards the payment plate, &c. of any fum or fums not exceeding two pence halfpenny per brought into ounce for every ounce of foreign coins, and foreign or British the mint, after wrought plate, of the standard of eleven ounces two penny- 10 April, 1709. weight fine, or reduced thereunto, as shall be brought into the faid mint or mints from and after the twentieth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and nine, until the first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and nine then next following, and no longer, there to be coined into the current coins of Great Britain; any law, statute, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the Over and authority aforesaid, That over and above the sums not exceed- above the ing three thousand pounds per annum, and five hundred pounds 3000 l. per per annum, mentioned in the faid former acts, it shall and may annum, and the sool, per be lawful to and for the lord treasurer of Great Britain, and unannum, mender treasurer. Or commissioners of the treasurer der treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury, or any three or tioned in the more of the faid commissioners for the time being, by order or former acts, warrants, to iffue out of the Exchequer, or dispose of the mo- furer, &c. nies arising by the said coinage duties, yearly and every year, may issue out from and after the commencement, and during the continuance of the Excheof this act, and no longer, such sum as he or they shall think quer any sum necessary and reasonable, not exceeding in the whole the sum of not exceeding twelve hundred pounds for the fees and salaries of the officers annum, for

the mint.

the salaries of of the mint or mints in Scotland, and towards the providing. the officers of maintaining, and repairing the houses, offices, and buildings, and other necessaries for allaying, melting down, and coining in the mints of Scotland; any thing in the faid before recited acts, or any other law, flatute, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho-

After 1 June, treasurer, &c. may further iffue, &c. 400 l. per annum, for the charges of officers, to be employed in profecuting effences in counterfeiting, &c. the coin of Great Britain.

rity aforesaid. That (over and above the sums not exceeding three thousand pounds per annum, and five hundred pounds per annum, mentioned in the said former acts, for the uses of the mint) it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treafurer of Great Britain, and the under treasurer, or the commis-1709, the lord sioners of the treasury, for the time being, by orders or warrants, to issue out of the Exchequer, or dispose of the monies arising by the faid coinage duty, yearly and every year, from and after the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and nine, any fum or fums not exceeding the yearly fum of four hundred pounds, for the charges and expences of the officers, and others employed and to be employed in the profecution of offences in counterfeiting, diminishing, or otherwise concerning the current coins of Great Britain, in that part thereof called England; and any officer or officers employed, as aforefaid, may have and receive the faid fum not exceeding four hundred pounds, or any part thereof, without being liable to any forfeiture, difability, or incapacity what soever; the said recited acts, or any other law, statute, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XXV.

An act for making perpetual an act for the better preventing the counterfeiting the current coin of this kingdom, as also an act for giving like remedy upon promissory notes as is used upon bills of exchange, and for the better payment of inland bills of exchange; and also for continuing several acts made in the fourth and fifth years of her Majesty's reign for preventing frauds committed by bankrupts.

THEREAS the temperary laws following, which by experience have been found beneficial and ufeful, are expired, or near expiring; therefore for continuing the same, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That an act made in the session of parliament held W. 3. c. 26. in the eighth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for the better preventing the counterfeiting the current coin of this kingdom, which was to continue for one year, was by a clause in another act made in the ninth year of his said Majesty's reign, continued

The act

in force unto the five and twentieth day of March, one thou-Continued by fand seven hundred and one; which act was further continued 9 W. 3. C. 2. by an act made in the first year of her present Majesty's reign, till the five and twentieth day of March, one thousand seven and further hundred and nine, and from thence to the end of the first sef-continued by fion of parliament then next enfuing, shall be, and is hereby c. 9. continued, and shall be in force, and is hereby made per- made perpepetual.

II. And whereas by an all made in the eighth year of his late 8 Ann. c. 26. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better preventing the counterfeiting the current coin of this kingdom, it is ordained, That no prosecution shall be made for any offence against the said act, unless such prosecution be commenced within three months after such offence committed; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The profecuthe profecution of such person or persons as offend against the tion of offaid act, by making or mending, or beginning or proceeding to fences against make or mend any coining tool or instrument therein prohibited, may be comor by marking of money round the edges with letters or grain-menced in 6 ings, may be commenced at any time within fix months after months after fuch offence committed; any thing in the said act to the con-the offence. trary in any wife notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The act 3 & 4 That an act made in the fession of parliament held in the third Ann. c. 9. and fourth years of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for concerning giving like remedy upon promissory notes as is used upon bills of ex-notes and change, and for the better payment of inland bills of exchange, which bills of exwas to continue for the space of three years from the first day change, made of May, one thousand seven hundred and sive, and from thence perpetual. to the end of the next session of parliament, shall be, and is hereby continued, and shall be in force, and is hereby made

perpetual.

The statute 4 Annæ, c. 17. and 5 Annæ, c. 22. concerning bankrupts, continued from the 25th of April, 1709, for 5 years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament. EXP.

CAP. XXVI.

An all for appointing commissioners to treat and agree for such lands, tenements, and hereditaments as shall be judged proper to be purchased for the better fortifying Portsmouth, Chatham, and Harwich.

THEREAS for the better securing her Majesty's docks, ships of war, and flores, 'tis highly necessary to enlarge and ftrengthen the fortifications at or near Portsmouth, Chatham, and Harwich; and in order thereunto, to purchase several lands, tenements, and hereditaments, some of which are or may be the estates of infants, femes covert, ecclefiastical corporations, or other persons who by law are disabled to make any contracts or conveyances; in all which cases, as likewise where any proprietors designing to obstruct the publick service, or to make any unreasonable gain to themselves, Vol. Xl. M m

insist on extravagant rates, 'twill be necessary to have recourse to the usual methods that have been taken in such like cases; be it therefore enacted, &c.

The Queen to appoint commissioners to survey, &c. the lands to be purchased. Any five of the commissioners appointed to treat and agree with the owners of the lands, &c. Persons resuling to treat, or uncapable, the commissioners may issue warrants to the sherist to impanel and return a jury, who shall enquire into the true value, &c. Farther provision for the land owners by \$ Annæ, c. 21. 6. 1. and their verdict shall be certified into the chancery by the 23d of October, 1709. The communissioners not to be liable to the penalties in the act of 25 Car. 2. c. 2. nor 1 W. &c M. self. 1. c. 3. Nor 13 & 14 W. 3. c. 6. The commissioners not to be difqualished from sitting in the house of commons.

The End of the Eleventh Volume.

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